

County of San Diego Monthly STD Report

Volume 18, Issue 4: Data through November 2025; Report released April 30, 2026.



Table 1. STDs Reported Among County of San Diego Residents, by Month and Previous 12 Months Combined.

	2024		2025	
	November	Previous 12-Month Period*	November	Previous 12-Month Period*
Chlamydia	1259	16183	1157	15305
Female age 18-25	424	5375	420	5022
Female age ≤ 17	44	565	27	604
Male rectal chlamydia	75	1235	58	836
Gonorrhea	478	6107	430	5273
Female age 18-25	43	577	32	388
Female age ≤ 17	11	83	0	37
Male rectal gonorrhea	117	1465	121	1260
Early Syphilis (adult total)	46	711	34	528
Primary	7	107	0	77
Secondary	15	186	10	140
Early latent	24	418	24	311
Congenital syphilis	4	29	1	29

* Cumulative case count of the previous 12 months.

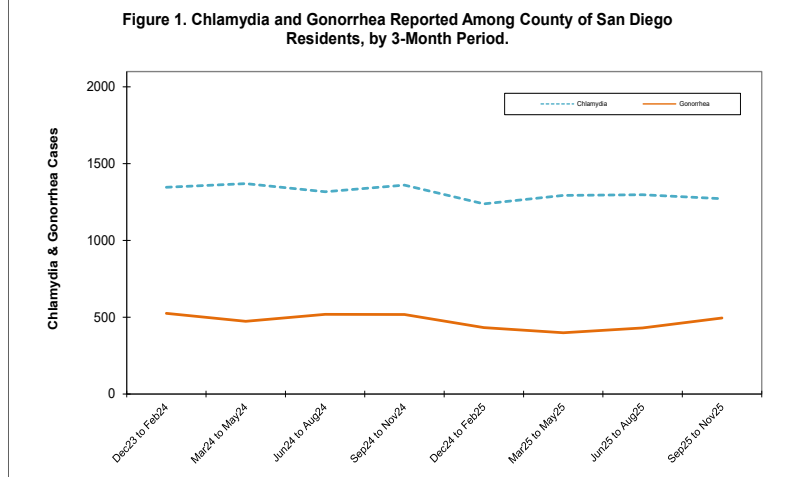
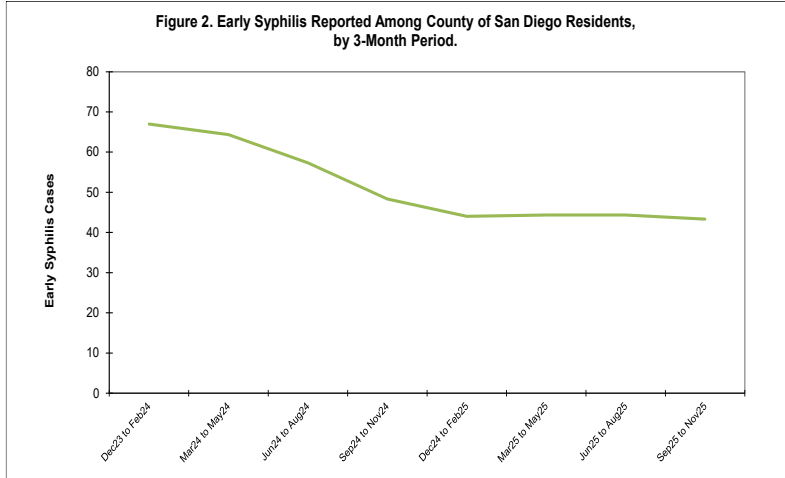


Table 2. Selected STD Cases and Annualized Rates per 100,000 Population for San Diego County by Age and Race/Ethnicity, Year-to-Date.

	All Races*		Asian/PI		Black		Hispanic		White	
	cases	rate	cases	rate	cases	rate	cases	rate	cases	rate
All ages										
Chlamydia	14181	470.2	421	110.1	587	414.6	1654	157.7	1849	141.6
Gonorrhea	4843	160.6	177	46.3	324	228.9	1052	321.2	975	74.7
Early Syphilis	482	16.0	20	5.2	55	38.8	223	21.3	122	9.3
Under 20 yrs										
Chlamydia	2395	318.6	41	51.6	99	285.3	208	63.5	305	117.0
Gonorrhea	235	31.3	9	11.3	21	60.5	42	12.8	36	13.8
Early Syphilis	10	1.3	0	0.0	3	8.6	4	1.2	2	0.8



Note: Rates are calculated using 2024 Population Estimates; County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services Division, Community Health Statistics Unit. 09/2025.
* Includes cases designated as "other," "unknown," or missing race/ethnicity.

Note: All data are provisional. Case counts are based on the earliest of date of diagnosis, date of specimen collection, and treatment date. Totals for past months might change because of delays in reporting from labs and providers.

Editorial Note: Vaccination Recommended for High-Risk Californians as Mpox Cases Rise Statewide

On April 17, 2026, the California Department of Public Health (CDPH) issued a [news release](#) encouraging Californians at high risk for mpox to get vaccinated in the context of rising cases across the state and a recent travel-associated case of clade I mpox in San Francisco. At the time of the report, California was experiencing more than double the average weekly number of clade II mpox cases compared to the same period in previous years (14.5 weekly cases compared to 5.8 in 2024 and 3.4 in 2025). Most of these infections occurred among people who were unvaccinated [1]. In San Diego County, there have been 12 mpox cases reported in 2026 (see **Figure 3**), 10 (83%) of which occurred in unvaccinated individuals and two (17%) of which occurred in fully vaccinated individuals (unpublished data from the HIV, STD, and Hepatitis Branch, Department of Public Health Services, County of San Diego Health and Human Services Agency).

On April 14, 2026, the San Francisco Department of Public Health confirmed the first clade I mpox case in a San Francisco resident. The case occurred in an unvaccinated adult who was hospitalized and improving and reported close contact with someone who had traveled internationally to an area where clade I mpox virus is circulating [2]. This is the seventh clade I mpox case in California since November 2024 and the first in San Francisco. Clade I mpox infections can be severe, and people with weakened immune systems have the highest risk of severe disease and hospitalization. (continued on page 2)



County of San Diego Monthly STD Report

Volume 18, Issue 4: Data through November 2025; Report released April 30, 2026.



Editorial Note: Continued

The two-dose JYNNEOS vaccine is safe and effective in preventing severe mpox illness and reducing the risk of infection from clade I and clade II mpox. Maximal protection is achieved approximately two weeks after completion of the two-dose series. CDPH recommends the JYNNEOS vaccine for anyone who is vulnerable to mpox, *including persons planning to travel internationally who anticipate sexual or intimate contact while traveling*, or requests the vaccine [3]. Mpox vaccine is readily available through healthcare providers in San Diego County. For those who do not have a healthcare provider and/or experience barriers getting the vaccine, the JYNNEOS vaccine is available through the [County Sexual Health Clinics](#).

Figure 3. Mpox Cases Reported Among San Diego County Residents by Episode Month, January 2024 – April 2026

