## EMS Delivery System Redesign

September 2025





# **EVALUATION BACKGROUND**

**HOW DID WE GET HERE?** 





Nov. 2020 – Jan. 2021

Board of Supervisors directed a review of the base station hospital system/trauma catchment areas



Jan. 2023 – Mar. 2024

Review, community feedback, and analysis conducted



Aug. 2024

Board direction to develop and pilot recommendations

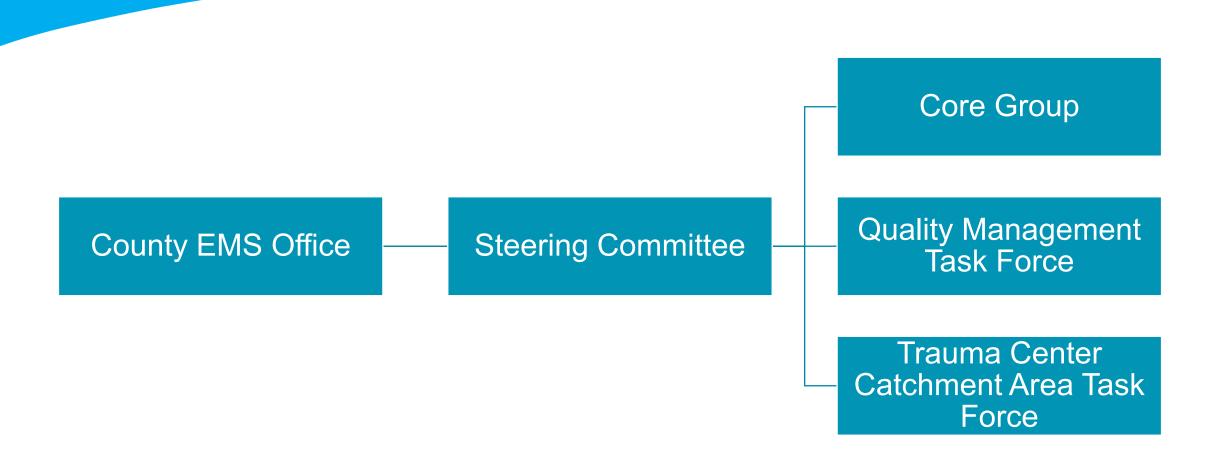
Consultant hired to conduct these evaluations

Nov. 2022

Reports published, feedback received

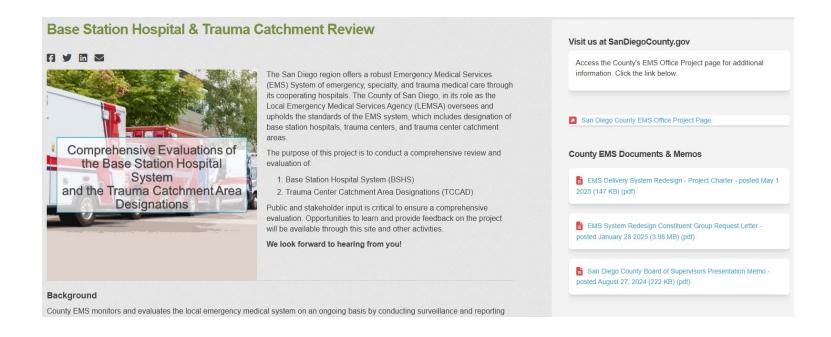
June 2024

### Workgroups



### **Project Charter**

The EMS System Redesign is focused on modernizing coordination, improving patient outcomes, and building a more efficient, equitable system across San Diego County.



### EMS Delivery System Redesign Project Charter

#### Optimize EMS -Hospital Communication

Streamline EMS notifications to Emergency Departments

Improve real-time visibility into hospital availability and status

Pilot new communication tools across diverse EMS and hospital settings

### Streamline Online Medical Direction

Evaluate new models for physician consultation

Ensure timely, consistent guidance for EMS crews

## Modernize Quality Management

Replace fragmented QA processes with a unified, systemwide model

Implement shared performance metrics and dashboards

Foster a data-driven just culture across agencies

### Evaluate Northwest Trauma Catchment

Reassess trauma boundaries in the Northwest area to improve access

Pilot flexible transport options based on traffic and capacity

#### Build for the Future

Establish secure, bidirectional data sharing between EMS and Hospitals

Plan for a unified EMS Command and Control Center (EMCCC)

### **Next Steps**

- Pilot development
  - Digital prehospital pre-arrival notifications
  - Agency-based, LEMSA-coordinated Quality Management
  - Bidirectional data exchange between EMS and Hospitals
  - Streamlined Online Medical Direction
  - Northwest trauma catchment area
- Early Planning
  - Emergency Medical Command and Control Center



# Prehospital Notification

## Pilot Design

- Vendors
  - Pulsara
  - ImageTrend
  - TigerConnect

- Pilot Setup
  - 3 months per pilot, with extensions possible for successful implementations
  - Geographic and operational separation
    - Mixture of BSHs & BEFs
    - LEMSIS & WATER



ImageTrend Pulsara Pilot Map Tiger Connect

### Pilot Design



All eligible transports should use the designated pilot platform for hospital notifications.



If Online Medical Direction (OLMD) is needed, the hospital notification should still be sent through the platform, while OLMD communication follows base hospital radio procedures. OLMD Process may be adapted to utilize the pilot platform, if equipped



Traditional radio report via a base hospital should occur when the destination hospital or EMS agency is not participating in the pilot.



Bedside verbal report remains standard for all transports.

### **Evaluation Metrics**

- Usage Rate
- Notification Lead Time
- Acknowledgement Time
- Confirmation Time
- Fallback Rate
- No-Notice Arrival Rate
- Satisfaction survey

### **Timeline**

- Summer/Fall 2025
  - Reach out to participants
  - Vendor setup
  - Tech setup & evaluations
- Winter 2025
  - Training
- Spring 2025-6 (March 1)
  - Pilots

- Spring/Summer 2026
  - Second round pilots (if needed)
- Summer/Fall 2026
  - Progressive system-wide implementation





# Quality Management

### Quality Management Plan Update

- Revised plan incorporates Task Force and stakeholder feedback.
- Non-punitive, collaborative framework focused on improvement.
- Target: Countywide implementation by January 1, 2026.



Emergency Medical Services

Quality Management Plan

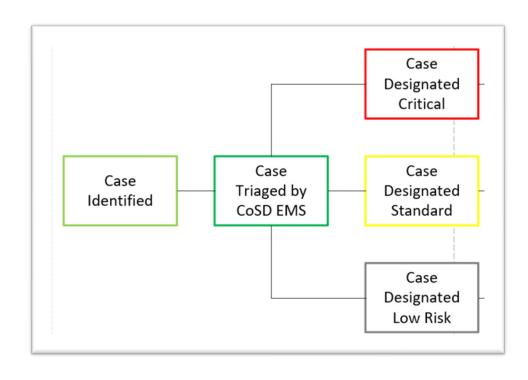
County of San Diego
Public Safety Group
San Diego County Fire

V

## **Quality Management**

- Quality Assurance (QA):
  - Individual case review, classification, and follow-up
- Quality Improvement (QI):
  - Metric-based monitoring for system trends
- Oversight and guidance by the Quality Care Consortium (QCC)
  - Advisory to CoSD EMS; Promotes standardization and Just Culture.
  - Representatives from EMS agencies, hospitals, dispatch, CoSD EMS.
  - Review case trends, QI initiative guidance, system changes
  - Can form subcommittees/task forces for focused initiatives

### **QA Review Process**

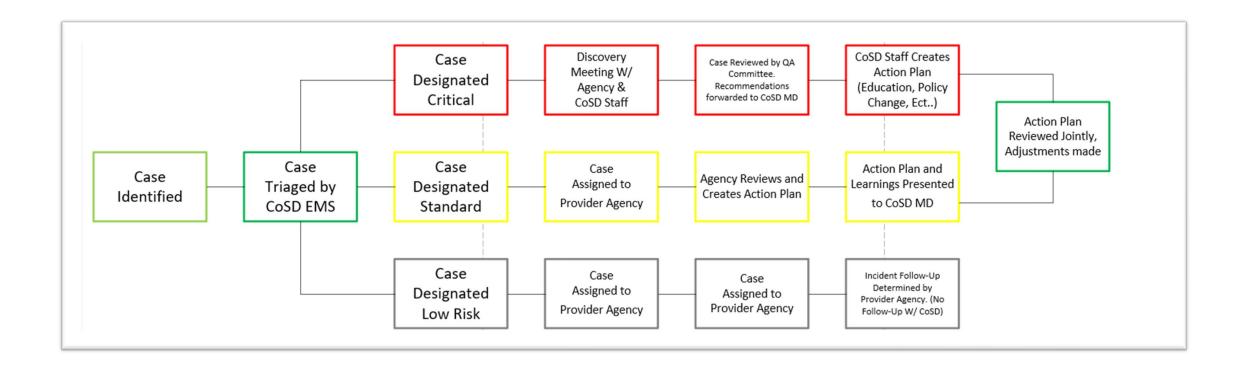


## **QA Case Severity Levels**

Severity	<u>Definition</u>	<b>Examples</b>
Critical	High-risk lapse in care; likely harm	Failed airway, unrecognized dysrhythmia
Moderate	Deviation with potential for harm	Medication error, under-treatment
Low	Minor issues, no clinical risk	Documentation gaps, general complaints

Cases can be recategorized during review

### **QA Review Process**



### Post-Review Outcomes

<u>Outcome</u>	<u>Definition</u>	<u>Implication</u>
Clinically Appropriate	Care was consistent with protocol, policy, and accepted clinical standards.	No further action needed; case may highlight best practices
Opportunity for Improvement	Care was acceptable but opportunities exist to improve documentation, efficiency, or clinical judgment.	May result in informal feedback, education, or coaching
Clinically Inappropriate	Deviation from protocol or expected standards occurred and warrants further action.	Formal remediation or retraining may be initiated
System-Level Concern	The issue reflects broader systemic gaps (e.g., unclear protocol, equipment failure, inter-agency issues).	Escalated to QCC for cross-agency resolution or protocol revision
Non-Clinical	No clinical issue identified; concern may be unrelated to care (e.g., interpersonal complaint).	Documented and closed; may still inform agency trends

### QI Metrics & Data Strategy

- FAIR (Feasible, Actionable, Impactful, Relevant)
- Sources:
  - LEMSIS ePCR
  - Manual data
  - Hospital outcome feeds (bidirectional data exchange).
- Dashboards with stakeholder-specific subsets
- QI initiatives may develop for specific improvement

## **Example Quality Improvement Metrics**

### California Core Measures:

- STR-1: Stroke assessment for suspected stroke patients
- TRA-2: Trauma patients transported to trauma centers

### County-Selected Measures:

- % of OHCA cases with public AED defibrillation
- T-CPR time to first chest compression
- % of STEMI patients receiving 12-lead ECG within 10 minutes

### **NEMSQA** Measures:

- Safety-04: Pediatric restraint use during transport
- Syncope-01: ECG for patients with syncope

### Agency-Level Options are Encouraged



## Questions?