

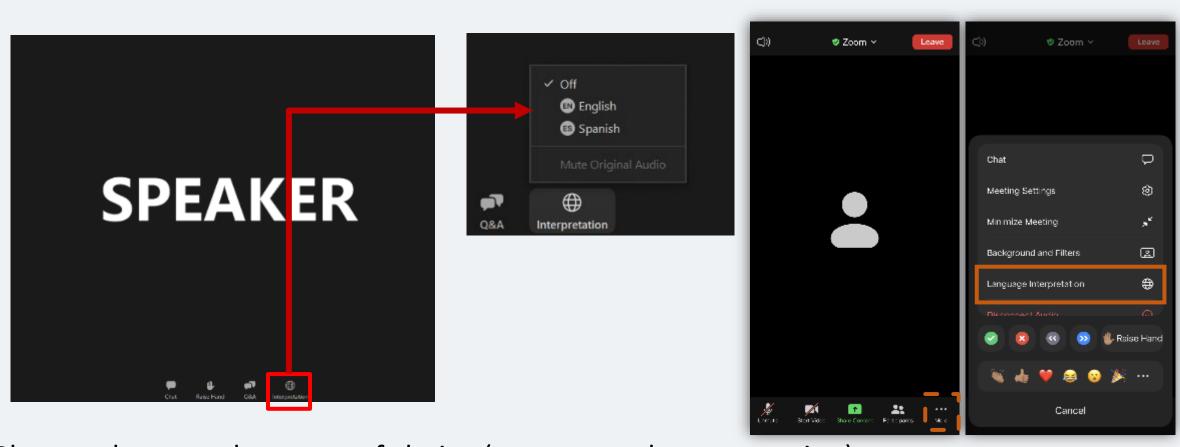
## County of San Diego



# Buildings Working Group

November 1, 2022

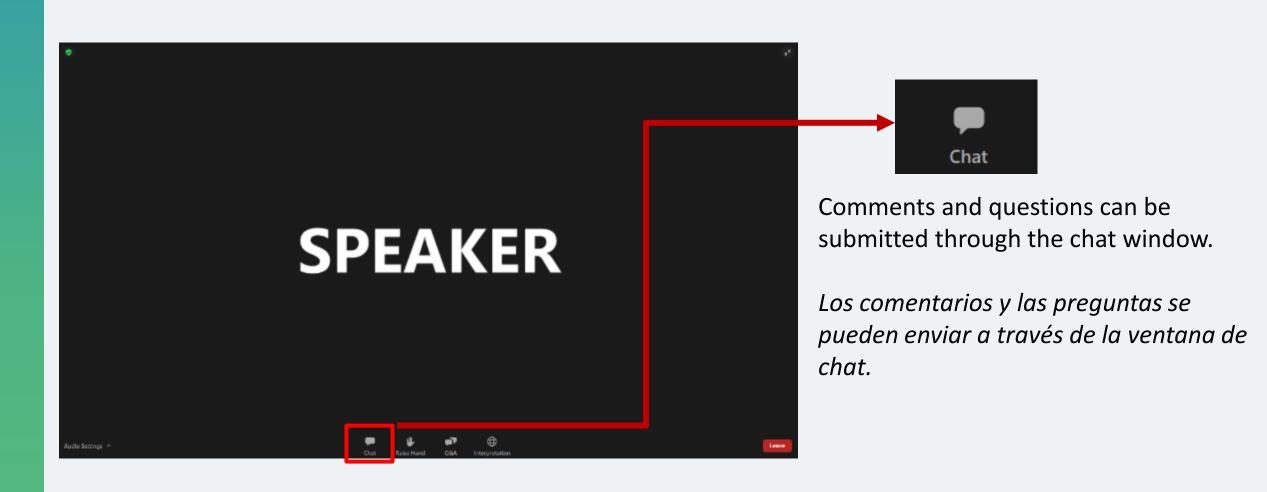
# How to use Zoom // Cómo Usar Zoom



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Debe seleccionar el idioma de su preferencia (Tiene que escoger un idioma)

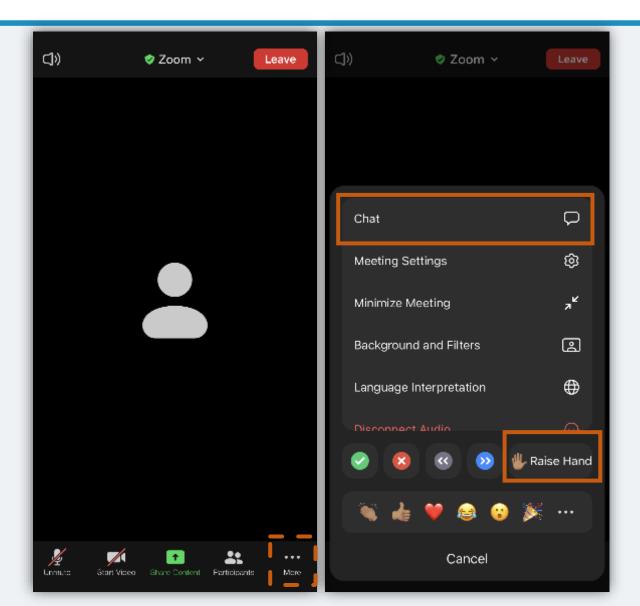
# How to use Zoom // Cómo Usar Zoom



# How to use Zoom // Cómo Usar Zoom



# On your Phone // En su teléfono móvil











# Role of Working Groups



**LAND USE & NATURAL** 

**CLIMATE SOLUTIONS** 

TRANSPORTATION

# Today's Agenda

- Welcome
- Stakeholder Presentations
  - Dani Makous, Building Electrification Institute and Facilitator Questions
  - Ginger Hitzke, Hitzke Development Corporation and Facilitator Questions
  - Sean Ellis, UA Local Union 230 and Facilitator Questions
- Implementation Playbook & Actions Matrix
- Open Discussion
- Closing



# **Decarbonizing Buildings**

Dani Makous Building Electrification Institute

Idea #1



## **Table of Contents**

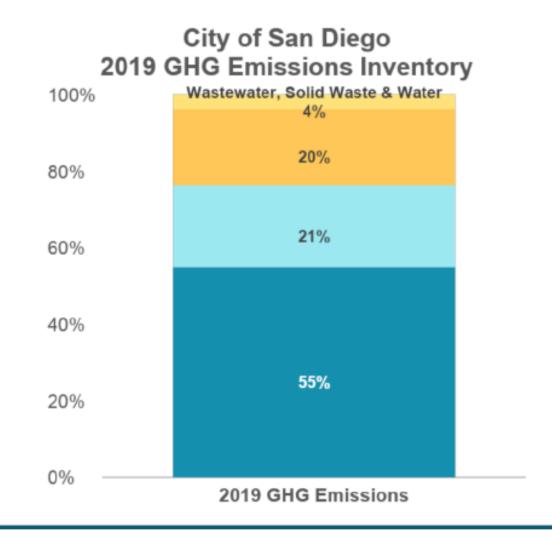
- The Need for Existing Building Policy Requirements +
   Supportive Programs
- Leading with Co-Creation
- Q+A

# The Need for Existing Building Policy Requirements + Supportive Programs



# Need for Existing Building Policies | Climate

- On-site fossil fuel use in buildings accounts for 10% of U.S. greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions.
  - Gas is used in space heating, water heating, stoves, and dryers.
- Within cities, this proportion can be much greater.
  - On-site fossil fuels account for 20% of GHG emissions in the City of San Diego.

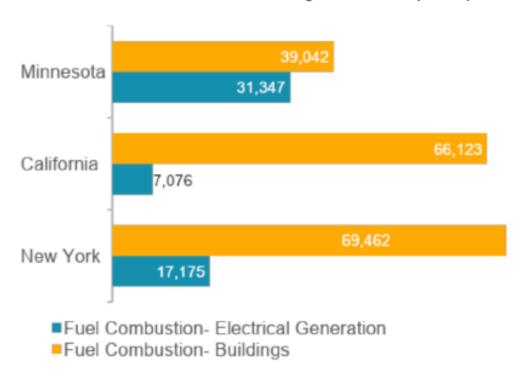




# Need for Existing Building Policies | Health

- In many states, fossil fuel combustion in buildings results in more NOx emissions than power plants.
- Gas appliances are linked to poor indoor air quality. In homes with gas stoves, children have a 42% increased risk of developing asthma.
- Carbon monoxide, which results from burning gas, results in roughly 15,000 emergency room visits and 500 deaths in the U.S. annually.

#### 2014 NOx Emissions by Source (tons)



#### Notes:

- "Electric Generation" includes biomass, coal, natural gas, oil, and other fuels combusted to generate electricity.
- "Buildings" includes biomass, coal, natural gas, oil, and other fuels combusted for commercial, institutional, residential, and industrial boilers.



# Existing Building Policies | Benefits & Challenges

#### **Benefits**

- Potential to lower utility costs for owners and tenants
- Opportunity to build an inclusive, organized workforce and provide high-road jobs
- Guarantee deep GHG emission reductions to reach climate goals
- Expand healthy indoor environments for homes and businesses

#### Challenges

- Risk of increased housing and energy costs
- Significant financial and technical support often needed for building compliance
- Significant stakeholder engagement needed to plan and implement effective policies



# Potential Policy Requirements + Approaches

#### For Building Owners:

- Building Performance Standards (BPS)
- Replacement on Burnout Requirement
- Date-certain Equipment Phase-out
- Appliance Emissions Standards
- Rental Efficiency Standards
- Point of Sale Requirements

#### Potential Utility-Scale Approaches:

- Electrification Targets
- Strategic Gas Decommissioning
- Utility Scale Geothermal



# **Need for Supportive Programs**

- Public funding is necessary to ensure that retrofit costs are not borne by low-income communities and renters, which could exacerbate equity and housing affordability concerns.
- Electrification retrofits must be paired with energy efficiency, electric readiness, and health and safety retrofits to holistically address building needs and ensure energy bill savings.
- "One-Stop Shop" programs are needed to help building owners complete upgrades and identify/stack funding and financing options.



# Leading with Co-Creation



# **Community Co-creation**

"Community co-creation" is a process of deep, iterative collaboration between government staff and leaders rooted in and accountable to historically marginalized communities.

#### THE SPECTRUM OF COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT TO OWNERSHIP



# **Community Co-creation**

### A "community co-creation" process requires:

- Engaging with community-based organizations ("CBOs") or community leaders early and throughout the planning process
- Dedicating resources to the process, including staff time and funding
- Maintaining flexible timelines to allow for relationship-building
- Acknowledging harmful histories between government and communities of concern
- Taking the time for building the capacity of local CBOs and other leaders
- Sharing decision-making power with community co-creation partners







# **Decarbonizing Buildings**

Ginger Hitzke
Hitzke Development Corporation
Idea #2

# Crises of affordable housing and climate change

# Impact of climate change on low-income households

# Possible solutions on climate action that builds affordability



# **Decarbonizing Buildings**

Ginger Hitzke
Hitzke Development Corporation
Idea #2



# **Decarbonizing Buildings**

Sean Ellis

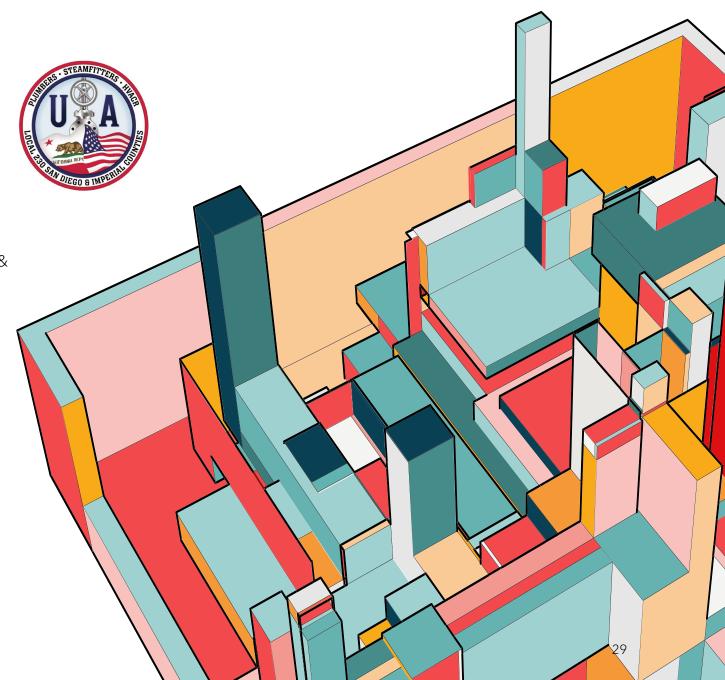
United Association Local Union 230

Idea #3



## **ABOUT US**

The United Association of Plumbers, Steamfitters, Refrigeration & HVAC Service Technicians Local Union 230 is proud to be the oldest, continuously operating craft union in San Diego. Our members are the piping professionals that provide the San Diego Community with the complex piping systems that are responsible for potable water, sanitary systems, medical gas, heating, cooling, and purity piping for the pharmaceutical and micro-electronic industries along with an array of other services that help make San Diego America's Finest City.



## **BUILDING DECARBONIZATION**

#### **GHG EMISSIONS**

Built environment- commercial, residential, county owned buildings, hospitals, shopping centers, schools and more

#### COMMUNITY

San Diego County regional residents, visitors, and businesses

#### **GRID RELIABILITY**

Our region has experienced power outages, brown outs, and flex alerts due to extreme weather events and drought.

#### COSTS

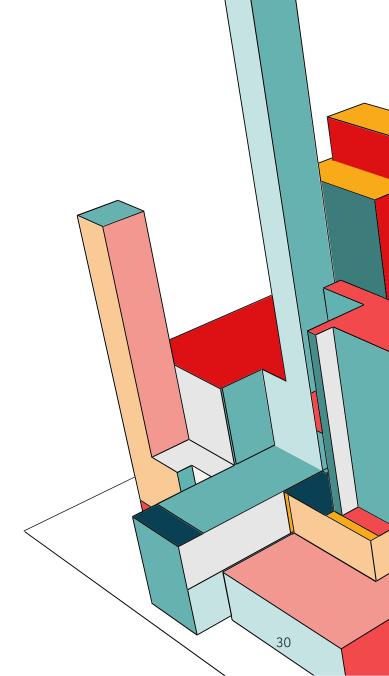
Currently San Diego region has fluctuating cost of energy due to gas global economy and weather dependent electricity.

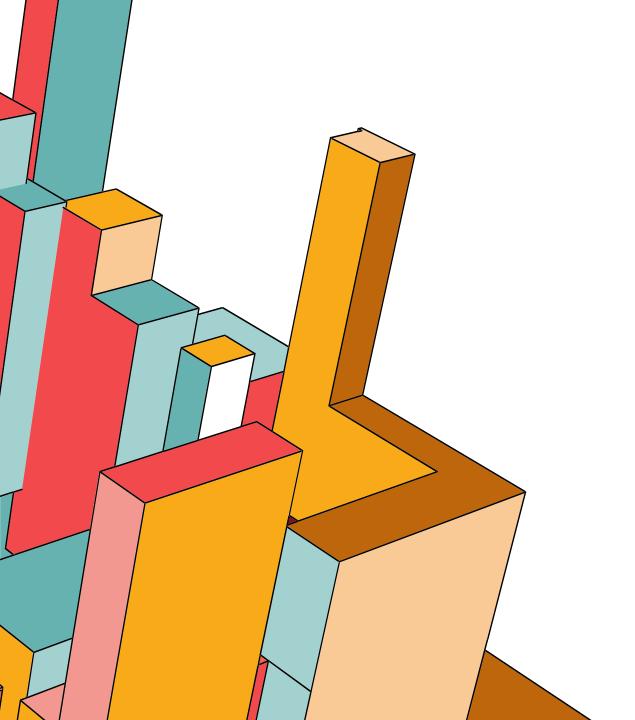
Outages and unpredictability of supply increases cost to consumer.

#### **USABILITY**

Existing infrastructure as well as new developments







## **SOLUTIONS**



#### **CIRCULAR ECONOMY**

Increase the supply of net zero bioenergy from a circular economy that provides baseload, continuous, regional energy that is cost effective and not weather dependent.

#### **FUEL CELL MICROGRID**

San Diego County region- existing infrastructure and new developments

#### DISTRICT ENERGY

Increasing regional supply of bioenergy and hydrogen will deliver a more dependable energy supply leading to steady cost as well as decrease GHG for all

#### **ENERGY REDUCTION**

Onsite water reuse, High Efficiency Heat pump- Electric or Geothermal, Waste heat recovery

### **FUEL CELL MICROGRIDS**



#### **INPUT**

Hydrogen, Biogas, or Natural gas

#### **GHG EMISSIONS**

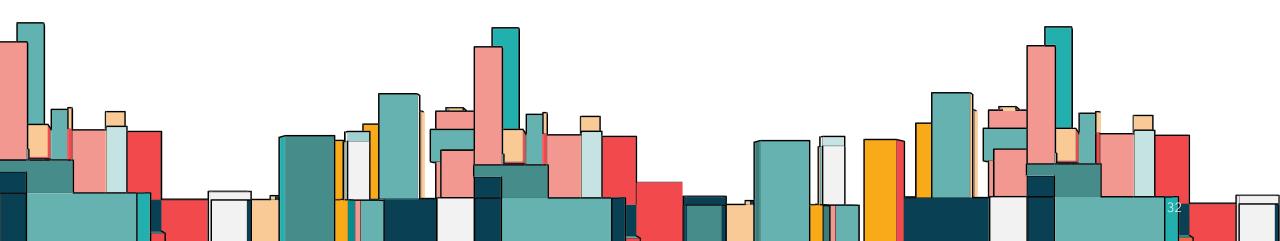
Hydrogen= Zero Emissions, Biogas= Net Zero GHG Natural gas= Low GHG

#### OUTPUT

Clean reliable electricity that is not weather dependent and can help stabilize the grid

#### COST

Low stabilized cost of electricity due to continuous supply from renewable fuels. Also, fuel cell microgrid can still run whether the grid is operating or not.



### **FUEL CELL TECHNOLOGY AT USD**





- "USD's campus consumes a lot of electricity during times that the solar installation does not provide electricity and the fuel cell allows USD to further reduce its emissions with a cost-effective energy source."
  - -Michael Catanzaro Director of Sustainability

# HIGH PERFORMANCE BUILDING STRATEGIES



#### THERMAL ENERGY NETWORKS:

#### DECARBONIZING BUILDINGS AT UTILITY SCALE

The solution for neighborhood-scale building decarbonization favored by policy experts & climate advocates



#### WHAT ARE THERMAL ENERGY NETWORKS?

Thermal Energy Networks are utility-scale infrastructure projects that connect multiple buildings into a shared network with sources of hermal energy like geothermal boreholes, surface water, and wastewater.

Thermal energy refers to energy that changes the temperature of our spaces and the water we use in our homes and workplaces. Most people get thermal energy by burning fossif fuels in a aboiler, furnace, or water heater. But there are much more efficient and dean ways to get thermal energy, such as from the earth, which holds a constant temperature year-round. Many o the buildings around us also have waste heat that can be recycled and shared. For instance, large commercial, recreational, and manufacturing buildings have excess thermal energy that other buildings, like homes and small commercial, in a shared network can use.

Thermal Energy Networks can be installed unde the street. Heat pumps in each building provide the heating or cooling by exchanging thermal energy with pipes containing circulating water a needed. The water in the pipes stays within the needed temperature range by exchanging heat with geothermal boreholes and other thermal

#### BENEFITS OF THERMAL ENERGY NETWORKS

- JOBS: Transferability for gas utility workers
- COST: Lower energy bills
- SAFE and RELIABLE: Noncombustible and consistent energy flow
- EQUITY: Renewable thermal energy delivered to all customers
- HEALTH: Improved indoor and outdoor air quality (no combustion in the building)
- GRID: Flattens the peak loads on the electricity grid
- CLIMATE: A major reduction in carbon emissions from buildings
- Find the state of the state of

- Thermal Energy Exchange-Geothermal exchange Heat Pumps
- Geothermal heat pump systems use 25%-50% less energy than electric heat pumps
- Heat transfer between buildings
- https://www.phcppros.com/articles/15588-how-to-construct-a-us-geothermal-energy-network
- Wastewater Energy Exchange

### **GEOTHERMAL TECHNOLOGY**



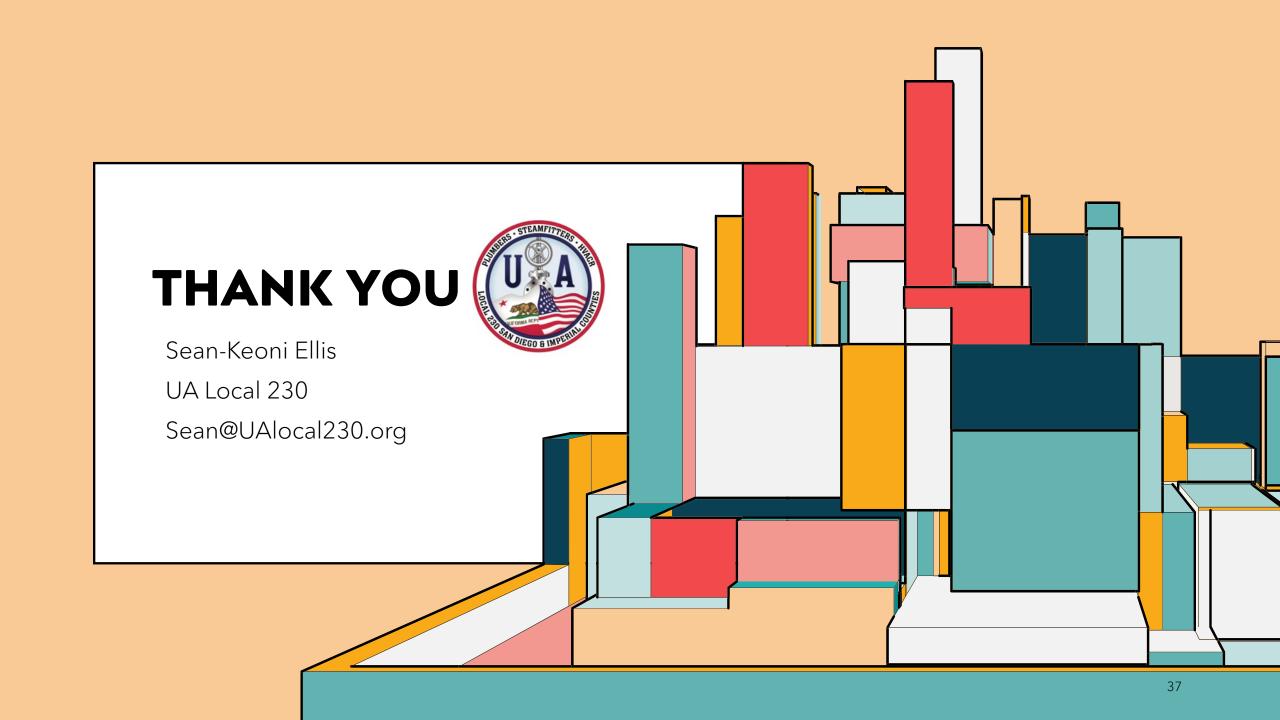


- According to NRDC:
  - Geothermal technology that has been around for decades: connecting buildings via underground pipes to a joint "thermal loop" fed by shared geothermal well fields.
  - A variety of names are being used to describe this concept, including "district thermal" or "district loop heating."
  - Under the right conditions, networked geothermal can be a powerful new tool in our building decarbonization arsenal.
- https://www.nrdc.org/experts/joeobrien-applegate/what-we-needknow-harness-heat-beneath-our-feet

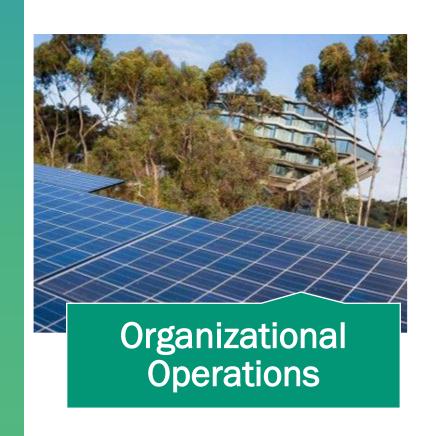
### **ADDITIONAL RESOURCES**



- <a href="https://www.energy.gov/eere/bioenergy/bioenergy-basics">https://www.energy.gov/eere/bioenergy/bioenergy-basics</a>
- https://www.energy.gov/eere/fuelcells/hydrogen-production-biomass-gasification
- https://www.energy.gov/sites/default/files/2022-09/Industrial%20Decarbonization%20Roadmap.pdf
- <a href="https://www.epa.gov/agstar/renewable-natural-gas-agricultural-based-adbiogas-systems">https://www.epa.gov/agstar/renewable-natural-gas-agricultural-based-adbiogas-systems</a>
- Waste-to-Energy: a reality for affordable heating in local districts (eswet.eu)
- <a href="https://www.energy.gov/eere/articles/10-things-you-might-not-know-about-hydrogen-and-fuel-cells">https://www.energy.gov/eere/articles/10-things-you-might-not-know-about-hydrogen-and-fuel-cells</a>
- <a href="https://www.bloomenergy.com/applications/alwayson-microgrids/">https://www.bloomenergy.com/applications/alwayson-microgrids/</a>
- https://www.bloomenergy.com/wp-content/uploads/hydrogen-data-sheet.pdf
- <a href="https://www.governor.ny.gov/news/governor-hochul-announces-progress-toward-implementing-utility-thermal-energy-network-and-jobs">https://www.governor.ny.gov/news/governor-hochul-announces-progress-toward-implementing-utility-thermal-energy-network-and-jobs</a>
- <a href="https://www.iea.org/reports/district-heating">https://www.iea.org/reports/district-heating</a>



# Implementation Playbook: Level of Approach







# Playbook Implementation Mechanisms

- Analysis/Research
- Capital Project
- Education
- Incentive

- Partner/Collaborate
- Plan
- Program
- Requirement/Policy

# Playbook Criteria

- GHG Reduction Potential
  - Relative GHG reduction compared to other actions
  - Some actions have no direct reduction (e.g., education)
    - Difficult to estimate GHG impact of an education webpage
    - Methods to estimate GHG impact of adding bike lanes



- Relative time it would take to complete an action
- Quicker to add a page to a website than to build bike lanes
- Cost to Implement
  - Relative cost to implement an action
  - Cheaper to add a page to a website than build bike lanes







# **Playbook Criteria**

- Preliminary Estimates
  - "Average" of the category of actions
  - Not possible to comment on all potential actions
    - Education could be: page of a website or a TV commercials
  - Intended to provide initial screening for decision making
- Other Considerations
  - Co-benefits of actions (e.g., air pollution, environmental quality, and public health)
    - Primary concern of RDF is GHG emissions
  - Workforce and equity









# Organization (more actions in the online document)

Buildings				
Energy Efficiency				
Activity	Implementation Mechanism	Estimated Time to Complete	Estimated Potential GHG Impacts	Estimated Cost to Implement
Conduct audits and evaluate existing facilities to quantify energy use, and identify and quantify energy efficiency and conservation opportunities.	Analysis/Research	0-2 yrs	N/A	L-M
Implement energy efficiency projects at existing facilities and sites (e.g., lighting, HVAC, pumping, etc.)	Capital Project	5 yrs +	М	M-H
Develop a process to track and disclose energy use to the public and employees	Capital Project	3-5 yrs	L	M-H
Convert streetlights, traffic signals, and outdoor lighting (including parks) to LED or other efficient lighting technology and monitor with energy management system (municipal operations)	Capital Project	3-5 yrs	L	М-Н
Electrification				
Activity	Implementation Mechanism	Estimated Time to Complete	Estimated Potential GHG Impacts	Estimated Cost to Implement
Conduct an analysis to determine the feasibility and timeline to convert existing building appliances and equipment to electric	Analysis/Research	0-2 yrs	N/A	L-M
Identify financial incentives and grants to offset cost of installing electric appliances and equipment in existing facilities	Analysis/Research	0-2 yrs	N/A	L-M
Install electric appliances and equipment in existing facilities	Capital Project	0-2 yrs	М	M-H
Develop and implement an education programs for employees to purchase electric appliances	Education	0-2 yrs	N/A	L-M

# **Community** (more actions in the online document online document)

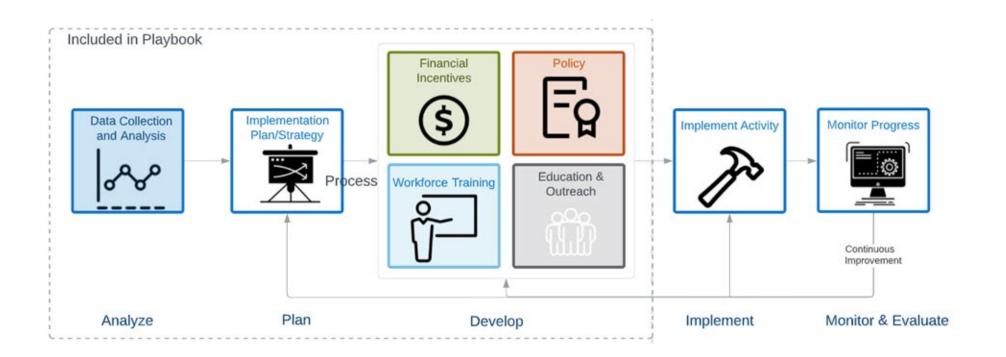
Buildings				
Energy Efficiency				
Activity	Implementation Mechanism	Estimated Time to Complete	Estimated Potential GHG Impacts	Estimated Cost to Implement
Conduct a regional analysis of the existing building stock to help develop policies and programs	Analysis/Research	0-2 yrs	N/A	L-M
Conduct an equity analysis to help develop building-related policies and programs	Analysis/Research	0-2 yrs	N/A	L-M
Develop a program to educate public and building owners about energy performance, auditing, benchmarking, and disclosure	Education	0-2 yrs	N/A	L-M
Develop an education program to promote energy efficiency improvements in residential and non-residential buildings	Education	0-2 yrs	N/A	L-M
Electrification				
Activity	Implementation Mechanism	Estimated Time to Complete	Estimated Potential GHG Impacts	Estimated Cost to Implement
Conduct an analysis of existing buildings to help develop an electrification policy	Analysis/Research	0-2 yrs	N/A	L-M
Conduct an equity analysis to help develop building electrification policies and programs	Analysis/Research	0-2 yrs	N/A	L-M
Conduct analysis to determine potential approaches to neighborhood electrification and natural gas pruning strategies	Analysis/Research	0-2 yrs	N/A	L-M
Identify financial incentives and grants to offset cost of installing electric appliances and equipment in residential and non-residential existing buildings	Analysis/Research	0-2 yrs	N/A	L-M

# Region (more actions in the online document)

Buildings				
Energy Efficiency				
Activity	Implementation Mechanism	Estimated Time to Complete	Estimated Potential GHG Impacts	Estimated Cost to Implement
Complete an analysis of local energy codes by jurisdiction and climate zone to identify opportunities for additional building energy efficiency in existing buildings	Analysis/Research	3-5 yrs	N/A	L-M
Complete an analysis of local energy codes by jurisdiction and climate zone to identify opportunities for additional building energy efficiency in new buildings	Analysis/Research	3-5 yrs	N/A	L-M
Conduct a regional analysis of the existing building stock to help develop policies and programs	Analysis/Research	3-5 yrs	N/A	L-M
Electrification				
Activity	Implementation Mechanism	Estimated Time to Complete	Estimated Potential GHG Impacts	Cost to
Complete a regional local energy codes analysis to identify opportunities for further	-	Time to	Potential GHG	Cost to
Complete a regional local energy codes analysis to identify opportunities for further action to develop policies for existing buildings by jurisdiction and climate zone Conduct a regional analysis of existing buildings to inform regional and	Mechanism	Time to Complete	Potential GHG Impacts	Implement
Activity  Complete a regional local energy codes analysis to identify opportunities for further action to develop policies for existing buildings by jurisdiction and climate zone  Conduct a regional analysis of existing buildings to inform regional and communitywide policies and programs  Complete a regional local energy codes analysis to identify opportunities for further action by jurisdiction and climate zone (new)	Mechanism  Analysis/Research	Time to Complete 3-5 yrs	Potential GHG Impacts N/A	Cost to Implement L-M
Complete a regional local energy codes analysis to identify opportunities for further action to develop policies for existing buildings by jurisdiction and climate zone  Conduct a regional analysis of existing buildings to inform regional and communitywide policies and programs  Complete a regional local energy codes analysis to identify opportunities for further action by jurisdiction and climate zone (new)  Low-Carbon Fuels	Mechanism  Analysis/Research  Analysis/Research	Time to Complete 3-5 yrs 3-5 yrs	Potential GHG Impacts N/A	Cost to Implement  L-M  L-M
Complete a regional local energy codes analysis to identify opportunities for further action to develop policies for existing buildings by jurisdiction and climate zone  Conduct a regional analysis of existing buildings to inform regional and communitywide policies and programs  Complete a regional local energy codes analysis to identify opportunities for further action by jurisdiction and climate zone (new)	Mechanism  Analysis/Research  Analysis/Research	Time to Complete 3-5 yrs 3-5 yrs	Potential GHG Impacts N/A	Cost to Implement  L-M  L-M

# What we need from you...

- 1. In your experience what has worked or not worked in terms of existing policies?
- 2. What programs could benefit underserved communities or have adverse impacts?
- 3. What are solutions that are not in the database?



### **Timeline**

Also: Building matrix of actions is on the Engage site for your feedback!



PROGRAM DETAILS

Public Workshop

Completion of Technical Report & Workforce Development Reports

Special Topic Working Groups Implementation
Playbook 1st
Draft Released

Draft Sustainable Agriculture & Food Systems Policy Report

Final Implementation Playbook Implementation
Playbook &
Framework
Adoption



## County of San Diego



# Buildings Working Group

November 1, 2022