

Hingtgen, Robert J

From: Dennis Ritz <dennisritz@gmail.com>
Sent: Friday, February 07, 2014 1:57 PM
To: Gungle, Ashley; Hingtgen, Robert J
Subject: Soitec Solar Development Program Environmental Impact Report PDS2012-3910-12005
Attachments: SDAA EIS TDS Solar Farm-mvv.docx

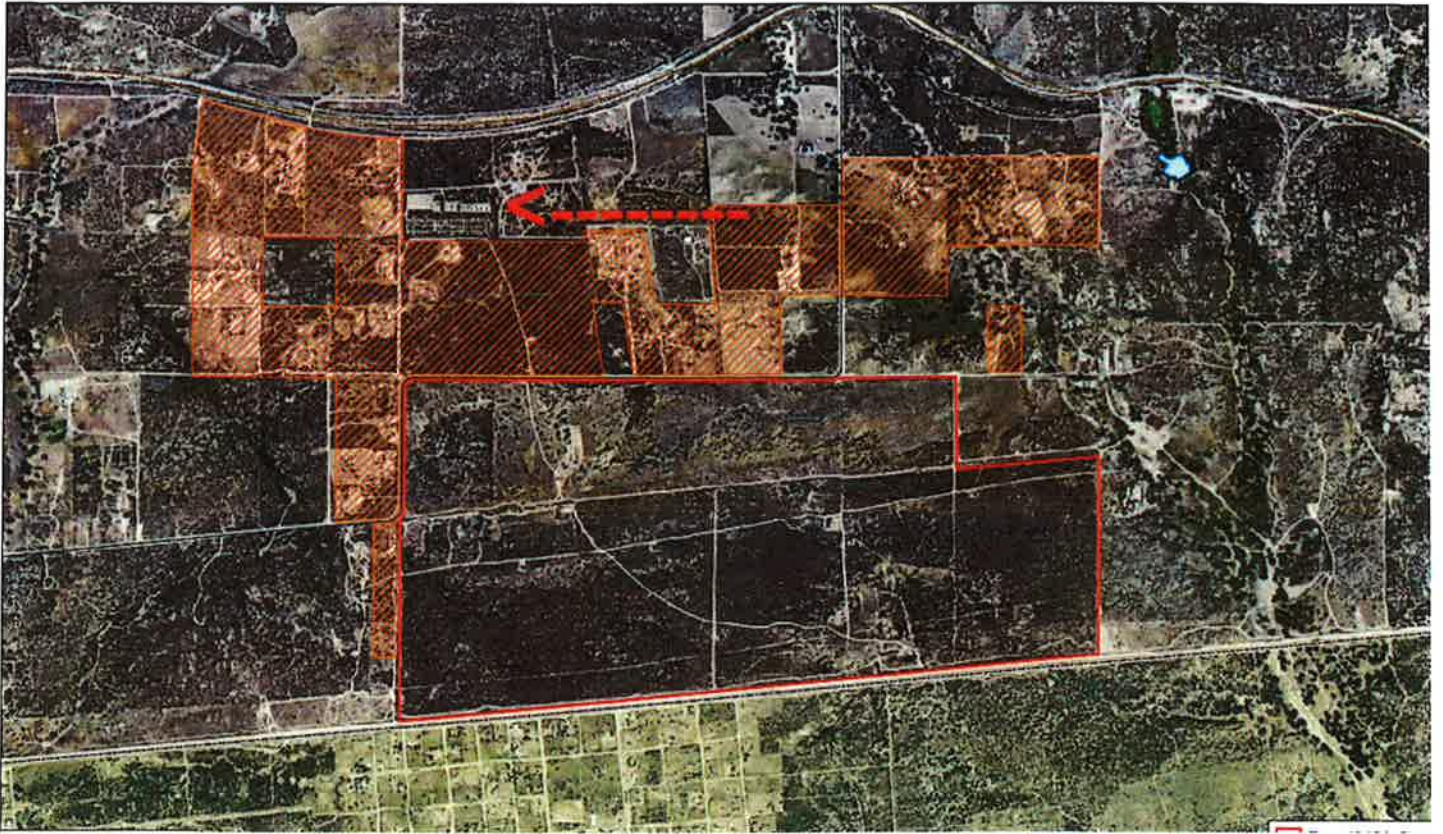
Dear Mr. Hingtgen and Ms. Gungle,

The San Diego Astronomy Association owns 10 acres within 1,000 feet of the proposed TDS Soitec solar farm project and the Board has asked me to keep informed. I delivered our initial comments to SD County PDS desk 58 yesterday, gave you copies at the Boulevard Planning meeting last night, and have attached the unsigned copy for your reference. Last night's meeting was a first for me; the developments are clearly quite controversial. We have two preliminary questions to which we hope you can respond before the official response is prepared after the Feb 17 deadline. I didn't know which of you may be best to reply, so have sent to both, please respond via email as appropriate.

1. Our observatories are located within the map indicating 'sensitive' properties (red crosshatch below). Parcels to our south, east and west are 'sensitive', map figure EIR 2.5-4. Below is the map with an arrow pointing to our property. PEIR page 2.5-26 describes 'sensitive' land uses, but provides no criteria. Our question is: what are the criteria for 'sensitive'? The San Diego Astronomy Association believes our dark night sky observatories at TDS are clearly 'sensitive' to the proposed solar farm night lighting.

2. The next corollary question is whether designation as 'sensitive' impacts our ability to ask/require mitigation measures be required/accepted by the proposer? Do we need to be designated as 'sensitive' to request mitigation; how does the 'sensitive' designation affect our mitigation requests.

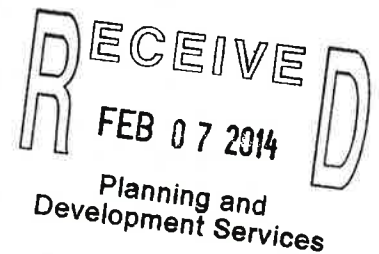
Thank you very much, we look forward to your response,
Dennis P Ritz
Recording Secretary
San Diego Astronomy Association
email: dennisritz@gmail.com or recording@sdaa.org





Date: February 10, 2014

To: County of San Diego
Planning and Development Services (PDS)
Project Processing Counter
5510 Overland Avenue, Suite 110
San Diego, CA 92123



From: San Diego Astronomy Association
Board of Directors
PO Box 23215
San Diego, CA 92193-3215

San Diego Astronomy Association Tierra del Sol Observatory Site
961 Tierra De Luna Road
Boulevard, CA 91905

Re: Soitec Solar Development Program Environmental Impact Report, Log No:
PDS2012-3910-12005
Tierra del Sol, 3300-12-007

Dear Planning and Development Services,

On behalf of the nearly 600 members of the San Diego Astronomy Association we wish to bring to your attention our 10 acre astronomy dark sky observing site located at 961 Tierra del Sol Road, about 1,000' from the proposed Soitec Solar Tierra del Sol Solar farm. We appreciate the County of San Diego's efforts for keeping our night skies dark and supporting the many public and private astronomy activities in San Diego. Even the San Diego County seal shows an observatory (right), and in keeping with the county motto, the San Diego Astronomy Association feels public education in astronomy to be one of our primary objectives. We yearly provide tens of thousands of San Diegans the opportunity to view the night sky at star parties around the county, and especially at our



10 acre dark sky observatories in Tierra del Sol. We are only 2 miles out of the County lighting regulated Zone A, and due to the TDS solar farm being within 1,000' of our observatories, we request the developer follow Zone A Private Outdoor Lighting Regulations. We have replaced light fixtures on neighboring houses that interfere with our enjoyment of the night sky at TDS, and maintain a close relationship with The International Dark Sky Association. Our members and associates have consulted with developers, including the US Department of Homeland Security Customs and Border Protection, Campo Band, Viejas and Golden Acorn casinos and we wish to offer our dark sky lighting expertise to Soitec. We appreciate the efforts of the County Board of Supervisors and PDS to promote and maintain astronomy and nighttime dark skies. This cover letter summarizes our concerns with the proposed solar array night lighting, especially the installation at the Tierra del Sol site.

The proposed solar farm, we believe, can be a good neighbor to our observatories by installation of fully shielded outdoor lighting fixtures such as required in Zone A, by turning off outdoor lighting when no one is on site, and using motion sensors and night vision cameras for security. Specifically:

The San Diego Astronomy Association requests the County PDS require the Proposer to specifically agree to:

- 1. Installation of fully shielded outdoor lighting fixtures such as required in Zone A at TDS, (LPC Sec 59.105)***
- 2. Use fully shielded motion sensor lighting at entrance gates, buildings, etc and turn off all outdoor lighting when no one is on site.***
- 3. When possible, wash solar arrays during evening and morning hours,***
- 4. Use motion sensors and night vision cameras for security. (LPC Section 59.107),***
- 5. Prohibit post construction addition of outdoor lighting not included in the proposed project, and***
- 6. Add the SDAA property to the list of sensitive land uses within 1,000' as shown on Figure 2.5-26.***

The nearly 600 members and Board of the San Diego Astronomy Association appreciate this opportunity to provide input to the San Diego County Planning and Development Services department and the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Diego. Attached we highlight a few areas of the Visual Resources Report Tierra del Sol Solar Farm Project Environmental Review Num: 3910-120005 and Chapter 7.0 List of Mitigation Measures and Environmental Design Considerations to support our request. Document headings are bold, Times New Roman italics are quotes from the documents, our comments to each section is headed **SDAA Comments**.

Very truly yours,

Michael Vander Vorst
President
San Diego Astronomy Association

Attachment: SDAA response to specific Solar Farm EIA findings

EIR Chapter 2.5 Land Use and Planning

Page 2.5-26: Tierra del Sol

Land uses at or near proposed solar farm components of Tierra del Sol that could be temporarily disturbed by construction activities include several single-family residences; see Figure 2.5-1, Existing Land Uses, and Figure 2.5-4, Tierra del Sol - Sensitive Land Uses Within 1,000 Feet

SDAA Comments: The San Diego Astronomy Association is not shown on Figure 2.5-4 as a Sensitive Land Use Within 1,000 Feet. Parcels to the west, east and south of our property are hashed as Sensitive Land Use, although our Major Use Permit the SDAA holds for the property has been in place since 1972 and we have owned the property since 1968. Clearly visible on Figure 2.5-4 are our 9 observatories, public viewing pads, and 96 private telescope pads. We believe it is an error not to consider our property to be impacted, and an oversight that must be corrected by the Proposer before acceptance by Planning and Development Services and project approval by the Board of Supervisors.

Page 2.5-28 Operations

While use of lighting as a preventive measure or permanent on-site security presence is not anticipated, use of remote-monitored cameras and alarm system(s), and for perimeter and safety lighting is proposed. However, such lighting would be used only on an as needed basis for emergencies, protection against security breach, or unscheduled maintenance and troubleshooting (such as may occasionally be required)

SDAA Comments: This is exactly what we need; lighting on an as needed basis when personnel are on site, and turned off when not in use. However other sections of the EIR, especially in the Visual Resources report, seem to contradict this statement.

Visual Resources Report Tierra del Sol Solar Farm Environmental Review Project Number 3910-120005

Page 4: 1.3 Key Issues

Adverse effects typically associated with the project construction ... The elements of the proposed project that could potentially result in significant visual quality impacts include: ...and

- *Night lighting around selected facilities.*

SDAA Comments: The San Diego Astronomy Association agrees that night lighting around the Tierra del Sol Solar Farm is a key issue. The County of San Diego *Guidelines for Determining Significance ...Dark Skies and Glare* is referenced in the

Solitec EIS Chapter 5 References. On page 15 of the Guidelines, 5.1 Skyglow is the problem and mitigation and project design that can reduce skyglow include (in part):

- *Use full cutoff luminaires ... (LPC Sec 59.105)*
- *Restrict the hours of outdoor lighting to hours of active use (LPC Section 59.107 and ZO Section 6322)*
- *Condition new development projects to prohibit the post-construction addition of outdoor lighting that was not included in the proposed project*

Page 8: 2.0 Project Description

Switching and transformer equipment as well as a control house and a parking area for utility vehicles would be located within the 3-acre substation site and for security purposes and to allow for nighttime inspections, lighting would be installed near substation equipment, the control shelter, and on the entrance gates.

SDAA Comments: The San Diego Astronomy Association finds this proposed lighting would substantially impact our dark sky site and diminish the usefulness of our property. The SDAA requests the County and Developer agree to turn off all lighting when personnel are not onsite, as stated in the cover letter.

For security purposes, as stated in the County of San Diego Private Outdoor Lighting Regulations, Class II (Security) require (a) fully shielded with motion sensor. Motion sensors for security and cameras provide adequate security. Indeed, the US Customs and Border Protection (CBP) fence in the area is not illuminated and CBP uses night vision cameras and to detect intrusion. The CBP agreed to limit border illumination in response to the presence of the San Diego Astronomy Association Tierra del Sol facility. Indeed, night illumination provides lighting for intruders, while dark premises require intruders bring their own lights which makes them all the more visible. Use of motion detectors for lighting and motion detectors linked with webcams provide better security than constant illumination. Best practices would include infrared or starlight night vision cameras with motion detection capability and notification to security personnel.

**Draft Visual Resources Report
Tierra del Sol Solar Farm Project
Prepared by:
DUDEK
605 Third Street
Encinitas, California 92024
Contact: Mike Sweesy**

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Mitigation Measures

Impacts related to local goals, policies and requirements would be less than significant.

Dark Skies and Glare

The following significance guidelines guide the evaluation of whether a significant impact to dark skies or from glare will occur as a result of project implementation. A project will generally be considered to have a significant effect if it proposes any of the following, absent specific evidence to the contrary. Conversely, if a project does not propose any of the following, it will generally not be considered to have a significant effect on dark skies or from glare, absent specific evidence of such an effect:

Guideline 1

The project will install outdoor light fixtures that do not conform to the lamp type and shielding requirements described in Section 59.105 (Requirements for Lamp Source and Shielding) and are not otherwise exempted pursuant Section 59.108 or Section 59.109 of the San Diego County Light Pollution Code.

Guideline 2

The project will operate Class I or Class III outdoor lighting between 11:00 p.m. and sunrise that is not otherwise exempted pursuant Section 59.108 or Section 59.109 of the San Diego County Light Pollution Code.

Guideline 3

The project will generate light trespass that exceeds 0.2-foot-candles measured five feet onto the adjacent property.

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Impact Analysis

Solar Farm Site

Construction is anticipated to occur during hours permitted by the County of San Diego and therefore, nighttime lighting to accommodate construction activities would not normally be required. However, during fall and winter months when sunset would occur prior to 7 p.m., lighting during nighttime hours may be required. Although lighting would be briefly operational, nighttime lighting could affect the views of residents in the project area (residents are located in close proximity north and west of the solar farm site) which is generally devoid of significant nighttime lighting sources. To minimize potential lighting impacts, all lighting at the site would comply with the County of San Diego Light Pollution Code Section 59.101 et al. in regards to both general requirements (i.e., use of low-pressure sodium lamps, shielded light fixtures, hours of operation limitations) and lamp type and shielding requirements for Class II lighting in Zone A (areas outside of a 15 mile radius centered on the Mount Laguna Observatory). Therefore, nighttime lighting impacts during construction of the Tierra Del Sol Solar Farm would be less than significant.

Class II security lighting and general nighttime lighting for operation and maintenance personnel would be installed at the solar farm site. Specifically, outdoor lighting would be installed at the operations and maintenance annex, atop entrance gates to the site, and at the collector substation to allow for safety inspections or maintenance that may be required during evening hours.

Nighttime activities at the operations and maintenance annex and collector substation would be limited and the lights installed at these facilities for maintenance purposes would typically be turned off when not in use. In the event that emergency conditions warranted nighttime lighting,

impacts would be minimal as all light bulbs would be less than 100 watts and would be shielded and directed downward. As stated above, all lighting at the site would comply with the County of San Diego Light Pollution Code Section 59.101 et al. in regards to both general requirements (i.e., use of low-pressure sodium lamps, shielded light fixtures, hours of operation limitation) and lamp type and shielding requirements for Class II lighting in Zone A (areas outside of a 15 mile radius centered on the Mount Laguna Observatory). Tracker washing would occur during evening hours when modules are in sleep procedure and facing the western horizon and would require temporary illumination of the module surface. Lighting used during the washing process would be transient (trucks would visit each individual module to wash and would not illuminate any one area for a prolonged duration) and lighting would be focused onto the modules as opposed to into the nighttime sky. Therefore, nighttime lighting associated with operational activities at the Tierra Del Sol Solar Farm would be less than significant.

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Gen-Tie Line

Similar to construction of the solar farm site, construction of the Gen-Tie line is anticipated during

hours permitted by the County of San Diego; however, during fall and winter months lighting during nighttime hours may be required. Although lighting would be briefly operational, nighttime lighting could affect the views of residents located along the gen-tie alignment. All construction lighting would comply with the County of San Diego Light Pollution Code Section 59.101 et al. in regards to both general requirements (i.e., use of low-pressure sodium lamps, shielded light fixtures, hours of operation limitations) and lamp type and shielding requirements for Class II lighting. Therefore, lighting impacts associated with construction of the gen-tie line would be less than significant.

Gen-tie structures (approximately 125 to 150 feet tall) would not exceed the 200 foot height threshold established by the FAA that requires the installation of obstruction lighting and marking for vertical structures. As such, the gen-tie structures would not generate day or nighttime lighting and no visual impacts would occur.

Significance of Impact

As discussed above, lighting impacts associated with the Tierra Del Sol solar farm and gen-tie would be less than significant.

Mitigation Measures

Because no significant impacts are associated with this Guideline, mitigation measures beyond the proposed Project design features and those measures proposed to satisfy other separate impacts would not be necessary.

Guideline 4

The project will install highly reflective building materials, including but not limited to reflective glass and high-gloss surface color that will create daytime glare and be visible from roadways, pedestrian walkways or areas frequently used for outdoor activities on adjacent properties.

Guideline 5

The project does not conform to applicable Federal, State or local statute or regulation related to dark skies or glare, including but not limited to the San Diego County Light Pollution Code.

SDAA Comments: The Board of the San Diego Astronomy Association finds this section inconsistent with statements in Section 2.5-28 above. 2.5-28 states lighting will be used “only on an as needed basis”, while Mitigation seems to waffle using the language: *lights installed at these facilities for maintenance purposes would typically be turned off when not in use*. The SDAA requests the County PDS to require the Proposer to specifically and categorically state all lighting will be turned off when no one is onsite. Motion detector lighting at entrances and buildings, can be briefly illuminated for entrance and exit, or remote security camera operation. ‘Typically’ is not good enough. Turn off lighting when it is not in use.

The San Diego Astronomy Association Review Summary

The proposed solar farm we believe can be a good neighbor to our observatories by installation of fully shielded outdoor lighting fixtures such as required in Zone A, by turning off outdoor lighting when no one is on site, and using motion sensors and night vision cameras for security. Specifically:

The San Diego Astronomy Association requests the County PDS require the Proposer to specifically agree to:

- 1. Installation of fully shielded outdoor lighting fixtures such as required in Zone A at TDS, (LPC Sec 59.105)***
- 2. Use fully shielded motion sensor lighting at entrance gates, buildings, etc and turn off all outdoor lighting when no one is on site.***
- 3. When possible, wash solar arrays during evening and morning hours,***
- 4. Use motion sensors and night vision cameras for security. (LPC Section 59.107),***
- 5. Prohibit post construction addition of outdoor lighting not included in the proposed project, and***
- 6. Add the SDAA property to the list of sensitive land uses within 1,000’ as shown on Figure 2.5-26.***

The nearly 600 members and Board of the San Diego Astronomy Association appreciate this opportunity to provide input to the San Diego County Planning and Development Services department and the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Diego.