Tijuana River Valley Sewage Emergency: Assessment of Chemical Exposure (ACE) Results







County of San Diego HHSA





ACE Goals and Objectives



- Goal: Assess individual-level impacts through an on-line survey related to sewage exposure from the Tijuana River Valley
- Objectives:
 - Understand concerns of air and water exposure from contamination
 - Explore concerns about residential, occupational, recreational and other environmental exposures and health effects
 - Obtain parents' responses on behalf of children under age 18

CASPER* vs. ACE

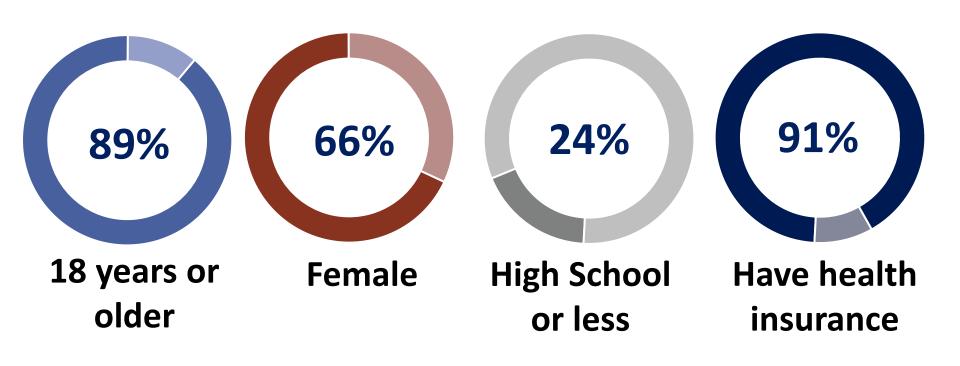
	CASPER	ACE
Level	Household summary responses	Individual-level responses
Method	In person interview	Self-administered on-line survey
Eligibility	Residents only	Residents, workers, visitors
Children	Child data captured as part of household response	Parents/guardians could answer for individual children
Timing	October 18 -20, 2024	October 21 - November 25, 2024
Sample	189 households interviewed	2099 completed surveys
Locations	Imperial Beach, Nestor, San Ysidro	Imperial Beach, Nestor, San Ysidro, Otay Mesa West, Silver Strand, Coronado

^{*}Community Assessment for Public Health Emergency Response

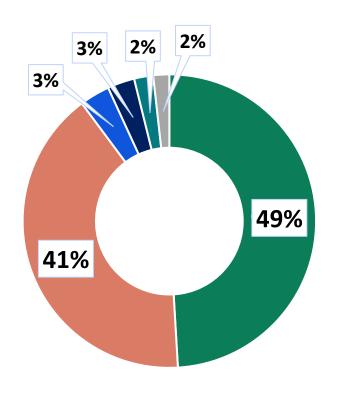




Summary of 2,099 participants



Race and Ethnicity

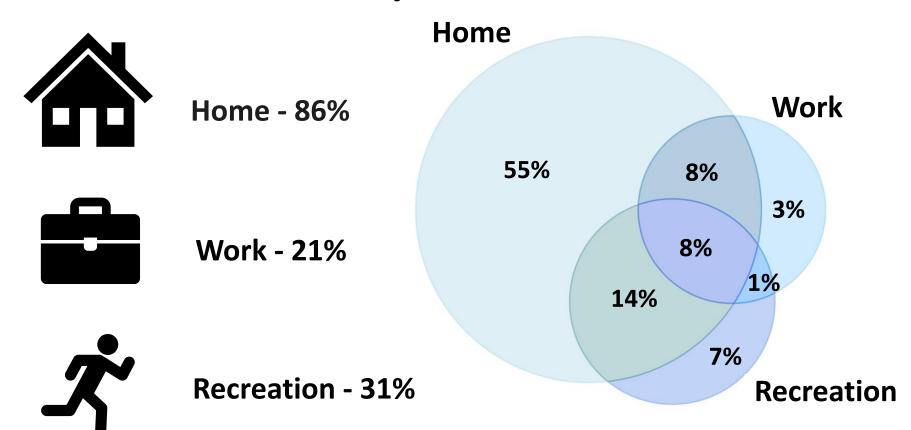


- Hispanic/Latino (n = 1,003)
- White* (n = 833)
- Asian* (n = 68)
- Multiracial*(n = 61)
- Black/African American* (n = 43)
- Other** (n = 36)

172 Spanish surveys taken

^{*}Non-Hispanic; **Includes non-Hispanic Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, American Indian or Alaska Native, and Middle Eastern or North African

Reasons for Time Spent in the Affected Area



Among Those Working in the Affected Area (n=443)



25%

of workers had direct contact with contaminated river or beach water

Occupations with direct water contact:

- Protective services: Lifeguards, firefighters, and law enforcement including park rangers
- Construction and extraction
- Building and grounds maintenance
- Architects and engineers

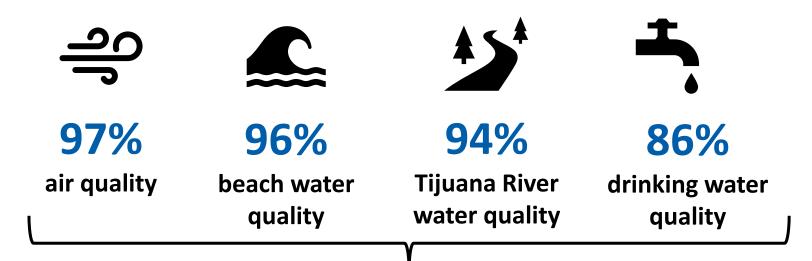








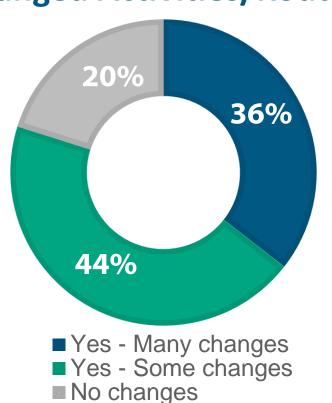
92% of Respondents Were Very Concerned about the Sewage Crisis



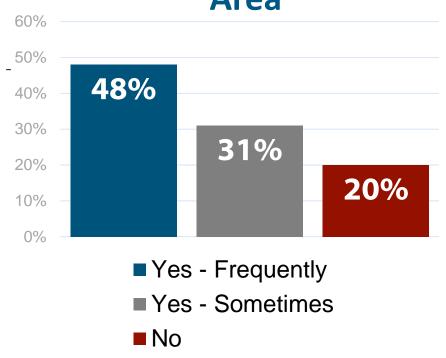
82% of respondents reported concerns on all categories

Impact on Daily Life in the Last 30 Days

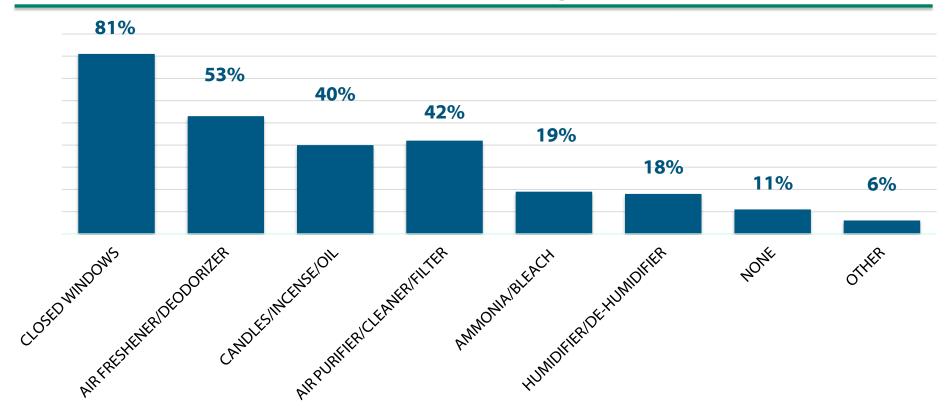
Changed Activities/Routines



Extra Steps Taken to Avoid Area



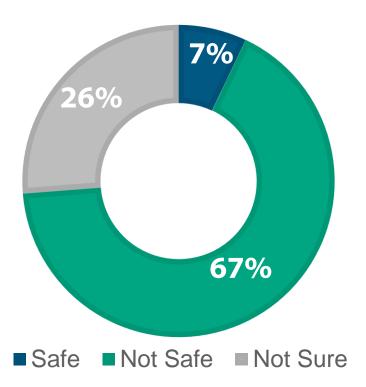
Action Taken to Reduce Sewage Smell* (n=1935)



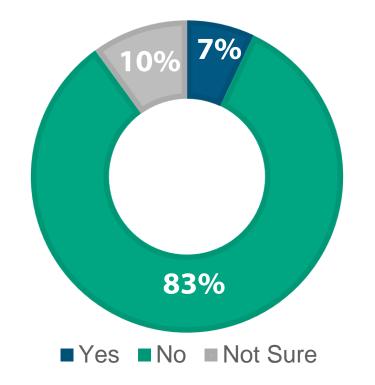
*Not mutually exclusive

Beliefs about the Sewage Crisis

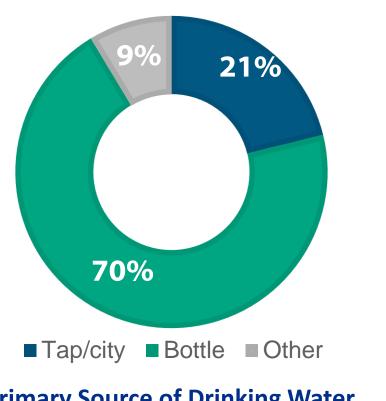
Safe to Visit, Work or Live



Sewage Clean Up Adequate



Drinking Water When in the Affected Area

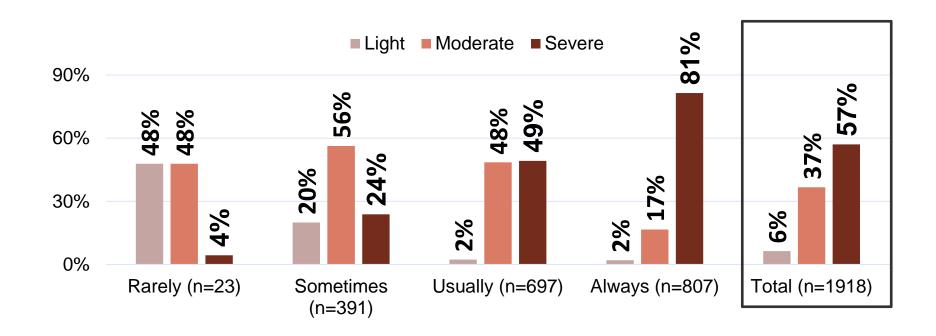


Primary Source of Drinking Water

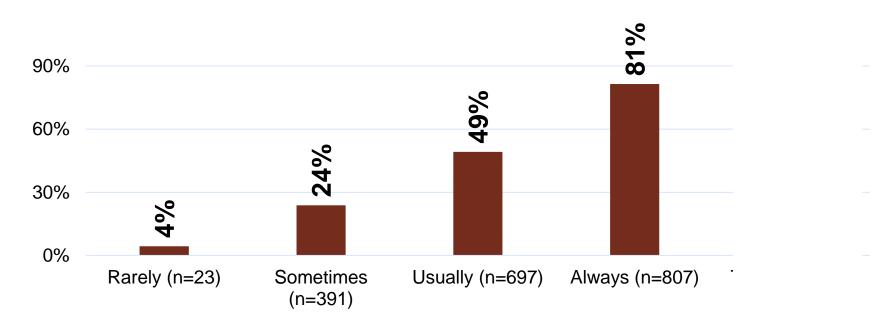


63% filter their drinking water

92% Noticed Sewage Smell in Last 30 Days

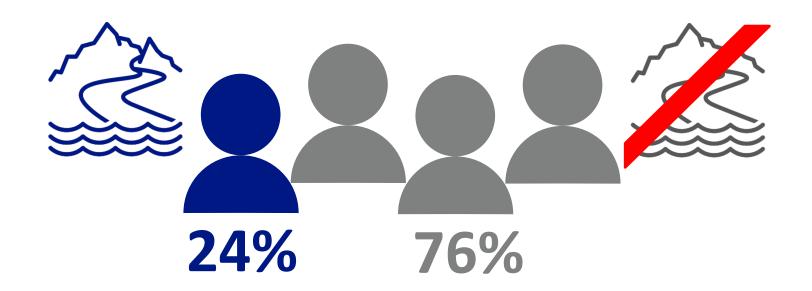


92% Noticed Sewage Smell in Last 30 Days



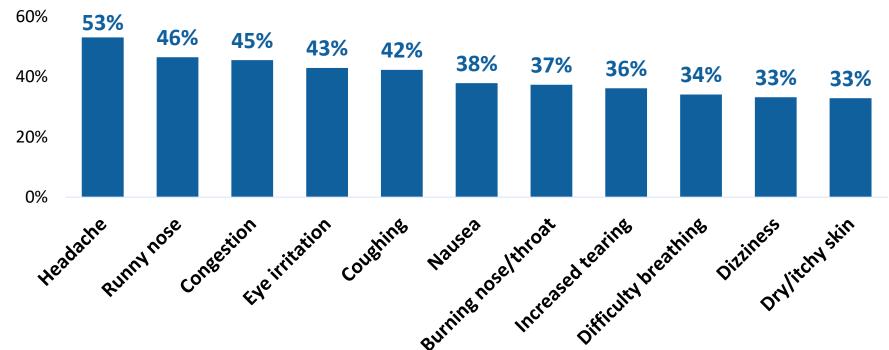
The more frequent the smell was reported; the more likely it was to be severe

Almost 1 in 4 Participants Reported Direct Contact with Contaminated River or Beach Water



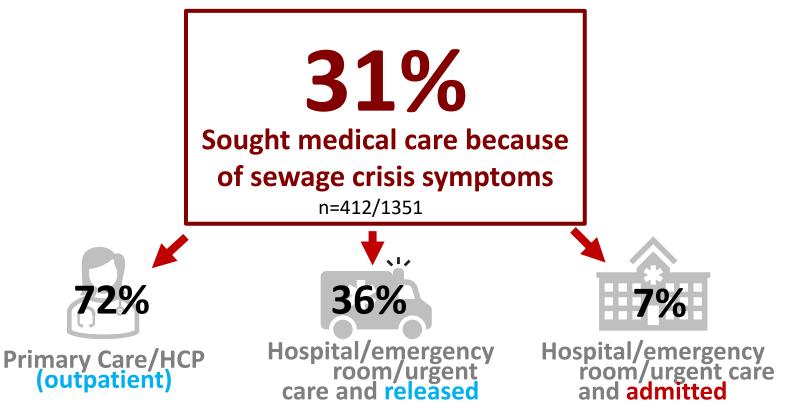


64%* Reported At Least One New or Worsening Physical Health Symptom They Attributed to the Sewage Crisis in the Past 30 Days



20

Medical Care Because of Sewage Crisis







65% feel like their mental health symptoms are related to the **Sewage Crisis**

(n=1200/1850)



Overall, 28% of participants* scored 3 or more on Generalized Anxiety Disorder 2-item (GAD-2) screen indicating possible clinical anxiety in the last 2 weeks



Participants reporting severe sewage smell tended to score higher on the GAD-2

35% participants who reported severe sewage smell, reported anxiety symptoms



Overall, 21% of participants* scored 3 or more on Patient Health Questionnaire-2 (PHQ-2) screen indicating likely major depression in the last 2 weeks



Participants reporting severe sewage smell tended to score higher on the PHQ-2

27% of participants who reported severe sewage smell, reported depression symptoms

Key Findings: ACE

- 92% were concerned about air quality; 86% were concerned about tap water quality
- 95% reported noticing a sewage smell in the preceding 30 days; 57% said it was severe
- 24% reported direct contact with contaminated river or beach water including workers
- 64% reported at least one new or worsening physical health symptom they attributed to the Sewage Crisis in the past 30 days
- Most common symptoms attributed to the Crisis were headache or respiratory symptoms; 31% of those reporting sought medical care
- 28% of participants reported symptoms of anxiety; 21% reported symptoms of depression. Rates were higher among those reporting severe sewage smell

ACE Findings Similar to CASPER

- Widespread community concern about the sewage crisis, including air and drinking water quality concerns
- Most respondents use bottled water in the affected area
- Most respondents reported physical health symptom(s) they attributed to the sewage crisis
- Respondents also attributed mental health symptoms to the sewage crisis
- Preferred communications channels: word of mouth, TV, internet news, email, and text message
- Needs of respondents: action, water, medical or mental health care or supplies, improve water/air quality

County of San Diego: Actions Already Being Taken



County of San Diego Action

- Collaboration, Coordination, & Advocacy for South Bay Communities
 - South Bay School Districts Leadership
 - South Bay Health Care Clinics
 - All Agency Meeting- Ongoing Monthly meeting with local, state, and federal governmental partners

Local

- San Diego Air Pollution Control District
- County of San Diego
- San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board
- Imperial Beach, Chula Vista, San Diego, and Coronado Cities

State

- California Environmental Protection Agency
- State Water Resource Control Board
- California Department of Public Health
- Coastal Commission
- California Air Resources Board (CARB)

Federal

- US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
- Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)
- Office of Community Health Hazard Assessment (OCHHA)
- National Center for Environmental Health
- International Boundary & Water Commission (IBWC)

County of San Diego Action

- Collaboration, Coordination, & Advocacy: Public Health Assessment
 - In June 2025, ATSDR confirmed a Public Health Assessment (PHA) will be conducted. Activities include:
 - Analyze air, surface water, sediment, soil, fish tissue, and odor complaint data to evaluate past, current, and future chemical exposures.
 - Identify information gaps and uncertainties where there is not enough data to determine health risks.
 - Sign up to receive email updates about ATSDR's public health assessment by contacting Ben Gerhardstein (bgerhardstein@cdc.gov) in the ATSDR Region 9 office.
 - For more information on the PHA visit ATSDR Public Health Assessment



County of San Diego Action

Collaboration, Coordination, & Advocacy: State of Emergency Request





County of San Diego Actions



Drinking Water Concerns

- In October 2024, a letter was sent by Public Health Officer to State Water Board, Deputy Secretary and Special Council on Water Policy with specific actions:
 - Educate the community through proactive outreach, media, and social media on how drinking water is tested and kept safe in their community
 - Explore increasing the **frequency of testing of drinking water** to ensure the water remains safe and share these results with the community
- Met with the four water agencies and CDPH to share the CASPER results to advocate for increased messaging on the safety of their water to residents
- Follow-up meeting is scheduled to share ACE results

County of San Diego Actions

Mental Health Concerns

- Working with County Behavioral Health Services (BHS) on education and health promotion
 - Mental Wellness Resource Directory
 - Community Toolkit available in multiple languages
 - Distributed mental health resources during ACE survey to South Bay
- Promote 988 crisis line for resources and mental health evaluations
- Focused partnership with South Region Outpatient Providers
 - BHS' Communication & Engagement Team
 - South Region Collaborative





County of San Diego Actions

Other Efforts

- Air Purifier distribution by
 Air Pollution Control District
 - AIRE Program
 - Online Registration Portal
 - Direct Delivery from Manufacturer
 - Additional Partner Distribution Events

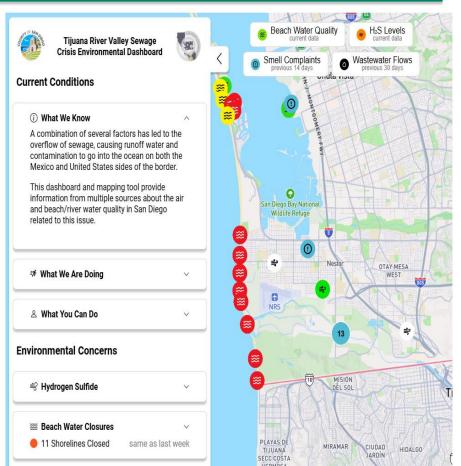


County of San Diego Actions: Communications

TJRV Environmental Dashboard

- Pulls multiple data sources into one:
 - Beach water quality
 - H2S levels
 - Smell/Odor complaints
 - Wastewater flows
 - Environmental Dashboard





County of San Diego Actions: Communications

- More than 231,000 social media impressions
- Targeted South Bay zip codes on Facebook, Instagram and NextDoor in English and Spanish
 - May: Odor Level Guidance 74.562
 - April: Free Air Purifiers 66,477
 - October ACE Survey participation 49,844
 - October ACE Survey participation in Spanish 5,200







Air **Purifiers**

Odors and **Your Health**

ACE Survey

CASPER











County of San Diego: Communication Plan

County News Center, Media, Social Media

Website Update w/Dashboard

Mass email to ACE respondents

All Agencies (Local, State, Federal)

South County Task Force

South Region Healthcare Agencies

Water Agencies

South Region Superintendents & School

Leadership

South Region Community Leadership

Team

Chamber of Commerce

Border Health Collaborative

K-12 Schools

Cities: Imperial Beach, San Diego, Coronado, & Chula Vista

Legislative & Elected Groups

Healthy San Diego

APCD's IBC Steering Committee

Impacted Community Based Organizations

Coastal Commission

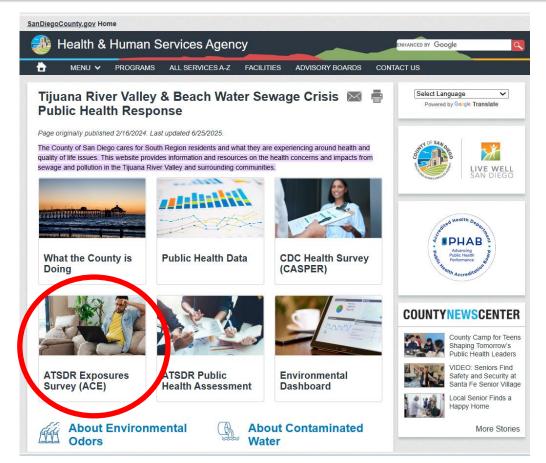


Hot Spot Mitigation

- Visibly foamy area near Saturn Boulevard, with increased levels of hydrogen sulfide, likely due to turbidity
- Fall 2024 mitigation by City of SD in conjunction with Navy after County initiated discussions
- June 2025 Restarted urgent discussions with City of SD, Navy, and IBWC due to ongoing foam and increased detections



ACE Dashboard



Tijuana River
Valley & Beach
Water Sewage
Crisis Public
Health
Response



Closing

- Focus on the Root Cause while supporting the Health of the Community
 - Significant Funding has been acquired to fix sewage infrastructure
 - On May 20, 2025, USIBWC and EPA announced the acceleration of the expansion of the South Bay International Wastewater Treatment Plant from 25 to 35 million gallons per day.
 - Originally planned to take 2 years, the upgrade will be completed in 100 days (August 28, 2025)

IBWC 100-day Plan



THANK YOU

ANY QUESTIONS?



