

NORTH CENTRAL REGION DATA UPDATE

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INTRODUCTION









WELCOME TO SAN DIEGO COUNTY, THE 2ND MOST POPULOUS COUNTY IN CALIFORNIA AND 5TH MOST POPULOUS IN THE UNITED STATES!

San Diego has:

- Just over 3.3 million residents.
- Majority minority population.
- Busiest land border crossing in the world 1 of every 13 people who enter US come through San Ysidro.
- 70 miles of Coastline.
- 16 naval and military installations.
- 18 federally recognized Indian reservations.
- A total area of 4,526 square miles, larger than Rhode Island and Delaware combined.



GEOGRAPHIES









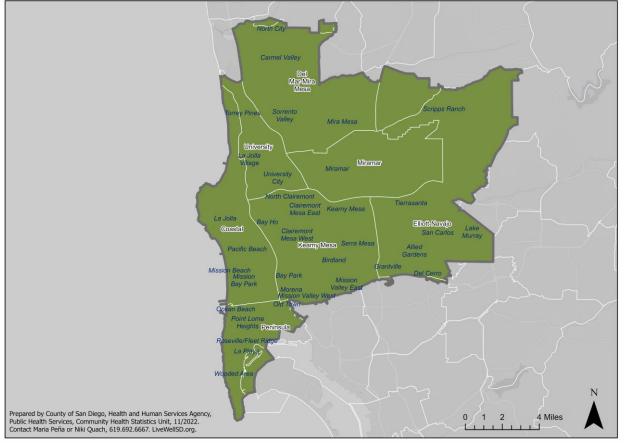
TYPES OF GEOGRAPHIES

- Health and Human Services Agency Region
 - Six within San Diego County
- Subregional Area (SRA)
 - Seven within the North Central Region
 - Coastal
 - Del Mar-Mira Mesa
 - Elliott-Navajo
 - Kearny Mesa
 - Miramar
 - Peninsula
 - University



San Diego County Health and Human Services Agency North Central Region and its Neighborhoods





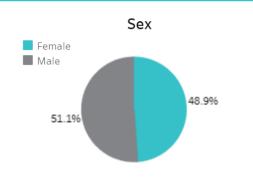
DEMOGRAPHICS

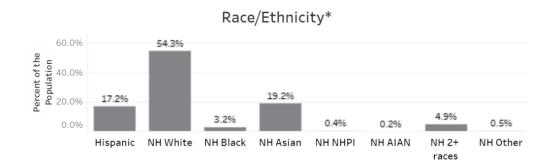






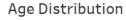


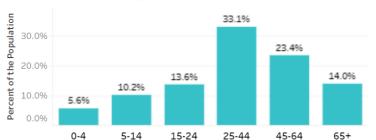




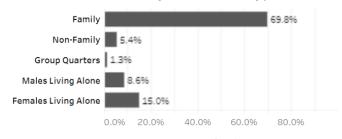
NORTH CENTRAL REGION TOTAL POPULATION, 2021:

643,231



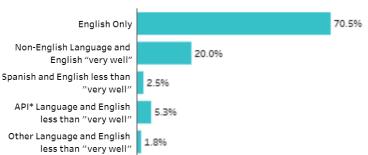


Older Adults by Household Type



Percent of Seniors 65+

Language Spoken at Home



Foreign Born in the Population



POPULATION

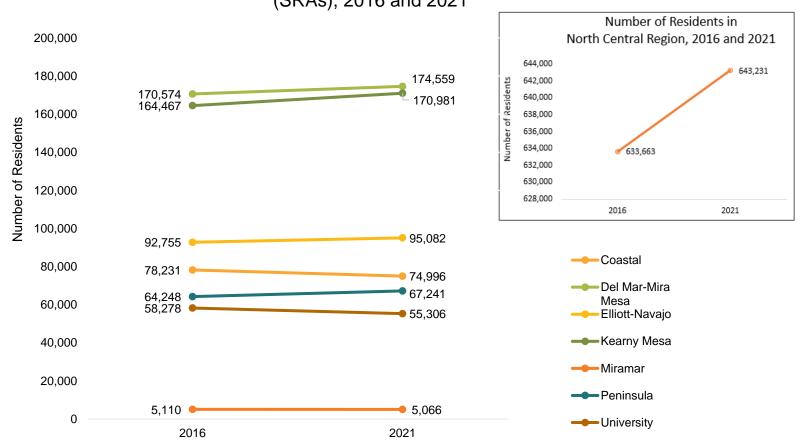








Number of Residents in North Central Region Subregional Areas (SRAs), 2016 and 2021



In 2021, North Central Region was home to 643,231 residents or 19.5% of San Diego County's population.

- Overall, the number of residents in North Central Region remained stable between 2016 and 2021, with an increase of 1.5%.
 - The population living in Peninsula SRA increased by nearly 5% from 2016 to 2021.
 - University SRA experienced the greatest decrease in population in North Central Region (5.1%), between 2016 and 2021.

DEMOGRAPHICS: AGE

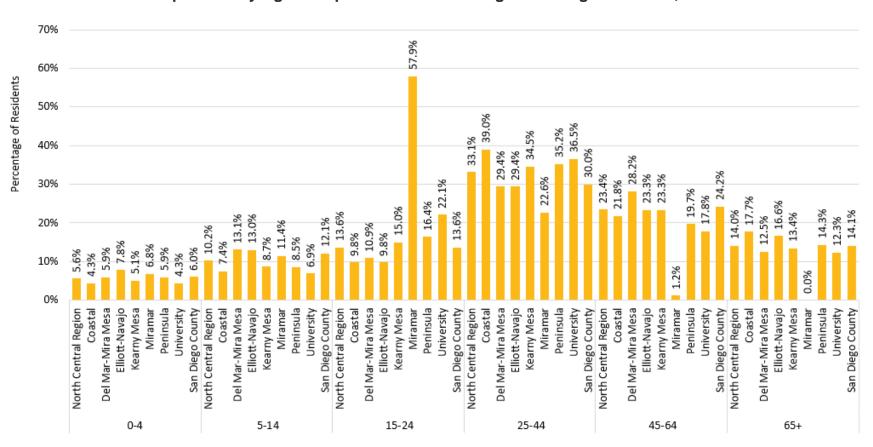








Population by Age Group in North Central Region Subregional Areas, 2021



In 2021, one-third (33.1%) of North Central Region residents were 25-44 year olds.

- Between 2016 and 2021, North Central Region and its communities all saw increases in the number of residents aged 5-14, with the exception of Del Mar-Mira Mesa SRA, which saw a decrease of 2.7%.
- Between 2016 and 2021, North Central Region and its communities all saw increases in the number of residents aged 25-44, with the exception of University SRA, which saw a decrease of 8.3%.

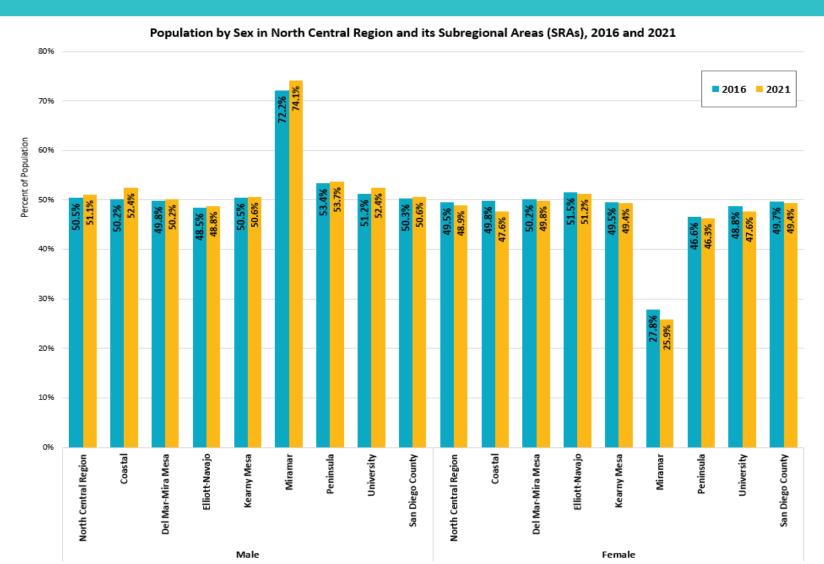
DEMOGRAPHICS: SEX











In 2021, 51.1% of North Central Region residents were males, and 48.9% were females.

- Between 2016 and 2021, North Central Region and its communities saw a slight increase in the percentage of male residents.
- Among North Central Region SRAs, Miramar had the highest percentage of males (74.1%) in 2021.

DEMOGRAPHICS: RACE/ETHNICITY

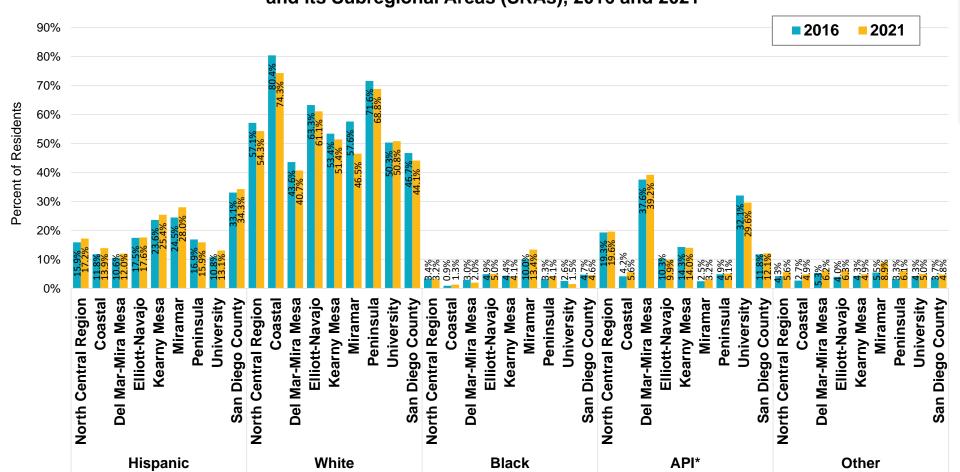








Percent of Residents by Race/Ethnicity in North Central Region and its Subregional Areas (SRAs), 2016 and 2021



In 2021, non-Hispanic (NH)
White (54.3%) and
Asian/Pacific Islander (API)
(19.6%) residents made up
73.9% of North Central
Region's population.

- Compared to other regions in 2021, North Central Region had the highest proportion of API residents at 19.6%.
- Between 2016 and 2021, the number of Hispanic, API, and Other race/ethnicity residents increased in North Central Region, while the number of NH White and NH Black residents decreased.
- Peninsula SRA saw the highest increase in the number of Other race/ethnicity residents (91.1%).

LABOR FORCE BY OCCUPATIONS









In 2021, the occupations with the highest percent of employed persons 16 years and older in North Central Region and its communities were management, business, science, and arts and sales and office occupations.

The proportion of employed persons 16 years and older in *management*, business, science, and arts and the production, transportation, and material moving occupations increased between 2016 and 2021.

			2016			
Geography	Civilian employed population 16+	Management, business, science, and arts occupations	Service occupations	Sales and office occupations	Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	Production, transportation, and material moving occupations
North Central Region	323,672	53.6%	15.7%	20.7%	4.5%	5.5%
Coastal	45,115	56.2%	15.9%	21.1%	3.1%	3.7%
Del Mar-Mira Mesa	88,288	58.3%	12.9%	19.3%	3.2%	6.2%
Elliott-Navajo	43,396	54.2%	14.5%	21.3%	4.9%	5.1%
Kearny Mesa	83,989	44.0%	20.0%	22.6%	6.5%	7.0%
Miramar	292	45.2%	12.3%	30.5%	10.6%	1.4%
Peninsula	31,668	49.1%	18.5%	21.1%	6.2%	5.2%
University	30,924	66.2%	10.7%	17.6%	2.6%	2.9%
			2021			

Geography	Civilian employed population 16+	Management, business, science, and arts occupations	Service occupations	Sales and office occupations	Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	Production, transportation, and material moving occupations
North Central Region	334,149	59.1%	13.6%	17.1%	3.7%	6.5%
Coastal	43,907	61.3%	13.5%	17.9%	3.0%	4.3%
Del Mar-Mira Mesa	90,938	65.2%	11.0%	14.7%	3.2%	5.9%
Elliott-Navajo	44,452	58.3%	11.8%	19.4%	3.8%	6.7%
Kearny Mesa	91,054	52.2%	16.8%	18.3%	4.4%	8.2%
Miramar	340	37.1%	21.5%	23.2%	8.5%	9.7%
Peninsula	33,672	53.0%	16.3%	18.2%	5.1%	7.4%
University	29,786	66.8%	11.1%	15.1%	1.7%	5.2%

UNEMPLOYMENT

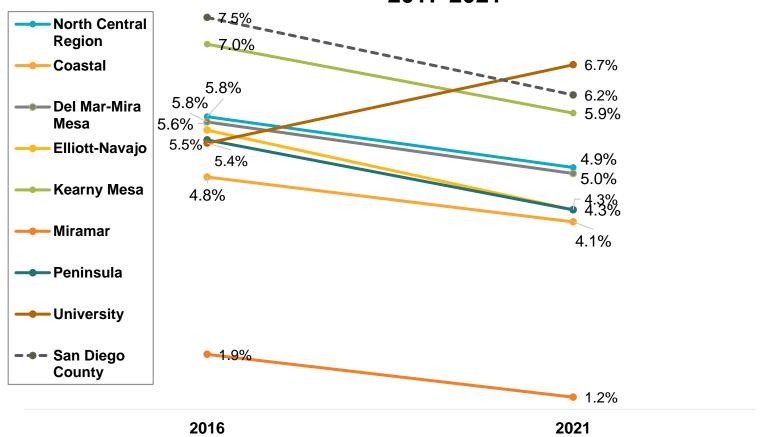








Average Percent of Unemployment, 2012-2016 and 2017-2021



In North Central Region, the percent of unemployed residents 16 years and older decreased from 5.8% in 2016 to 5.0% in 2021.

- North Central Region had a lower percent of unemployment than the county overall from 2016-2021.
- Among North Central Region communities, University SRA had the highest percent of unemployment in 2021.
- Between 2016 and 2021, the percent of unemployment decreased across all North Central Region SRAs, except for University SRA, which increased from 5.4% to 6.7%.

LIFE EXPECTANCY

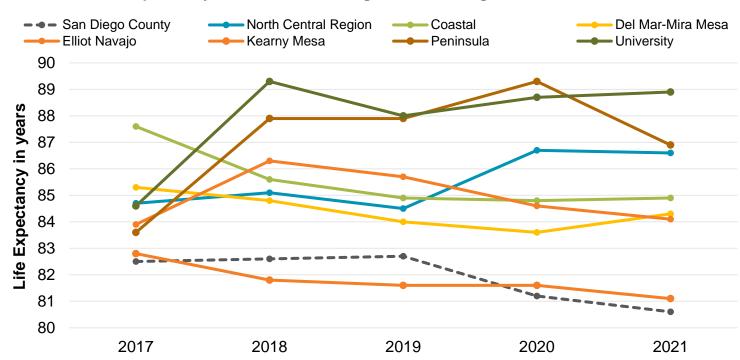






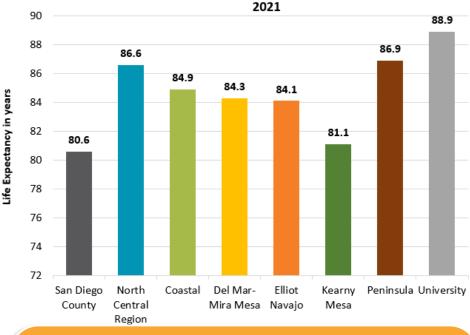


Life Expectancy in North Central Region and Subregional Areas, 2017-2021



Within North Central Region, Coastal, Del Mar-Mira Mesa, and Kearny Mesa SRAs had a decrease in life expectancy from 2017-2021.

Life Expectancy in North Central Region and Subregional Areas,



- Among HHSA Regions, North Central Region had the highest life expectancy in 2021.
- In 2021, all North Central Region SRAs had higher life expectancies than San Diego County.

LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH









2021

HHSA Region

North Central

If graph does not populate,

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2021 Total Death Count among San Diego County

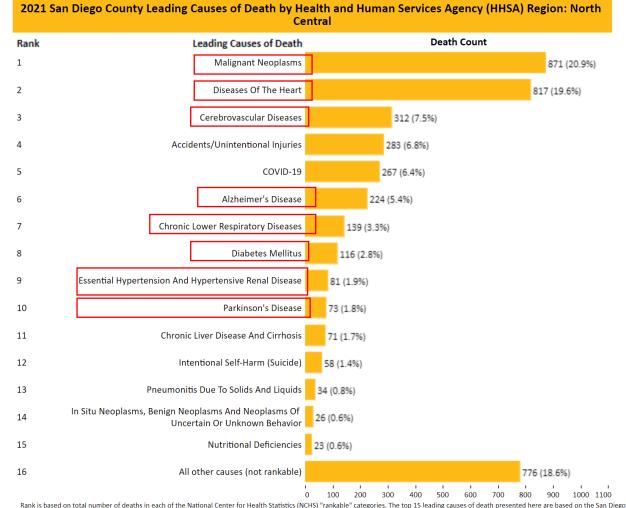
Residents: North **Central Region**

4,171

In 2021, there were **4,171** deaths among North Central Region residents.

In 2021, cancer and heart disease were the cause of 40.5% of the deaths among North Central Region residents.

In North Central Region, 8 out of 10 of the leading causes of death were due to chronic disease in 2021.



Cause of death is based on the underlying cause of death reported on death certificates as classified by ICD-10 codes. Deaths for specific demographics or geographic area may not equal the total deaths for San Diego County due to missing data.

The COVID-19 pandemic was associated with increases in all-cause mortality. COVID-19 deaths have affected the patterns of mortality including Leading Causes of Death. Source: California Department of Public Health, Center for Health Statistics, Office of Health Information and Research, Vital Records Business Intelligence System.

Prepared by: County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit, January 2023.

3-4-50: CHRONIC DISEASE DEATHS

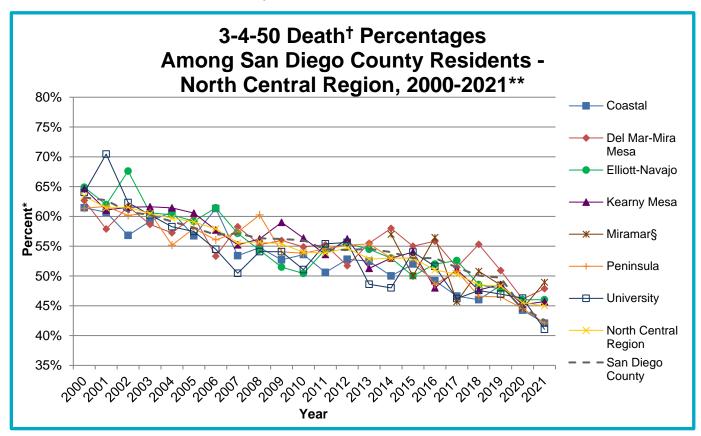








PERCENTAGES, TREND 2000-2021



The proportion of deaths due to 3-4-50 chronic diseases in North Central Region decreased from 63% in 2000 to 45% in 2021.

Among North Central Region SRAs, Miramar had the highest percentage of deaths due to 3-4-50 chronic diseases (49%) in 2021.

The proportion of deaths due to 3-4-50 chronic diseases in North Central Region (45%) was higher than in San Diego County (43%) in 2021.

^{*3-4-50} deaths as a percentage of all cause deaths. 3-4-50 percentages from 2020-2021 should be considered preliminary.

^{†3-4-50} deaths include stroke, coronary heart disease (CHD), diabetes, COPD, asthma, and cancer. Beginning with 2017, COPD includes chronic lower respiratory diseases (COPD/chronic lower respiratory diseases). §Percents not calculated for fewer than 5 events for the years 2000 to 2019. Percents not calculated for fewer than 11 events after the year 2020. Percents not calculated in cases where zip code is unknown.

^{**}The COVID-19 pandemic was associated with increases in all-cause mortality. COVID-19 deaths have affected the patterns of mortality including those of 3-4-50 chronic diseases. Source: California Department of Public Health, 2000-2013 Death Statistical Master Files, 2014-2021 California Vital Records Business Intelligence System (VRBIS).

Prepared by County of San Diego (CoSD), Health and Human Services Agency (HHSA), Public Health Services (PHS), Community Health Statistics Unit, March 2023.

3-4-50: CHRONIC DISEASE DEATHS

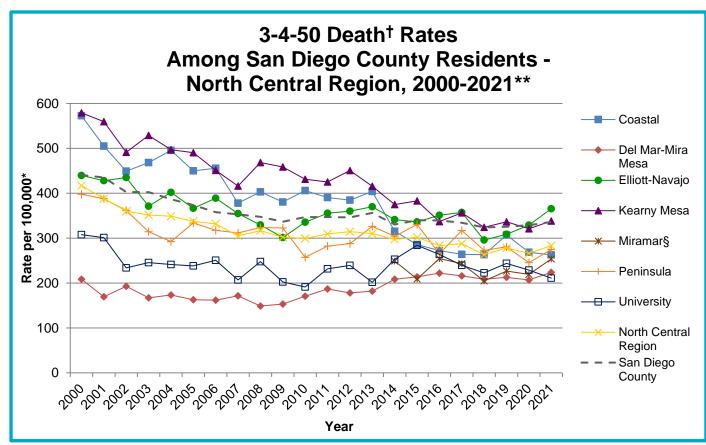








RATES, TREND 2000-2021



The 3-4-50 chronic disease death rate in North Central Region decreased from 417.1 per 100,000 in 2000 to 283.1 per 100,000 in 2021.

Among North Central Region SRAs, Elliott-Navajo had the highest death rate due to 3-4-50 chronic diseases (365.5 per 100,000) in 2021.

Overall, 3-4-50 chronic disease death rates have decreased in North Central Region and its SRAs from 2000-2021, except Del Mar-Mira Mesa, which increased by 7.3%.

^{*}Rates per 100,000 population. Population estimates for 2020 and 2021 were derived using the 2010 Census and data should be considered preliminary.
†3-4-50 deaths include stroke, coronary heart disease (CHD), diabetes, COPD, asthma, and cancer. Beginning with 2017, COPD includes chronic lower respiratory diseases (COPD/chronic lower respiratory diseases).
§Rates not calculated for fewer than 5 events for the years 2000 to 2019. Rates not calculated for fewer than 11 events for the years 2020 and 2021. Rates not calculated in cases where zip code is unknown.

**The COVID-19 pandemic was associated with increases in all-cause mortality. COVID-19 deaths have affected the patterns of mortality including those of 3-4-50 chronic diseases.

Source: California Department of Public Health, 2000-2013 Death Statistical Master Files, 2014-2021 California Vital Records Business Intelligence System (VRBIS). SANDAG, Current Population Estimates.

Prepared by County of San Diego (CoSD), Health and Human Services Agency (HHSA), Public Health Services (PHS), Community Health Statistics Unit, April 2023.

DEATH TRENDS

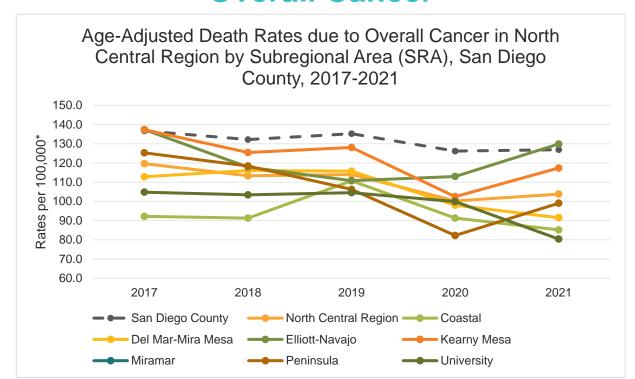






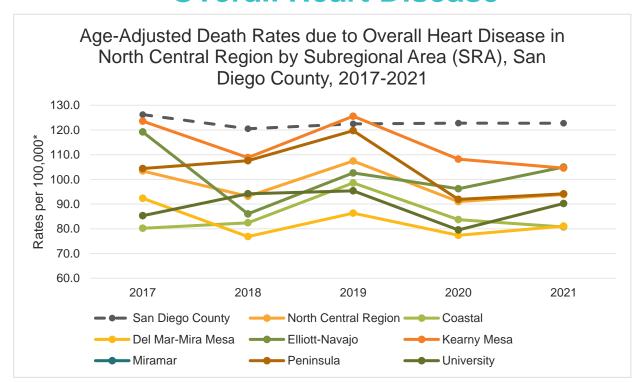


Overall Cancer



From 2017-2021, the age-adjusted death rate due to overall cancer in North Central Region decreased from 119.6 to 103.8 per 100,000 residents. Among North Central Region SRAs, **Elliott-Navajo SRA** had the highest age-adjusted death rate due to overall cancer (129.9 per 100,000) in 2021.

Overall Heart Disease



From 2017-2021, the age-adjusted rate due to overall heart disease in North Central Region decreased from 103.4 to 93.9 per 100,000 residents. Among North Central Region SRAs, **Elliott-Navajo SRA** had the highest age-adjusted rate due to overall heart disease (105.0 per 100,000) in 2021.

^{*}Age-adjusted rates per 100,000 residents. Rates not calculated for fewer than 5 events for the years 2000 to 2019. Rates not calculated for fewer than 11 events after the year 2020. Source: California Department of Public Health, 2017-2021 California Vital Records Business Intelligence System (VRBIS); SANDAG Population Estimates. 2020 and 2021 population estimates were derived using the 2010 Census and data should be considered preliminary. The COVID-19 pandemic was associated with increases in all-cause mortality. COVID-19 deaths have affected the patterns of mortality. Prepared by County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit, April 2023.

DEATH TRENDS

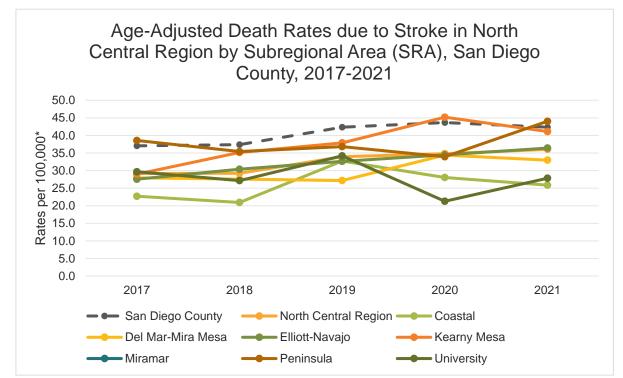






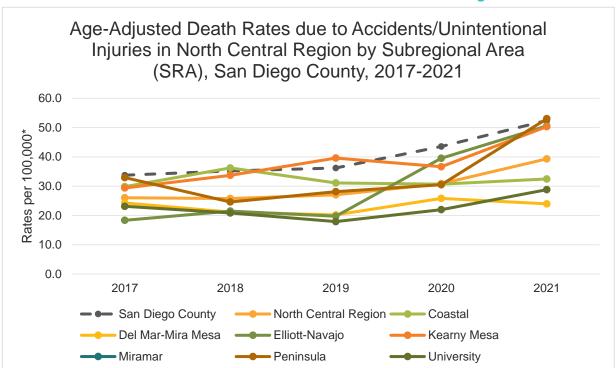


Stroke



From 2017-2021, the age-adjusted death rate due to stroke in North Central Region **increased** from 29.2 to 36.0 per 100,000 residents. Among North Central Region SRAs, **Peninsula SRA** had the highest age-adjusted death rate due to stroke (44.0 per 100,000) in 2021.

Accidents/Unintentional Injuries



From 2017-2021, the age-adjusted rate due to accidents/unintentional injuries in North Central Region **increased** from 26.1 to 39.9 per 100,000 residents. Among North Central Region SRAs, **Peninsula SRA** had the highest age-adjusted rate due to accidents/unintentional injuries (53.0 per 100,000) in 2021.

^{*}Age-adjusted rates per 100,000 residents. Rates not calculated for fewer than 5 events for the years 2000 to 2019. Rates not calculated for fewer than 11 events after the year 2020. Source: California Department of Public Health, 2017-2021 California Vital Records Business Intelligence System (VRBIS); SANDAG Population Estimates. 2020 and 2021 population estimates were derived using the 2010 Census and data should be considered preliminary. The COVID-19 pandemic was associated with increases in all-cause mortality. COVID-19 deaths have affected the patterns of mortality. Prepared by County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit, April 2023.

DEATH TRENDS

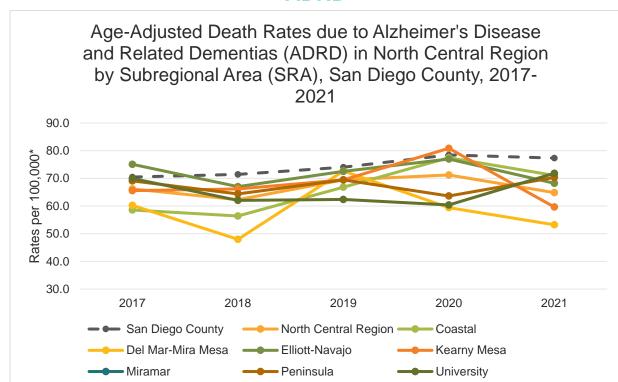






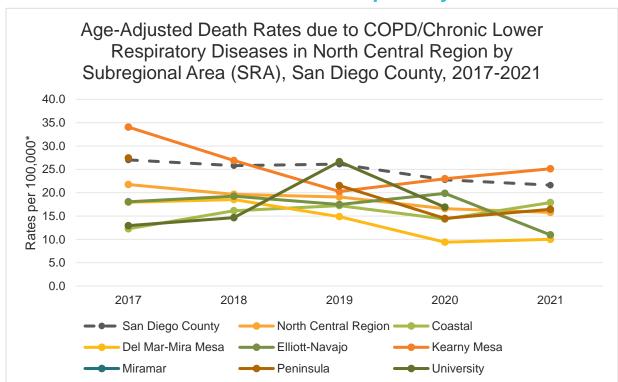


ADRD



From 2017-2021, the age-adjusted death rate due to Alzheimer's Disease and Related Dementias (ADRD) in North Central Region decreased from 66.2 to 64.9 per 100,000 residents. Among North Central Region SRAs, **University SRA** had the highest age-adjusted death rate due to ADRD (71.8 per 100,000) in 2021.

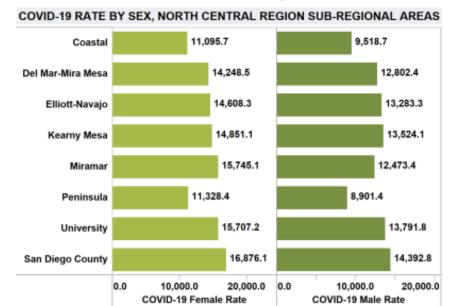
COPD/Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases



From 2017-2021, the age-adjusted rate due chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)/chronic lower respiratory diseases in North Central Region decreased from 21.8 to 15.8 per 100,000 residents. Among North Central Region SRAs, **Kearny Mesa SRA** had the highest age-adjusted rate due to COPD/chronic lower respiratory diseases (25.1 per 100,000) in 2021.

^{*}Age-adjusted rates per 100,000 residents. Rates not calculated for fewer than 5 events for the years 2000 to 2019. Rates not calculated for fewer than 11 events after the year 2020. Source: California Department of Public Health, 2017-2021 California Vital Records Business Intelligence System (VRBIS); SANDAG Population Estimates. 2020 and 2021 population estimates were derived using the 2010 Census and data should be considered preliminary. The COVID-19 pandemic was associated with increases in all-cause mortality. COVID-19 deaths have affected the patterns of mortality. Prepared by County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit, April 2023.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY CUMULATIVE COVID-19 RATE* PER 100,000 RESIDENTS BY NORTH CENTRAL REGION SUB-REGIONAL AREAS^ (DATA THROUGH JANUARY 1, 2022 - DECEMBER 31, 2022)

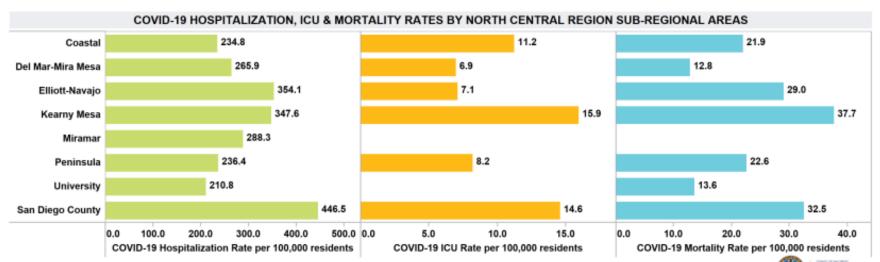


SAN DIEGO COUNTY COVID-19 RATE BY NORTH CENTRAL REGION SUB-REGIONAL AREAS (MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN DOLLARS)



Median household income source: ESRI Community Analyst, 2022. *A rate is the number of cases divided by the population, usually multiplied by a constant (100,000 in the following example). For example 987 cases, divided by population of 654,321, would be a rate of 150.8 per 100,000 population. This means for every 100,000 people, 150-151 cases would be expected.

Health equity is achieved when "every person has the opportunity to 'attain his or her full health potential' and no one is disadvantaged from achieving this potential because of social position or other socially determined circumstances." -Centers for Disease Control and Prevention



Data through 1/1/2022-12/31/2022. Data are preliminary and subject to change. More information may become available as individual case investigations are completed. ^SRA of residence, which may not be location of exposure, only cases with known zip code are included in rate calculation. Data source: San Diego County Communicable Disease Registry.

Prepared by: County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit, 1/27/2023.





YOUTH



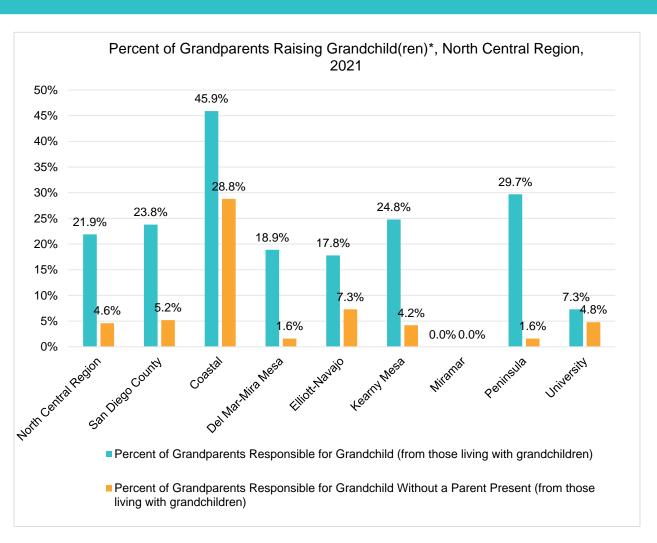
GRANDPARENTS RAISING GRANDCHILDREN

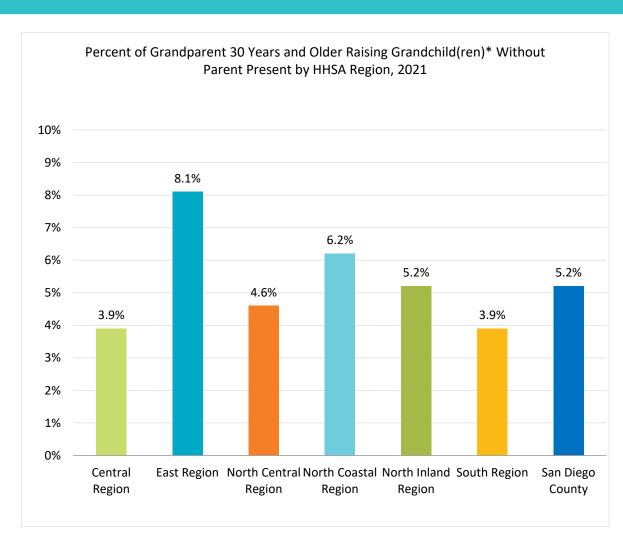












^{*}Grandparent raising own grandchildren under 18 years in households out of households with grandparents living with grandparents. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017-2021 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, Table B10051.

Prepared by: County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit, 2023.

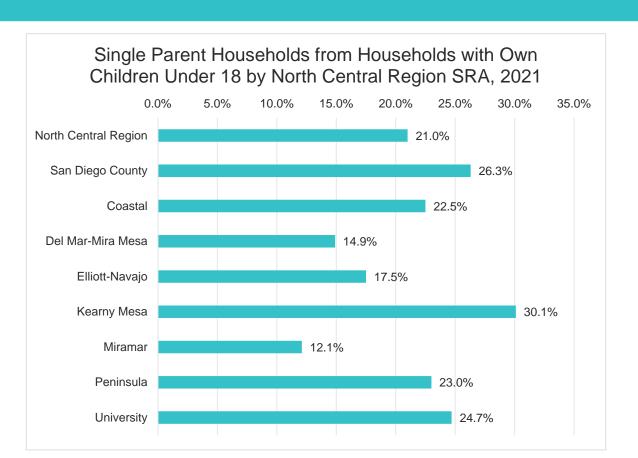
HOUSEHOLD TYPES

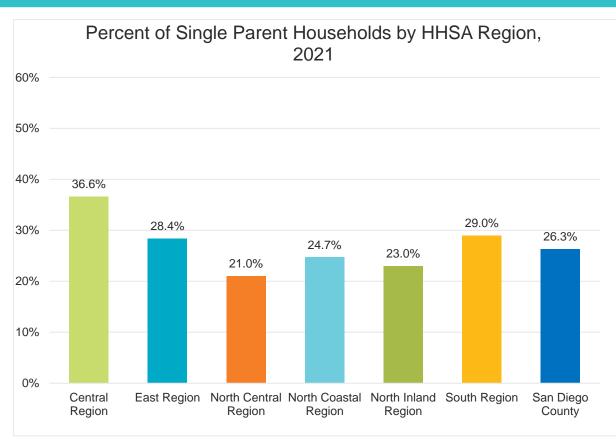












Among North Central Region SRAs, Kearny Mesa SRA had the highest percentage of single parent households in 2021.

Among HHSA Regions, North Central Region had the lowest percentage of single parents households in 2021.

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT BY GRADE LEVEL

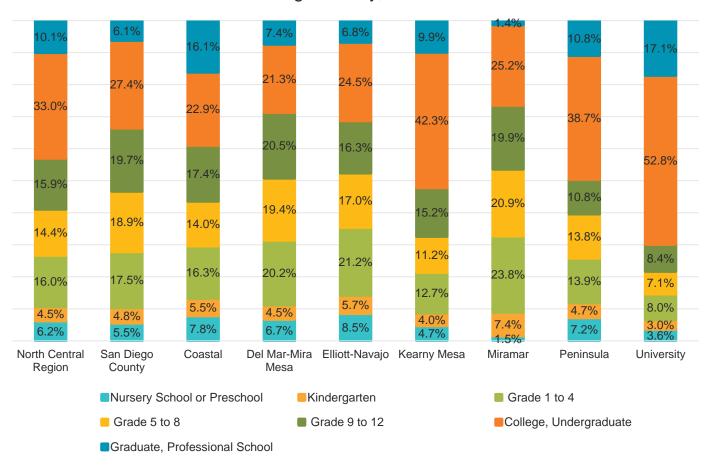




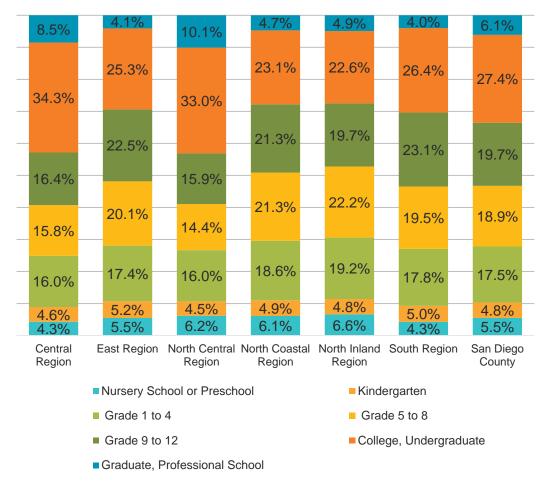




School Enrollment by Grade Level, North Central Region, San Diego County, 2021



School Enrollment by Grade Level, San Diego County by HHSA Region, 2021



SCHOOL ENROLLMENT BY TYPE

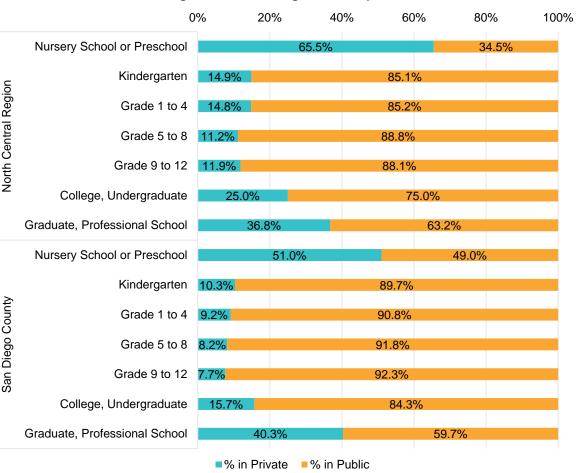








School Enrollment by Type of School, North Central Region, San Diego County, 2021



School Enrollment by Type of School, North Central Region SRAs, San Diego County, 2021

3,														
Geography	Nursery School or Preschool		Kindergarten		Grade 1 to 4		Grade 5 to 8		Grade 9 to 12		College, Undergraduate		Graduate, Professional School	
	% in Private	% in Public	% in Private	% in Public	% in Private	% in Public	% in Private	% in Public	% in Private	% in Public	% in Private	% in Public	% in Private	% in Public
North Centra Region		34.5%	14.9%	85.1%	14.8%	85.2%	11.2%	88.8%	11.9%	88.1%	25.0%	75.0%	36.8%	63.2%
Coasta	1 78.6%	21.4%	27.4%	72.6%	37.9%	62.1%	34.2%	65.8%	34.0%	66.0%	21.2%	78.8%	37.1%	62.9%
Del Mar-Mira Mesa		34.1%	12.6%	87.4%	14.4%	85.6%	8.7%	91.3%	10.5%	89.5%	11.3%	88.7%	40.1%	59.9%
Elliott Navajo		44.1%	23.5%	76.5%	9.9%	90.1%	6.8%	93.2%	9.9%	90.1%	15.7%	84.3%	43.7%	56.3%
Kearny Mesa		42.4%	4.8%	95.2%	10.8%	89.2%	9.2%	90.8%	6.0%	94.0%	38.2%	61.8%	43.1%	56.9%
Mirama	o.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	6.9%	93.1%	6.5%	93.5%	7.3%	92.7%	23.6%	76.4%	100.0%	0.0%
Peninsula	76.4%	23.6%	11.3%	88.7%	15.6%	84.4%	17.7%	82.3%	17.6%	82.4%	49.7%	50.3%	49.5%	50.5%
University	81.3%	18.7%	23.6%	76.4%	15.5%	84.5%	6.5%	93.5%	13.5%	86.5%	4.7%	95.3%	14.1%	85.9%
San Diego County	51.0%	49.0%	10.3%	89.7%	9.2%	90.8%	8.2%	91.8%	7.7%	92.3%	15.7%	84.3%	40.3%	59.7%

FAMILY POVERTY





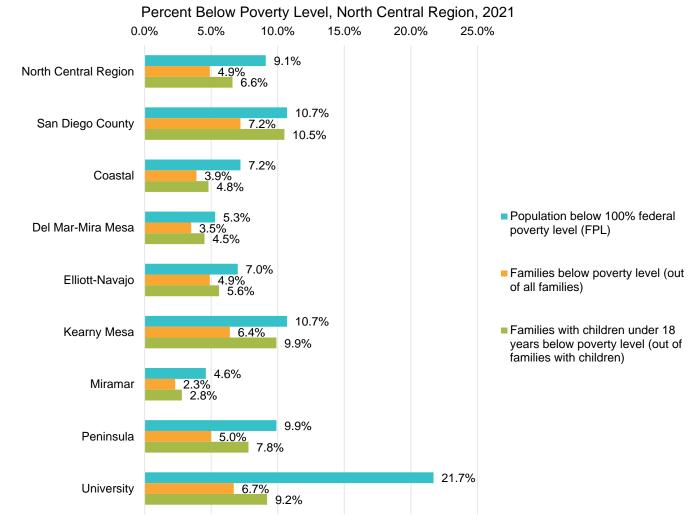




In North Central Region, 6.6% of families with children under 18 were living below the Federal Poverty Level (FPL) in 2021.

Among North Central Region SRAs, Kearny Mesa SRA had the greatest proportion of families with children under 18 living below the FPL (9.9%) in 2021.

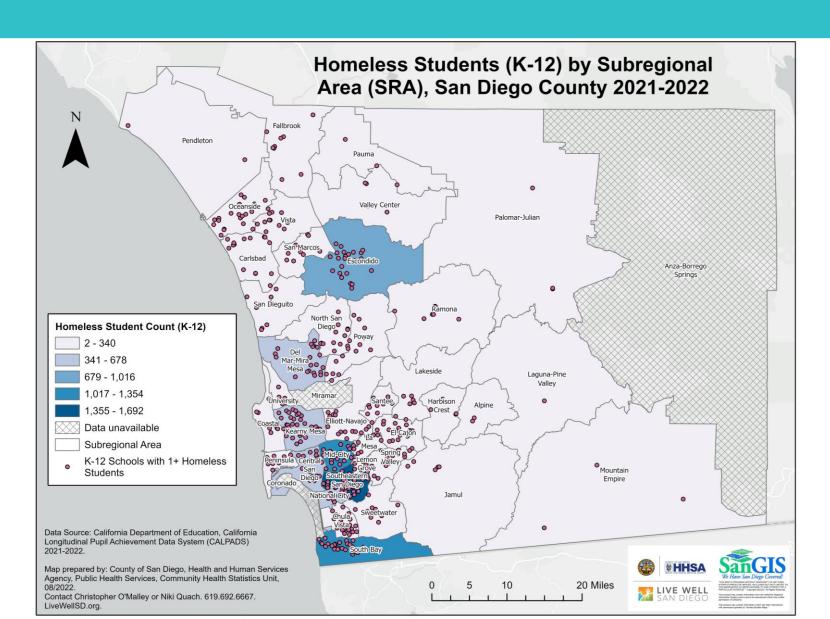
Among North Central Region SRAs, University SRA had the greatest proportion of population living below the FPL (21.7%) in 2021.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017-2021 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, Table B17024, B17010. Prepared by: County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit, 2023.

HOMELESS YOUTH





LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH – YOUTH



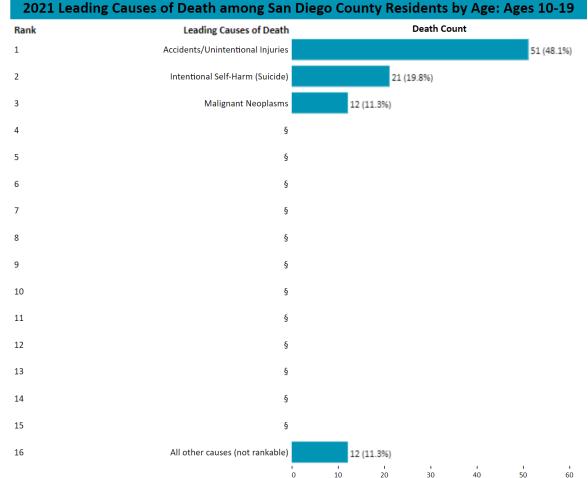






In 2021, the leading causes of death among residents aged 10-19 in San Diego County were:

- Accidents/Unintentional Injury
- Intentional self-harm/suicide
- Malignant neoplasms (cancer)



Age
Ages 10-19

If graph does not populate, data are not available for the selected filters.

2021 Total Death Count among San Diego County Residents: Ages 10-19

Rank is based on total number of deaths in each of the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) "rankable" categories. The top 15 leading causes of death presented here are based on the San Diego

Cause of death is based on the underlying cause of death reported on death certificates as classified by ICD-10 codes.

Deaths for specific demographics or geographic area may not equal the total deaths for San Diego County due to missing data.

§ Not shown for fewer than 11 deaths for years 2020-2021.

The COVID-19 pandemic was associated with increases in all-cause mortality. COVID-19 deaths have affected the patterns of mortality including Leading Causes of Death.

Prepared by: County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit, January 2023.

MEDICAL ENCOUNTERS – YOUTH

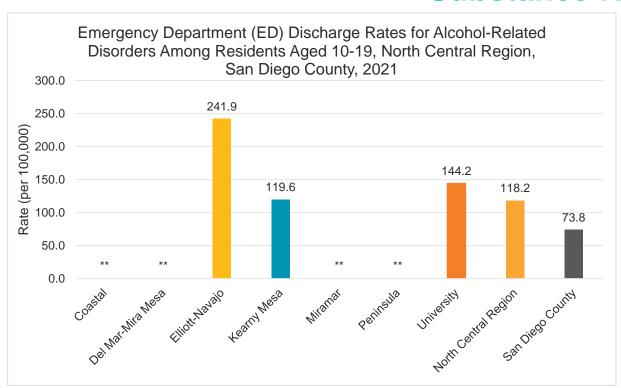




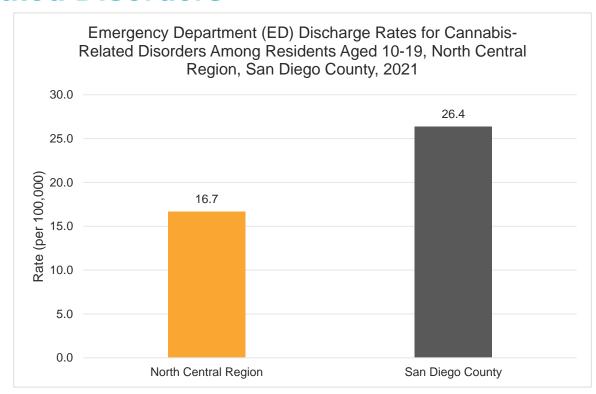




Substance-Related Disorders



Among North Central Region SRAs, Elliott-Navajo SRA had the highest ED discharge rate due to alcohol-related disorders among residents aged 10-19 (241.9 per 100,000) in 2021.



In 2021, the ED discharge rate due to cannabis-related disorders among residents aged 10-19 was lower in North Central Region than in San Diego County.

MEDICAL ENCOUNTERS – YOUTH

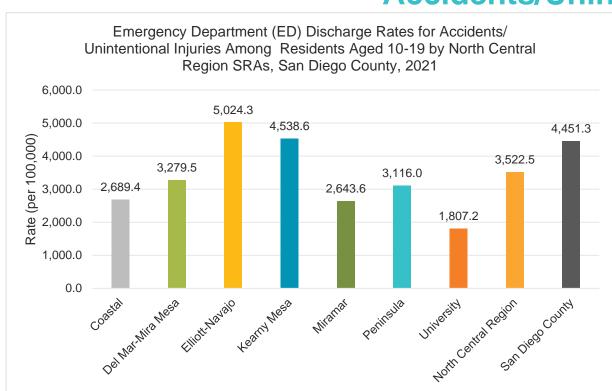


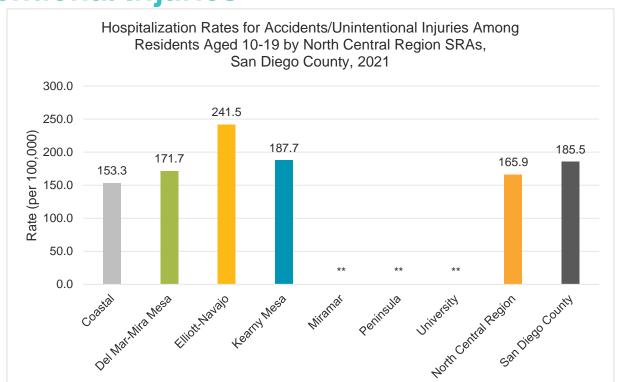






Accidents/Unintentional Injuries





Among North Central Region SRAs, **Elliott-Navajo SRA** had the highest ED discharge rate due to accident/unintentional injuries among residents aged 10-19 (5,024.3 per 100,000) in 2021. In 2021, the ED discharge rate due to accidents/unintentional injuries among residents aged 10-19 in North Central Region was lower than the rate in San Diego County.

Among North Central Region SRAs, **Elliott-Navajo SRA** had the highest hospitalization rate due to accident/unintentional injuries among residents aged 10-19 (241.5 per 100,000) in 2021. In 2021, the hospitalization rate due to accidents/unintentional injuries among residents aged 10-19 in North Central Region was lower than the rate in San Diego County.

^{**}Rates not calculated for fewer than 11 cases Rates per 100,000 residents. Sources: California Department of Healthcare Access and Information (HCAI), Emergency Department Discharge Database and Patient Discharge Database, 2021. San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) Population estimates, 2021. 2021 population estimates were derived using the 2010 Census and data should be considered preliminary. Prepared by County of San Diego, Health Amount Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit, April 2023.

MEDICAL ENCOUNTERS – YOUTH

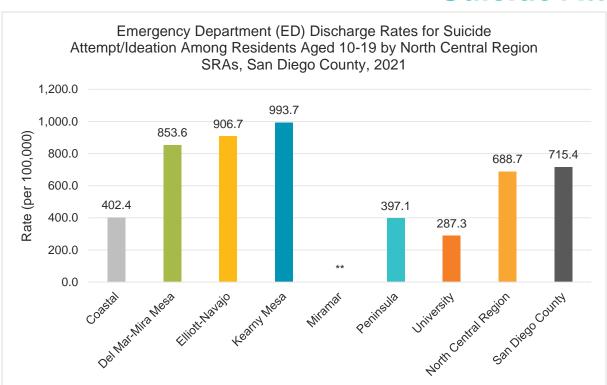


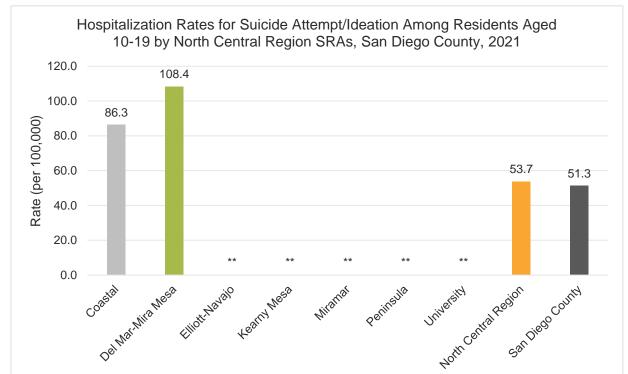






Suicide Attempt/Ideation





Among North Central Region SRAs, **Kearny Mesa SRA** had the highest ED discharge rate due to suicide attempts/ideation among residents aged 10-19 (993.7 per 100,000) in 2021. In 2021, the ED discharge rate due to accidents/unintentional injuries among residents aged 10-19 in North Central Region was lower than the rate in San Diego County.

Among North Central Region SRAs, **Elliott-Navajo SRA** had the highest hospitalization rate due to suicide attempts/ideation among residents aged 10-19 (108.4 per 100,000) in 2021. In 2021, the hospitalization rate due to accidents/unintentional injuries among residents aged 10-19 in North Central Region was lower than the rate in San Diego County.

^{**}Rates not calculated for fewer than 11 cases Rates per 100,000 residents. Sources: California Department of Healthcare Access and Information (HCAI), Emergency Department Discharge Database and Patient Discharge Database, 2021. San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) Population estimates, 2021. 2021 population estimates were derived using the 2010 Census and data should be considered preliminary. Prepared by County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit, April 2023.

MENTAL HEALTH - TEENS

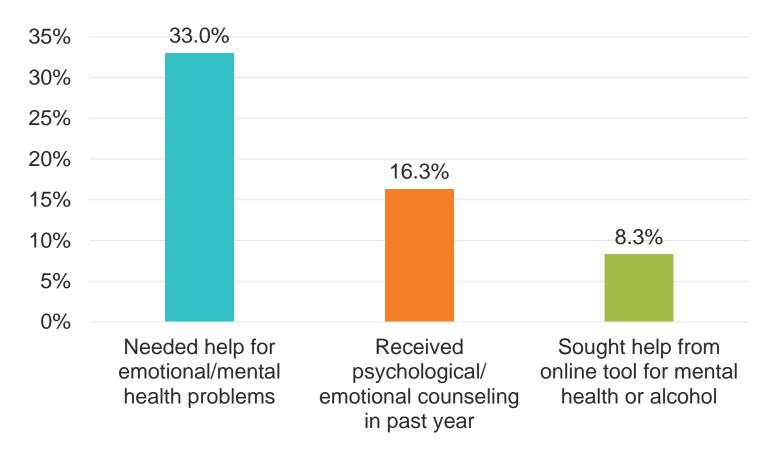






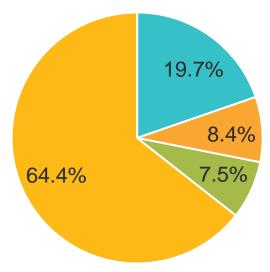


Mental Health Survey Responses, Teens ages 12-17, San Diego County, 2020-2021



Source: UCLA Center for Health Policy Research. 2020-2021 California Health Interview Survey. http://www.ask.chis.ucla.edu. Accessed April 10, 2023. Prepared by: County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit, 2023.

Main reasons for not getting help online, Teens* ages 12-17, San Diego County, 2020-2021



- Got better on own or had face to face services.
- Wanted to handle problem on own
- Accessibility or privacy issue**
- Did not think it would be helpful or no time

^{*}Asked of adolescents who felt they might need to see professional for mental health in past year and did not seek help from online tool.

^{**}Including not having a smartphone or a computer, not knowing about the apps, not trusting the apps, or having concerns about privacy or security

NEIGHBORHOOD SAFETY - TEENS

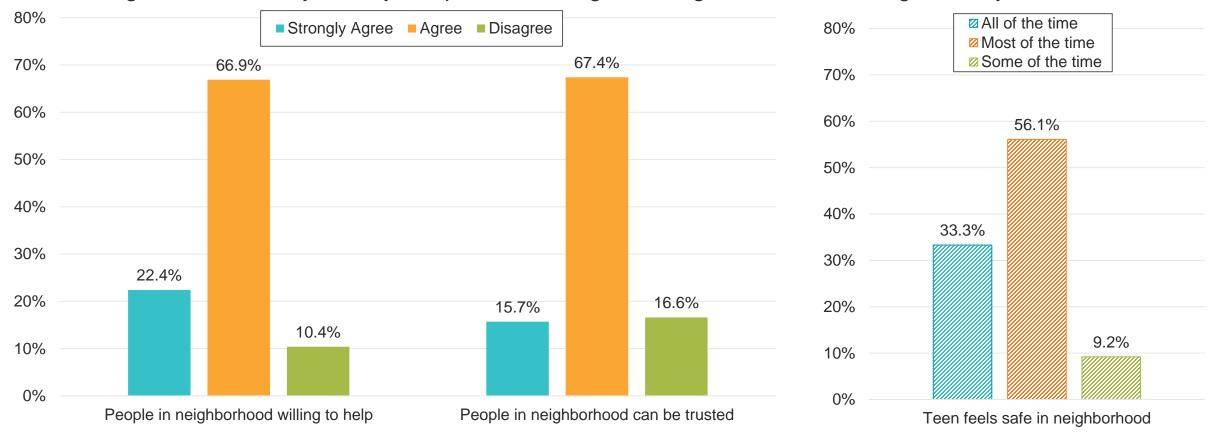








Neighborhood Safety Survey Responses among Teens ages 12-17, San Diego County, 2020-2021



SUBSTANCE USE - YOUTH

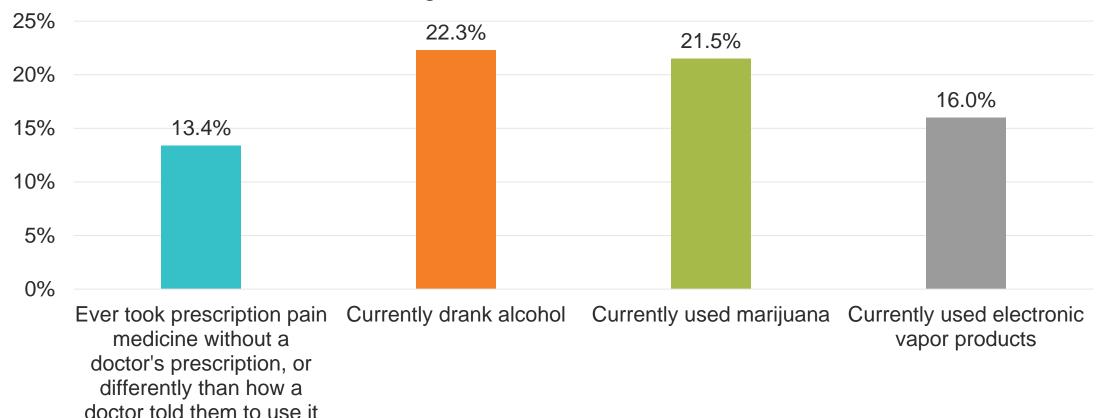








Substance Use Survey Responses, High School Students, San Diego Unified School District, 2019



Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. 2019 High School Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS), San Diego Unified School District. https://nccd.cdc.gov/Youthonline/App/Default.aspx. Accessed April 10, 2023.

CALIFORNIA SCHOOL DASHBOARDS











Indicators are reversed (ranging from Very Low, Low, Medium, High, and Very High). Information regarding this year's Dashboard data

State Summary

Search More Information Select Language •

 Compares school districts or individual school performance to state measures

- Available for San Diego Unified as a whole, or individual schools
- Tracks metrics such as graduation rate, chronic absenteeism, suspension rate, and academic performance
- https://www.caschooldashboard.

DISTRICT PERFORMANCE OVERVIEW

San Diego Unified

is available within the Dashboard Communications Toolkit.

Explore the performance of San Diego Unified under California's Accountability System.

enerate PDF Report 🗷 View All Schools View Additional Reports &

2022

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, state law allows the 2022 Dashboard to only display the most current year of data (also known as Status). For this year only, performance levels will be reported using one of five Status levels (ranging from Very High, High, Medium, Low, and Very Low) for state measures. Please note that the Status levels associated with the Chronic Absenteeism and Suspension Rate

Chronic Absenteeism

Suspension Rate

English Learner Progress Medium

Graduation Rate

College/Career Not Reported in 2022 **English Language Arts**

Mathematics

Basics: Teachers, Instructional Materials, Facilities STANDARD MET

Implementation of Academic Standards

STANDARD MET

Parent and Family Engagement STANDARD MET

Local Climate Survey STANDARD MET

Access to a Broad Course of STANDARD MET

District Details

San Diego Unified

ADDRESS

4100 Normal Street San Diego, CA 92103-2682 WEBSITE http://www.sandi.net

GRADES SERVED P-Adult



FOOD INSECURITY



SURVEY DATA – CALIFORNIA HEALTHY INTERVIEW SURVEY (CHIS)

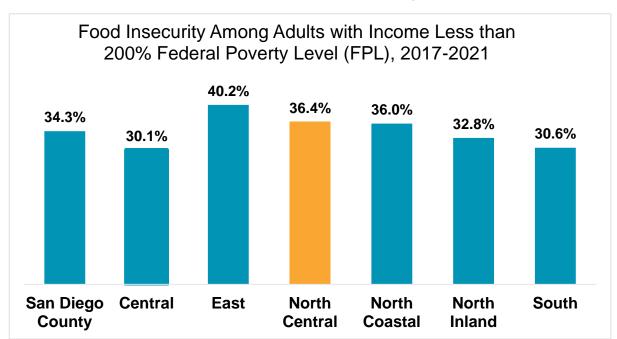






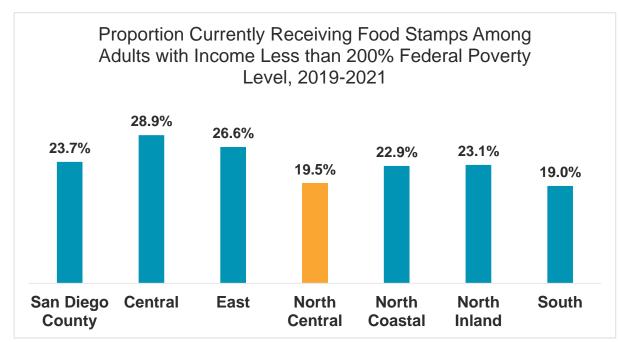


Food Insecurity



North Central Region had the second highest proportion of adults with income less than 200% FPL reporting food insecurity compared to all other HHSA Regions in San Diego County, on average between 2017-2021.

Currently Receiving Food Stamps



North Central Region had the second lowest proportion of adults with income less than 200% FPL who were currently receiving food stamps compared to all other HHSA Regions in San Diego County, on average between 2019-2021.

LOW FOOD ACCESS

In North Central Region, 38 Census Tracts (29%) had low access to food in 2019.

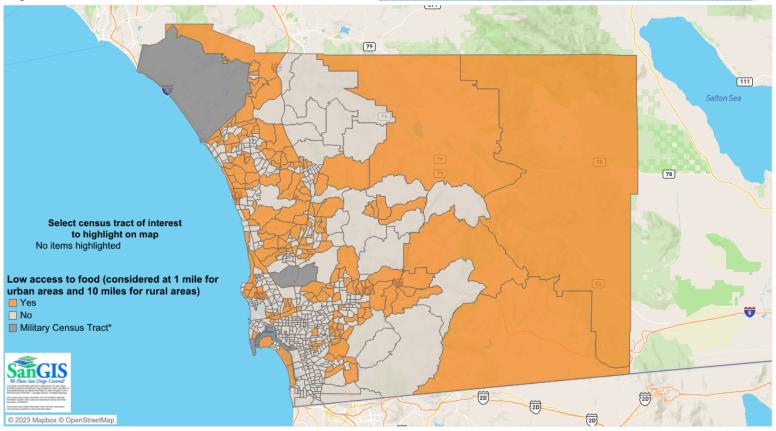
Census Tract	SRA		Census Tract	SRA
1 CT 172	Del Mar-Mira Mesa	20	CT 83.65	Del Mar-Mira Mesa
2 CT 215	Del Mar-Mira Mesa	21	CT 83.66	Del Mar-Mira Mesa
3 CT 62	Peninsula	22	CT 85.01	Kearny Mesa
4 CT 71	Peninsula	23	CT 85.03	Kearny Mesa
5 CT 81.02	Coastal	24	CT 89.01	Kearny Mesa
6 CT 83.01	Coastal	25	CT 89.02	Kearny Mesa
7 CT 83.03	Coastal	26	CT 91.06	Kearny Mesa
8 CT 83.10	Coastal	27	CT 91.07	Kearny Mesa
9 CT 83.11	Coastal	28	CT 92.01	Kearny Mesa
10 CT 83.12	Coastal	29	CT 92.02	Kearny Mesa
11 CT 83.13	Coastal	30	CT 93.01	Kearny Mesa
12 CT 83.28	Del Mar-Mira Mesa	31	CT 93.04	Kearny Mesa
13 CT 83.33	Del Mar-Mira Mesa	32	CT 93.05	Kearny Mesa
14 CT 83.35	Del Mar-Mira Mesa	33	CT 95.05	Elliott-Navajo
15 CT 83.39	University	34	CT 95.07	Elliott-Navajo
16 CT 83.46	Del Mar-Mira Mesa	35	CT 96.03	Elliott-Navajo
17 CT 83.47	Del Mar-Mira Mesa	36	CT 97.04	Elliott-Navajo
18 CT 83.53	Del Mar-Mira Mesa	37	CT 98.05	Elliott-Navajo
19 CT 83.54	Del Mar-Mira Mesa	38	CT 99.01	Peninsula

Poverty Dashboard Series, San Diego County Low Access to Food

Hover over a census tract to view census tract name. Health and Human Services Agency (HHSA) Region, Subregional Area (SRA), Supervisorial District to which it belongs, Gini Index, proportion of population below 100% Federal Poverty Level (FPL), proportion of population below 200% FPL, and proportion of households receiving food stamps. Alternatively, use the search bar in the map to search for a census tract.

Census Tracts with Low Access to Food (considered at 1 mile for urban areas and 10 miles for rural areas), 2019

This map shows census tracts with low access to food. Low access to healthy food is defined as being far from a supermarket, supercenter, or large grocery store. A census tract is considered to have low access if a significant number or share of individuals in the tract is far from a supermarket. Census tracts with a significant number (at least 500 people) or share (at least 33 percent) of the population is greater than 1 mile from the nearest supermarket, supercenter, or large grocery store for an urban area or greater than 10 miles for a rural area are considered to have low access to food. (https://www.ers.usda.gov/data-products/food-access-research-atlas/documentation/)



Gini Index of Income Inequality: A higher Gini index indicates greater inequality, with high-income individuals receiving much larger percentages of the total income of the population. *Data not shown for census tracts with military barracks or majority population living in military group quarters.

**San Diego County Health Equity Zip Codes: Based on how much area in each zip code is also a Healthy Places Index Health Equity Quartile (HEQ) census tract, 34 zip codes were identified to have at least 25% of the area in a HEQ census tract. Additionally, 5 zip codes were identified to have high burden of COVID-19 (defined as a cumulative case rate of at least 10,000 COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population).

Sources: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, Food Access Research Atlas, https://www.ers.usda.gov/data-products/food-access-research-atlas/ Accessed 5/16/2022. San Diego County Health Equity Zip Codes, https://www.sandiegocounty.gov/content/dam/sdc/hhsa/programs/phs/Epidemiology/COVID-19%20Health%20Equi ty%20Zip%20Codes%20Summary%20and%20Vaccinations%20Report.pdf. Accessed 5/27/2022. 2015-2019 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, Tables B17024, B19083. DP03. Food Insecurity: UCLA Center for Health Policy Research, Los Angeles, CA. AskCHIS 2018-2020. Accessed 5/27/2022. Prepared by: County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit, June 2022.







HUNGER COALITION DATA

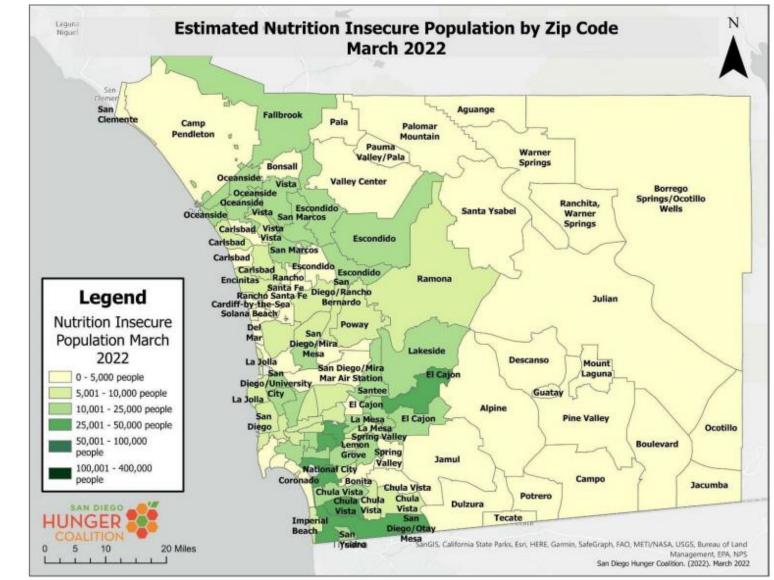








- In September 2022, San Diego Hunger Coalition estimated 22% of the population (about 726,000 people) in San Diego County were nutrition insecure, meaning they lived in a household without sufficient income to purchase three healthy meals per day.
- https://www.SanDiegoHungerCoali tion.org/Research
 - Nutrition Insecurity & Missing Meals
 - Nutrition Insecurity Rates
 - State of Nutrition Security in San Diego County: Before, During and beyond the COVID-19 Crisis



Source: San Diego Hunger Coalition. September 2022 Data Release & Analysis. San Diego, CA; April 2023. For additional information, including methodology, maps, and data tables, please visit www.sdhunger.org/research.



BEHAVIORAL HEALTH



ADVERSE CHILDHOOD EXPERIENCES (ACES)

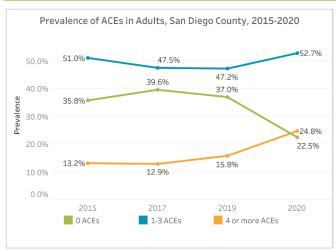








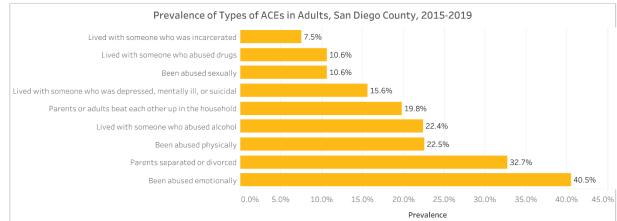
ACEs Among Adults (Adult Retrospective), San Diego County, 2015-2020



The percent of adults in San Diego County who experienced at least one ACE increased from 2015 to 2020.

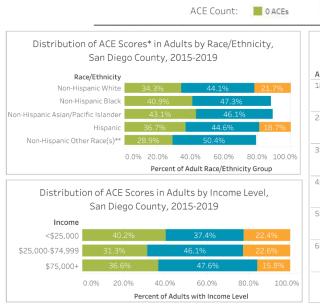
In 2020, roughly **1 in 4** adults reported experiencing **4 or more ACEs** in San Diego County.

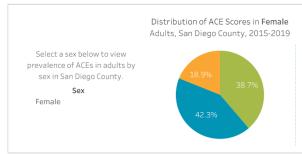
From 2015-2019, emotional abuse (40.5%) was the most common ACE in San Diego County.

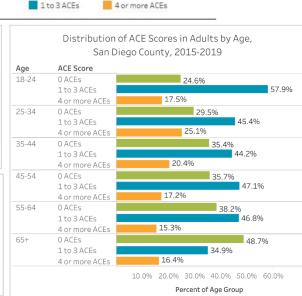


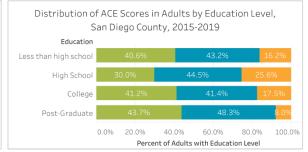
UHHSA

ACEs Among Adults (Adult Retrospective), San Diego County, 2015-2019









^{**} Other Race(s) includes: non-Hispanic American Indian/Alaskan Native, multi-racial, and other race/ethnicity.

Source: Centers for Disease Control (CDC). The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) 2015, 2017, 2019.







^{*}Statistically unstable estimates not shown.

DEATH – AGE-ADJUSTED TRENDS





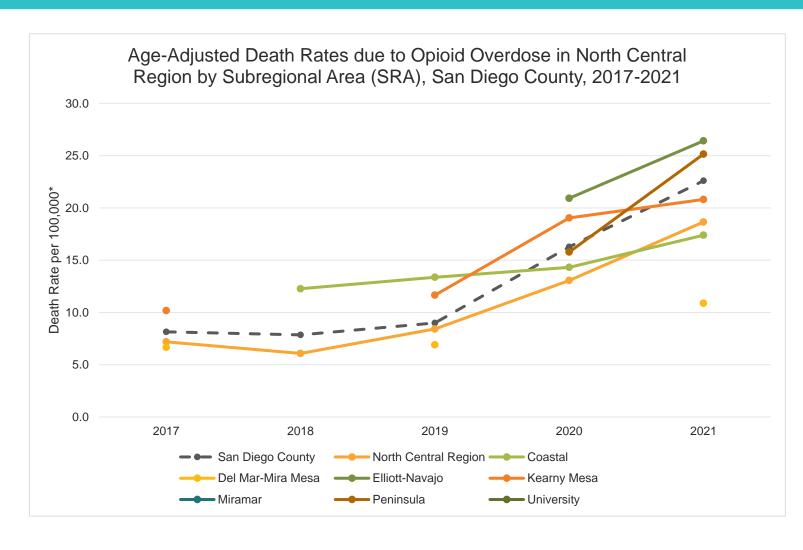




Opioid Overdoses

From 2017-2021, age-adjusted death rates due to opioid overdose increased in North Central Region from 7.2 to 18.7 per 100,000.

Among North Central SRAs, **Elliott- Navajo SRA** had the highest death rate due to opioid overdose (26.4 per 100,000) in 2021.



Source: California Department of Public Health, 2017-2021 California Vital Records Business Intelligence System (VRBIS); San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) Population estimates, 2017-2021. 2020 and 2021 population estimates were derived using the 2010 Census and data should be considered preliminary. The COVID-19 pandemic was associated with increases in all-cause mortality. COVID-19 deaths have affected the patterns of mortality Prepared by County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency. Public Health Services. Community Health Statistics Unit. April 2023.

^{*}Rates not calculated for fewer than 11 cases. Age-adjusted rates per 100,000 residents.

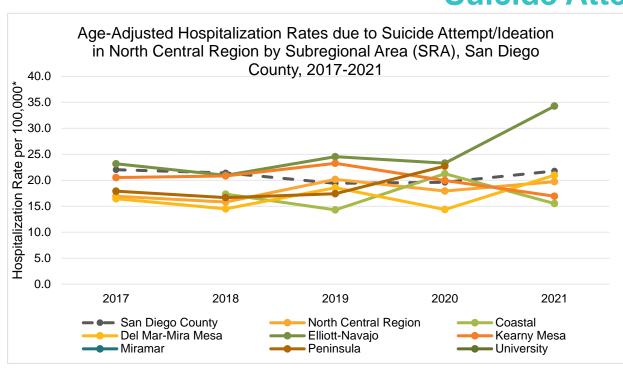


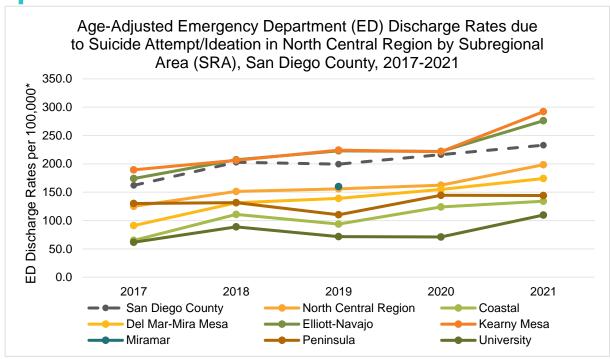






Suicide Attempt/Ideation





From 2017-2021, age-adjusted hospitalization rates due to suicide attempts/ideation **increased** in North Central Region. In 2021, the age-adjusted hospitalization rate in North Central Region (19.7 per 100,00) was slightly lower than in San Diego County (21.8 per 100,000).

From 2017-2021, age-adjusted ED discharge rates due to suicide attempts/ideation **increased** in North Central Region from 125.1 to 198.4 per 100,000. Among North Central Region SRAs, Kearny Mesa SRA had the highest age-adjusted ED discharge rate (292.1 per 100,000) in 2021.

University

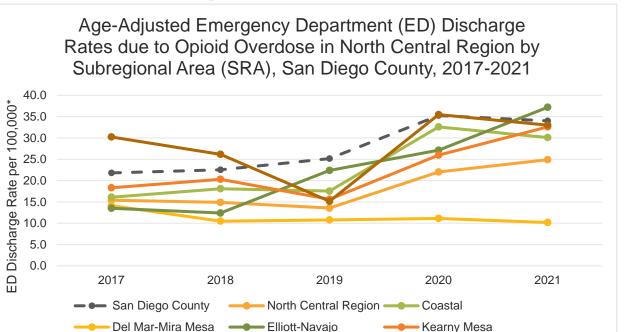




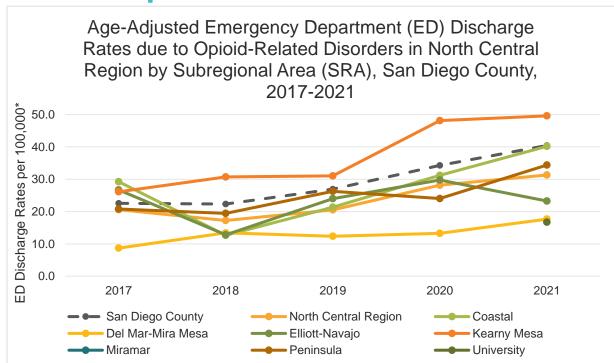




Opioid Overdoses



Opioid-Related Disorders



From 2017-2021, age-adjusted ED discharge rates due to opioid overdose **increased** in North Central Region from 15.4 to 24.9 per 100,000. Among North Central Region SRAs, Elliott-Navajo had the highest age-adjusted ED discharge rate (37.2 per 100,000) in 2021.

Peninsula

Miramar

From 2017-2021, age-adjusted ED discharge rates due to opioid-related disorders **increased** in North Central Region from 20.6 to 31.3 per 100,000. Among North Central Region SRAs, Kearny Mesa SRA had the highest age-adjusted ED discharge rate (49.6 per 100,000) in 2021.

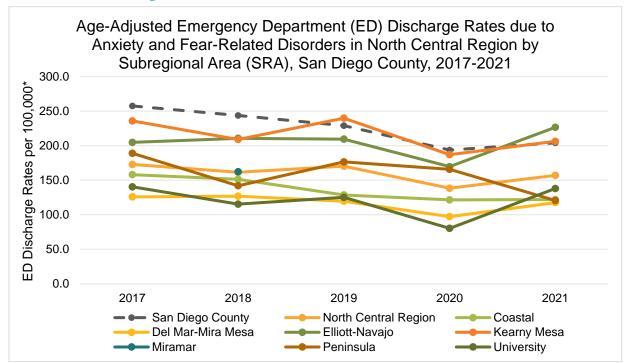




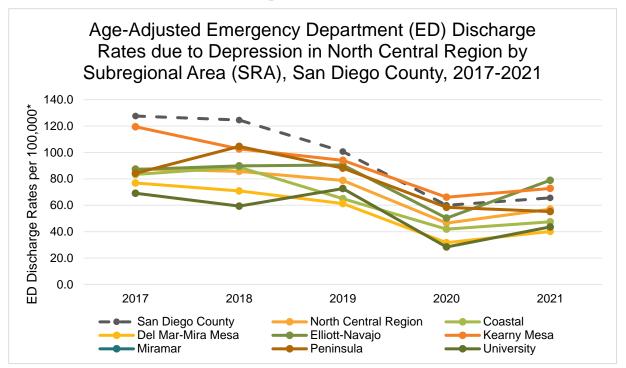




Anxiety and Fear Related Disorders



Depression



From 2017-2021, age-adjusted ED discharge rates due to fear and anxiety-related disorders **decreased** in North Central Region from 172.7 to 156.9 per 100,000. Among North Central Region SRAs, Elliott-Navajo SRA had the highest age-adjusted ED discharge rate (226.6 per 100,000) in 2021.

From 2017-2021, age-adjusted ED discharge rates due to depression **decreased** in North Central Region from 87.6 to 57.1 per 100,000. Among North Central Region SRAs, Elliott-Navajo SRA had the highest age-adjusted ED discharge rate (78.9 per 100,000) in 2021.

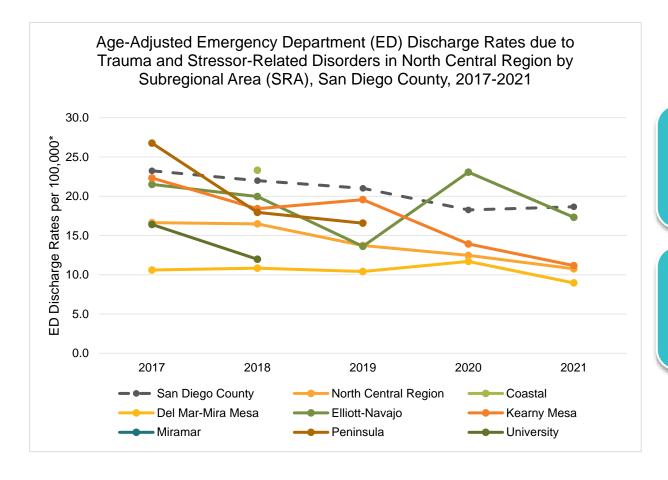








Trauma and Stressor-Related Disorders



From 2017-2021, age-adjusted ED discharge rates due to trauma and stressor-related disorders **decreased** in North Central Region from 16.6 to 10.8 per 100,000.

Among North Central Region SRAs, Elliott-Navajo SRA had the highest age-adjusted ED discharge rate (17.3 per 100,000) in 2021.

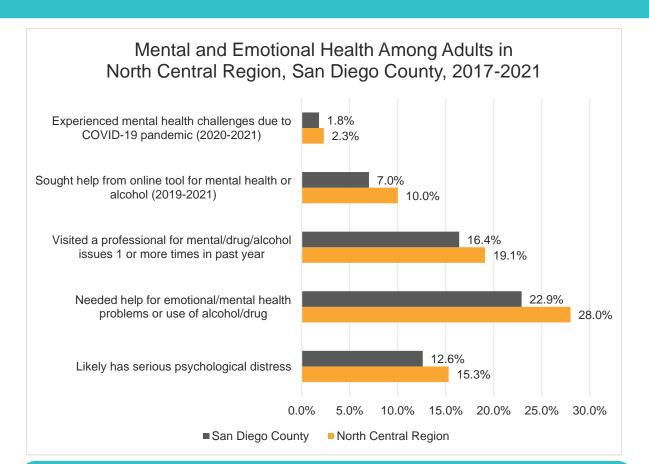
SURVEY DATA - ADULTS



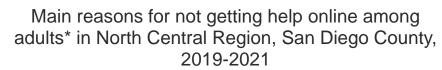


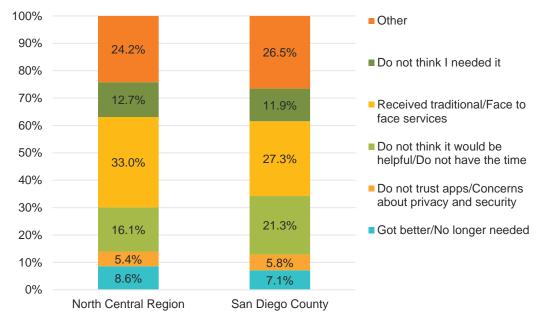






In North Central Region, 28% of adults reported that they needed help for emotional/mental health problems or use of alcohol/drugs. However, 19.1% had visited a professional for mental/drug/alcohol issues 1 or more times the past year.





^{*}Asked of adults who felt they might need to see professional for mental health in past year and did not seek help from online tool.

Among adults who felt they might need to see a professional for mental health in the past year and did not seek help from an online tool, 1 in 3 adults did not seek help online because they received traditional or face to face services.



HOUSING INSECURITY & HOMELESSNESS



2022 POINT-IN-TIME DATA



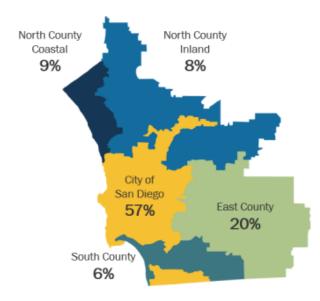






Region Breakdown

	% of the Region	Total Homeless Persons
City of San Diego	57%	4801
North County Inland	8%	697
North County Coastal	9%	745
South County	6%	493
East County	20%	1691



						2020	2020-2022
					2022	Unshelter	Unsheltere
	Sheltered			Unsheltered	ed	d Change	
-		Snert	erea		Unsheitered	Total	a Change
					Total		
City.	ES		CII	Tabal	Total Unsheltered	Unshelter	ov Channa
City		TH	SH	Total		ed	% Change
San Diego City	1,711	568	28 0	2,307	2494	2283	9.2%
Carlsbad	43	0	ļ	43	75	94	-20.2%
Chula Vista (Sweetwater)	41	62	0	103	206	212	-2.8%
Coronado	0	0	0	0	1	16	-93.8%
El Cajon	683	440	0	1,123	185	310	-40.3%
Encinitas (San Deiguito, Solana							
Beach & Del Mar)	25	12	0	37	76	47	61.7%
Escondido (NC Metro &							
Hidden Meadows)	150	14	8	172	182	264	-31.1%
Imperial Beach	0	0	0	0	25	16	56.3%
La Mesa	1	17	0	18	35	52	-32.7%
Lemon Grove	0	0	0	0	31	18	72.2%
National City	0	9	0	9	149	125	19.2%
Oceanside	78	118	0	196	318	242	31.4%
Poway	0	0	0	0	23	15	53.3%
San Marcos	0	0	0	0	12	8	50.0%
Santee	90	9	0	99	48	25	92.0%
Vista (Bonsall)	41	0	0	41	76	51	49.0%
Unincorporated	173**			173			
Alpine (Crest-Dehesa)	0	0	0	0	1	1	0.0%
Fallbrook	0	0	0	0	25	51	-51.0%
Lakeside	0	0	0	0	63	24	162.5%
Ramona	0	0	0	0	21	20	5.0%
Spring Valley (Casa de Oro)	0	0	0	0	60	97	-38.1%
TOTAL	3,036	1,249	36	4,321	4,106	3,971	

Source: Regional Taskforce for the Homeless. WeAllCount: 2022 San Diego Region. Available at: https://www.rtfhsd.org/wp-content/uploads/2022-San-Diego-Region-FINAL_05192022-1.pdf; Regional Taskforce for the Homeless. WeAllCount: 2022 San Diego Region Cities Sheltered and Unsheltered Breakdown. Available at: https://www.rtfhsd.org/wp-content/uploads/2022-San-Diego-Region-Cities-Sheltered-and-Unsheltered-Breakdown-FINAL_05182022.pdf

2022 POINT-IN-TIME DATA









City of San Diego				
Emergency Shelter	Safe Haven	Transitional Housing	Unsheltered	
1711	28	568	2494	
Total: 4,801				

Unsheltered and Sheltered on the night of the count (February 24, 2022).

		2020 Total	2022 Total	2020 -2022 Overall Change
City	Self-sufficiency	Total	Total	% of Total
City of San Die		4,870	4,801	-1%

	2020 Unsheltered	2022 Unsheltered	2020-2022 Unsheltered Change
City	Count	Count	% of Total
City of San Diego	2,283	2,494	9%

	2020 Sheltered		2022 Sheltered	2020-2022 Sheltered Change		
City	ES	TH	SH	Total	Total	% of Total
City of San Diego	1836	715	36	2,587	2307	-11
2022 Sheltered						
ES		TH SH		SH		
1711	1711 568 28		568		28	

2022 Homeless Profile	% of Unsheltered Homeless	# of Unsheltered Persons	% of Sheltered Persons	# of Sheltered Persons
Chronically Homeless	15%	386	24%	558
Veteran	11%	265	11%	245
Females	26%	643	34%	794
Families	2%	55	20%	471
Youth	7%	174	22%	519

Housing Inventory	Beds	Utilization
Emergency Shelter	2481	69%
Safe Haven	39	72%
Transitional Housing	762	75%
Permanent Supportive Housing	6042	75%
Rapid Re-Housing	1498	100%
Other Permanent Housing	2482	61%

Source: Regional Taskforce for the Homeless. WeAllCount: 2022 City of San Diego. Available at: https://www.rtfhsd.org/wp-content/uploads/2022-City-of-San-Diego-Revised-Breakdown-2.5.pdf.

MEDICAL ENCOUNTERS -PERSONS EXPERIENCING **HOMELESSNESS**



Service Day of Week and Month

<u>\$</u> 1500

1,515

Tues

Wed



2020 Emergency Department Data for Persons Experiencing Homelessness





2020 Emergency Department Data for Persons Experiencing Homelessness

Average

Number of

Visits per

Person

Number of Individuals Experiencing Homelessness Discharged from the ED 11.723

Race/Ethnicity

White, non-Hispanic

Black, non-Hispanic Asian, non-Hispanic 162

AIAN, non-Hispanic 30 NHPI, non-Hispanic 20 Multiple Race 118

Hispanic

Some Other Race 596 Unknown 155

Total Number of ED Discharges Experiencing Homelessness

39,431

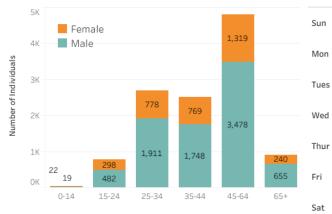
2,681

2,009

3.4

Age Range Median Age 0 to 95 years old 44

Gender by Age*



Preferred Language Spoken



Top 5 Facility

Zipcodes		
92103	5,978	
91942	1,619	
92123	984	
92025	773	
92056	531	

Top 5 Expected Sources of Payment

Medicaid (Medi-Cal)	8,087
Self Pay	1,208
Medicare Part B	1,208
Health Maintenance Organization (HMO)	582
Health Maintenance Organization	159

Top 10 Primary Diagnosis Groups

Skin and subcutaneous tissue infections	802
Alcohol-related disorders	528
Suicidal ideation/attempt/intentional self-harm	527
Schizophrenia spectrum and other psychotic disorders	522
Musculoskeletal pain, not low back pain	440
Abdominal pain and other digestive/abdomen signs and symptoms	385
Superficial injury; contusion, initial encounter	382
Nonspecific chest pain	328
Stimulant-related disorders	285
Respiratory signs and symptoms	262

Top 3 Patient Dispositions

Discharged to home or self care (routine discharge)	10,333
Left against medical advice or discontinued care	461
Discharged/Transferred to a psychiatric hospital or psychiatric distinctpart unit of a hospital	408

Footnote: Additional discharges of the same individual were removed from the total. AIAN: American Indian/Alaska Native. NHPI: Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander *Individuals with unknown gender or age are not included in count of gender by age.



Footnote: Additional discharges of the same individual were removed from the total. Source: California Department of Health Care Access and Information (HCAI), Emergency Department Discharge Data, 2020.

Prepared by: County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit, 06/2022.





MEDICAL ENCOUNTERS – PERSONS EXPERIENCING HOMELESSNESS









2020 Hospital Discharge Data for Persons Experiencing Homelessness

Average

Number of

Visits per

Person

Number of Individuals Experiencing Homelessness Discharged from the Hospital

4,917

Total Number of Hospital Discharges Experiencing Homelessness

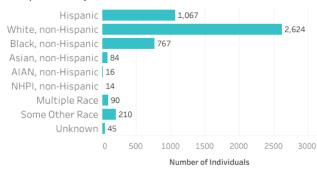
1.9

Median Age 53

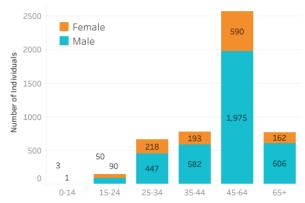
Age Range

0 to 91 years old

Race/Ethnicity



Gender by Age



Preferred Language Spoken



2020 Hospital Discharge Data for Persons Experiencing Homelessness

Admittance Day of Week and Month



Average Length of Stay: 7 days

Top 5 Facility Zipcodes

92103	2,489
91942	499
92123	405
92025	327
92056	233

Top 5 Expected Sources of Payment

2,489	Medi-Cal	3,45
499	Medicare	1,10
405	Self-Pay	14
327	Private Coverage	12
233	Other Government	8

Top 10 Primary Diagnoses

S	Septicemia	688
S	Skin and subcutaneous tissue infections	473
Δ	Alcohol-related disorders	226
H	Heart failure	216
С	Diabetes mellitus with complication	180
P	Poisoning by drugs, initial encounter	160
Т	Fraumatic brain injury (TBI); concussion, initial encounter	99
F	Fracture of the lower limb (except hip), initial encounter	98
C	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and bronchiectasis	83
P	Pneumonia (except that caused by tuberculosis)	78

Top 3 Patient Dispositions

Discharged to home or self care (routine discharge)	3,072
Discharged/transferred to skilled nursing facility (SNF) with Medicare certification in in anticipation of skilled care	813
Left against medical advice or discontinued care	421

Footnote: Additional discharges of the same individual were removed from the total. All hospitalizations represent acute care facilities only. AIAN: American Indian/Alaska Native. NHPI: Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander. Source: California Department of Health Care Access and Information (HCAI), Patient Discharge Data, 2020. Prepared by: County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit, 06/2022.



Footnote: Additional discharges of the same individual were removed from the total. All hospitalizations represent acute care facilities only. Source: California Department of Health Care Access and Information (HCAI), Patient Discharge Data, 2020. Prepared by: County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit, 06/2022.



SELF-SUFFICIENCY









- This interactive tool helps to visualize the minimum wage required for selfsufficiency* based on the average amount spent on necessities in each Health and Human Services Agency (HHSA) region, subregional area (SRA), and San Diego
- economically selfsufficient.

Select household type Use the drop-down filters to choose geography County overall. Select household type to explore the differences in the income required to be

Self-Sufficiency Standard* for San Diego County, 2021^ The self-sufficiency standard measures how much income is needed for a household of a certain composition to adequately meet their basic needs without public or private assistance This interactive tool helps to visualize the minimum wage required for self-sufficiency* based on the average amount spent on basic necessities in each Health and Human Services Agency (HHSA) Region, subregional area (SRA), and San Diego County overall. Select household type to explore the differences in the income required to be economically self-sufficient: Single-Adult Household Household with 2 Adults Single Parent Household with 2 Children (1 Preschool-Age, 1 School-Age) Household with 2 Adults, 2 Children (1 Preschool-Age, 1 School-Age) Select San Diego County/HHSA Region and subregional area (SRA) to explore the differences by geography. San Diego County and HHSA Regions Subregional Area (SRA) San Diego County Self-Sufficiency* Income for a Household with 2 Adults, 2 Children (1 Preschool-Age, 1 School-Age), 2021 The average minimum income required to be economically self-sufficient without public or private assistance (based on each adult

San Diego	County	Alpine SRA	Annual Self-Sufficiency* Income for a Household with 2 Adults, 2 Children (1 Preschool-Age, 1 School-Age), Alpine SRA, 2021
Hourly (per adult)	\$19.71	\$21.04	XXX MARKET
Monthly	\$6,832.37	\$7,295.32	The second of
Annual	\$81,988.42	\$87,543.89	
Monthly Contribution to Emergency Savings Fund			Alpine SRA
San Diego	County	Alpine SRA	\$87,543.89
\$131.	46	\$146.95	© Mapbox © OSM 50 mi

SELF-SUFFICIENCY – SINGLE ADULT

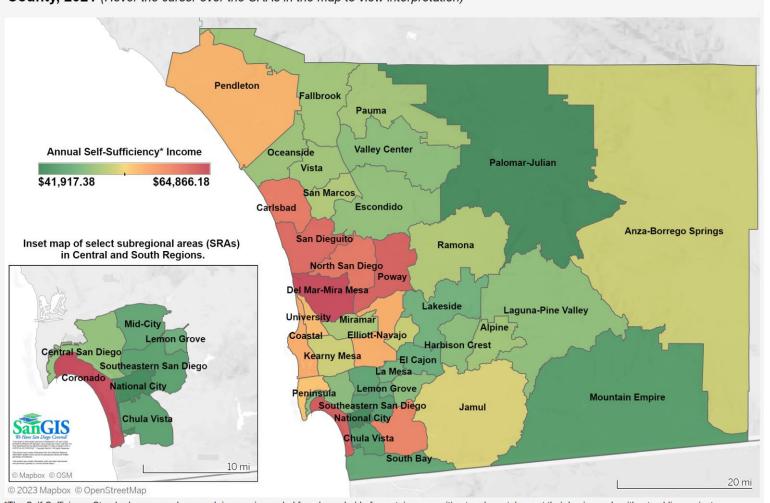








Annual Self-Sufficiency* Income for a Single-Adult Household by Subregional Area (SRA), San Diego County, 2021 (Hover the cursor over the SRAs in the map to view interpretation)



^{*}The Self-Sufficiency Standard measures how much income is needed for a household of a certain composition to adequately meet their basic needs without public or private assistance. (http://www.selfsufficiencystandard.org/). ^Estimates based on the most recent data available. See the San Diego County Self-Sufficiency Standard Brief on www.SDHealthStatistics.com for detailed information on methodology.

SELF-SUFFICIENCY – 2 ADULTS, 2 CHILDREN

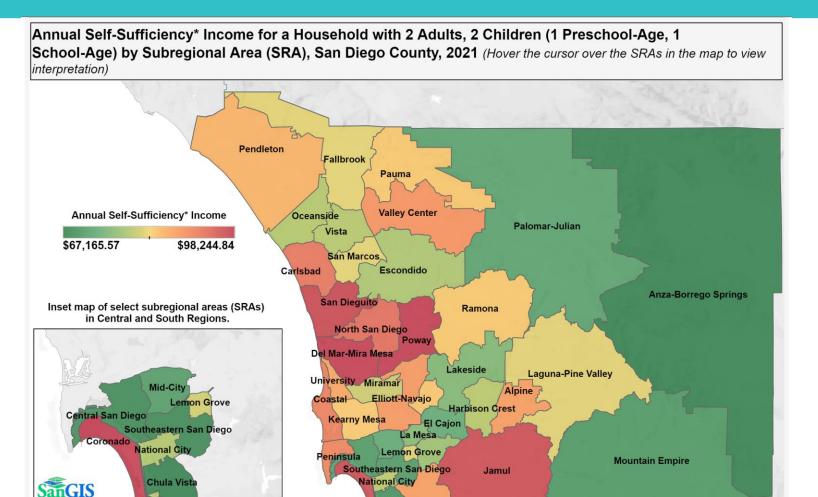




20 mi







10 mi

© Mapbox © OSM

© 2023 Mapbox © OpenStreetMap

hula Vista

South Bay

^{*}The Self-Sufficiency Standard measures how much income is needed for a household of a certain composition to adequately meet their basic needs without public or private assistance. (http://www.selfsufficiencystandard.org/). ^Estimates based on the most recent data available. See the San Diego County Self-Sufficiency Standard Brief on www.SDHealthStatistics.com for detailed information on methodology.

SELF-SUFFICIENCY – SINGLE ADULT, 2 CHILDREN

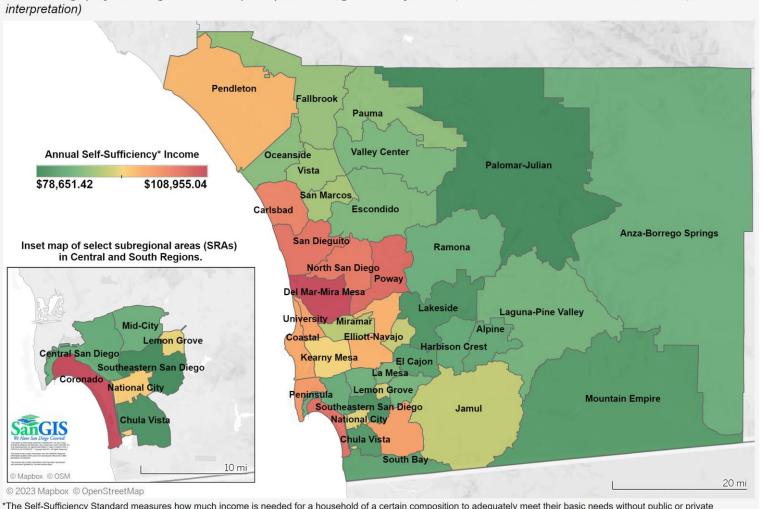








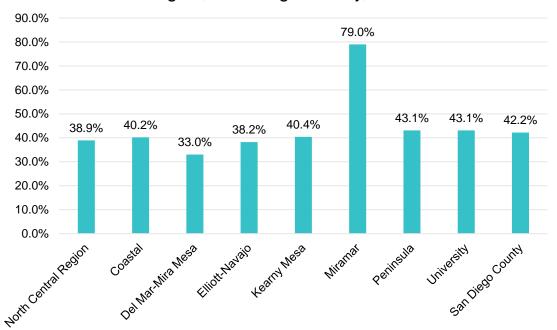




^{*}The Self-Sufficiency Standard measures how much income is needed for a household of a certain composition to adequately meet their basic needs without public or private assistance. (http://www.selfsufficiencystandard.org/). *Estimates based on the most recent data available. See the San Diego County Self-Sufficiency Standard Brief on www.SDHealthStatistics.com for detailed information on methodology.

INCOME SPENT ON HOUSING

Proportion of Households Spending 30 Percent or More of Household Income on Housing, North Central Region, San Diego County, 2021



In 2021, more than 1 in 3 households in North Central Region spent 30% or more of their household income on housing.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017-2021 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, Table S2503. Prepared by: County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit, 2023.

Poverty Dashboard Series, San Diego County

WORKING-AGE

POPULATION < 18

Proportion of households spending 30 percent or more of household income on housing, 2020

Healthy People 2030 (HP2030) sets data-driven national objectives to improve health and well-being over the next decade. Healthy People 2030 includes 358 core or measurable objectives as well as developmental and research objectives.(1) This interactive dashboard focuses on the HP2030 objective related to economic stability - proportion of households spending more than 30 percent of household income on housing. Hover over a census tract for interpretation and to view if the HP2030 target was met.

Healthy People 2030 Objective (SDOH*-04): Reduce the proportion of families that spend more than 30 percent of income on housing.

HP2030 Target: 25.5%

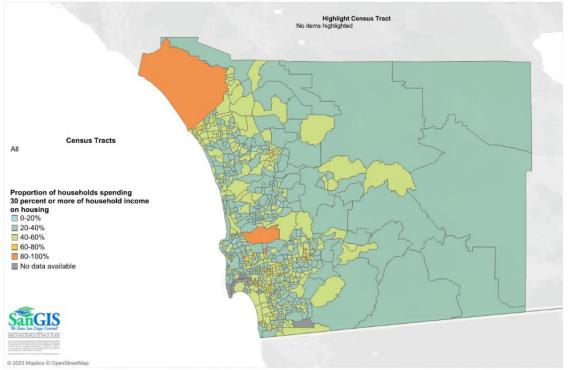
Proportion of households spending 30 percent or more of household income on housing, 2020

United States: 30.4%

California: 40.1%

San Diego County: 42.0%

Proportion of households spending 30 percent or more of household income on housing by census tract, San Diego County, 2020



*SDOH: Social Determinants of Health. (1) Healthy People 2030, U.S.Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Disease Prevention and Health Promotion (ODPHF

Source: U.S. Census Bureau; 2016-2020 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, Table S2503

Prepared by: County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit, October 2022





Cost of Living for Older Adults (Ages 65 Years and Over), San Diego County, 2022*

This cost of living tool helps to highlight the economic issues faced by the aging population in San Diego County. This tool helps determine the basic costs of living for older adults (those aged 65 years and over).

This interactive tool helps to visualize the amount spent on basic necessities for older adults in each Health and Human Services Agency (HHSA) Region, subregional area (SRA), and San Diego County overall. Select household composition, housing tenure, and geography to explore the differences in the expenditure on basic necessities.

> Older Adult Couple Select household composition: Single Older Adult Owner-Occupied Household Select housing tenure Renter-Occupied Household

Select San Diego County/HHSA Region and subregional area (SRA) to explore the differences by geography:

San Diego County and HHSA Regions North Central Region	Subregional Area (SRA) Coastal
	Countries

Cost of Living for an Older Adult Couple, Renter-Occupied Household, 2022

The average costs for housing, food, healthcare, transportation, and miscellaneous expenditure.

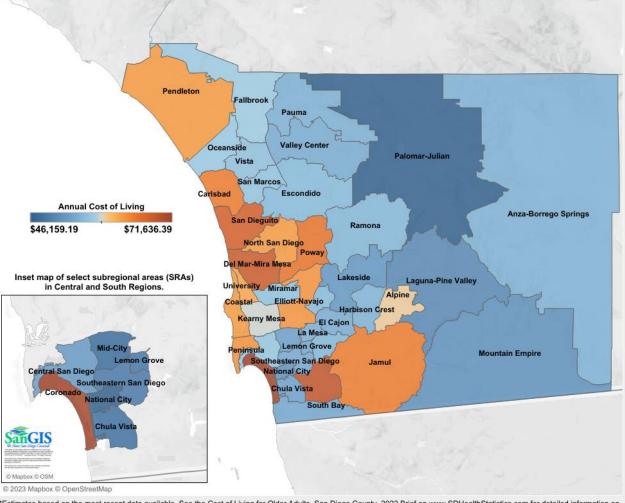
North Ce	entral Region	Coastal SRA	Annual Cost of Living for an Older Adult Couple, Renter-Occupied Household, Coastal SRA, 2022
Monthly Expenditure	\$5,182.23	\$5,218.08	
Annual Expenditure	\$62,186.73	\$62,616.90	Coastal SRA \$62,616,90

Monthly Expenses for an Older Adult Couple, Renter-Occupied Household, 2022

The average amount spent per month by expense type to meet basic necessities without public or private assistance.



Estimated Annual Cost of Living* for an Older Adult Couple, Renter-Occupied Household by Subregional Area (SRA), San Diego County, 2022 (Hover the cursor over the SRAs in the map to view interpretation)



*Estimates based on the most recent data available. See the Cost of Living for Older Adults, San Diego County, 2022 Brief on www.SDHealthStatistics.com for detailed information on

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau; 2017-2021 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, Tables B25007, B25027, B25088, B25064, B51925, S1903. U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 2021 Fair Market Rents (40th Percentile Rents), HUD's Office of Policy Development and Research (PD&R), (https://www.huduser.gov/portal/datasets/fmr.html#2021_query). Official U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Food Plans: Cost of Food at Home at Three Levels, U.S. Average, December 2022. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Expenditures for the San Diego Metropolitan Area: 2020-2021. Kaiser Parmanente, Kaiser Senior Advantage Plan, 2022.(https://healthy.kaiserpermanente.org/content/dam/kporg/final/documents/health-plan-documents/summary-of-benefits/medi care/2022/summary-of-benefits-san-diego-scal.pdf).Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, 2022 Medicare Parts A&B Premiums and Deductibles, (https://www.cms.gov/newsroom/fact-sheets/2022-medicare-parts-b-premiums-and-deductibles2022-medicare-part-d-income-related-monthly-adjustment). U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Expenditures Surveys 2020-2021, consumer units of one person by age of reference person, consumer units of two people by age of reference person. UCLA Center for Health Policy Research, Elder Index Cost of Living Dashboard, California, 2019. (https://healthpolicy.ucla.edu/programs/health-disparities/elder-health/elder-index-da-









Prepared by: County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit, February 2023.

Cost of Living for Older Adults (Ages 65 Years and Over), San Diego County, 2022*

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This interactive tool helps to visualize the amount spent on basic necessities for older adults in each Health and Human Services Agency (HHSA) Region, subregional area (SRA), and San Diego County overall. Select household composition, housing tenure, and geography to explore the differences in the expenditure on basic necessities.

> Older Adult Couple Select household composition: Single Older Adult Owner-Occupied Household Select housing tenure Renter-Occupied Household

Select San Diego County/HHSA Region and subregional area (SRA) to explore the differences by geography:

San Diego County and HHSA Regions North Central Region	Subregional Area (SRA) Elliott-Navajo

Cost of Living for a Single Older Adult, Renter-Occupied Household, 2022

The average costs for housing, food, healthcare, transportation, and miscellaneous expenditure.

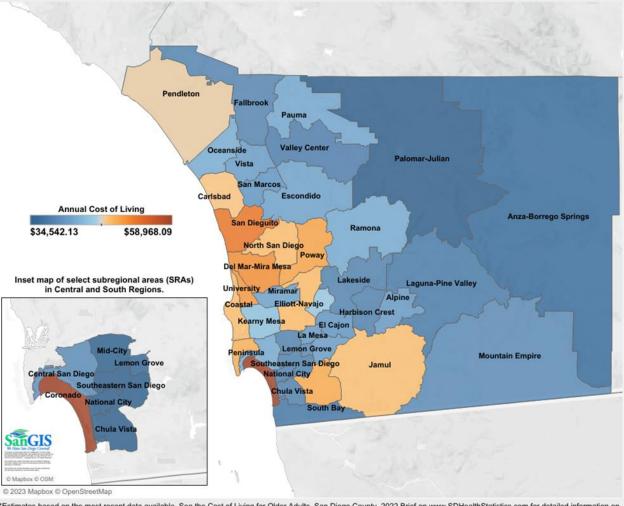
North Ce	entral Region	Elliott-Navajo SRA	Annual Cost of Living for a Single Older Adult, Renter-Occupied Household, Elliott-Navajo SRA, 2022
Monthly Expenditure	\$3,932.18	\$4,018.74	
Annual Expenditure	\$47,186.19	\$48,224.87	Elliott-Navajo SRA \$48,224.87

Monthly Expenses for a Single Older Adult, Renter-Occupied Household, 2022

The average amount spent per month by expense type to meet basic necessities without public or private assistance.



Estimated Annual Cost of Living* for a Single Older Adult, Renter-Occupied Household by Subregional Area (SRA), San Diego County, 2022 (Hover the cursor over the SRAs in the map to view interpretation)



*Estimates based on the most recent data available. See the Cost of Living for Older Adults, San Diego County, 2022 Brief on www.SDHealthStatistics.com for detailed information on

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau; 2017-2021 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, Tables B25007, B25027, B25088, B25064, B51925, S1903. U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 2021 Fair Market Rents (40th Percentile Rents), HUD's Office of Policy Development and Research (PD&R), (https://www.huduser.gov/portal/datasets/fmr.html#2021_query). Official U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Food Plans: Cost of Food at Home at Three Levels, U.S. Average, December 2022. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Expenditures for the San Diego Metropolitan Area: 2020-2021. Kaiser Parmanente, Kaiser Senior Advantage Plan, 2022.(https://healthy.kaiserpermanente.org/content/dam/kporg/final/documents/health-plan-documents/summary-ofcare/2022/summary-of-benefits-san-diego-scal.pdf). Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, 2022 Medicare Parts A&B Premiums and Deductibles. (https://www.cms.gov/newsroom/fact-sheets/2022-medicare-parts-b-premiums-and-deductibles2022-medicare-part-d-income-related-monthly-adjustment), U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Expenditures Surveys 2020-2021, consumer units of one person by

age of reference person, consumer units of two people by age of reference person. UCLA Center for Health Policy Research, Elder Index







Cost of Living Dashboard, California, 2019. (https://healthpolicy.ucla.edu/programs/health-disparities/elder-health/elder-index-da-Prepared by: County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit, February 2023.



CHSU PRODUCTS







HEALTH DASHBOARDS

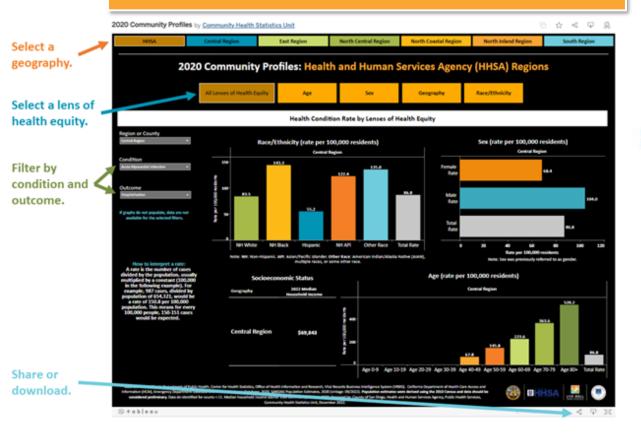




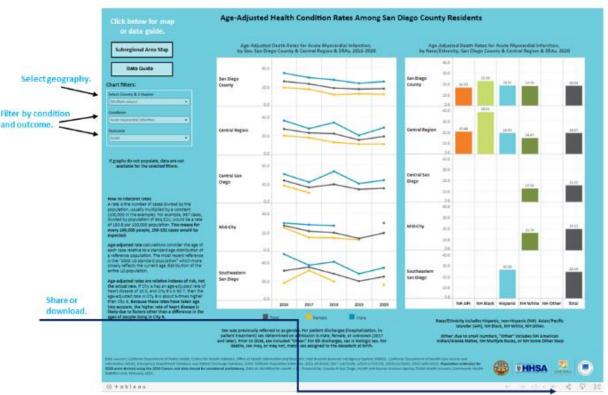




Community Profiles (by Region or Municipality)



Community Profile Age-Adjusted Trends (by Region or Municipality)



HEALTH EQUITY DASHBOARDS





to navigate

between

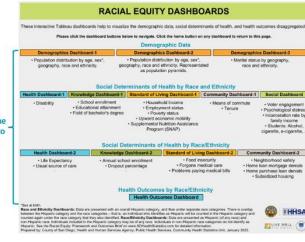
Hover the





Racial Equity Dashboard

Click the colored dashboard buttons on the home page to navigate to different dashboards

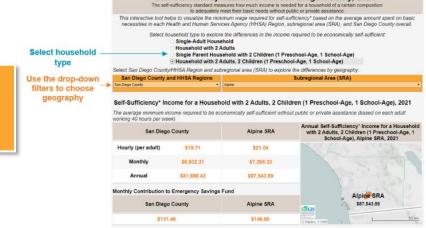


Self-Sufficiency Standard* for San Diego County, 2021^

Socioeconomic **Disparities Dashboard**

Map of San Diego County by Census Tract

Self-Sufficiency Dashboard



Poverty Dashboard

An "Area of Persistent Poverty" is defined for the RAISE grant program by the cursor over the census tracts in the map to view

> hsalmonams/chs/Epidemiclops/COVID-mmay/9/30an/9/30/Jacquetions/9/309accrt.pdf Accessed 5/27/2022 2015-2019 American rz. Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit. June 2022.

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILES









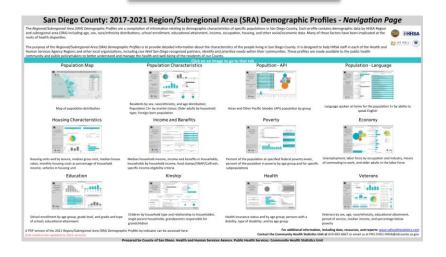
PDF



Available for:

- Regions and Subregional Areas
- Supervisorial Districts
- Cities and the Unincorporated Area

Interactive Tableau Dashboards



Available for:

- Regions and Subregional Areas
- Supervisorial Districts
- Cities and the Unincorporated Area
- Census Tracts

QUESTIONS?









For more information, including data, resources and reports from Public Health Services:

www.SDHealthStatistics.com

For More Information:

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Joanna Hutchinson

Joanna.Hutchinson@sdcounty.ca.gov



