

County of San Diego Behavioral Health Services

Drug Medi-Cal

Homeless (32% n=4,348)

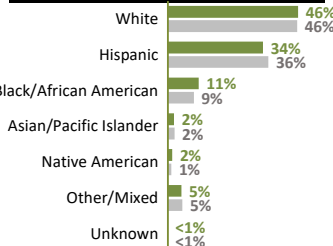
HOMELESS¹ DMC

LOC ⁵	%	DMC%
Recovery Services	7%	8%
Outpatient	19%	27%
Intensive Outpatient	14%	13%
Withdrawal Mgmt	8%	4%
Residential	41%	17%
OTP	10%	30%

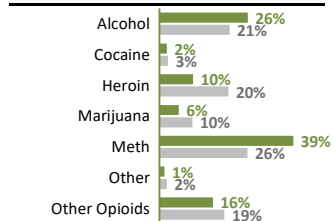
Medi-Cal	%	DMC%
Yes	89%	83%
No	11%	17%
Unknown	0%	<1%

Employment	%	DMC%
Employed full time	7%	19%
Not in the labor force	14%	14%
Employed part time	5%	9%
Unemployed, looking	34%	32%
Unemp. not seeking	40%	26%
Unknown	0%	<1%

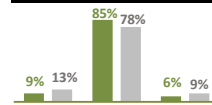
Race/Ethnicity



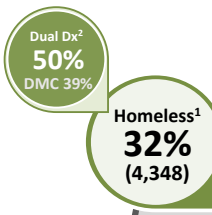
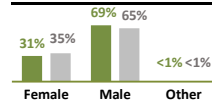
Primary Substance Used



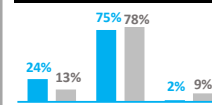
Age



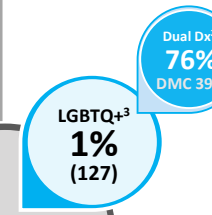
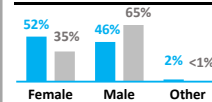
Gender



Age

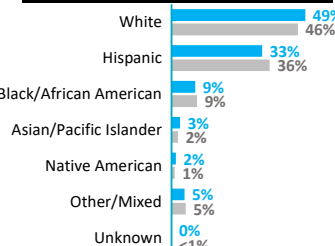


Gender

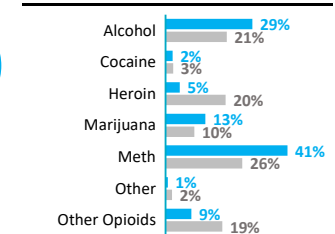
LGBTQ³ DMC

LGBTQ+ (1% n=127)

Race/Ethnicity



Primary Substance Used

LOC⁵

	%	DMC%
Recovery Services	8%	8%
Outpatient	44%	27%
Intensive Outpatient	29%	13%
Withdrawal Mgmt	3%	4%
Residential	15%	17%
OTP	1%	30%

Medi-Cal	%	DMC%
Yes	97%	83%
No	3%	17%
Unknown	0%	<1%

Orientation/ID	<15-25	26-59	60+
Lesbian	7%	14%	0%
Gay Male	13%	39%	100%
Bisexual	57%	38%	0%
Transgender	3%	5%	0%
Intersex	0%	0%	0%
Other	20%	4%	0%

Justice System (41% n=5,601)

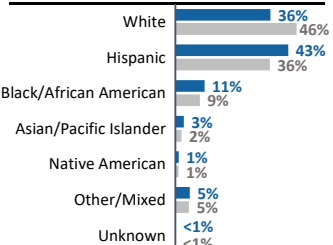
JUSTICE DMC

LOC ⁵	%	DMC%
Recovery Services	11%	8%
Outpatient	37%	27%
Intensive Outpatient	14%	13%
Withdrawal Mgmt	3%	4%
Residential	27%	17%
OTP	8%	30%

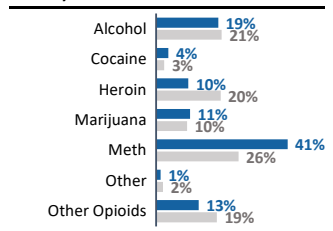
Medi-Cal	%	DMC%
Yes	84%	83%
No	16%	17%
Unknown	<1%	<1%

Employment	%	DMC%
Employed full time	24%	19%
Not in the labor force	9%	14%
Employed part time	9%	9%
Unemployed, looking	30%	32%
Unemp. not seeking	28%	26%
Unknown	0%	<1%

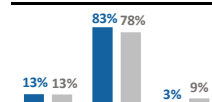
Race/Ethnicity



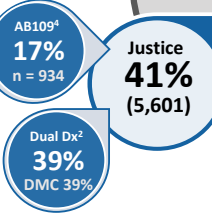
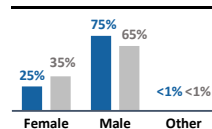
Primary Substance Used



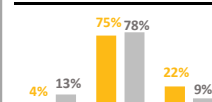
Age



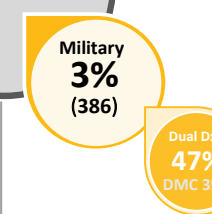
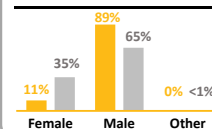
Gender



Age



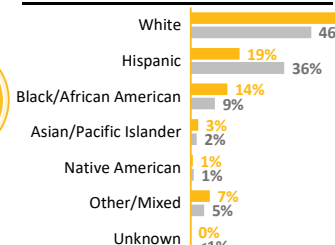
Gender



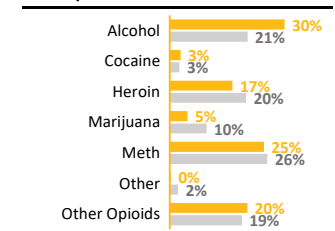
MILITARY DMC

Military (3% n=386)

Race/Ethnicity



Primary Substance Used

LOC⁵

	%	DMC%
Recovery Services	9%	8%
Outpatient	23%	27%
Intensive Outpatient	7%	13%
Withdrawal Mgmt	3%	4%
Residential	30%	17%
OTP	28%	30%

Living Situation

	%	DMC%
Independent Living	38%	35%
Dependent Living	20%	33%
Homeless	42%	31%
Unknown	0%	0%

Employment

	%	DMC%
Employed Full time (35 h or more)	18%	19%
Not in the labor force (n/a)	18%	14%
Part time (less than 35 h)	6%	9%
Unemployed looking for work	28%	32%
Unemployed not in the labor force	31%	26%
Unknown	0%	<1%

County of San Diego Behavioral Health Services

Drug Medi-Cal

Homeless (32% n=4,348)

- Of the 13,806 clients served during FY 2022-23 in the DMC-ODS, 32% were experiencing homelessness, compared to 29% served during FY 2021-22.
- Since last fiscal year, the proportion of clients served by the DMC-ODS who were experiencing homelessness and were diagnosed with a mental health disorder has decreased slightly from 51% in FY 2021-22 to 50% in FY 2022-23.
- In FY 2022-23, 50% of clients experiencing homelessness were diagnosed with a mental health disorder and a substance use disorder, compared to 32% in the overall DMC-ODS.
- Clients experiencing homelessness who were served by the DMC-ODS during FY 2022-23 were more than twice as likely (41%) to receive services from a residential program compared to all clients (17%) served by the DMC-ODS during the fiscal year.
- Clients experiencing homelessness who were served by the DMC-ODS during FY 2022-23 were more likely to report a primary substance used of methamphetamine (39%) and alcohol (26%), compared to all clients served by the DMC-ODS (26% and 21%, respectively).
- Compared to the last two fiscal years, during FY 2022-23, DMC-ODS clients who were experiencing homelessness were more likely to report a primary substance used of other opioids (FY 2020-21: 5%; FY 2021-22: 13%; FY 2022-23: 16%).

LGBTQ+* (1% n=127)

- During FY 2022-23, 76% of LGBTQ+ clients were diagnosed with a mental health disorder in addition to a substance use disorder, compared to 39% in the overall DMC-ODS.
- Around one third (41%) of LGBTQ+ clients served by the DMC-ODS during FY 2022-23 reported a primary substance used of methamphetamine at admission, compared to 26% in the overall DMC-ODS. Alcohol was the second most common primary substance used among LGBTQ+ clients served (29%).
- LGBTQ+ clients served by the DMC-ODS during FY 2022-23 were more likely to receive services from outpatient (44%) or intensive outpatient (29%) programs compared to all clients served by the DMC-ODS (27% and 13% respectively).
- LGBTQ+ clients served seemed to be in lower levels of care (outpatient, 44% and intensive outpatient, 29%) more so than higher levels of care (residential, 15% and withdrawal management, 3%).
- Compared to the last two fiscal years, during FY 2022-23, clients who identified as LGBTQ+ were somewhat less likely to report a primary substance used of other opioids (FY 2020-21: 6%; FY 2021-22: 13%; FY 2022-23: 9%).

**Sexual orientation and gender identity are optional fields in SanWITS, thus these data may not be reflective of all persons served. Findings presented here should be interpreted with caution.*

DMC N = 13,806

Justice System (41% n=5,601)

- Of the 5,601 justice system clients served by the DMC-ODS during FY 2022-23, 17% are AB109 clients.
- The proportion of justice system clients served by the DMC-ODS has increased from 40% in FY 2021-22 to 41% in FY 2022-23.
- Of the justice system clients served by the DMC-ODS during FY 2022-23, 39% were diagnosed with a mental health disorder in addition to a substance use disorder, the same as in the overall DMC-ODS (39%).
- Justice system clients were more likely to receive services from outpatient (37%) and residential (27%) programs, and less likely to utilize OTP (8%) programs compared to all clients served by the DMC-ODS (27%, 17%, and 30%, respectively).
- Forty-one percent of justice system clients served by the DMC-ODS during FY 2022-23 reported a primary substance used of methamphetamine at admission, compared to 26% in the overall DMC-ODS.
- Compared to the last two fiscal years, during FY 2022-23, justice system clients were more likely to report a primary substance used of other opioids (FY 2020-21: 4%; FY 2021-22: 9%; FY 2022-23: 13%).

Military (3% n=386)

- Military clients served by the DMC-ODS during FY 2022-23 most commonly reported alcohol as their primary substance used (30%), compared to the most commonly reported primary substance used from all clients served by the DMC-ODS (methamphetamine; 26%).
- Compared to FY 2021-22, military clients served by the DMC-ODS who reported living arrangements in dependent living has decreased overall (FY 2021-21: 23%; FY 2022-23: 20%) and clients experiencing homelessness has, in general, increased (FY 2021-22: 41%; FY 2022-23: 42%).
- During FY 2022-23, military clients served by the DMC-ODS were more likely to receive services from residential (30%) programs compared to all clients served by the DMC-ODS during the fiscal year (17%).
- Of the military clients served by the DMC-ODS during FY 2022-23, 47% were diagnosed with a mental health disorder in addition to a substance use disorder, compared to 39% in the overall DMC-ODS.
- Compared to the last two fiscal years, during FY 2022-23, military clients were more likely to report a primary substance used of other opioids (FY 2020-21: 8%; FY 2021-22: 14%; FY 2022-23: 20%).

3-Year Trend

Special Populations Report - DMC

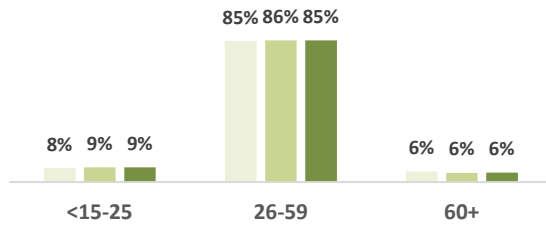


County of San Diego Behavioral Health Services

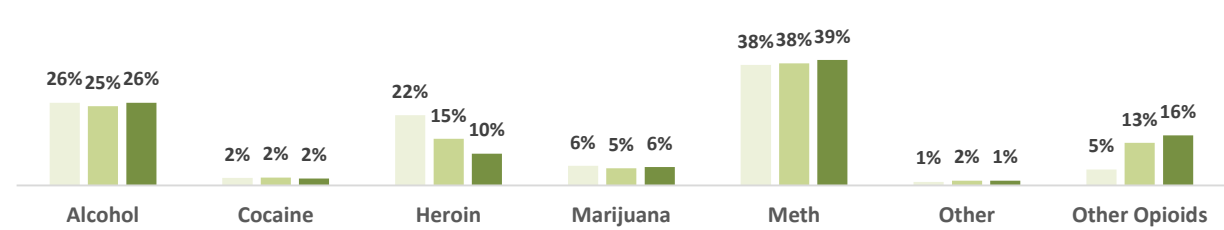
Legend: FY 2020-21 FY 2021-22 FY 2022-23

Homeless

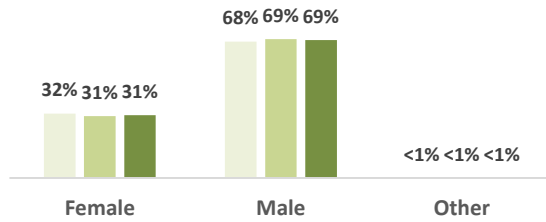
Age



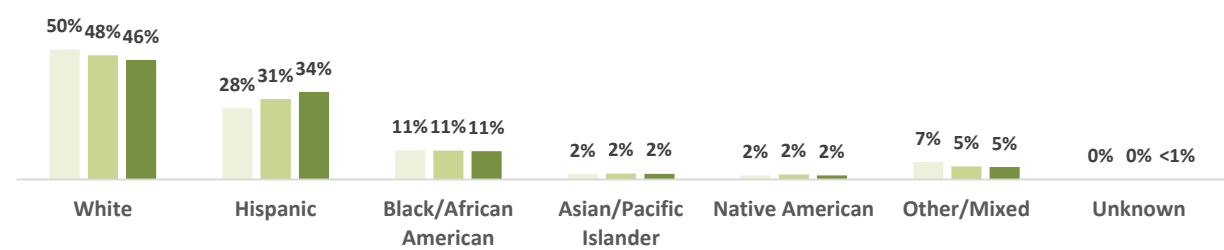
Primary Substance Used



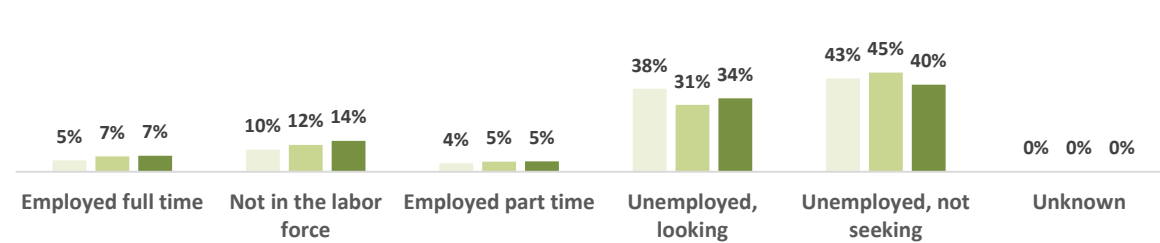
Gender



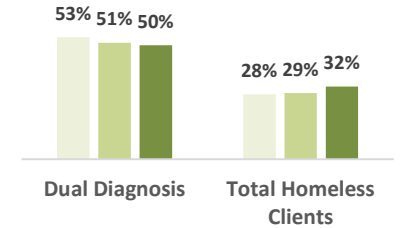
Race/Ethnicity



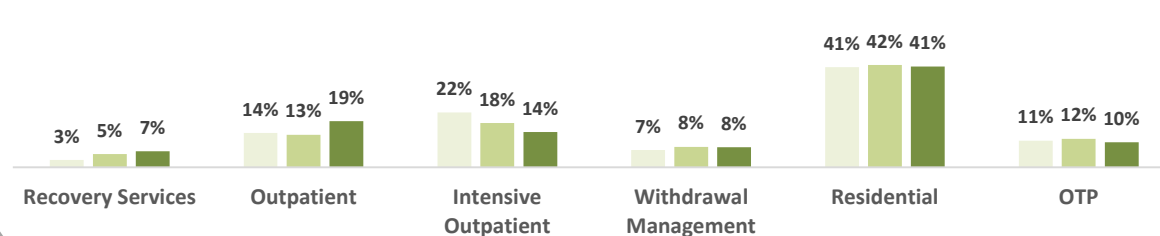
Employment



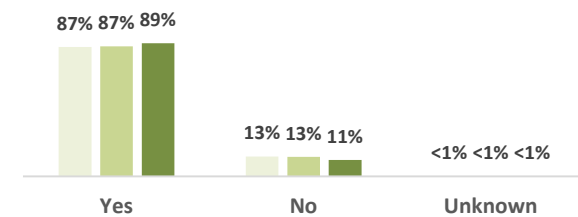
Special Population Characteristics



Level of Care (LOC)



Medi-Cal



3-Year Trend

Special Populations Report - DMC

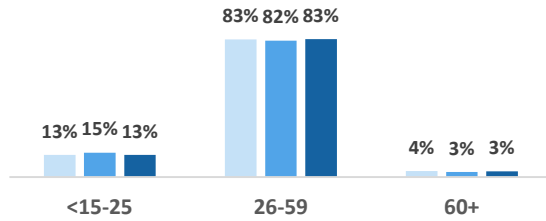


County of San Diego Behavioral Health Services

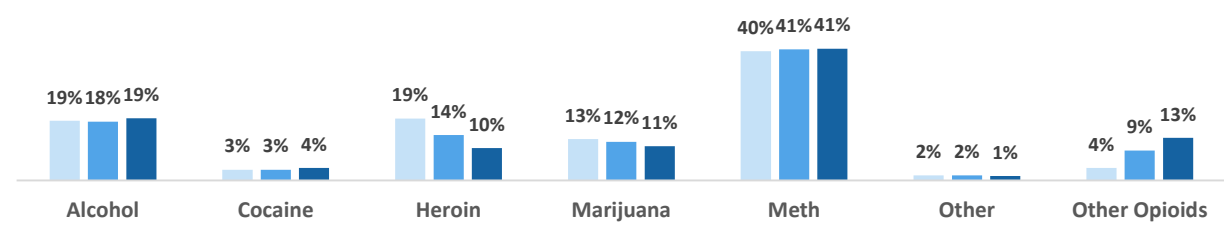
Legend: FY 2020-21 FY 2021-22 FY 2022-23

Justice System

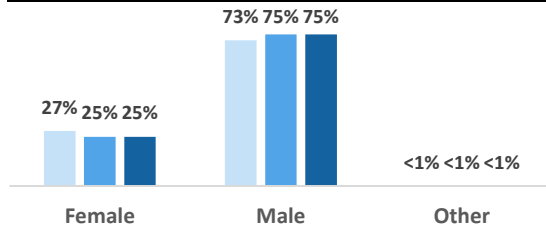
Age



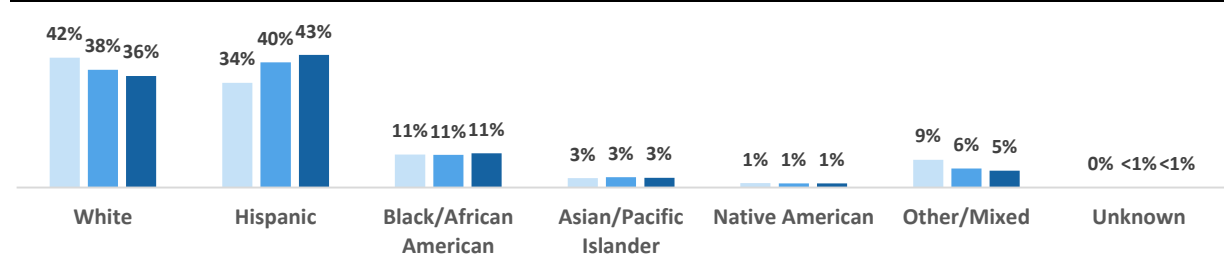
Primary Substance Used



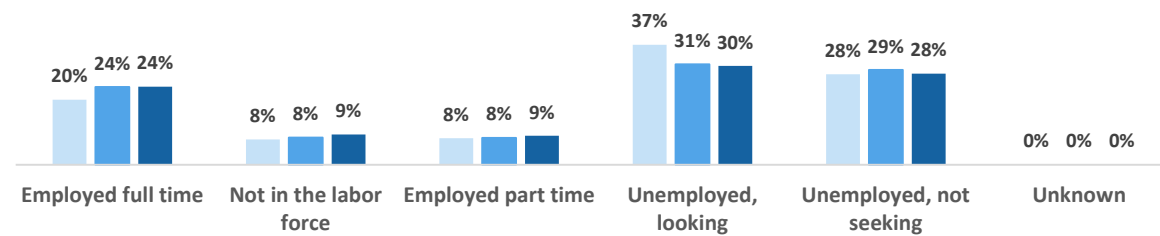
Gender



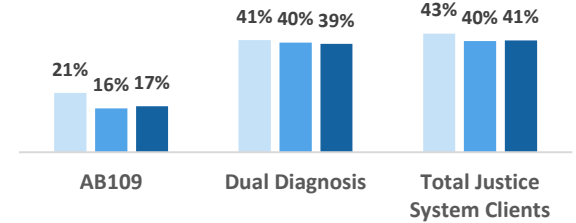
Race/Ethnicity



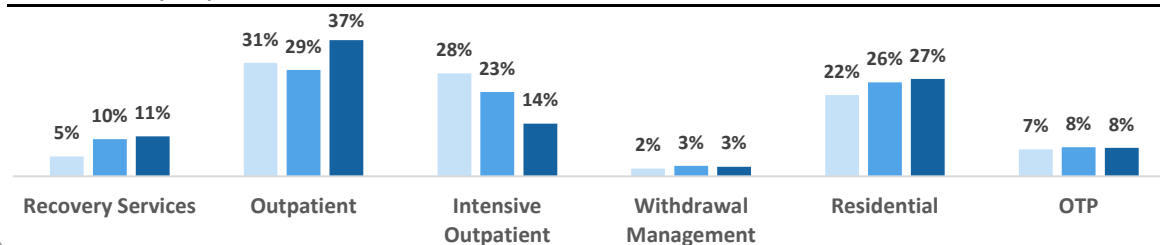
Employment



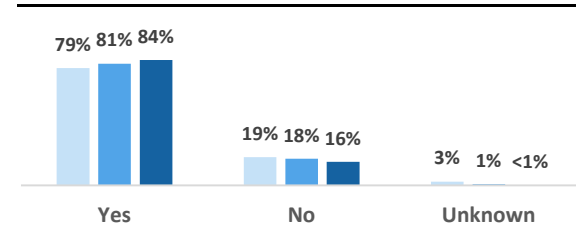
Special Population Characteristics



Level of Care (LOC)



Medi-Cal



3-Year Trend

Special Populations Report - DMC

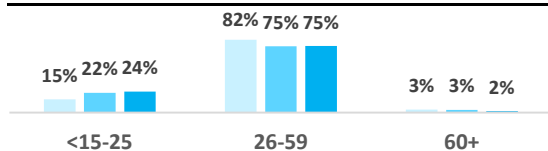


County of San Diego Behavioral Health Services

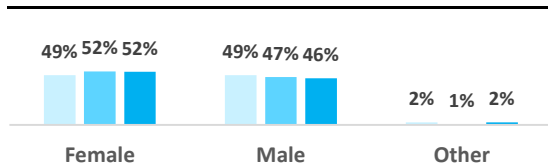
Legend: FY 2020-21 FY 2021-22 FY 2022-23

LGBTQ+

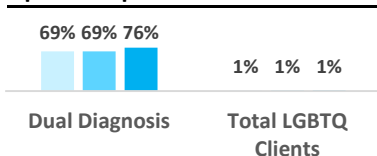
Age



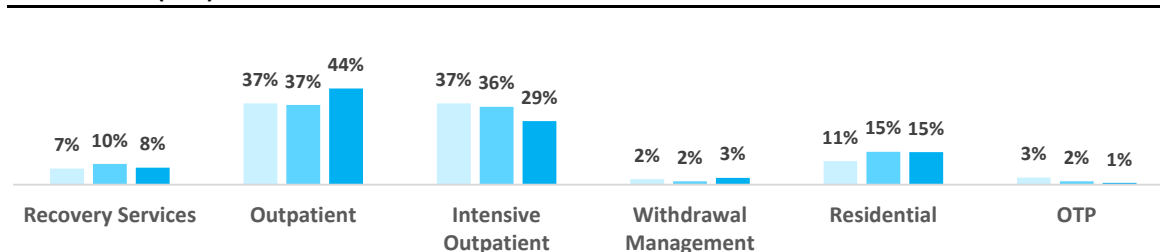
Gender



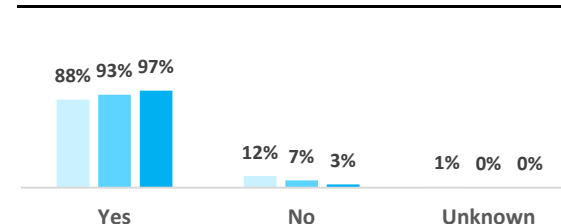
Special Population Characteristics



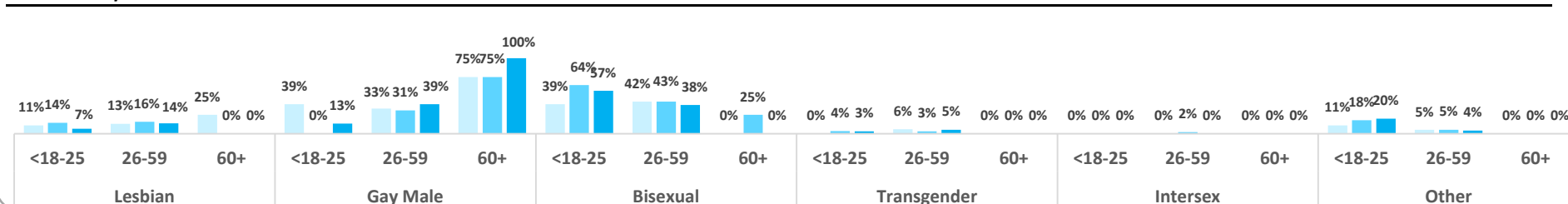
Level of Care (LOC)



Medi-Cal



Orientation/ID



3-Year Trend

Special Populations Report - DMC

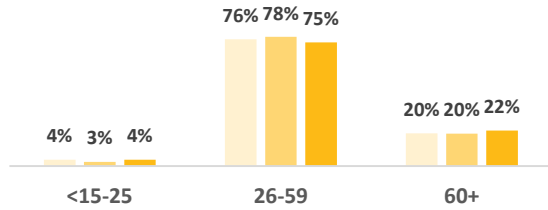


County of San Diego Behavioral Health Services

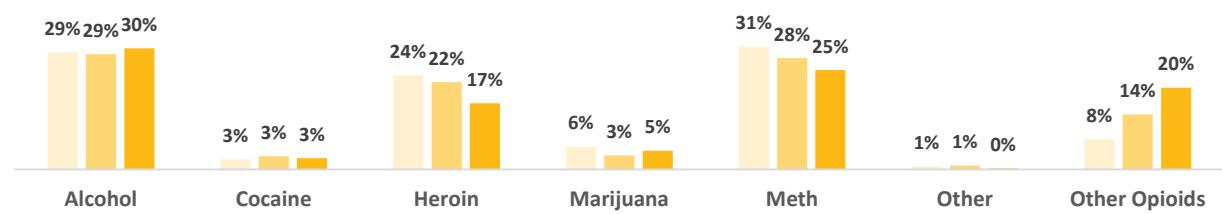
Legend: FY 2020-21 FY 2021-22 FY 2022-23

Military

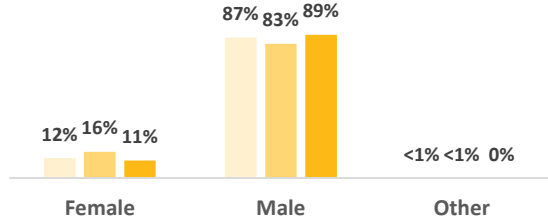
Age



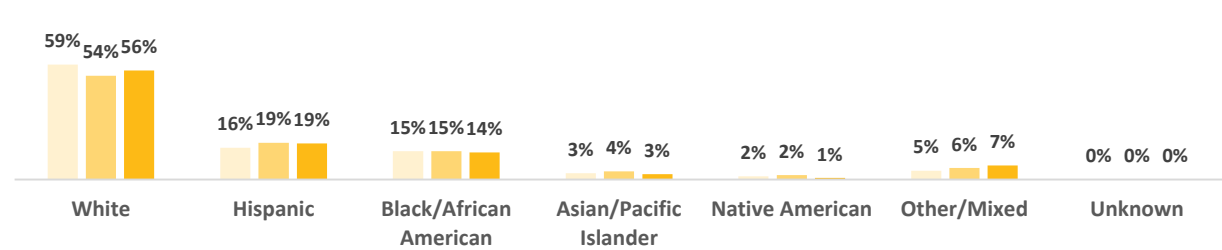
Primary Substance Used



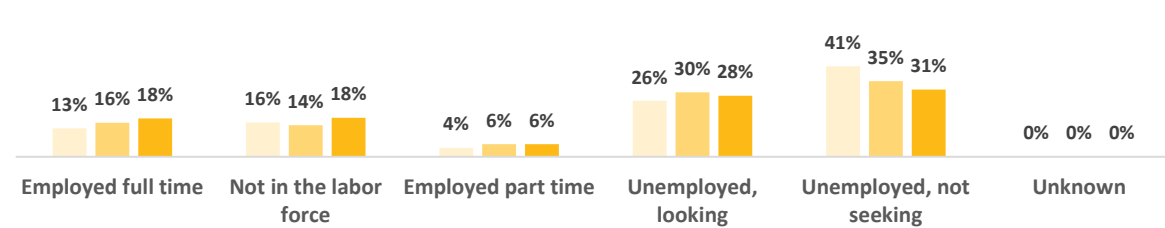
Gender



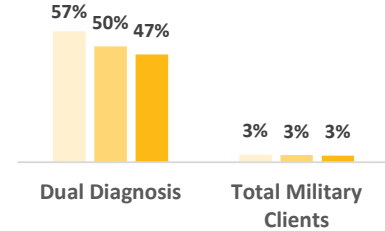
Race/Ethnicity



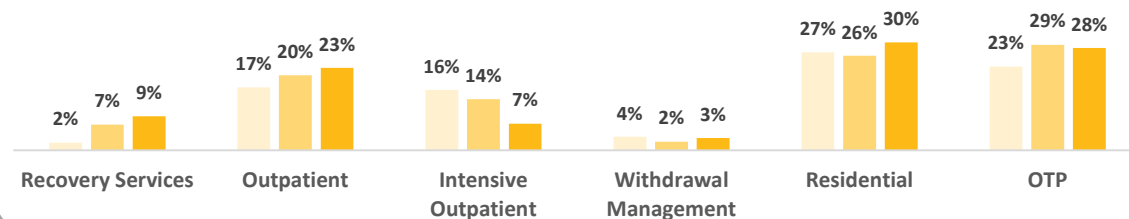
Employment



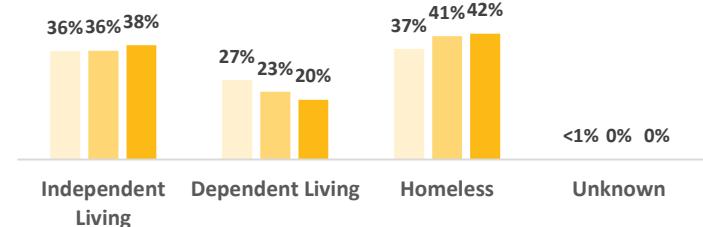
Special Population Characteristics



Level of Care (LOC)



Living Arrangement



Special Populations Report | Source: HSRC (AA & ALP) | Data Source: SUD Databook FY 20-21, 21-22, 22-23 Production and Flat Files produced by SDCBHS Note: This report is limited to Drug Medi-Cal clients. Please note: Data may be impacted starting March 2020 due to COVID-19.

Report Date: 2/5/2024