MCRT | Overview

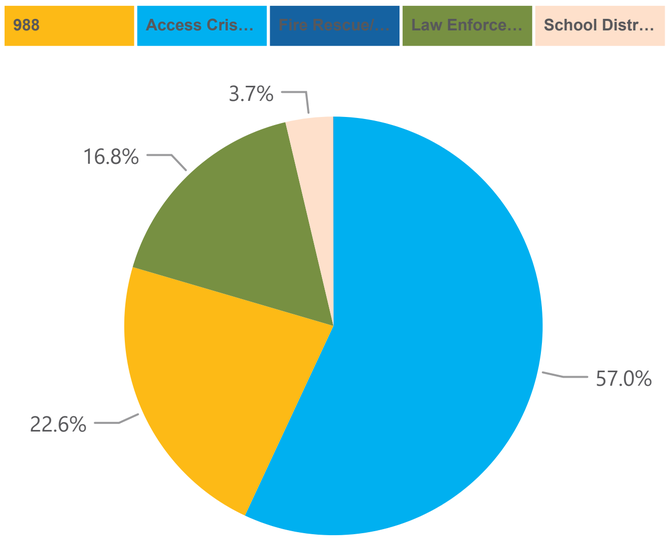
COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO
BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SERVICES

37.6K
Calls Responded To Since Program Start

21.1K
Unique Clients Since Program Start

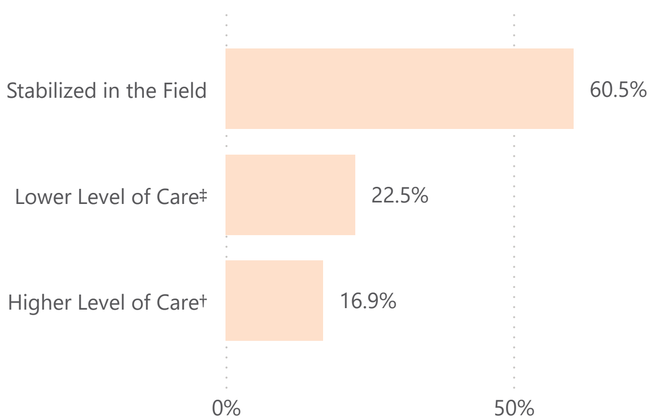
Reporting Period
10/1/2025 to 9/30/2026

Referral Source*

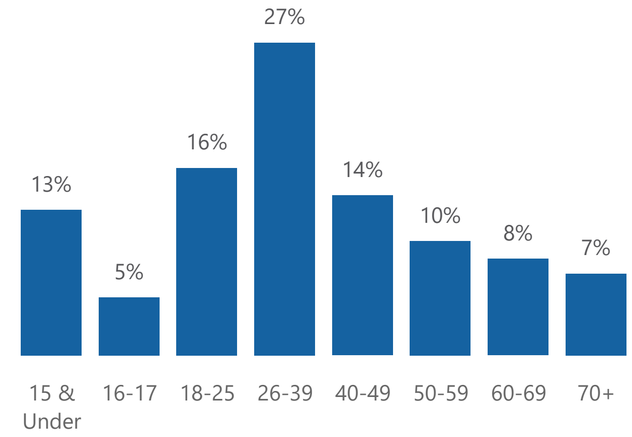


Average Response Time*	Calls with < 1 hour response*
24 Minutes	98%

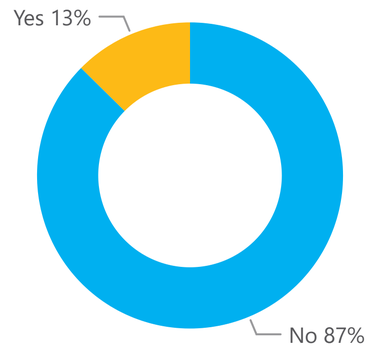
Disposition of Intervention*



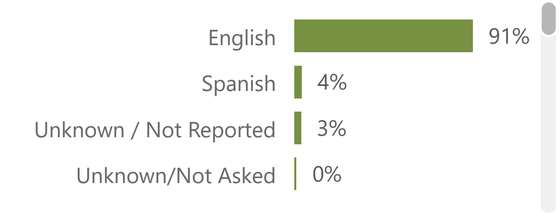
Age



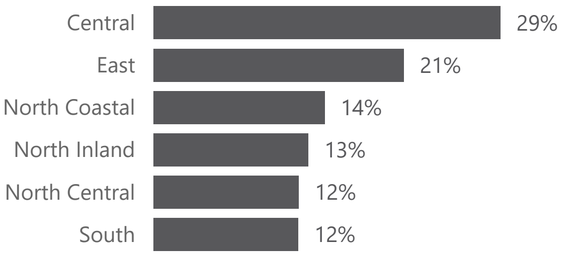
Previous Justice Involvement



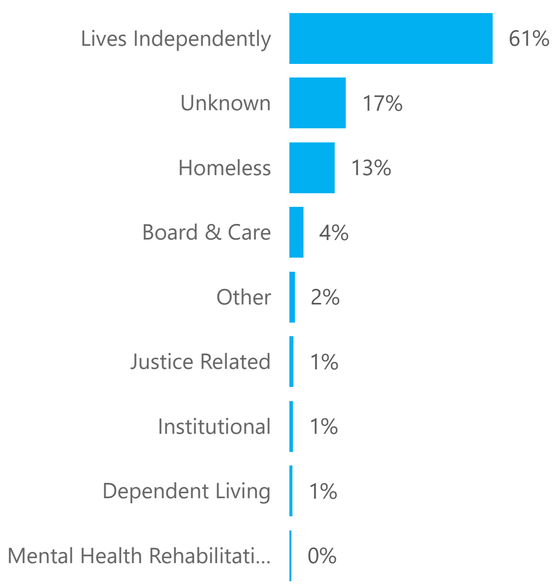
Preferred Language



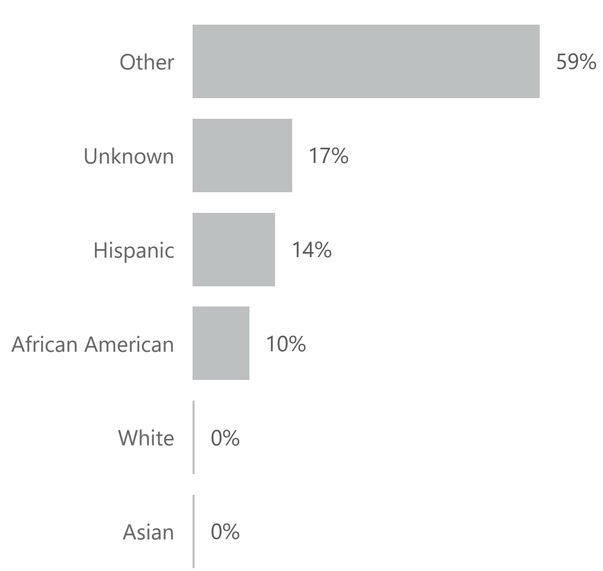
Region of Intervention (by Calls)*



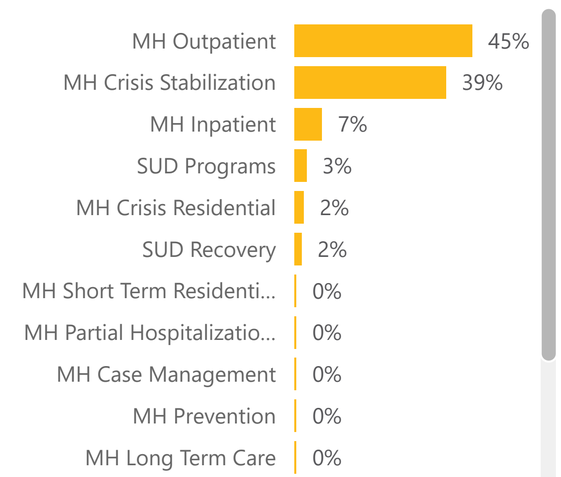
Housing Status



Race/Ethnicity



Connecting Programs**



Data from SmartCare and MCRT Call Log*. *Call data up to 01/31/2026 . †Higher Level of Care includes Emergency Department and Hospitals. ‡ Lower LOC includes CSUs. **First program type clients connected to within 60 days.

CBHDA 2025-26 Legislative Bill Matrix - Watch and Under Review

As of 10/29/2026

Bill Author	Description	Position
AB 96 Jackson D	**Mental health services: peer support specialist certification. (Chaptered: 9/27/2026)** Current law establishes a schedule of benefits under the Medi-Cal program and provides for various services, including behavioral and mental health services that are rendered by Medi-Cal enrolled providers. Current law authorizes a county, or an agency representing the county, to develop a peer support specialist certification program, subject to department approval. Current law imposes specified requirements on applicants for certification as a peer support specialist, including that the applicant be at least 18 years of age and possess a high school diploma or equivalent degree. This bill would remove the requirement of possessing a high school diploma or equivalent degree from the requirements necessary for an applicant to receive certification. **Status:** 9/27/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 497, Statutes of 2026.	1. CBHDA Sponsor AB 96 Sen. Floor Alert AB 96 Governor's Signature Letter AB 96 Coalition Letter to Sen. Health AB 96 Fact Sheet AB 96 Coalition Letter to Asm. Health
AB 750 Quirk-Silva D	**Department of Housing and Community Development. (Chaptered: 9/29/2026)** Existing law authorizes the Department of Housing and Community Development, upon appropriation, to make loans or grants, or both loans and grants, to rehabilitate, capitalize operating subsidy reserves for, and extend the long-term affordability of department-funded housing projects that have an affordability restriction that has expired, that have an affordability restriction with a remaining term of less than 10 years, or are otherwise at risk of conversion to market-rate housing. This bill would also authorize the department to make those loans and grants to rehabilitate, capitalize operating subsidy reserves for, and extend the long-term affordability of housing projects that qualify as a challenged development, as defined. The bill would require the department to grant priority for these loans and grants to housing projects that are department funded and have an affordability restriction that has expired or have a remaining term of less than 10 years, or are otherwise at risk for conversion, as defined. The bill would authorize the department to establish separate selection and underwriting standards for these projects and projects that are challenged developments. **Status:** 9/29/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 789, Statutes of 2026.	8. Watch AB 750 Fact Sheet
AB 1126 Patterson R	**Medi-Cal managed care plans: enrollees with other health care coverage. (Chaptered: 9/15/2026)** Current law establishes the Medi-Cal program, which is administered by the State Department of Health	Internal Watch

	Care Services and under which qualified low-income individuals receive health care services, under fee-for-service or managed care delivery systems. The Medi-Cal program is, in part, governed and funded by federal Medicaid program provisions. Under current federal law, in accordance with third-party liability rules, Medicaid is generally the payer of last resort if a beneficiary has another source of health care coverage in addition to Medicaid coverage. This bill would require the department, in the case of a Medi-Cal managed care plan enrollee who also has other health care coverage and for whom the Medi-Cal program is a payer of last resort, to ensure that a provider that is not contracted with the plan and that is billing the plan for Medi-Cal allowable costs not paid by the other health care coverage does not face administrative requirements significantly in excess of the administrative requirements for billing those same costs to the Medi-Cal fee-for-service delivery system. Under the bill, in the case of an enrollee who meets those coverage criteria, except as specified, a Medi-Cal fee-for-service provider would not be required to contract as an in-network provider with the Medi-Cal managed care plan in order to bill the plan for Medi-Cal allowable costs for covered health care services. The bill would authorize a Medi-Cal managed care plan to require a letter of agreement, or a similar agreement, under specified circumstances, including if a covered service requires prior authorization, or if a service is not covered by the other health care coverage but is a covered service under the plan, as specified. **Status:** 9/14/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 193, Statutes of 2026.	
AB 1556 Haney D	**Recovery housing: funding. (Chaptered: 9/29/2026)** Existing law requires a state agency or department that funds, implements, or administers a state program that provides housing or housing-related services to people experiencing homelessness or who are at risk of homelessness to revise or adopt guidelines and regulations to include enumerated Housing First policies. Existing law specifies the core components of Housing First, including services that are informed by a harm-reduction philosophy that recognizes drug and alcohol use and addiction as a part of tenants' lives and where tenants are engaged in nonjudgmental communication regarding drug and alcohol use. This bill would require applicants for state homelessness funding for recovery housing, as defined, to demonstrate the availability of a range of interventions, as specified. The bill would require a program that provides recovery housing to meet specified requirements in order to be eligible for state funding, including that the program satisfies the core components of Housing First, relapse is not, unless there is another lease violation, grounds for eviction and residents receive relapse support, the program provides emergency preparedness and overdose prevention and response training to staff and residents and makes overdose reversal medication available and readily accessible to staff and residents onsite, and the program adopts and maintains a written return-to-use policy, as specified. **Status:** 9/29/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 779, Statutes of 2026.	5. Support AB 1556 Sen. Floor Alert AB 1556 Governor's Signature Letter AB 1556 Sen. Housing Letter
AB 1579 Valencia D	**Tribal gaming: compact ratification. (Chaptered: 8/31/2026)** Existing federal law, the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988, provides for the negotiation and execution of tribal-state gaming compacts for the purpose of authorizing certain types of gaming on Indian lands within a state. The California Constitution authorizes the Governor to negotiate and conclude tribal-state gaming compacts, subject to ratification by the Legislature. Existing law expressly ratifies a number of tribal-state gaming compacts, and amendments of tribal-state gaming compacts, between the State of California and specified Indian tribes. The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of, an environmental impact report on a project, as defined, that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment, as defined, or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. This bill would ratify the amendment to the tribal-state gaming compact entered into between the State of California and the Yuhaaviatam of San Manuel Nation	Neutral AB 1579 Sen. HS Letter AB 1579 Asm. Floor Letter AB 1579 Asm. Approps Letter_050126 AB 1579 Asm. HS Letter

	executed on June 23, 2026. The bill would provide that, in deference to tribal sovereignty, certain actions related to that amended compact are not projects for purposes of CEQA. This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute. **Status:** 8/31/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 166, Statutes of 2026.	AB 1579 Fact Sheet
AB 1586 Ramos D	**Opioid overdose reversal medication: school resource officers. (Chaptered: 9/18/2026)** Existing law authorizes a school district, county office of education, and charter school to provide emergency naloxone hydrochloride or another opioid antagonist to school nurses and trained personnel who have volunteered, and authorizes school nurses and trained personnel to use naloxone hydrochloride or another opioid antagonist to provide emergency medical aid to persons suffering, or reasonably believed to be suffering, from an opioid overdose. This bill, to be known as the School Safety and Opioid Overdose Prevention Act, and commencing with the 2027–28 school year, would require a school resource officer, as defined, to (1) upon assignment to a schoolsite, and at least every 2 years thereafter, complete an opioid overdose recognition and response training, as specified, and (2) report, on or before July 1, 2028, and annually thereafter until July 1, 2030, to the State Department of Public Health, among other things, the number of times the school resource officer administered an opioid antagonist, and the types of opioid antagonist received and administered, while serving at a schoolsite. **Status:** 9/18/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 268, Statutes of 2026.	5. Support AB 1586 Sen. PS Letter AB 1586 Sen. Floor Alert AB 1586 Governor's Signature Letter AB 1586 Sen. Education Letter AB 1586 Asm. Approps Letter AB 1586 Asm. Ed Letter AB 1586 Fact Sheet
AB 1626 Gabriel D	**Interscholastic athletics: youth sports: coaches: behavioral and mental health training. (Chaptered: 9/30/2026)** Existing law, the 1998 California High School Coaching Education and Training Program, declares the intent of the Legislature to establish a California High School Coaching Education and Training Program, to be administered by school districts with an emphasis on specific components, including, among other components, sports psychology. Existing law requires every high school sports coach to complete, at their own expense, a coaching education program that meets the guidelines established by the California High School Coaching Education and Training Program. This bill would require specified trainings for coaches described in AB 1665 of the 2025–26 Regular Session to cover specified mental-health related topics, including, among other topics, trauma-informed care, as provided, and strategies of creating a positive team culture, as provided. The bill would require the department, on or before September 1, 2027, to identify existing training or develop a model youth athletics behavioral and mental health training, as specified, for persons who serve as coaches in youth sports organizations, both for recreational leagues and competitive or club leagues. The bill would require the department to post the training on its internet website and work with local partners to disseminate the training to appropriate youth athletic leagues, youth coaching entities, and relevant statewide organizations and associations. **Status:** 9/30/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 884, Statutes of 2026.	5. Support AB 1626 Governor's Signature Letter AB 1626 Sen. Ed Letter AB 1626 Asm. Approps Letter AB 1626 Asm. Ed Letter AB 1626 Fact Sheet AB 1626 Asm. AET Support Letter
AB 1660 Schiavo D	**Public guardians and public administrators. (Chaptered: 9/20/2026)** Existing law requires a public guardian to apply for appointment as a guardian or conservator of the person, the estate, or the person and estate if there is an imminent threat to a person's health or safety or the person's estate, there is no one else who is qualified and willing to act, as specified, the appointment would be in the best interests of the person, and the person is domiciled in the county. Existing law similarly requires a court to order a public guardian of a county to apply for appointment as a guardian or conservator if it appears that there is no one else who is	5. Support AB 1660 Governor's Signature Letter AB 1660 Sen.

	qualified and willing to act. Existing law grants a public guardian a variety of powers, including the right to take control of real or personal property, issue written certification of this fact, and restrain a person from transferring, encumbering, or disposing of real or personal property held in a trust. A written certification issued by a public guardian and public conservator for these purposes is valid for 30 days after its issuance. Existing law requires a financial institution or other person, without inquiring into the truth of the written certification and without court order or letters being issued, to provide the public guardian or public conservator with specified information, including, among other things, property held in the sole name of the proposed ward or conservatee, and to take specified actions. Existing law establishes the public administrator as an officer of a county. Existing law regulates the administration of estates of decedents and permits the public administrator to be appointed to administer these estates under certain circumstances. Under existing law, a written certification issued by a public administrator for these purposes is valid for 30 days after its issuance. Existing law requires a financial institution, governmental or private agency, retirement fund administrator, insurance company, licensed securities dealer, or other person, without inquiring into the truth of the written certification, without requiring a death certificate, without charge, and without court order or letters being issued, to perform specified functions, including providing the public administrator complete information concerning property held in the sole name of the decedent, including names and addresses of beneficiaries or joint owners, and granting the public administrator access to a safe-deposit box rented in the sole name of the decedent, as specified. This bill would remove the requirement that the property be held, or the safe-deposit box be rented, in the sole name of the decedent. **Status:** 9/20/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chartered by Secretary of State - Chapter 369, Statutes of 2026.	Judic Letter AB 1660 Sen. Judiciary Letter AB 1660 Asm. APPR Letter AB 1660 Fact Sheet AB 1660 Asm. Judic Support Letter_CBHDA
AB 1665 Pacheco D	**School athletics: coaches: youth athletics behavioral and mental health training. (Chaptered: 9/30/2026)** The 1998 California High School Coaching Education and Training Program declares the intent of the Legislature to establish a California High School Coaching Education and Training Program, to be administered by school districts with an emphasis on specific components, including, among other components, sports psychology. Existing law requires every high school sports coach to complete, at their own expense, a coaching education program that meets the guidelines established by the California High School Coaching Education and Training Program. This bill would add a component on mental health training, as specified, to the list of components to be emphasized by the 1998 California High School Coaching Education and Training Program. The bill, commencing with the 2027–28 school year, would require a person who serves as a coach in an interscholastic athletic program at a high school, including a private school, that is a member of the California Interscholastic Federation to complete an initial training, and a subsequent training every 2 years, on mental health, as provided. The bill, commencing with the 2027–28 school year, would also require a school district, county office of education, or charter school that elects to offer an athletic program, other than an interscholastic athletic program, to ensure that the athletic program's coaches complete an initial training, and a subsequent training every 2 years, that covers sudden cardiac arrest, as provided, and youth athletics behavioral and mental health training, as provided. This bill would incorporate additional changes to Section 35179.1 of the Education Code proposed by AB 1626 to be operative only if this bill and AB 1626 are enacted and this bill is enacted last. **Status:** 9/30/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chartered by Secretary of State - Chapter 886, Statutes of 2026.	5. Support AB 1665 Sen. Floor Alert AB 1665 Governor's Signature Letter AB 1665 Sen. Education Letter AB 1665 Fact Sheet
AB 1801 Lee D	**Public agencies: approval: detention facilities. (Chaptered: 9/29/2026)** Existing law prohibits a city, county, city and county, or public agency from approving or signing a deed, instrument, or other document related to a conveyance of land or issuing a permit for the building or reuse of existing buildings by any private corporation, contractor, or vendor to house or detain noncitizens for purposes of civil immigration proceedings, unless the city, county, city and county, or public agency has given notice to the public of the	Internal Watch

	proposed conveyance or permitting action at least 180 days before execution of the conveyance or permit and solicited and heard public comments on the proposed conveyance or permit action in at least 2 separate meetings open to the public. This bill would revise and recast those provisions to prohibit a city, county, city and county, or public agency from approving or executing, among other documents, any document signifying the public entity's approval for the building or reuse of existing buildings by any private corporation, contractor, or vendor to house or detain a person for purposes of civil immigration custody before the public entity has given notice to the public of the proposed action 180 days before execution or approval of the proposed action, promptly provided access to any documents related to the proposed action, as provided, and solicited and heard public comments on the proposed action in at least 2 separate meetings open to the public. The bill would prescribe the contents, the posting and publication, and the broadcast of the public notice. **Status:** 9/29/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 743, Statutes of 2026.	
AB 1876 Addis D	**Health care coverage: nondiscrimination. (Chaptered: 9/30/2026)** Existing law requires health care service plans and health insurers, as specified, within 6 months after the relevant department issues specified guidance, or no later than March 1, 2025, to require all of their staff who are in direct contact with enrollees or insureds in the delivery of care or enrollee or insured services to complete evidence-based cultural competency training for the purpose of providing trans-inclusive health care for individuals who identify as transgender, gender diverse, or intersex. This bill would prohibit a subscriber, enrollee, policyholder, or insured from being excluded from enrollment or participation in, being denied the benefits of, or being subjected to discrimination by, any health care service plan or health insurer licensed in this state, on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex. The bill would define discrimination on the basis of sex for those purposes to include, among other things, sex characteristics, including intersex traits, pregnancy, and gender identity. The bill would prohibit a health care service plan or health insurer from taking specified actions relating to providing access to health programs and activities, including, but not limited to, denying or limiting health care services to an individual based upon the individual's sex assigned at birth, gender identity, or gender otherwise recorded. The bill would prohibit a health care service plan or health insurer, in specified circumstances, from taking various actions, including, but not limited to, denying, canceling, limiting, or refusing to issue or renew health care service plan enrollment, health insurance coverage, or other health-related coverage, or denying or limiting coverage of a claim, or imposing additional cost sharing or other limitations or restrictions on coverage, on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, age, disability, as specified. **Status:** 9/30/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 903, Statutes of 2026.	5. Support AB 1876 Sen. Floor Alert AB 1876 Governor's Signature Letter AB 1876 Sen. Judiciary letter AB 1876 Sen. Health Letter AB 1876 Asm. Health Letter
AB 1897 Haney D	**Mentally disordered offenders: criteria for commitment. (Chaptered: 9/27/2026)** Existing law requires that, as a condition of parole, a prisoner who has a severe mental health disorder be treated by the State Department of State Hospitals if the prisoner meets certain requirements, including, among others, that the person in charge of treating the prisoner and a practicing psychiatrist or psychologist from the State Department of State Hospitals have evaluated the prisoner and that a chief psychiatrist of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation certify to the Board of Parole Hearings that by reason of the prisoner's severe mental health disorder, the prisoner represents a substantial danger of physical harm to others. Existing law allows a prisoner to request a hearing before the Board of Parole Hearings for the purpose of proving that they meet the criteria to be treated by the State Department of State Hospitals. Existing law authorizes a prisoner who disagrees with the determination of the Board of Parole Hearings to file a petition in court in the county in which they are incarcerated or are being treated for a hearing on whether they met the criteria. This bill would require a psychiatrist or psychologist, when determining whether a prisoner represents a	8. Watch

	substantial danger of physical harm to others, to consider, among other things, the prisoner's history of violence that was related to their severe mental health disorder. **Status:** 9/27/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 558, Statutes of 2026.	
AB 1902 Pellerin D	**Secure youth treatment facilities. (Chaptered: 9/30/2026)** Existing law requires a probation department to request that the prosecuting attorney petition the committing court for an order directing that a person confined in a secure youth treatment facility remain subject to the control of the department at the time of discharge if the person confined is determined to be physically dangerous to the public because of the person's mental or physical condition, disorder, or other problem that causes the person to have serious difficulty controlling their dangerous behavior. Existing law establishes the process for the petition, probable cause hearing, trial, continued detention, and appeal pursuant to this provision. Under existing law, if an order for continued detention is made pursuant to these provisions, the probation department has continued control over the person, except as specified, and existing law requires the department to, within 2 years after the date of the order made by a juvenile court or after conviction in criminal proceedings, file a new application for continued detention if continued detention is deemed necessary. This bill would require, if a petition is filed pursuant to these provisions, that the person who is the subject of the petition remain in custody in a secure youth treatment facility until the conclusion of the proceedings. The bill would prohibit a probable cause hearing pursuant to these provisions from being continued, except upon a showing of good cause by the party requesting the continuance. The bill would also authorize the court to base the finding of probable cause on certain hearsay statements, as specified. The bill would require the person be brought to trial within 60 days from the probable cause determination, unless good cause to the contrary is shown, the person enters a waiver, or the person requests or consents to the setting of the trial date beyond the 60-day period. The bill would require the court, if the court or jury finds that the person has a mental condition or disorder, to determine a period of continued detention, as specified. **Status:** 9/30/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 836, Statutes of 2026.	Internal Watch
AB 1924 Gabriel D	**Statewide homelessness prevention strategy. (Chaptered: 9/29/2026)** Existing law establishes the California Interagency Council on Homelessness and requires the council to take various actions to prevent and end homelessness in California. Existing law establishes various programs to prevent homelessness or assist persons experiencing homelessness, including the No Place Like Home Program and the Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program. This bill would require the council, by July 1, 2028, to develop a statewide homelessness prevention strategy in the council's publicly available Action Plan to Prevent and End Homelessness. The bill would require the strategy to include specified elements, including a homelessness prevention action plan for certain state agencies and evidence-based model homeless prevention practices, as specified. **Status:** 9/29/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 794, Statutes of 2026.	8. Watch
AB 2003 Berman D	**Pupil health: suicide prevention. (Chaptered: 7/16/2026)** Existing law requires the State Department of Education to identify an evidence-based online training program that a county office of education, school district, state special school, or charter school that serves pupils in grades 7 to 12, inclusive, can use to train school staff and pupils as part of their policy on pupil suicide prevention. Existing law requires the department, subject to an appropriation for these purposes, to provide a grant to a county office of education to acquire a training program identified by the department and disseminate that training program at no cost to specified educational entities, as specified. This bill would revise and recast these provisions by (1) deleting the requirement to provide the above-described grant, (2) deleting the requirement of the	4. Support if Amended AB 2003 Fact Sheet AB 2003 Supp. if Amended to Asm. ED

	department to identify the above-described evidence-based online training program, (3) instead requiring the Behavioral Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission to develop an online training program to train school staff, pupils who are 13 years of age or older, and parents, guardians, or caregivers of pupils as part of the policy on pupil suicide prevention adopted by county offices of education, school districts, state special schools, and charter schools that serve pupils in kindergarten or in any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, as specified. **Status:** 7/16/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 92, Statutes of 2026.	
AB 2011 Hart D	**Nonquantitative treatment limitations. (Chaptered: 9/30/2026)** Existing federal law, the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (MHPAEA), requires group health plans and health insurance issuers that provide both medical and surgical benefits and mental health or substance use disorder benefits to ensure that financial requirements and treatment limitations applicable to mental health or substance use disorder benefits are no more restrictive than the predominant requirements or limitations applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits. Existing state law requires an individual, small group, or large group health care service plan contract or health insurance policy to provide covered mental health and substance use disorder benefits in compliance with the MHPAEA and specified federal rules, regulations, and guidance. This bill would require the above-described contracts and policies to provide covered mental health and substance use disorder benefits in compliance with specified federal rules, regulations, and guidance as they existed on January 1, 2025. Because a violation of these requirements by a health care service plan would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. **Status:** 9/30/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 915, Statutes of 2026.	5. Support AB 2011 Governor's Signature Letter AB 2011 Sen. Floor Alert AB 2011 Sen. Health Letter AB 2011 Asm. Health Letter
AB 2071 Hoover R	**Pupil instruction: digital wellness. (Chaptered: 9/10/2026)** Existing law requires the State Department of Education, on or before January 1, 2024, to develop a plan to expand mental health instruction in California public schools. This bill would require the department, on or before January 1, 2028, to develop a plan to expand digital wellness instruction in California public schools, as provided. **Status:** 9/10/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 186, Statutes of 2026.	8. Watch
AB 2146 Stefani D	**Coordinated Entry System: study. (Chaptered: 9/30/2026)** Existing law establishes the California Interagency Council on Homelessness (council), which has various goals, including, among other things, to serve as a statewide facilitator, coordinator, and policy development resource on ending homelessness in California. This bill would require the council to, by July 1, 2028, complete a comprehensive statewide study of the coordinated entry system and its role in connecting individuals and families experiencing homelessness to affordable housing, as specified. The bill would require the council, in conducting the study, to meaningfully consult with a geographically representative group of stakeholders, as described, and would require the council, by July 1, 2028, to post the report on its internet website and submit the report to the Legislature and any relevant policy committees. **Status:** 9/30/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 923, Statutes of 2026.	Neutral
AB 2150 Haney D	**Emergencies: personnel: training requirements: opioid overdose reversals. (Chaptered: 9/20/2026)** Existing law establishes the Emergency Medical Services Authority within the California Health and Human Services Agency, and requires the authority to coordinate state activities concerning emergency medical services. Existing law requires a public safety agency that provides “911” call processing services for emergency medical response, by January 1, 2027, to provide prearrival medical instructions to “911” callers	5. Support AB 2150 Governor's Signature Letter

	requiring medical assistance, including, at a minimum, administration of naloxone for suspected narcotics overdoses. Existing law requires the authority to develop and adopt training, standards, and regulations for all prehospital emergency medical care personnel regarding the use and administration of naloxone hydrochloride and other opioid antagonists. Existing law makes any person who violates these provisions guilty of a misdemeanor. Existing law grants the Division of Occupational Safety and Health, which is within the Department of Industrial Relations, jurisdiction over all employment and places of employment, and the power necessary to enforce and administer all occupational health and safety laws and standards. Exiting law requires the division, before December 1, 2027, to submit a draft rulemaking proposal to revise specified regulations on first aid materials and emergency medical services to require first aid materials in a workplace to include naloxone hydrochloride or another opioid antagonist approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration to reverse opioid overdose and instructions for using the opioid antagonist. Existing law requires the standards board to consider for adoption revised standards for the standards described above on or before December 1, 2028. This bill would require an employer operating in this state that requires cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) certification training of its employees to also require those employees, except as specified, to take an online video module training on the use of naloxone to increase the rate of opioid overdose reversals, as prescribed. **Status:** 9/20/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 384, Statutes of 2026.	AB 2150 Sen. Floor Alert AB 2150 Asm. Floor Letter
AB 2297 Stefani D	**Restitution: diversion. (Chaptered: 9/30/2026)** Existing law requires a court to, in every case where a person is convicted of a crime, order restitution to the victim or victims, as specified. Existing law creates and authorizes a number of diversion and deferred entry of judgment programs, which either defer entry of a plea of guilty by the defendant or postpone the proceedings of the case as long as the defendant participates in the program. Existing law requires the court to dismiss the plea or charges if the defendant has performed satisfactorily during the program. This bill would require the court to order restitution to the victims or victims when a defendant participates in a diversion program, provided that the defendant is informed of their right to have a judicial determination of the amount of restitution and is provided with a hearing, waives a hearing, or stipulates to the amount of restitution ordered. If the court finds restitution is owed pursuant to this provision, the bill would require the court to order payment of restitution during the period of diversion. **Status:** 9/30/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 841, Statutes of 2026.	8. Watch AB 2297 Fact Sheet
AB 2339 Gipson D	**Firearms: prohibited persons. (Chaptered: 9/26/2026)** Existing law prohibits a juvenile who is adjudged a ward of the juvenile court due to the commission of specified serious or violent offenses from subsequently owning or possessing a firearm until they are 30 years of age. Existing law requires the juvenile court to notify the Department of Justice of persons subject to these provisions, as specified. This bill would require the juvenile court to notify the department if the juvenile court grants a dismissal of a juvenile petition for an offense that subjected the juvenile to the above-described firearm prohibition. **Status:** 9/26/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 462, Statutes of 2026.	Concerns
AB 2405 Gipson D	**Mental health. (Chaptered: 9/30/2026)** Under existing law, when a person, as a result of a mental disorder, is a danger to others or to themselves, or is gravely disabled, they may, upon probable cause, be taken into custody for a period of up to 72 hours for assessment, evaluation, and crisis intervention, or placement for evaluation and treatment, as specified. Existing law prohibits mental health personnel from instructing a peace officer to take a person to, or keep the person at, a jail, solely because of the unavailability of an acute bed. This bill would require a peace officer who is transporting the above-described person to a designated facility for assessment to transport the person to the closest appropriate designated	8. Watch

	facility, either geographically or by time, from where the peace officer took the person into custody, as specified. If a person is being transported by a peace officer to a designated facility for assessment, the bill would authorize the person to affirmatively express their preference to the peace officer regarding the facility that they would prefer the peace officer to take them. **Status:** 9/30/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 939, Statutes of 2026.	
AB 2429 Rubio, Blanca D	**Childcare: mental health consultation services. (Chaptered: 9/20/2026)** The Child Care and Development Services Act, administered by the State Department of Social Services, establishes a system of childcare and development services for children up to 13 years of age. The Early Education Act requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction, to, among other things, provide an inclusive and cost-effective preschool program. Under both acts, the cost to a provider agency of providing an early childhood mental health consultation service is reimbursable if certain requirements are met, including that the consultation service uses a relationship-based model that includes specified components, including, among others, that, at least twice per program year, early care- and education setting-based mental health assessments are conducted and that there is, with the consent of parents or legal guardians, at least one screening of each enrolled child for adverse childhood experiences and screening for buffering factors. This bill would remove the requirement that the consultation service use a relationship-based model that includes those components in order to be reimbursable and would instead require that, in order to be reimbursable, the consultation service, among other things, uses a relationship-based model that incorporates, at least once per school or program year, an early care and education classroom observation tool that includes measures on the classroom environment, social-emotional learning climate, and teacher and child interactions to guide the specific activities and support the consultant will provide. **Status:** 9/20/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 399, Statutes of 2026.	Internal Watch
AB 2562 Dixon R	**Alcohol or other drug recovery and treatment programs and facilities: suicide prevention. (Chaptered: 9/27/2026)** Existing law requires the State Department of Health Care Services to license and regulate adult alcohol or other drug recovery or treatment facilities that provide residential nonmedical services, as specified, and further requires the department to certify and regulate alcohol or other drug programs, as specified. Existing law requires a licensed facility to take specified actions, including to develop a plan to address when a resident relapses. Existing law requires a certified program to keep all policies and procedures in an operation manual. This bill would require a licensed facility to develop a suicide prevention plan. The bill would authorize the department to implement the above-described requirement by bulletin or all-county or all-provider letter, after stakeholder input, until regulations are promulgated. **Status:** 9/27/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 620, Statutes of 2026.	5. Support AB 2562 Sen. Floor Alert AB 2562 Governor's Signature Letter AB 2562 Sen. Health Letter AB 2562 Asm. Floor Letter
SB 16 Blakespear D	**Mental health: involuntary commitment. (Chaptered: 9/18/2026)** The Lanterman-Petris-Short Act provides for the involuntary detention and treatment of persons with specified mental health disorders. Under the act, when a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is a danger to others, or to themselves, or gravely disabled, the person may, upon probable cause, be taken into custody and placed in a facility designated by the county and approved by the State Department of Health Care Services for up to 72 hours for evaluation and treatment. Existing law authorizes a county behavioral health director to develop procedures for the county's designation and training of professionals who will be designated to perform the above-described provisions. This bill would instead require a county behavioral health director to establish and implement procedures governing the county's designation and training of professionals who will be designated to perform the above-described provisions.	2. Oppose SB 16 Asm. Floor Alert SB 16 Governor's Veto Letter SB 16 Asm. Health Opposition_2026

	Status: 9/18/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 314, Statutes of 2026.	SB 16 Asm. Judiciary Opposition Letter SB 16 - County Coalition Oppo Letter
SB 329 Blakespear D	**Alcohol and drug recovery: licensed treatment facilities and certified programs: investigations. (Chaptered: 9/27/2026)** Existing law provides for the licensure and regulation of alcohol or other drug recovery or treatment facilities by the State Department of Health Care Services. Existing law prohibits operating an alcohol or other drug recovery or treatment facility to provide recovery, treatment, or detoxification services within this state without first obtaining a current valid license. If a facility is alleged to be providing those services without a license, existing law requires the department to conduct a site visit to investigate the allegation. Existing law also authorizes the department to conduct announced or unannounced site visits to licensed facilities for the purpose of reviewing them for compliance, as specified. Existing law requires alcohol or other drug programs to be certified by the department, except as specified. Existing law prohibits those programs from operating without a certification. If a program is alleged to be providing services without a certification, existing law requires the department to conduct a site visit to investigate the allegation. Existing law also authorizes the department to conduct announced or unannounced site visits to certified programs for the purpose of reviewing them for compliance, as specified. This bill would require the department to assign a complaint under its jurisdiction regarding a licensed alcohol or other drug recovery or treatment facility or a certified alcohol or other drug program to an analyst for investigation within 10 days of receiving the complaint. If the department receives a complaint that does not fall under its jurisdiction, the bill would require the department, to the extent feasible, to notify the complainant, in writing, that it does not investigate that type of complaint. **Status:** 9/27/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 646, Statutes of 2026.	2. Oppose SB 329 Fact Sheets
SB 417 Limón D	**The Veterans and Affordable Housing Bond Act of 2026. (Chaptered: 6/25/2026)** Under existing law, there are programs providing assistance for, among other things, emergency housing, multifamily housing, farmworker housing, home ownership for very low and low-income households, and downpayment assistance for first-time home buyers. Existing law also authorizes the issuance of bonds in specified amounts pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law and requires that proceeds from the sale of these bonds be used to finance various existing housing programs, capital outlay related to infill development, brownfield cleanup that promotes infill development, and housing-related parks. Existing law, the Veterans and Affordable Housing Bond Act of 2018, authorized, the issuance of bonds in the amount of $4,000,000,000 to finance various existing housing programs, as well as infill infrastructure financing and affordable housing matching grant programs, as well as financing for a specified program for farm, home, and mobilehome purchase assistance for veterans, pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law. This bill would enact the Veterans and Affordable Housing Bond Act of 2026, which, if adopted, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of $11,250,000,000, pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law. Of the proceeds from the sale of these bonds, $10,000,000,000 would be used to finance programs to fund affordable rental housing and home ownership programs, including, among others, the Multifamily Housing Program, the CalHome Program, and the Joe Serna, Jr. Farmworker Housing Grant Program, and $1,250,000,000 would be used to provide additional funding for the above-described program for farm, home, and mobilehome purchase assistance for veterans, as provided.	8. Watch

	Status: 6/25/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 16, Statutes of 2026.	
SB 420 Padilla D	**Property tax: welfare exemption: detention facilities. (Chaptered: 9/29/2026)** The California Constitution authorizes the Legislature to exempt from taxation, in whole or in part, property that is used exclusively for religious, hospital, or charitable purposes, and is owned or held in trust by a nonprofit entity. Pursuant to that authority, existing law provides for a welfare exemption under which property used exclusively for an exempt purpose and owned and operated by specified entities, including foundations, limited liability companies, or corporations meeting certain statutory requirements is exempt from taxation. This bill would specify that for the purposes of the welfare exemption provisions above, "property used exclusively for religious, hospital, scientific, or charitable purposes" shall not include property, or any portion thereof, operated as a detention facility, as defined. **Status:** 9/29/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 750, Statutes of 2026.	Internal Watch SB 420 Fact Sheet
SB 479 Arreguín D	**Homeless adult and family multidisciplinary personnel teams. (Chaptered: 9/30/2026)** Existing law authorizes a county to establish a homeless adult and family multidisciplinary personnel team with the goal of facilitating the expedited identification, assessment, and linkage of homeless individuals to housing and supportive services within that county, and to allow provider agencies and members of the personnel team to share confidential information for the purpose of coordinating housing and supportive services to ensure continuity of care. Existing law requires the sharing of confidential information to be governed by protocols developed in each county describing how and what information may be shared by the homeless adult and family multidisciplinary personnel team, and requires each county to provide a copy of its protocols to the State Department of Social Services. This bill would additionally authorize a city that is designated as a local health jurisdiction to similarly establish a homeless adult and family multidisciplinary personnel team, as specified. **Status:** 9/30/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 969, Statutes of 2026.	Internal Watch SB 479 Fact Sheet
SB 561 Blakespear D	**Appointment of public guardians. (Chaptered: 9/27/2026)** Existing law requires a public guardian to apply for appointment as a guardian or conservator of the person, the estate, or the person and estate, if there is an imminent threat to a person's health or safety or the person's estate, there is no one else who is qualified and willing to act, as specified, the appointment would be in the best interests of the person, and the person is domiciled in the county. Existing law similarly requires a court to order a public guardian of a county to apply for appointment as a guardian or conservator if it appears that there is no one else who is qualified and willing to act, that the appointment as guardian or conservator appears to be in the best interests of the person, and the person is domiciled in the county. Existing law requires the public guardian to begin an investigation within 2 business days of receiving a referral for conservatorship or guardianship. This bill would require the public guardian to also acknowledge receipt of the referral within 2 business days and conclude the investigation within a reasonable period of time. For referrals for conservatorship, the bill would require the investigation to include a determination of whether or not a temporary or general conservatorship is warranted and would require the public guardian to inform the referring party of the investigation status upon request. **Status:** 9/27/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 649, Statutes of 2026.	Neutral SB 561 Joint Opposition to Asm. Judic_2026
SB 802 Ashby D	**Housing finance and development: Sacramento Regional Housing and Homelessness Joint Powers Authority Act. (Chaptered: 9/20/2026)** Existing law, the Joint Exercise of Powers Act, authorizes 2 or more public agencies, by agreement, to form a joint powers authority to exercise any power common to the	2. Oppose SB 802

	contracting parties, as specified. Existing law authorizes the agreement to set forth the manner by which the joint powers authority will be exercised. This bill, by January 1, 2028, would require the County of Sacramento, the City of Sacramento, the City of Elk Grove, the City of Rancho Cordova, the City of Citrus Heights, and the City of Folsom to participate in and work together to establish a joint powers authority, pursuant to the Joint Exercise of Powers Act, designed to make a meaningful difference for people experiencing housing insecurity and homelessness across the County of Sacramento. In this regard, the bill would require the above-specified local governments together to, among other things, bring the oversight and functions of the Sacramento City and County Continuum of Care under the jurisdiction of the joint powers authority, while maintaining the federally required composition and integrity of the continuum of care. The bill would require the joint powers authority to, among other things, provide direction to the continuum of care lead agency. The bill would specify that a local jurisdiction retains oversight and accountability over funding decisions, projects, and programs administered by the jurisdiction, including contracting for prevention, outreach, sheltering, and housing. The bill would declare that these provisions are severable. The bill would make findings and declarations relating to its provisions. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws. **Status:** 9/20/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 417, Statutes of 2026.	Governor's Veto Letter
SB 942 Caballero D	**Civil detainees. (Chaptered: 9/29/2026)** The Lanterman-Petris-Short (LPS) Act authorizes the involuntary commitment and treatment of a person, when the person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is a danger to themselves or others, or is gravely disabled. Existing law grants persons involuntarily detained in state hospitals as a result of developmental or mental health disabilities specified rights, including a right to dignity, privacy, and humane care, to be free from harm, to religious freedom and practice, and to physical exercise and recreational opportunities. This bill, the Civil Detainees' Bill of Rights Act of 2026, would clarify that all persons housed or detained for purposes of civil immigration proceedings in California at any state, county, local, or private locked detention facility, including any county, local, or private locked detention facility in which an individual is housed or detained on behalf of, or pursuant to a contract with, the federal Office of Refugee Resettlement or the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement, have the legal rights and responsibilities guaranteed all other persons by the United States Constitution and federal law and the California Constitution and state law, unless specifically limited by federal or state law or regulations. **Status:** 9/29/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 755, Statutes of 2026.	10. Watch w/ TA SB 942 Fact Sheet
SB 947 McNerney D	**Employment: automated decision systems. (Chaptered: 9/30/2026)** Existing law requires the Department of Technology to conduct, in coordination with other interagency bodies as it deems appropriate, a comprehensive inventory of all high-risk automated decision systems (ADS) that have been proposed for use, development, or procurement by, or are being used, developed, or procured by, any state agency. This bill would prohibit an employer from discharging, threatening to discharge, demoting, suspending, or in any manner discriminating or retaliating against any employee for taking certain actions asserting their rights under the bill. The bill would authorize the Labor Commissioner to enforce the bill's provisions and also authorize a public prosecutor to bring a civil enforcement action, as specified. The bill would set forth specified types of relief that a plaintiff may seek and specified penalties that an employer that violates these provisions is subject to, including a $500 civil penalty per violation. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws. **Status:** 9/30/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 859, Statutes of 2026.	8. Watch

SB 989 Blakespear D	**Community Assistance, Recovery, and Empowerment (CARE) Court Program. (Chartered: 9/27/2026)** Existing law, the Community Assistance, Recovery, and Empowerment (CARE) Act, authorizes specified persons, including a person with whom the respondent resides, family members, and first responders, among others, to petition a civil court to create a voluntary CARE agreement or a court-ordered CARE plan and implement services, to be provided by county behavioral health agencies, to provide behavioral health care, including stabilization medication, housing, and other enumerated services, to adults who are currently experiencing a severe mental illness and have a diagnosis identified in the disorder class schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders, and who meet other specified criteria. This bill would authorize a first responder to contact the county behavioral health agency in the county in which the individual resides or is found to request the agency file a petition to commence the CARE process. The bill would require the agency to review the request and determine whether to file a petition within 30 business days. The bill would require the agency, upon completion of the review, to notify the first responder that made the referral of specified information, including whether or not a petition was filed. Because the bill would require a higher level of service from county agencies, this bill would create a state-mandated local program. **Status:** 9/27/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 667, Statutes of 2026.	Neutral SB 989 Removal of Opposition Letter_043026 SB 989 Coalition OUA Letter to Sen. Health SB 989 Fact Sheet
SB 993 Ochoa Bogh R	**Board of Behavioral Sciences: licensees: notices. (Chartered: 9/27/2026)** Existing law establishes the Board of Behavioral Sciences and sets forth its powers and duties, including, but not limited to, the licensing, registration, and regulation of marriage and family therapists, educational psychologists, clinical social workers, and professional clinical counselors. Existing law requires these licensees and registrants to provide a client with a written notice stating that the board receives and responds to complaints regarding services provided by the licensee or registrant and containing specified information about the licensee or registrant and their license. This bill would authorize the licensee or registrant, in specified practice settings, to exercise discretion whether to disclose any or all of the information about the licensee or registrant and their license in the notice based on individual safety concerns if certain requirements are met. **Status:** 9/27/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 668, Statutes of 2026.	5. Support SB 993 Asm. Floor Alert SB 993 Governor's Signature Letter SB 993 Asm. B&P Letter SB 993 Fact Sheet
SB 1242 Choi R	**Community Assistance, Recovery, and Empowerment (CARE) Court Program. (Chartered: 9/27/2026)** The Community Assistance, Recovery, and Empowerment (CARE) Act authorizes specified adult persons to petition a civil court to create a voluntary CARE agreement or a court-ordered CARE plan and implement services, to be provided by county behavioral health agencies, to provide behavioral health care, including stabilization medication, housing, and other enumerated services, to adults who are currently experiencing a severe mental illness and have a diagnosis identified in the disorder class schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders, and who meet other specified criteria. Existing law authorizes specified individuals to file a petition to commence the CARE process, including, but not limited to, a spouse, parent, sibling, child, grandparent, or an individual who stands in loco parentis to the respondent. Existing law requires the court to issue an order relieving the original petitioner if the petitioner is someone other than the director of a county behavioral health agency or their designee and appoint the director or their designee as the successor petitioner. Existing law requires the original petitioner to have specified rights to notice of proceedings if the petitioner is a parent or specified family member or the person with whom the respondent resides. Existing law authorizes the court to allow the original petitioner to participate in the respondent's CARE proceedings to the extent the respondent consents. This bill would authorize the original petitioner to provide specified information regarding the respondent, including the respondent's condition, treatment history, and housing status. The bill would require the CARE team to review specified parts of the provided information, including that relevant to the respondent's care and treatment, and would authorize the court to consider that information in evaluating the respondent's progress and compliance, among other things.	10. Watch w/ TA SB 1242 Fact Sheet

	Status: 9/27/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 687, Statutes of 2026.	
SB 1401 Stern D	**Criminal procedure: competence to stand trial. (Chaptered: 9/30/2026)** Existing law prohibits a person from being tried or adjudged to punishment while that person is mentally incompetent. Existing law requires the court to, for a person found mentally incompetent and not charged with certain felony offenses, among other things, determine whether restoring the person to mental competence is in the interests of justice. Existing law requires the court to, if restoring the person to mental competence is not in the interests of justice, conduct a hearing, as specified, and determine the person's eligibility for diversion. Under existing law, if the court determines that the person is ineligible or unsuitable for diversion, the court is authorized to hold a hearing to determine the person's other options, including referral to assisted outpatient treatment, county conservatorship, and the CARE program. Existing law requires a person's charges to be dismissed if the person is accepted into assisted outpatient treatment or the CARE program or upon a filing of either a temporary or permanent conservatorship petition. This bill would authorize a county behavioral health agency to report to the court regarding relevant confidential medical information for the purpose of determining eligibility for behavioral health services pursuant to the above provisions. The bill would exempt from the requirement to dismiss charges instances where the person's case has been referred back to the court within certain time periods. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws. **Status:** 9/30/2026 - Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 1035, Statutes of 2026.	10. Watch w/ TA SB 1401 Fact Sheet

Total Measures: 37

Total Tracking Forms: 37

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September 15, 2026

Post Release Community Supervision Fact Sheet

Public Safety Realignment (AB109) established a population of *Post Release Community Supervision* (PRCS) clients. PRCS clients are supervised by county probation departments upon their release from state prison. Prior to AB109, PRCS clients were supervised by state parole.

Individuals Under Supervision: 1,299

Registered Sex Offenders:* 49

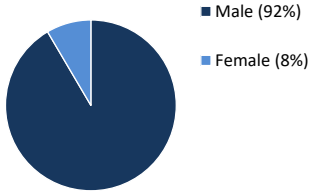
City	Housed	Transient / Homeless	City	Housed	Transient / Homeless
Alpine	2	1	Mount Laguna	0	0
Bonita	1	0	National City	19	0
Bonsall	0	0	Oceanside	40	10
Borrego Springs	1	0	Pala	0	0
Boulevard	0	0	Palomar Mountain	0	0
Camp Pendleton	0	0	Pauma Valley	2	0
Campo	7	0	Pine Valley	0	0
Cardiff By The Sea	0	0	Potrero	0	0
Carlsbad	10	0	Poway	5	0
Chula Vista	42	2	Ramona	4	0
Coronado	0	0	Ranchita	1	0
Del Mar	0	0	Rancho Santa Fe	0	0
Descanso	0	0	San Diego	469	56
Dulzura	0	0	San Luis Rey	0	0
El Cajon	53	7	San Marcos	10	1
Encinitas	2	2	San Ysidro	3	0
Escondido	71	16	Santa Ysabel	0	0
Fallbrook	6	1	Santee	14	0
Guatay	0	0	Solana Beach	0	0
Imperial Beach	4	0	Spring Valley	26	0
Jacumba	0	0	Tecate	0	0
Jamul	0	0	Valley Center	12	0
Julian	1	0	Vista	67	13
La Jolla	0	0	Warner Springs	0	0
La Mesa	9	0	Out of County	23	0
Lakeside	7	0	No Known City	153	39
Lemon Grove	37	2	TOTAL	1101	150
Lincoln Acres	0	0			

Successful Terminations

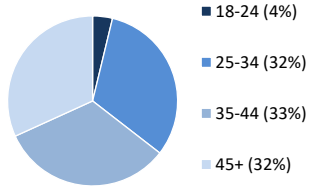
Full Term No Recidivism	Early Discharge
16	7
Aug 15 Sep 15	Aug 15 Sep 15

	In County	Out of County	Unknown
Housed 85%	925	23	153
	84%	2%	14%
Transient/ Homeless 11%	111	0	39
	74%	0%	26%
No Known Address 4%			48
			100%

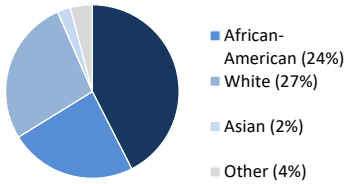
Gender



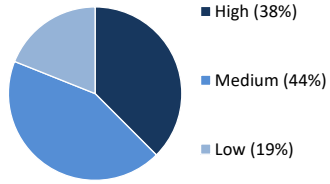
Age



Ethnicity

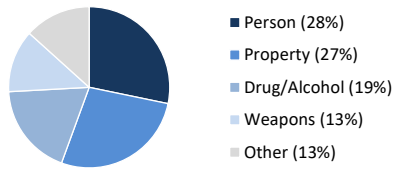


Assessed Risk Level



Committing Offense		DUI	59	Sex Crimes**	43
Arson	21	Escape	6	Theft	139
Assault	308	Forgery/Checks	1	Weapons	158
Auto Theft	70	Hit and Run	8	Other Felonies	192
Burglary	64	Homicide	1	Other Misdemeanors	16
Drugs	166	Robbery	4	Other/Unknown	43

Committing Offense Type



*Low/Medium-Risk per Static 99/SARATSO; subset of overall population
** Not all sex crimes are committed by registered sex offenders

For additional information please go to: http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/probation/ccp.html

September 15, 2026

Mandatory Supervision Fact Sheet

Public Safety Realignment (AB109) established a population of *Mandatory Supervision* (MS) clients. MS clients receive a "split" sentence, meaning a portion of their time is completed in local custody, with the remaining balance spent in the community under probation supervision.

Individuals Under Supervision: 267

Registered Sex Offenders:* 0

City	Housed	Transient / Homeless	City	Housed	Transient / Homeless
Alpine	0	0	Mount Laguna	0	0
Bonita	0	0	National City	14	0
Bonsall	0	0	Oceanside	7	0
Borrego Springs	0	0	Pala	0	0
Boulevard	0	0	Palomar Mountain	0	0
Camp Pendleton	0	0	Pauma Valley	1	0
Campo	0	0	Pine Valley	0	0
Cardiff By The Sea	1	0	Potrero	0	0
Carlsbad	0	0	Poway	1	0
Chula Vista	24	0	Ramona	1	0
Coronado	0	0	Ranchita	0	0
Del Mar	0	0	Rancho Santa Fe	1	0
Descanso	0	0	San Diego	128	0
Dulzura	0	0	San Luis Rey	0	0
El Cajon	8	0	San Marcos	2	0
Encinitas	0	0	San Ysidro	3	0
Escondido	7	0	Santa Ysabel	0	0
Fallbrook	1	0	Santee	3	0
Guatay	0	0	Solana Beach	0	0
Imperial Beach	4	0	Spring Valley	12	0
Jacumba	0	0	Tecate	0	0
Jamul	1	0	Valley Center	0	0
Julian	0	0	Vista	12	0
La Jolla	0	0	Warner Springs	0	0
La Mesa	6	0	Out of County	14	0
Lakeside	1	0	No Known City	2	0
Lemon Grove	7	0	TOTAL	261	0
Lincoln Acres	0	0			

Successful Terminations

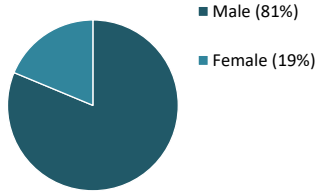
Full Term No Recidivism

5

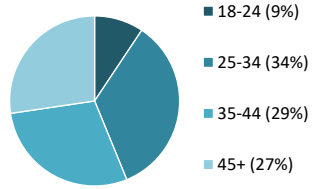
Aug 15 Sep 15

	In County	Out of County	Unknown
Housed 98%	245	14	2
	94%	5%	1%
Transient/ Homeless 0%	0	0	0
	0%	0%	0%
No Known Address 2%			6
			100%

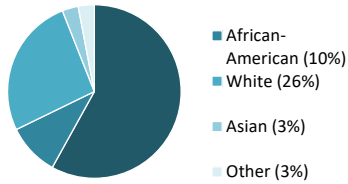
Gender



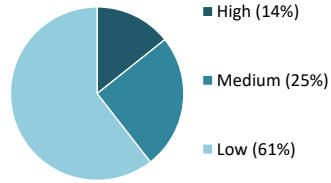
Age



Ethnicity

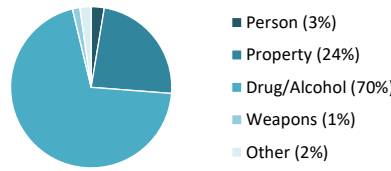


Assessed Risk Level



Committing Offense		DUI	2	Sex Crimes**	0
Arson	0	Escape	0	Theft	29
Assault	5	Forgery/Checks	5	Weapons	3
Auto Theft	6	Hit and Run	0	Other Felonies	8
Burglary	9	Homicide	0	Other Misdemeanors	0
Drugs	182	Robbery	0	Other/Unknown	18

Committing Offense Type



*Low/Medium-Risk per Static 99/SARATSO; subset of overall population
** Not all sex crimes are committed by registered sex offenders

For additional information please go to: http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/probation/ccp.html