GLOSSARY OF TERMS

**Apparent Life Threatening Event (ALTE)/Brief Resolved Unexplained Event (BRUE):** An episode involving an infant less than 12 months of age which is frightening to the observer and is characterized by one of more of the following:
1. Apnea (central or obstructive)
2. Color change (cyanosis, pallor, erythema)
3. Marked change in muscle tone
4. Unexplained choking or gagging

**Definitive Therapy:** Immediate or anticipated immediate need for administration of a fluid bolus or medications.

**End Tidal CO\(_2\) (EtCO\(_2\)) – Quantitative Capnography:** Quantitative capnometer to continuously monitor end tidal CO\(_2\) is mandatory for use in the intubated patient.

**Esophageal Tracheal Airway Device (ETAD):** The “Combitube” is the only such airway approved for prehospital use in San Diego County. See also PAA.

**IV/IO:** Intravenous/Intraosseous

**Laryngeal/Tracheal (LT) Airway:** The “King Airway” is the only such airway approved for prehospital use in San Diego County. See also PAA.

**LEADSD:** Acronym for the steps to be performed in the assessment and documentation of endotracheal intubation attempts:
- Lung Sounds,
- End Tidal CO\(_2\) Detection Device,
- Absence of Abdominal Sounds,
- Depth, Size,
- Documentation

**Minor:** A person under the age of 18 and who is not emancipated.

**Nebulizer:** O\(_2\) powered delivery system for administration of normal saline or medications.

**Opioid:** Any derivative, natural or synthetic, of opium or morphine or any substance that has effects on opioid receptors (e.g., analgesia, somnolence, respiratory depression).

**Opioid Dependent Pain Management Patient:** An individual who is taking prescribed opioids for chronic pain management, particularly those with opioid infusion devices.

**Opioid Overdose, Symptomatic:** Decreased level of consciousness and respiratory depression (e.g., respiratory rate of less than 12) or ETCO2 > or equal to 40.
**Pediatric Patient**: Children appearing to be <15 years.
Pediatric Trauma patient is determined by age, regardless of weight. **Neonate**: up to 30 days. **Infant**: one month to one year of age.

**Perilaryngeal Airway Adjunct (PAA):**

**Esophageal Tracheal Airway Device (ETAD)**: The “Combitube” is the only such airway approved for prehospital use in San Diego County.

**OR**

**Laryngeal/Tracheal (LT) Airway**: The “King Airway” is the only such airway approved for prehospital use in San Diego County.

**“Shock”** is defined by the following criteria:

**Patient’s age:**

1. ≥15 years:
   - Systolic BP <80 mmHg **OR**
   - Systolic BP <90 mmHg **AND** exhibiting any of the following signs of inadequate perfusion:
     a. Altered mental status (decreased LOC, confusion, agitation)
     b. Tachycardia
     c. Pallor
     d. Diaphoresis

2. <15 years:
   - Exhibiting any of the following signs of inadequate perfusion:
     a. Altered mental status (decreased LOC, confusion, agitation)
     b. Tachycardia (<5yrs ≥180bpm; ≥5yrs ≥160bpm)
     c. Pallor, mottling or cyanosis
     d. Diaphoresis
     e. Comparison (difference) of peripheral vs. central pulses
     f. Delayed capillary refill
     g. Systolic BP < [70 +(2 x age)]

**Unstable (adult)**: Systolic BP <90 and chest pain, dyspnea or altered LOC.