DRAFT Key Points and Importance – Preserve

Preserve Design

- North County Plan establishes a process for assembly of a preserve
- County commits to assembling a preserve that is necessary to protect the covered species
- Developed to protect 63 species included in the North County Plan in 2009
- Will also protect 7 major vegetation communities
- Interconnected system of conserved lands to allow for movement due to climate change and other factors
 - Diversity of vegetation communities
 - Range of elevations
- Developed to meet a series of design principles:
 - Large blocks of habitat containing large populations of species are superior to small blocks of habitat containing small populations
 - Interconnected blocks of habitat serve conservation purposes better than isolated blocks of habitat
 - Habitat that occurs in less fragmented, contiguous blocks is preferable to habitat that is fragmented or isolated by urban lands
 - Contiguous habitat minimizes edge effects of urban lands
 - Blocks of habitat that do not have road access or are otherwise inaccessible to human disturbance serve to better conserve species
 - Blocks of habitat should contain a diverse representation of physical and environmental conditions

Pre-Approved Mitigation Area (PAMA)

- PAMA is larger than the preserve goal development is allowed within PAMA
 - o Size of PAMA: 146,000 acres
 - Preserve goal: 102,000 acres (~70% of PAMA)
- Build preserve within PAMA by encouraging development outside PAMA and encouraging conservation within PAMA through mitigation ratios
- Lands placed in the preserve will be managed, maintained, and monitored to ensure conservation goals are achieved