3-4-50: Chronic Disease Deaths in San Diego County, Detailed Brief – North Central Region, 2000-2020

What is 3-4-50?

Chronic diseases are among the leading causes of death and disability worldwide.¹ This reflects an improvement in the prevention and treatment of infectious diseases and significant changes in dietary habits, physical activity levels, and tobacco use in the population.².³ **Three** behaviors (poor diet, physical inactivity, and tobacco use) contribute to **four** chronic diseases (cancer, heart disease and stroke, type 2 diabetes, and lung diseases such as asthma) that result in over **50** percent of all deaths worldwide. This is the foundation of the 3-4-50 concept.⁴ The influence of these three unhealthy behaviors may be seen in San Diego County as these four chronic diseases are among the most common causes of death and disability in our region. Considered together, the 3-4-50 chronic diseases cost \$4 billion in direct treatment expenditures in San Diego County in 2007.⁵

3-4-50 in San Diego County

From 2000 to 2020, there has been a decrease in the percentage of county deaths due to 3-4-50 chronic diseases, as well as a decrease in the rate of 3-4-50 chronic disease related deaths in the six Health and Human Services Agency (HHSA) regions. In 2000, 63% of all San Diego County deaths were due to 3-4-50 chronic diseases. However, by 2020, the percentage of deaths due to 3-4-50 chronic diseases had decreased to 45%. In addition, the rate of 3-4-50 chronic disease deaths decreased from 440.6 per 100,000 residents in 2000 to 329.1 per 100,000 residents in 2020. Among the HHSA regions, South Region had the highest percentage of deaths due to 3-4-50 chronic diseases every year from 2000 to 2019. However, in 2020, North Central Region and North Inland Region had the highest percentage of deaths due to 3-4-50 chronic diseases. From 2000 to 2020, South Region had among the lowest number of deaths from all causes, while North Inland Region had the highest. The rate of death due to 3-4-50 chronic diseases was generally highest in East Region and lowest in Central Region from 2000 to 2015, except for North Central Region, which had the lowest rates in 2002, 2010, 2014, and 2016 to 2020. Within the regions there were considerable differences in the percentage of deaths due to 3-4-50 chronic diseases among the subregional areas (SRAs), as well as in 3-4-50 chronic disease death rates. More detailed information is provided in the following tables and graphs.



Understanding Public Health Data

This document presents San Diego County death statistics on stroke, coronary heart disease (CHD), diabetes, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), asthma, and cancer from 2000 to 2020. Beginning in 2017, COPD includes chronic lower respiratory diseases (COPD/chronic lower respiratory diseases).

- A percentage is a way to express how small or large a quantity is relative to another quantity.
- A rate is the number of cases divided by the population, usually multiplied by a constant. For example, 987 cases, divided by population of 654,321 would be a rate of 150.8 per 100,000 population. This means for every 100,000 people, 150-151 cases would be expected.

Both measures are provided to give a more balanced look at the burden of 3-4-50 chronic diseases within the county. Percentages allow for the comparison of the number of 3-4-50 chronic disease deaths relative to the number of deaths overall. Percentages are influenced by both the number of 3-4-50 chronic disease deaths and the number of all cause deaths. It is important to keep this in mind when interpreting the data. For example, two regions could have the same number of 3-4-50 chronic disease deaths. but could have completely different percentages of 3-4-50 chronic disease deaths based on the number all cause deaths in each area.

	Region A	Region B
Number of 3-4-50 Chronic Disease Deaths	50	50
Number of All Cause Deaths	100	80
Percentage of Deaths Due to 3-4-50 Chronic Diseases	(50/100)*100% = 50%	(50/80)*100% = 62.5%

Rates were calculated to allow for comparison between regions, accounting for the size of each area's population.



¹ World Health Organization (WHO). "WHO reveals leading causes of death and disability worldwide: 2000-2019", https://www.who.int/news/item/09-12-2020-who-reveals-leading-causes-of-death-and-disability-worldwide-2000-2019 (Accessed October 21, 2022).

² Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). "Ten Great Public Health Achievements --- United States, 2001—2010", https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/mm6019a5.htm (Accessed October 21, 2022)

³ Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). "About Chronic Diseases", https://www.cdc.gov/chronicdisease/about/index.htm (Accessed October 21, 2022). 3Four50, www.3four50.com (Accessed September 22, 2011).

⁵ County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit. (October, 2010). 3-4-50: Chronic Disease in San Diego County. Retrieved from www.SDHealthStatistics.com (Accessed October 21, 2022).

3-4-50 Deaths in San Diego County - North Central Region, 2000-2020

The following tables and charts display trends in 3-4-50 chronic disease deaths for the North Central Region of San Diego County.

3-4-50 Death [†] Percentages* Among San Diego County Residents - North Central Region, 2000-2020** By SRA																					
Area	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
San Diego County ^a	63%	63%	61%	60%	59%	58%	57%	57%	56%	56%	56%	54%	54%	55%	54%	53%	53%	51%	50%	50%	45%
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North Central Region	63%	61%	62%	60%	60%	59%	58%	56%	56%	55%	54%	54%	55%	53%	53%	53%	51%	50%	49%	48%	46%
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SRA																					
Coastal	61%	61%	57%	59%	61%	57%	61%	53%	55%	53%	54%	51%	53%	52%	50%	52%	49%	47%	46%	48%	44%
Del Mar/Mira Mesa	63%	58%	62%	59%	57%	60%	53%	58%	55%	56%	55%	55%	52%	55%	58%	55%	56%	51%	55%	51%	46%
Elliot-Navajo	65%	62%	68%	61%	60%	59%	61%	57%	54%	51%	50%	54%	55%	54%	53%	50%	52%	53%	49%	48%	46%
Kearny Mesa	65%	61%	62%	62%	61%	61%	58%	55%	56%	59%	56%	54%	56%	51%	53%	54%	48%	51%	48%	49%	45%
Miramar	§	§	§	§	§	§	§	§	§	§	§	§	§	§	57%	50%	56%	46%	51%	48%	45%
Peninsula	61%	62%	60%	61%	55%	58%	56%	57%	60%	54%	54%	55%	55%	55%	53%	53%	49%	51%	47%	46%	45%
University	64%	70%	62%	60%	58%	57%	54%	50%	54%	54%	51%	55%	56%	49%	48%	54%	52%	46%	48%	47%	46%

^{*3-4-50} deaths as a percentage of all-cause deaths. 3-4-50 percentages for 2020 should be considered preliminary.

§Rates and percentages not calculated for fewer than 5 events for the years 2000 to 2019. Rates and percentages not calculated for fewer than 11 events for the year 2020. Rates and percentages not calculated in cases where zip code is unknown.

†3-4-50 deaths include stroke, coronary heart disease (CHD), diabetes, COPD, asthma, and cancer. Beginning with 2017, COPD includes chronic lower respiratory diseases (COPD/chronic lower respiratory diseases).

Source: California Department of Public Health, 2000-2013 Death Statistical Master Files, 2014-2020 California Vital Records Business Intelligence System (VRBIS).

Prepared by County of San Diego (CoSD), Health and Human Services Agency (HHSA), Public Health Services (PHS), Community Health Statistics Unit, December 2022.

-4-50 Death [†] Rates* Among San Diego County Residents - North Central Region, 2000-2020** By SRA															-						
Area	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
San Diego County ^a	440.6	435.2	402.8	402.7	386.7	373.8	357.8	353.1	347.5	336.6	347.0	347.0	346.2	356.3	329.6	338.8	339.5	334.4	324.0	325.4	329.1
North Central Region	417.1	388.3	360.1	351.7	348.9	337.6	331.9	305.1	316.6	302.2	299.4	309.3	314.6	310.2	297.4	301.9	283.4	287.8	263.3	278.2	266.2
SRA																					
Coastal	572.7	505.1	449.3	468.4	495.5	449.9	455.7	377.9	403.1	380.4	406.0	390.4	384.8	404.0	315.2	285.6	272.3	263.9	263.2	307.1	268.6
Del Mar/Mira Mesa	208.5	169.5	192.9	167.2	173.5	162.9	161.9	171.6	148.8	153.2	170.7	186.8	178.0	182.0	208.5	213.9	222.1	216.1	208.5	212.8	206.9
Elliot-Navajo	439.6	428.1	434.9	371.2	402.1	366.5	389.1	354.9	329.5	301.4	335.6	355.6	360.1	370.0	341.3	336.3	351.0	357.4	295.8	308.6	329.0
Kearny Mesa	579.1	559.6	491.3	529.0	496.9	490.5	451.0	416.1	468.4	458.4	431.2	425.2	450.7	415.6	375.0	383.0	337.0	356.4	324.2	336.5	320.9
Miramar	§	§	§	§	§	§	§	§	§	§	§	§	§	§	249.0	209.1	254.6	243.4	204.6	226.7	219.5
Peninsula	397.7	388.0	361.8	314.4	292.5	334.0	317.5	311.8	323.6	322.7	257.4	282.3	287.7	326.4	304.0	330.6	265.2	317.3	272.8	280.6	245.4
University	307.8	301.2	233.8	245.6	241.3	238.3	250.8	206.9	247.7	202.4	191.3	231.6	239.4	201.8	252.9	284.1	263.7	239.5	222.6	243.8	228.8

^{*}Rates per 100,000 population. Population estimates for 2020 were derived using the 2010 Census and data should be considered preliminary.

§Rates and percentages not calculated for fewer than 5 events for the years 2000 to 2019. Rates and percentages not calculated for fewer than 11 events for the year 2020. Rates and percentages not calculated in cases where zip code is unknown.

Source: California Department of Public Health, 2000-2013 Death Statistical Master Files, 2014-2020 California Vital Records Business Intelligence System (VRBIS). SANDAG, Current Population Estimates

Prepared by County of San Diego (CoSD), Health and Human Services Agency (HHSA), Public Health Services (PHS), Community Health Statistics Unit, December 2022.



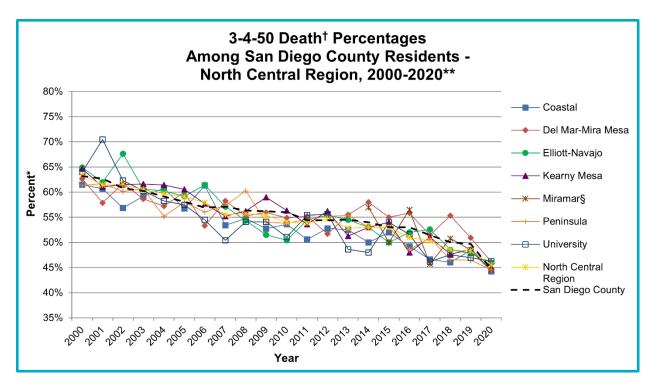
^aDeaths with unknown Region or SRA are reflected in the county total, but not in the individual categories. Category sums may not add up to county total.

^{**}The COVID-19 pandemic was associated with increases in all-cause mortality. COVID-19 deaths have affected the patterns of mortality including those of 3-4-50 chronic diseases.

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^{*3-4-50} deaths as a percentage of all cause deaths. 3-4-50 percentages for 2020 should be considered preliminary.

†3-4-50 deaths include stroke, coronary heart disease (CHD), diabetes, COPD, asthma, and cancer. Beginning with 2017, COPD includes chronic lower respiratory diseases (COPD/chronic lower respiratory diseases).

§Percents not calculated for fewer than 5 events for the years 2000 to 2019. Percents not calculated for fewer than 11 events for the year 2020. Percents not calculated in cases where zip code is unknown.

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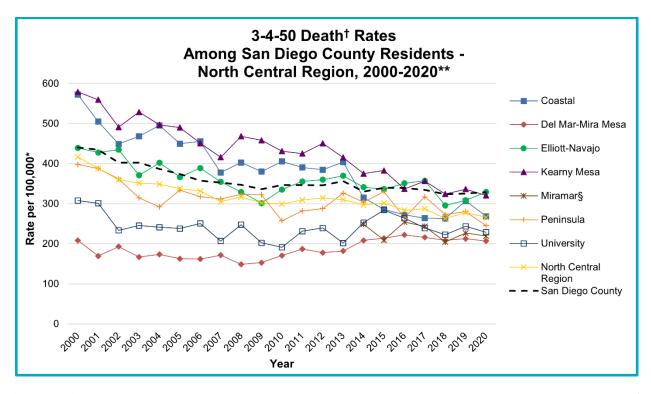
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3-4-50 in North Central Region:

- Overall, the percentage of deaths due to 3-4-50 chronic diseases decreased in North Central Region and its Subregional Areas (SRAs) from 2000-2020.
- Among the North Central Region SRAs, University, Elliott-Navajo, and Del Mar-Mira Mesa had the highest percentages of deaths due to 3-4-50 chronic diseases in 2020.
- Among the North Central Region SRAs, Coastal had the lowest percentage of 3-4-50 chronic disease deaths in 2020.
- Because of the small number of 3-4-50 chronic disease deaths (less than 5), percentages were not calculated for Miramar SRA from 2000-2013.





*Rates per 100,000 population. Population estimates for 2020 were derived using the 2010 Census and data should be considered preliminary. †3-4-50 deaths include stroke, coronary heart disease (CHD), diabetes, COPD, asthma, and cancer. Beginning with 2017, COPD includes chronic lower respiratory diseases (COPD/chronic lower respiratory diseases).

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Source: California Department of Public Health, 2000-2013 Death Statistical Master Files, 2014-2020 California Vital Records Business Intelligence System (VRBIS). SANDAG, Current Population Estimates.

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3-4-50 in North Central Region:

- Overall, the 3-4-50 chronic diseases death rate decreased in North Central Region and its SRAs from 2000-2020.
- Among the North Central Region SRAs, Kearny Mesa generally had the highest 3-4-50 chronic disease death rates from 2000-2015 and 2018-2019.
 Elliott-Navajo SRA had the highest 3-4-50 chronic diseases death rate in 2020.
- Among the North Central Region SRAs, Del Mar-Mira Mesa had the lowest 3-4-50 chronic disease death rates from 2000-2017 and 2019.
- Because of the small number of 3-4-50 chronic disease deaths (less than 5), rates were not calculated for Miramar SRA from 2000-2013.

