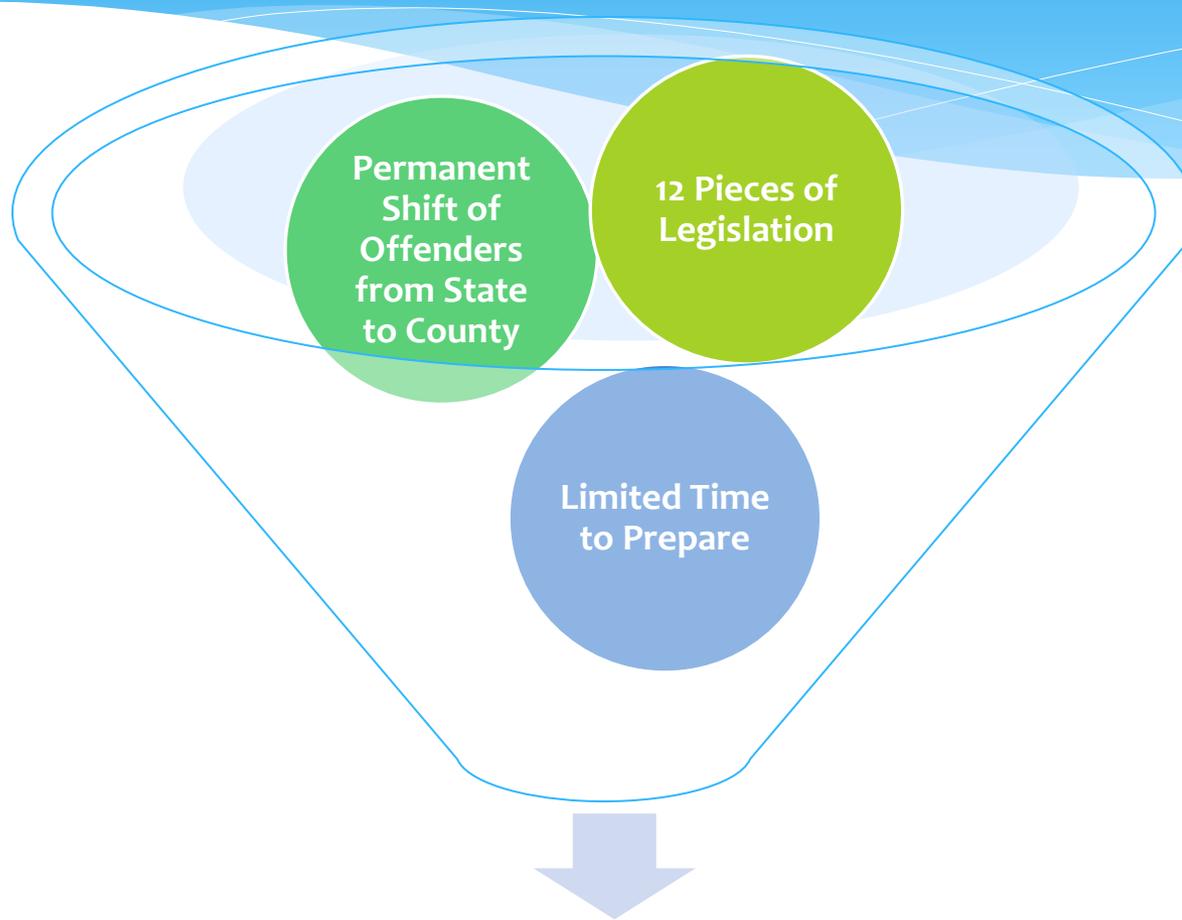


AB109 and HHSA



Presented by
Alfredo Aguirre, LCSW
Director, Behavioral Health Services

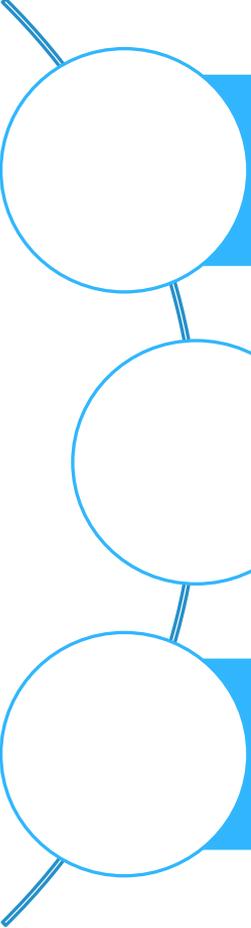
AB 109: It's Not Simple



Public Safety Realignment

Criminal Justice Realignment

AB 109



Inmates are not being transferred from prison to jail

Serious and violent offenders still serve executed terms in state prison, including gang crimes

95% of offenders already come home to their community

3 New Types of Offenders Now Housed or Supervised Locally

1170(h) Defendants

- 500+ Felonies shifted to local jail/probation
- Including Split Sentences “Mandatory Supervision”
- Supervised by Probation

Post Release Community Supervision

- Released from State Prison and Supervised by Probation
- Revocations in County Jail (max 180 days per rev.)
- Labeled non-non-non, but could have serious/violent past

Parolees

- Generally ‘strikers’ & high-risk sex offender released from prison
- Revocations in County Jail (180 days)

Split Sentence Option 1170 (h)

Judge may order maximum term possible of confinement, or

Impose sentence that includes a period of jail time and a period of “**mandatory supervision**” not to exceed maximum possible term

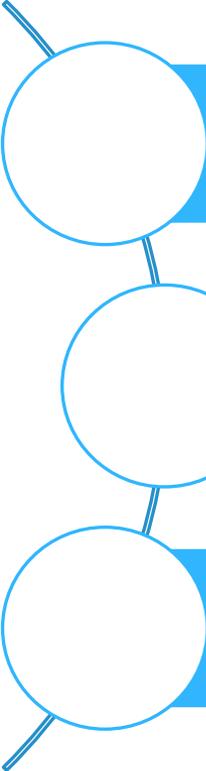
Length of PRCS



Community Corrections Partnership (CCP)

- * Chief Probation Officer
- * Presiding Judge or designee
- * Public Defender
- * Sheriff
- * Chief of Police
- * Head of HHSA

Realignment Goals of CCP



Efficiently Use Jail Capacity

Incorporate Reentry Principals into Custody Programming

Incorporate Evidence-Based Practices

Collaboration is Key

HHSA

Probation

Individual

Community
Partners

Court

How Does HHSA Fit In?

- Community Transition Center:

- Behavioral Health Screening Team
- Eligibility Worker
- Nurse Case Manager



- Substance Abuse and Mental Health Treatment

Behavioral Health Screening Team

- * Implemented in November, 2011
- * Mental Health Specialists and Alcohol and Drug Specialists co-located at Probation offices
- * Review packets received by CDCR for initial identification of treatment needs
- * Screen and link offenders to appropriate treatment programs in consultation with Probation Officer



Community Transition Center

- * Implemented in January, 2013
- * Probation and Behavioral Health Screening Team co-located
- * Comprehensive screening and assessment
- * On-site detoxification as necessary
- * Linkage to community services

Behavioral Health Treatment Services

- * Mental Health
 - * Enhanced Recovery/Strengths Based Case Management
 - * Full-Service Partnership
- * Alcohol and Drug
 - * Detoxification
 - * Residential
 - * Non-Residential

Alcohol and Drug System

Programs located countywide, providing:

- * **Detoxification**

- ✓ Residential detoxification for 5-14 days

- * **Residential Treatment**

- ✓ Structured, residential treatment for up to 6 months

- * **Non-Residential Treatment**

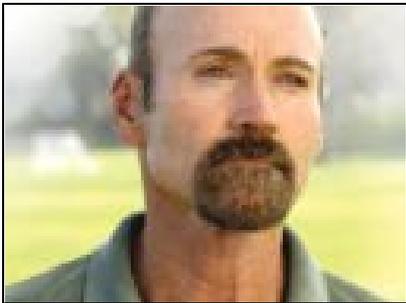
- ✓ Outpatient and Day Treatment for up to 9 months



Mental Health System

Programs located countywide, providing:

- * Enhanced Recovery Services
- * Full-Service Partnership



FY 2012/13

What We Have Seen

- * 1,383 admissions to Behavioral Health treatment:
 - * 1,032 for substance abuse
 - * 351 for mental health
- * Most common services
 - * Substance Abuse: Residential Treatment
 - * Mental Health: Enhanced Recovery
- * 53% Satisfactory Discharge

FY 13/14

What We Are Seeing

- * Significant increase in admissions to treatment
- * Through 2nd quarter:
 - * 994 Admissions (370 as of second quarter in FY 12/13)
 - * 819 for Substance Abuse
 - * 175 for Mental Health

Impact of Expanded Medi-Cal

- * Majority of 109 offenders will be newly eligible
- * All services provided through BHS will be eligible for reimbursement through Medi-Cal, with exception of detox and residential treatment
- * Working closely with PSG partners to ensure 109 offenders have access to Medi-Cal

Questions?

Alfredo Aguirre, LCSW

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