

What You Need To Know About Long COVID



Although most people with COVID-19 get better within weeks of illness, some people experience Post-COVID Conditions.

WHAT is Long COVID?

BE COVIDSAFE ✓

- Some people who have been infected with the virus that causes COVID-19 can experience long-term effects from their infection, known as Long COVID or Post-COVID Conditions.
- Long COVID can first be identified when a person has symptoms for at least 4 weeks after the COVID-19 infection.

WHY are experts concerned? Why should we be concerned?

- In July 2021, Long COVID was added as a condition that could result in [a disability under the Americans with Disabilities Act \(ADA\)](#).
- Symptoms of Long COVID can vary from person-to-person. People who experience Long COVID commonly report:
 - Tiredness or fatigue that interferes with daily life
 - Symptoms that get worse after physical or mental effort
 - Fever
 - Difficulty breathing or shortness of breath
 - Cough
 - Chest pain
 - Fast-beating or pounding heart (also known as heart palpitations)
 - Difficulty thinking or concentrating (sometimes referred to as "brain fog")
 - Headache
 - Sleep problems
 - Dizziness when you stand up (lightheadedness)
 - Pins-and-needles feeling
 - Change in smell or taste
 - Depression or anxiety
 - Diarrhea
 - Stomach pain
 - Joint or muscle pain
 - Rash
 - Changes in menstrual period cycles

WHO is at greatest risk?

- Anyone who had COVID-19 can develop Long COVID, including people who had COVID-19 with mild or no symptoms. Some people may be more at-risk for developing Long COVID, including people who:
 - Have experienced more severe COVID-19 illness.
 - Had [underlying health conditions](#) prior to COVID-19.
 - Did not get a COVID-19 vaccine.

HOW can I protect myself and my family?

- The best way to prevent long COVID is to [protect yourself and others](#) from becoming infected, including:
 - Staying [up-to-date with COVID-19 vaccines](#).
 - Improving [ventilation](#).
 - [Getting tested](#) for COVID-19, if needed.
 - [Seeking treatment](#) for COVID-19, if eligible.
 - Avoiding [close contact](#) with people who have suspected or confirmed COVID-19.
 - [Washing hands](#) or using alcohol-based hand sanitizer.

WHERE can I get vaccinated?

- Please visit [MyTurn.ca.gov](https://myturn.ca.gov), talk to your healthcare provider, or call 2-1-1 to find a location nearest you.

For more information on COVID-19 vaccines, please visit:
coronavirus-sd.com/vaccine

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