# An Addendum to Approved Major Stormwater Management Plan Dated 10/26/15 (Major SWMP)

For

Improvement and Grading Plan TPM-17341 & 19681, L-15684 PDS2014-LDPCHG-00072

> Preparation Date: 1-23-12 Revision Date: 10-13-17

#### Prepared for:

Richard D Bagley 7984 Artesian Road San Diego, CA 92127

### Prepared by:

David V Caron, PE Civil Landworks Corp. 110 Copperwood Way, Suite P Oceanside, CA 920585 Telephone: (760) 908-8745

The selection, sizing, and preliminary design of stormwater treatment and other control measures in this plan have been prepared under the direction of the following Registered Civil Engineer and meet the requirements of Regional Water Quality Control Board Order R9-2007-0001 and subsequent amendments.

Name, RCE # David Caron, RCE 70066

10-26-15

Date

Revised: 10-13-17

The Major Stormwater Management Plan (Major SWMP) must be completed in its entirety and accompany applications to the County for a permit or approval associated with certain types of development projects. To determine whether your project is required to submit a Major or Minor SWMP, please reference the County's Stormwater Intake Form for Development Projects.

Project Name:	Improvement and Grading Plan
Project Location:	Artesian Rd near Rio Vista Rd
Permit Number (Land Development Projects):	TPM 17341 & 19681, L-15684
Work Authorization Number (CIP only):	
Applicant:	Richard D Bagley
Applicant's Address:	7984 Artesian Road
	San Diego, CA 92127
Plan Prepared By (Leave blank if same as	Civil Landworks Corp.
applicant):	
Preparer's Address:	110 Copperwood Way, Suite P
	Oceanside, CA 920585
Date:	10-13-17

The County of San Diego Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ordinance No. 9926) requires all applications for a permit or approval associated with a Land Disturbance Activity to be accompanied by a Storm Water Management Plan (SWMP) (section 67.806.b). The purpose of the SWMP is to describe how the project will minimize the short and long-term impacts on receiving water quality. Projects that meet the criteria for a priority development project are required to prepare a Major SWMP.

Since the SWMP is a living document, revisions may be necessary during various stages of approval by the County. Please provide the approval information requested below.

Project Stages	Does the SWMP need revisions?		If YES, Provide Revision Date
	YES	NO	Revision Date
Grading	X		10-26-15
Plan Change Proposed	X		8-2-17

Instructions for a Major SWMP can be downloaded at <a href="http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dpw/watersheds/susmp/susmp.html">http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dpw/watersheds/susmp/susmp.html</a>

Completion of the following checklists and attachments will fulfill the requirements of a Major SWMP for the project listed above.

## PRIORITY DEVELOPMENT PROJECT DETERMINATION

TABLE 1: IS THE PROJECT IN ANY OF THESE CATEGORIES?

Yes	No ⊠	А	Housing subdivisions of 10 or more dwelling units. Examples: single-family homes, multi-family homes, condominiums, and apartments.
Yes	No ⊠	В	Commercial—greater than one acre. Any development other than heavy industry or residential. Examples: hospitals; laboratories and other medical facilities; educational institutions; recreational facilities; municipal facilities; commercial nurseries; multiapartment buildings; car wash facilities; mini-malls and other business complexes; shopping malls; hotels; office buildings; public warehouses; automotive dealerships; airfields; and other light industrial facilities.
Yes	No ⊠	С	Heavy industry—greater than one acre. Examples: manufacturing plants, food processing plants, metal working facilities, printing plants, and fleet storage areas (bus, truck, etc.).
Yes	No ⊠	D	Automotive repair shops. A facility categorized in any one of Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes 5013, 5014, 5541, 7532-7534, or 7536-7539.
Yes	No ⊠	Е	Restaurants. Any facility that sells prepared foods and drinks for consumption, including stationary lunch counters and refreshment stands selling prepared foods and drinks for immediate consumption (SIC code 5812), where the land area for development is greater than 5,000 square feet. Restaurants where land development is less than 5,000 square feet shall meet all SUSMP requirements except for structural treatment BMP and numeric sizing criteria requirements and hydromodification requirements.
Yes	No 🗵	F	Hillside development greater than 5,000 square feet. Any development that creates 5,000 square feet of impervious surface and is located in an area with known erosive soil conditions, where the development will grade on any natural slope that is twenty-five percent or greater.
Yes 🗀	No ⊠	G	Environmentally Sensitive Areas (ESAs). All development located within or directly adjacent to or discharging directly to an ESA (where discharges from the development or redevelopment will enter receiving waters within the ESA), which either creates 2,500 square feet of impervious surface on a proposed project site or increases the area of imperviousness of a proposed project site to 10% or more of its naturally occurring condition. "Directly adjacent" means situated within 200 feet of the ESA. "Discharging directly to" means outflow from a drainage conveyance system that is composed entirely of flows from the subject development or redevelopment site, and not commingled with flows from adjacent lands.
Yes	No ⊠	Н	Parking lots 5,000 square feet or more or with 15 or more parking spaces and potentially exposed to urban runoff.
Yes 🗵	No	I	Street, roads, highways, and freeways. Any paved surface that is 5,000 square feet or greater used for the transportation of automobiles, trucks, motorcycles, and other vehicles.
Yes 🗖	No ⊠	J	Retail Gasoline Outlets (RGOs) that are: (a) 5,000 square feet or more or (b) a projected Average Daily Traffic (ADT) of 100 or more vehicles per day.

To use the table, review each definition A through K. If any of the definitions match, the project is a Priority Development Project. Note some thresholds are defined by square footage of impervious area created; others by the total area of the development. Please see special requirements for previously developed sites and project exemptions on page 6 of the County SUSMP.

and driveway.

# PROJECT STORMWATER QUALITY DETERMINATION

Total Project Site Area 15.6 (Acres or ft <sup>2</sup> )
Estimated amount of disturbed acreage: <u>18.95</u> (Acres or ft <sup>2</sup> ) (If >1 acre, you must also provide a WDID number from the SWRCB) WDID: <u>9376366213</u>
Complete A through C and the calculations below to determine the amount of impervious surface on your project before and after construction.
A. Total size of project site:15.6 (Acres or ft <sup>2</sup> )
B. Total impervious area (including roof tops) before construction <u>0.28</u> (Acres or ft²)
C. Total impervious area (including roof tops) after construction <u>1.73</u> (Acres or ft <sup>2</sup> )
Calculate percent impervious before construction: $B/A = \underline{0.01}$ % Calculate percent impervious after construction: $C/A = \underline{11.1}$ %
*Note:
The impervious areas includes an estimated 7,000 S.F. of house footprint per pad and roads

Please provide detailed descriptions regarding the following questions:

# TABLE 2: PROJECT SPECIFIC STORMWATER ANALYSIS

1.	Please provide a brief description of the	project.			
	Grading and improvements for 4 lots and a proposed private road off of Artesian Rd.				
Grad	Grading and improvements for 2 lots on Rio Vista Rd.				
2.	Describe the current and proposed zoning	<u> </u>			
		nd land use. APN 267-146-08 also has zoning for			
open	space conservation. See plans for location.				
	<del>,</del>				
3.		t topography of the project. (Show on Plan)			
	project existing topography is moderately sloped				
main	tain a similar topography gradually slope to the v	vest along with flatter building pad areas.			
	I				
4.		lity, erodibility, and depth to groundwater for			
	LID and Treatment BMP consideration.				
		certify infiltration BMPs in Attachment E.			
		ng low levels of permeability. The soil has low to			
	erate erodibility. LIDs have been designed to accurate an DMPs are not approach. The death to accurate an DMPs are not approach.				
Inm	tration BMPs are not proposed. The depth to grou	ind water is unknown.			
5.	Describe if contaminated or hazardous s	oils are within the project area. (Show on Plan)			
	No contaminated or hazardous soils are within project area.				
1100	on minimus of number do no not with project	,			
6.	Describe the existing site drainage and na	atural hydrologic features. (Show on Plan).			
A ma		structure. An existing brow ditch at the north end of			
	project collects water and conveys it offsite. An ex				
conv	eys the flow to the neighboring property on the w	est.			
7.	Describe site features and conditions that	. 1			
	stormwater control, such as LID features				
		mpervious surfaces. The bioretention basins will filter			
		lification will reduce the volume of run off for all			
even	ts up to a Q10 storm and release at a 0.1Q2.				
8.	Is this project within the environmentally	y cancitive areas as defined on the mans in			
0.					
	Appendix A of the County of San Diego Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan for Land Development and Public Improvement Projects?				
	Yes	No			
0	•	<u> 1NU</u>			
9.	Is this an emergency project?				
	Yes	<u>No</u>			

## **CHANNELS & DRAINAGES**

Complete the following checklist to determine if the project includes work in channels.

TABLE 3: PROJECT SPECIFIC STORMWATER ANALYSIS

No.	CRITERIA	YES	NO	N/A	COMMENTS
1.	Will the project include work in channels?		X		If YES go to 2
			Λ		If NO go to 13.
2.	Will the project increase velocity or				If YES go to 6.
	volume of downstream flow?				
3.	Will the project discharge to unlined				If YES go to. 6.
	channels?				
4.	Will the project increase potential				If YES go to 6.
	sediment load of downstream flow?				
5.	Will the project encroach, cross, realign,				If YES go to 8.
	or cause other hydraulic changes to a				
	stream that may affect downstream				
	channel stability?				
6.	Review channel lining materials and				Continue to 7.
	design for stream bank erosion.				
7.	Consider channel erosion control measures				Continue to 8.
	within the project limits as well as				
	downstream. Consider scour velocity.				G ii o
8.	Include, where appropriate, energy				Continue to 9.
	dissipation devices at culverts.				Q .: 10
9.	Ensure all transitions between culvert				Continue to 10.
	outlets/headwalls/wingwalls and channels				
10	are smooth to reduce turbulence and scour.				Cti
10.	Include, if appropriate, detention facilities				Continue to 11.
	to reduce peak discharges.				Continue to 12.
11.	"Hardening" natural downstream areas to prevent erosion is not an acceptable				Continue to 12.
11.	technique for protecting channel slopes,				
	unless pre-development conditions are				
	determined to be so erosive that hardening				
	would be required even in the absence of				
	the proposed development.				
12.	Provide other design principles that are				Continue to 13.
12.	comparable and equally effective.				Continue to 13.
13.	End	X			
10.			<u> </u>	L	l .

#### TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION BMPS

Please check the construction BMPs that may be implemented during construction of the project. The applicant will be responsible for the placement and maintenance of the BMPs incorporated into the final project design.

☑ Silt Fence	×	Desilting Basin
<b>▼</b> Fiber Rolls	×	Gravel Bag Berm
€ Street Sweeping and Vacuuming		Sandbag Barrier
☑ Storm Drain Inlet Protection	×	Material Delivery and Storage
■ Stockpile Management	×	Spill Prevention and Control
■ Solid Waste Management	×	Concrete Waste Management
☑ Stabilized Construction Entrance/Exit	×	Water Conservation Practices
€ Dewatering Operations	×	Paving and Grinding Operations

- € Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance
- Any minor slopes created incidental to construction and not subject to a major or minor grading permit shall be protected by covering with plastic or tarp prior to a rain event, and shall have vegetative cover reestablished within 180 days of completion of the slope and prior to final building approval.

#### EXCEPTIONAL THREAT TO WATER QUALITY DETERMINATION

Complete the checklist below to determine if a proposed project will pose an "exceptional threat to water quality," and therefore require Advanced Treatment Best Management Practices during the construction phase.

TABLE 4: EXCEPTIONAL THREAT TO WATER QUALITY DETERMINATION

No.	CRITERIA	YES	NO	INFORMATION
1.	Is all or part of the proposed project site within 200 feet of waters named on the Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 303(d) list of Water Quality Limited Segments as impaired for sedimentation and/or turbidity? Current 303d list may be obtained from the following site: <a href="http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/docs/303dlists2006/approved/r9-06-303d-reqtmdls.pdf">http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/docs/303dlists2006/approved/r9-06-303d-reqtmdls.pdf</a>		X	If YES, continue to 2. If NO, go to 5.
2.	Will the project disturb more than 5 acres, including all phases of the development?			If YES, continue to 3. If NO, go to 5.
3.	Will the project disturb slopes that are steeper than 4:1 (horizontal: vertical) with at least 10 feet of relief, and that drain toward the 303(d) listed receiving water for sedimentation and/or turbidity?			If YES, continue to 4. If NO, go to 5.
4.	Will the project disturb soils with a predominance of USDA-NRCS Erosion factors k <sub>f</sub> greater than or equal to 0.4?			If YES, continue to 6. If NO, go to 5.
5.	Project is not required to use Advanced Treatment BMPs.	X		Document for Project Files by referencing this checklist.
6.	Project poses an "exceptional threat to water quality" and is required to use Advanced Treatment BMPs.			Advanced Treatment BMPs must be consistent with WPO section 67.811(b)(20)(D) performance criteria

Exemption potentially available for projects that require advanced treatment: Project proponent may perform a Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation, Version 2 (RUSLE 2), Modified Universal Soil Loss Equation (MUSLE), or similar analysis that shows to the County official's satisfaction that advanced treatment is not required

## HYDROMODIFICATION DETERMINATION

The following questions provide a guide to collecting information relevant to hydromodification management issues.

TABLE 5: HYDROMODIFICATION DETERMINATION

	QUESTIONS	YES	NO	Information
1.	Will the project reduce the pre-project		X	If NO, continue to 2.
	impervious area and are the unmitigated			If YES, go to 7.
	post-project outflows (outflows without			
	detention routing) to each outlet location			
	less as compared to the pre-project			
	condition?			
2.	Would the project site discharge runoff		X	If NO, continue to 3.
	directly to an exempt receiving water, such			If YES, go to 7.
	as the Pacific Ocean, San Diego Bay, an			
	exempt reservoir, or a tidally-influenced			
	area?			
3.	Would the project site discharge to a		X	If NO, continue to 4.
	stabilized conveyance system, which has the			If YES, go to 7.
	capacity for the ultimate Q <sub>10</sub> , and extends to			
	the Pacific Ocean, San Diego Bay, a tidally-			
	influenced area, an exempt river reach or			
	reservoir?			
4.	Does the contributing watershed area to		X	If NO, continue to 5.
	which the project discharges have an			If YES, go to 7.
	impervious area percentage greater than 70			
	percent?			
5.	Is this an urban infill project which		X	If NO, continue to 6.
	discharges to an existing hardened or			If YES, go to 7.
	rehabilitated conveyance system that			
	extends beyond the "domain of analysis,"			
	where the potential for cumulative impacts			
	in the watershed are low, and the ultimate			
	receiving channel has a "Low" susceptibility			
	to erosion as defined in the SCCWRP			
	channel assessment tool?	37		D C 4 1' C
6.	Project is required to manage	X		Reference Appendix G
	hydromodification impacts.			"Hydromodification
				Management Plan" of
	D			the County SUSMP.
7.	Project is not required to manage			Hydromodification
	hydromodification impacts.			Exempt. Keep on file.

#### POLLUTANTS OF CONCERN DETERMINATION

#### **WATERSHED**

Please check the watershed(s) for the project.

San Juan 901	Santa Margarita 902	San Luis Rey 903	Carlsbad 904
<b>⊠</b> San Dieguito 905	Penasquitos 906	San Diego 907	Sweetwater 909
Otay 910	Tijuana 911	Whitewater 719	Clark 720
West Salton 721	Anza Borrego 722	Imperial 723	

http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/sandiego/water issues/programs/basin plan/index.shtml

#### HYDROLOGIC SUB-AREA NAME AND NUMBER(S)

	<u> </u>
Number	Name
905.12	La Jolla HSA

http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/sandiego/water issues/programs/basin plan/index.shtml

**SURFACE WATERS** that each project discharge point proposes to discharge to. List the impairments identified in Table 7.

SURFACE WATERS (river, creek, stream, etc.)	Hydrologic Unit Basin Number	Impairment(s) listed [303(d) listed waters or waters with established TMDLs ]	Distance to Project
San Dieguito River	905.12	None	0.6 mi
Pacific Ocean	905.11	Indicator bacteria	9.6 mi

http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water\_issues/programs/tmdl/docs/303dlists2006/epa/r9\_06\_303d\_reqtmdl s.pdf

#### **GROUND WATERS**

OROGINE WIII ERO																
Ground Waters	Hydrologic Unit Basin Number	MUN	AGR	QNI	PROC	GWR	FRESH	MOd	REC1	REC2	BIOL	WARM	COLD	MILD	RARE	NMdS
San Dieguito River	905.12	•	•	•												
Pacific Ocean	905.11	•	•	•												

http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/sandiego/water\_issues/programs/basin\_plan/index.shtml

<sup>+</sup> Excepted from Municipal

<sup>•</sup> Existing Beneficial Use

Potential Beneficial Use

#### PROJECT ANTICIPATED AND POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS

Using Table 6, identify pollutants that are anticipated to be generated from the proposed priority project categories. Pollutants associated with any hazardous material sites that have been remediated or are not threatened by the proposed project are not considered a pollutant of concern.

TABLE 6: ANTICIPATED AND POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS GENERATED BY LAND USE TYPE

	General Pollutant Categories								
PDP Categories	Sediments	Nutrients	Heavy Metals	Organic Compounds	Trash & Debris	Oxygen Demanding Substances	Oil & Grease	Bacteria & Viruses	Pesticides
Detached Residential Development	X	X			X	X	X	X	X
Attached Residential Development	X	X			X	P <sup>(1)</sup>	P <sup>(2)</sup>	Р	X
Commercial Development 1 acre or greater	P <sup>(1)</sup>	P <sup>(1)</sup>		P <sup>(2)</sup>	X	P <sup>(5)</sup>	X	P <sup>(3)</sup>	P <sup>(5)</sup>
Heavy industry /industrial development	X		X	X	X	X	X		
Automotive Repair Shops			X	$X^{(4)(5)}$	X		X		
Restaurants					X	X	X	X	
Hillside Development >5,000 ft <sup>2</sup>	X	X			X	X	X		X
Parking Lots	$\mathbf{P}^{(1)}$	P <sup>(1)</sup>	X		X	$P^{(1)}$	X		$\mathbf{P}^{(1)}$
Retail Gasoline Outlets			X	X	X	X	X		
Streets, Highways & Freeways	X	P <sup>(1)</sup>	X	X <sup>(4)</sup>	X	P <sup>(5)</sup>	X		

X = anticipated

P = potential

- (1) A potential pollutant if landscaping exists on-site.
- (2) A potential pollutant if the project includes uncovered parking areas.
- (3) A potential pollutant if land use involves food or animal waste products.
- (4) Including petroleum hydrocarbons.
- (5) Including solvents.

## PROJECT POLLUTANTS OF CONCERN SUMMARY TABLE

Please summarize the identified project pollutant of concern by checking the appropriate boxes in the table below and list any surface water impairments identified. Pollutants anticipated to be generated by the project, which are also causing impairment of receiving waters, shall be considered the primary pollutants of concern. For projects where no primary pollutants of concern exist, those pollutants identified as anticipated shall be considered secondary pollutants of concern.

TABLE 7: PROJECT POLLUTANTS OF CONCERN

Pollutant Category	Anticipated (X)	Potential (P)	Surface Water Impairments
Sediments	X		
Nutrients	X		
Heavy Metals	X		
Organic Compounds	X		
Trash & Debris	X		
Oxygen Demanding Substances	X		
Oil & Grease	X		
Bacteria & Viruses	X		Solana Beach, San Dieguito Lagoon Mouth
Pesticides	X		

## LID AND SITE DESIGN STRATEGIES

Each numbered item below is a Low Impact Development (LID) requirement of the WPO. Please check the box(s) under each number that best describes the LID BMP(s) and Site Design Strategies selected for this project.

TABLE 8: LID AND SITE DESIGN

1. Conserve natural Areas, Soils, and Vegetation
Preserve well draining soils (Type A or B)
Preserve Significant Trees
Preserve critical (or problematic) areas such as floodplains, steep slopes, wetlands, and areas with erosive or unstable soil conditions
Other. Description:
2. Minimize Disturbance to Natural Drainages
Set-back development envelope from drainages
Restrict heavy construction equipment access to planned green/open space areas
Other. Description:
3. Minimize and Disconnect Impervious Surfaces (see 5)
Clustered Lot Design
■ Items checked in 5
Other. Description:
4. Minimize Soil Compaction
Restrict heavy construction equipment access to planned green/open space areas
Re-till soils compacted by construction vehicles/equipment
☐ Collect & re-use upper soil layers of development site containing organic Materials
Other. Description:
5. Drain Runoff from Impervious Surfaces to Pervious Areas
LID Street & Road Design
Curb-cuts to landscaping
🗷 Rural Swales
Concave Median
Cul-de-sac Landscaping Design
Other. Description:
LID Parking Lot Design
Permeable Pavements

	×	Curb-cuts to landscaping
		Other. Description: No Parking lot in this project
	LID	Driveway, Sidewalk, Bike-path Design
		Permeable Pavements
	×	Pitch pavements toward landscaping
		Other. Description: No sidewalk or Bike path design.
	LID	Building Design
		Cisterns & Rain Barrels
		Downspout to swale
		Vegetated Roofs
		Other. Description: Bioretention Facility
	LID	<u>Landscaping Design</u>
		Soil Amendments
		Reuse of Native Soils
		Smart Irrigation Systems
		Street Trees
		Other. Description:
6.	Minim	ize erosion from slopes
	×	Disturb existing slopes only when necessary
	×	Minimize cut and fill areas to reduce slope lengths
		Incorporate retaining walls to reduce steepness of slopes or to shorten slopes
		Provide benches or terraces on high cut and fill slopes to reduce concentration
	of fl	
	×	Rounding and shaping slopes to reduce concentrated flow
	×	Collect concentrated flows in stabilized drains and channels
	×	Other. Description: Provide Riprap Energy Dissipater

## SOURCE CONTROL

Please complete the checklist on the following pages to determine Source Control BMPs. Below is instruction on how to use the checklist. (Also see instructions on page 60 of the *SUSMP*)

- 1. Review Column 1 and identify which of these potential sources of stormwater pollutants apply to your site. Check each box that applies and list in Table 9.
- 2. Review Column 2 and incorporate all of the corresponding applicable BMPs in your Source Control Exhibit in Attachment B.
- 3. Review Columns 3 and 4 and incorporate all of the corresponding applicable permanent controls and operational BMPs into Table 9.
- 4. Use the format in Table 9 below to summarize the project Source Control BMPs. Incorporate all identified Source Control BMPs in your Source Control Exhibit in Attachment B.

TABLE 9: PROJECT SOURCE CONTROL BMPS

Potential source of	Permanent	Operational
runoff pollutants	source control BMPs	source control BMPs
Landscape / Outdoor	State that final landscape plans	Maintain landscaping using
Pesticide Use	will accomplish all of the	minimum or no pesticides.
	following:	
	Design landscaping to minimize	
	irrigation and runoff, to promote	
	surface infiltration where	
	appropriate, and to minimize the	
	use of fertilizers and pesticides	
	that can contribute to stormwater	
	pollution.	
	Where landscaped areas are used	
	to retain or detain stormwater,	
	specify plants that are tolerant of	
	saturated soil conditions.	
	Consider using pest-resistant	
	plants, especially adjacent to	
	hardscape.	
	To ensure successful	
	establishment, select plants	
	appropriate to soils, slopes,	
	climate, sun wind, rain, land use,	
	air movement, ecological	
	consistency, and plant	
	interaction.	
Storm Drain Inlet	Mark all inlets with the words	Maintain & periodically repaint
	"No Dumping! Flows to Creek"	or replace inlet marking.

Provide stormwater pollution prevention information to new
site owners or lessess.

Describe your specific Source Control BMPs in an accompanying narrative, and explain any special conditions or situations that required omitting Source Control BMPs or substituting alternatives.

All pads are sloped towards an appropriately designed IMP that is combined with Hydromodification. Water from the impervious surfaces from the pads will be treated on
site before leaving the site. Water from the impervious road will be collected and treated
before being discharged to its natural flow path.
Site area drain will have a marking saying "No Dumping! Flows to Creak". Stormwater pollution prevention information including SC-44 will be provided to the property owner.

IF THESE SOURCES WILL BE ON THE PROJECT SITE	THEN YOUR STORMWATER	R CONTROL PLAN SHOULD INCLUDE THI	ESE SOURCE CONTROL BMPs
1 Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants	2 Permanent Controls—Show on Source Control Exhibit, Attachment B	3 Permanent Controls—List in SUSMP Table and Narrative	4 Operational BMPs—Include in SUSMP Table and Narrative
A. On-site storm drain inlets	Locations of inlets.	Mark all inlets with the words "No Dumping! Flows to Bay" or similar.	<ul> <li>Maintain and periodically repaint or replace inlet markings.</li> <li>Provide stormwater pollution prevention information to new site owners, lessees, or operators.</li> <li>See applicable operational BMPs in Fact Sheet SC-44, "Drainage System Maintenance," in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com</li> <li>Include the following in lease agreements: "Tenant shall not allow anyone to discharge anything to storm drains or to store or deposit materials so as to create a potential discharge to storm drains."</li> </ul>
B. Interior floor drains and elevator shaft sump pumps		State that interior floor drains and elevator shaft sump pumps will be plumbed to sanitary sewer.	Inspect and maintain drains to prevent blockages and overflow.
C. Interior parking garages		State that parking garage floor drains will be plumbed to the sanitary sewer.	Inspect and maintain drains to prevent blockages and overflow.

D1. Need for future indoor & structural pest control		☐ Note building design features that discourage entry of pests.	Provide Integrated Pest Management information to owners, lessees, and operators.
1 Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants	2 Permanent Controls—Show on Source Control Exhibit, Attachment B	3 Permanent Controls—List in SUSMP Table and Narrative	4 Operational BMPs—Include in SUSMP Table and Narrative
IF THESE SOURCES WILL BE ON THE PROJECT SITE	THEN YOUR STORMWATER	R CONTROL PLAN SHOULD INCLUDE TH	ESE SOURCE CONTROL BMPs

IF THESE SOURCES WILL BE ON THE PROJECT SITE	THEN YOUR STORMWATER	R CONTROL PLAN SHOULD INCLUDE TH	ESE SOURCE CONTROL BMPs
1 Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants	2 Permanent Controls—Show on Source Control Exhibit, Attachment B	3 Permanent Controls—List in SUSMP Table and Narrative	4 Operational BMPs—Include in SUSMP Table and Narrative
D2. Landscape/ Outdoor Pesticide Use  Note: Should be consistent with project landscape plan (if applicable).	<ul> <li>□ Show locations of native trees or areas of shrubs and ground cover to be undisturbed and retained.</li> <li>□ Show self-retaining landscape areas, if any.</li> <li>☑ Show stormwater treatment facilities.</li> </ul>	State that final landscape plans will accomplish all of the following:  Preserve existing native trees, shrubs, and ground cover to the maximum extent possible.  Design landscaping to minimize irrigation and runoff, to promote surface infiltration where appropriate, and to minimize the use of fertilizers and pesticides that can contribute to stormwater pollution.  Where landscaped areas are used to retain or detain stormwater, specify plants that are tolerant of saturated soil conditions.  Consider using pest-resistant plants, especially adjacent to hardscape.  To insure successful establishment, select plants appropriate to site soils, slopes, climate, sun, wind, rain, land use, air movement, ecological consistency, and plant interactions.	Maintain landscaping using minimum or no pesticides.  See applicable operational BMPs in Fact Sheet SC-41, "Building and Grounds Maintenance," in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com  Provide IPM information to new owners, lessees and operators.

IF THESE SOURCES WILL BE ON THE PROJECT SITE	THEN YOUR STORMWATER CONTROL PLAN SHOULD INCLUDE THESE SOURCE CONTROL BMPs					
1 Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants	Permanent Controls—Show on Source Control Exhibit, Attachment B  3  Permanent Controls—List in SUSMP Table and Narrative		4 Operational BMPs—Include in SUSMP Table and Narrative			
☐ E. Pools, spas, ponds, decorative fountains, and other water features.	Show location of water feature and a sanitary sewer cleanout in an accessible area within 10 feet.	If the local municipality requires pools to be plumbed to the sanitary sewer, place a note on the plans and state in the narrative that this connection will be made according to local requirements.	See applicable operational BMPs in Fact Sheet SC-72, "Fountain and Pool Maintenance," in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com			
☐ F. Food service	<ul> <li>□ For restaurants, grocery stores, and other food service operations, show location (indoors or in a covered area outdoors) of a floor sink or other area for cleaning floor mats, containers, and equipment.</li> <li>□ On the drawing, show a note that this drain will be connected to a grease interceptor before discharging to the sanitary sewer.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Describe the location and features of the designated cleaning area.</li> <li>Describe the items to be cleaned in this facility and how it has been sized to insure that the largest items can be accommodated.</li> </ul>				

IF THESE SOURCES WILL BE ON THE PROJECT SITE	THEN YOUR STORMWATER CONTROL PLAN SHOULD INCLUDE THESE SOURCE CONTROL BMPs					
1 Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants	Permanent Controls—Show on Source Control Exhibit, Attachment B  3 Permanent Controls—List in SUS Table and Narrative		4 Operational BMPs—Include in SUSMP Table and Narrative			
☐ G. Refuse areas	□ Show where site refuse and recycled materials will be handled and stored for pickup. See local municipal requirements for sizes and other details of refuse areas. □ If dumpsters or other receptacles are outdoors, show how the designated area will be covered, graded, and paved to prevent runon and show locations of berms to prevent runoff from the area. □ Any drains from dumpsters, compactors, and tallow bin areas shall be connected to a grease removal device before discharge to sanitary sewer.	□ State how site refuse will be handled and provide supporting detail to what is shown on plans. □ State that signs will be posted on or near dumpsters with the words "Do not dump hazardous materials here" or similar.	Provide adequate number of receptacles. Inspect receptacles regularly; repair or replace leaky receptacles. Keep receptacles covered. Prohibit/prevent dumping of liquid or hazardous wastes. Post "no hazardous materials" signs. Inspect and pick up litter daily and clean up spills immediately. Keep spill control materials available onsite. See Fact Sheet SC-34, "Waste Handling and Disposal" in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com			
☐ H. Industrial processes.	☐ Show process area.	☐ If industrial processes are to be located on site, state: "All process activities to be performed indoors. No processes to drain to exterior or to storm drain system."	See Fact Sheet SC-10, "Non- Stormwater Discharges" in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com			

IF THESE SOURCES WILL BE ON THE PROJECT SITE	THEN YOUR STORMWATER	R CONTROL PLAN SHOULD INCLUDE THE	ESE SOURCE CONTROL BMPs
1 Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants	2 Permanent Controls—Show on Source Control Exhibit, Attachment B	3 Permanent Controls—List in SUSMP Table and Narrative	4 Operational BMPs—Include in SUSMP Table and Narrative
Outdoor storage of equipment or materials. (See rows J and K for source control measures for vehicle cleaning, repair, and maintenance.)	<ul> <li>□ Show any outdoor storage areas, including how materials will be covered. Show how areas will be graded and bermed to prevent runon or run-off from area.</li> <li>□ Storage of non-hazardous liquids shall be covered by a roof and/or drain to the sanitary sewer system, and be contained by berms, dikes, liners, or vaults.</li> <li>□ Storage of hazardous materials and wastes must be in compliance with the local hazardous materials ordinance and a Hazardous Materials Management Plan for the site.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ Include a detailed description of materials to be stored, storage areas, and structural features to prevent pollutants from entering storm drains.</li> <li>Where appropriate, reference documentation of compliance with the requirements of local Hazardous Materials Programs for:         <ul> <li>■ Hazardous Waste Generation</li> <li>■ Hazardous Materials Release Response and Inventory</li> <li>■ California Accidental Release (CalARP)</li> <li>■ Aboveground Storage Tank</li> <li>■ Uniform Fire Code Article 80 Section 103(b) &amp; (c) 1991</li> <li>■ Underground Storage Tank</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Underground Storage Tank</li> </ul>	See the Fact Sheets SC-31, "Outdoor Liquid Container Storage" and SC-33, "Outdoor Storage of Raw Materials" in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com

J. Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning	Show on drawings as appropriate:  (1) Commercial/industrial facilities having vehicle /equipment cleaning needs shall either provide a covered, bermed area for washing activities or discourage vehicle/equipment washing by removing hose bibs and installing signs prohibiting such uses.  (2) Multi-dwelling complexes shall have a paved, bermed, and covered car wash area (unless car washing is prohibited on-site and hoses are provided with an automatic shutoff to discourage such use).  (3) Washing areas for cars, vehicles, and equipment shall be paved, designed to prevent run-on to or runoff from the area, and plumbed to drain to the sanitary sewer.	If a car wash area is not provided, describe measures taken to discourage on-site car washing and explain how these will be enforced.	0 0 0	Describe operational measures to implement the following (if applicable):  Washwater from vehicle and equipment washing operations shall not be discharged to the storm drain system.  Car dealerships and similar may rinse cars with water only.  See Fact Sheet SC-21, "Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning," in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com
	to drain to the sanitary sewer.			

		_				
(	K. Vehicle/Equipment Repair and Maintenance	0	Accommodate all vehicle equipment repair and maintenance indoors. Or designate an outdoor work area and design the area to prevent run-on and runoff of stormwater.  Show secondary containment for exterior work areas where motor oil, brake fluid, gasoline, diesel fuel, radiator fluid, acid-containing batteries or other hazardous materials or hazardous wastes are used or stored. Drains shall not be installed within the secondary containment areas.  Add a note on the plans that states either (1) there are no floor drains, or (2) floor drains are connected to wastewater pretreatment systems	State that no vehicle repair or maintenance will be done outdoors, or else describe the required features of the outdoor work area.  State that there are no floor drains or if there are floor drains, note the agency from which an industrial waste discharge permit will be obtained and that the design meets that agency's requirements.  State that there are no tanks, containers or sinks to be used for parts cleaning or rinsing or, if there are, note the agency from which an industrial waste discharge permit will be obtained and that the design meets that agency's requirements.	0	In the SUSMP report, note that all of the following restrictions apply to use the site:  No person shall dispose of, nor permit the disposal, directly or indirectly of vehicle fluids, hazardous materials, or rinsewater from parts cleaning into storm drains.  No vehicle fluid removal shall be performed outside a building, nor on asphalt or ground surfaces, whether inside or outside a building, except in such a manner as to ensure that any spilled fluid will be in an area of secondary containment. Leaking vehicle fluids shall be contained or drained from the vehicle immediately.
			or (2) floor drains are connected to	that agency's requirements.	_	

L. Fuel Dispensing Areas	Fueling areas¹ shall have impermeable floors (i.e., portland cement concrete or equivalent	☐ The property owner shall dry sweep the fueling area routinely.
	smooth impervious surface) that are: a) graded at the minimum slope necessary to prevent ponding; and b) separated from the rest of the site by a grade break that prevents run-on of stormwater to the maximum extent practicable.	□ See the Business Guide Sheet, "Automotive Service—Service Stations" in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com
	Fueling areas shall be covered by a canopy that extends a minimum of ten feet in each direction from each pump. [Alternative: The fueling area must be covered and the cover's minimum dimensions must be equal to or greater than the area within the grade break or fuel dispensing area <sup>1</sup> .] The canopy [or cover] shall not drain onto the fueling area.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The fueling area shall be defined as the area extending a minimum of 6.5 feet from the corner of each fuel dispenser or the length at which the hose and nozzle assembly may be operated plus a minimum of one foot, whichever is greater.

■ M. Loading Docks	Show a preliminary design for the loading dock area, including roofing and drainage. Loading docks shall be covered and/or graded to minimize run-on to and runoff from the loading area. Roof downspouts shall be positioned to direct stormwater away from the loading area. Water from loading dock areas should be drained to the		<ul> <li>■ Move loaded and unloaded items indoors as soon as possible.</li> <li>■ See Fact Sheet SC-30, "Outdoor Loading and Unloading," in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com</li> </ul>
	sanitary sewer where feasible.  Direct connections to storm drains from depressed loading docks are prohibited.  Loading dock areas draining directly to the sanitary sewer shall be equipped with a spill control valve or equivalent device, which shall be kept closed during periods of operation.		
	Provide a roof overhang over the loading area or install door skirts (cowling) at each bay that enclose the end of the trailer.		
N. Fire Sprinkler Test Water		Provide a means to drain fire sprinkler test water to the sanitary sewer.	See the note in Fact Sheet SC-41, "Building and Grounds Maintenance," in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com

	O. Miscellaneous Drain or Wash Water  Boiler drain lines		Boiler drain lines shall be directly or indirectly connected to the sanitary sewer system and may not discharge to the storm drain system.	
0	Condensate drain lines  Rooftop equipment  Drainage sumps		Condensate drain lines may discharge to landscaped areas if the flow is small enough that runoff will not occur. Condensate drain lines may not discharge to the storm drain system.	
	Roofing, gutters, and trim.	٥	Rooftop mounted equipment with potential to produce pollutants shall be roofed and/or have secondary containment.	
		0	Any drainage sumps on-site shall feature a sediment sump to reduce the quantity of sediment in pumped water.  Avoid roofing, gutters, and trim made of copper or other unprotected metals that may leach into runoff.	
	P. Plazas, sidewalks, and parking lots.			Plazas, sidewalks, and parking lots shall be swept regularly to prevent the accumulation of litter and debris. Debris from pressure washing shall be collected to prevent entry into the storm drain system. Washwater containing any cleaning agent or degreaser shall be collected and discharged to the sanitary sewer and not discharged to a storm drain.

## LID AND TREATMENT CONTROL SELECTION

A treatment control BMP and/or LID facility must be selected to treat the project pollutants of concern identified in Table 7 "Project Pollutants of Concern". A treatment control facility with a high or medium pollutant removal efficiency for the project's most significant pollutant of concern shall be selected. It is recommended to use the design procedure in Chapter 4 of the SUSMP to meet NPDES permit LID requirements, treatment requirements, and flow control requirements. If your project does not utilize this approach, the project will need to demonstrate compliance with LID, treatment and flow control requirements. Review Chapter 2 "Selection of Stormwater Treatment Facilities" in the SUSMP to assist in determining the appropriate treatment facility for your project.

Will this project be utilizing the unified LID design procedure as described in Chapter 4 of the Local SUSMP? (If yes, please document in Attachment D following the steps in Chapter 4 of the County SUSMP)						
<u>Yes</u>	No					
If this project is not utilizing the unified LID design procedure, please describe how the alternative treatment facilities will comply with applicable LID criteria, stormwater treatment criteria, and hydromodification management criteria.						

➤ Indicate the project pollutants of concern (POCs) from Table 7 in Column 2 below.

TABLE 10: GROUPING OF POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS of Concern (POCs) by fate during stormwater treatment

Pollutant	Check	Coarse Sediment and Trash	Pollutants that tend	Pollutants that tend
Tonutant		Coarse Sediment and Trash		
	Project		to associate with	to be dissolved
	Specific		fine particles during	following treatment
	POCs		treatment	
Sediment		X	X	
Nutrients			X	X
Heavy Metals			X	
Organic Compounds			X	
Trash & Debris		X		
Oxygen Demanding			X	
Bacteria			X	
Oil & Grease			X	
Pesticides			X	

➤ Indicate the treatment facility(s) chosen for this project in the following table.

TABLE 11: GROUPS OF POLLUTANTS and relative effectiveness of treatment facilities

Pollutants of Concern	Bioretention Facilities (LID)	Settling Basins (Dry Ponds)	Wet Ponds and Constructed Wetlands	Infiltration Facilities or Practices (LID)	Media Filters	Higher- rate biofilters*	Higher- rate media filters*	Trash Racks & Hydro -dynamic Devices	Vegetated Swales
Coarse Sediment and Trash	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	High
Pollutants that tend to associate with fine particles during treatment	High	High	High	High	High	Medium	Medium	Low	Medium
Pollutants that tend to be dissolved following treatment	Medium	Low	Medium	High	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low

➤ Please check the box(s) that best describes the Treatment Control BMP(s) and/or LID IMP selected for this project. Please check if the treatment facility is designed for water quality or hydromodification flow control.

TABLE 12: PROJECT LID AND TC-BMPS

TCBMP Type	Water Quality Treatment	Hydromodification Flow Control
Bioretention Facilities (LID)		
■ Bioretention area	X	X
Flow-through Planter		
Cistern with Bioretention Facility		
Basins		
Extended/dry detention basin with grass/vegetated lining		
Extended/dry detention basin with impervious lining		
Underground Vault		
Cistern		
Infiltration Devices (LID)		
Infiltration basin		

Infiltration trench	
Other	
Wet Ponds and Constructed Wetlands	
Wet pond/basin (permanent pool)	
Constructed wetland	
Vegetated Swales (LID <sup>(1)</sup> )	
€ Vegetated Swale	
Media Filters	
Austin Sand Filter	
Delaware Sand Filter	
Multi-Chambered Treatment Train (MCTT)	
Higher-rate Biofilters	
Tree-pit-style unit	
Other	
Higher-rate Media Filters	
Vault-based filtration unit with replaceable	
cartridges	
Other_	
Hydrodynamic Separator Systems	
Swirl Concentrator	
Other	
Trash Racks	
Catch Basin Insert	
Catch Basin Insert w/ Hydrocarbon boom	
Other	
Self-Treating or Self-Retaining Areas (LID)	
Permeable Pavements	
Self-Retaining	
Vegetated Roofs	

<sup>(1)</sup> Must be designed per SUSMP "Vegetated Swales" design criteria for LID credit (p. 65).

For design guidelines and calculations refer to Chapter 4 "Low Impact Development Design Guide" in the SUSMP. Please show all calculations and design sheets for all treatment facilities proposed in Attachment D.

> Create a Construction Plan SWMP Checklist for your project.

Instructions on how to fill out table

- 1. Number and list each measure or BMP you have specified in your SWMP in Columns 1 and Maintenance Category in Column 3 of the table. Leave Column 2 blank.
- 2. When you submit construction plans, duplicate the table (by photocopy or electronically). Now fill in Column 2, identifying the plan sheets where the BMPs are shown. List all plan sheets on which the BMP appears. **This table must be shown on the front sheet of the grading and improvement plans.**

Stormwater Treatment Control and LID BMP's				
Description / Type	Sheet	Maintenance Category	Revisions	
Bioretention Facility		First	8-2-17	

<sup>\*</sup> BMP's approved as part of Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP) dated xx/xx/xx on file with DPW. Any changes to the above BMP's will require SWMP revision and Plan Change approvals.

ranking is infeasible.
Bioretention facilities were chosen because it was the most effective method of
treatment that fit well with our design. Each lot has its own bioretention treatment system along with hydromodification. This allows each lot to treat its own water before discharging it offsite. The bioretention facilities will work as an infiltration basin which
has the highest pollutants removal.

Please describe why the chosen treatment BMP(s) was selected for this project. For projects utilizing a low performing BMP, please provide a feasibility analysis that

demonstrates utilization of a treatment facility with a high or medium removal efficiency

SUSMP. To assist in these calculations a BMP sizing calculator is available for use at the following location: <a href="http://www.projectcleanwater.org/html/wg-susmp.html">http://www.projectcleanwater.org/html/wg-susmp.html</a>

Please provide the sizing design calculations for each Drainage Management Area in Attachment D. Guidelines for design calculations are located in Chapter 4 of the County

## **OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE**

➤ Please check the box that best describes the maintenance mechanism(s) for this project.

TABLE 13: PROJECT BMP CATEGORY

CATEGORY	SELECTED		BMP Description
CATEGORI	YES	NO	
First <sup>1</sup>	X		Bioretention Facility
Second <sup>2</sup>		X	
Third <sup>3</sup>		X	
Fourth <sup>4</sup>		X	

#### Note:

- 1. A maintenance notification will be required.
- 2. A recorded maintenance agreement and access easement will be required.
- 3. The project will be required to establish or be included in a watershed specific Community Facility District (CFD) for long-term maintenance.
- 4. The developer would be required to dedicate the BMP (and the property on which it is located and any necessary access) to the County.

➤ Please list all individual Treatment Control BMPs (TCBMPs) incorporated into the project. Please attach the record plan sheets upon completion of project and amend the Major SWMP where appropriate. For each type of TCBMP provide an inspection sheet in Attachment F "Maintenance Plan". Replicate Table 14 in Attachment G once the TCBMP has been constructed.

TABLE 14: PROJECT SPECIFIC LID AND TC-BMPS

Treatment Control BMPs (TCBMPs) <sub>1,2</sub> (List all from SWMP)			
Lot Number Or Location	Description/Type	Sheet	
PARCEL 1 SOUTH	IMP-6-S, DMA-6.1-s, DMA-6.2-S		
PARCEL 4 SOUTH	IMP-7-S. DMA-7.1-S, DMA-7.2-S		
PARCEL 1 NORTH	IMP-1-N, DMA-1.1-N, DMA-1.2-N		
PARCEL 2 NORTH	IMP-2-N, DMA-2.1-N, DMA-2.2-N		
PARCEL 3 NORTH	IMP-3-N, DMA-3.1-N, DMA-3.2-N		
PARCEL 4 NORTH	IMP-4-N, IMP-5-N, DMA-4.1-N, DMA-4.2-N, DMA-5.1-N		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All Priority Developmetn Projects (PDPs) require a TCBMP.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>BMPs designed to treat stormwater (e.g. LID and hydromod) shall be considered TCBMPs.

<sup>\*</sup> For location of BMP's, see approved Record Plan dated <u>XX/XX/XX</u>, plan <u>(TYPE)</u> sheet <u>(#)</u>.

## Responsible Party for the Construction Phase:

Identify the parties responsible for maintenance during the construction phase of the BMPs identified above and Source Controls specified in Attachment B.

Developer's Name: Richard D. Bagley	
Address: 7984 Artesian Road	
City San Diego State CA Zip 92127	
Email Address:	
Phone Number: <u>310-852-3557</u>	
Engineer of Work: <u>David V. Caron</u>	
Engineer's Phone Number: 760-908-8745	

## Responsible Party for Ongoing Maintenance:

Identify the parties responsible for long-term maintenance of the BMPs identified above and Source Controls specified in Attachment B. Include the appropriate written agreement with the entities responsible for O&M in Attachment F. Please see Chapter 5 "Stormwater Facility Maintenance" of the County SUSMP for appropriate maintenance mechanisms.

Owner's Name: Richard D. Bagley	
Address: 7984 Artesian Road	
City San Diego State CA Zip 92127	
Email Address:	
Phone Number: <u>310-852-3557</u>	
* Note: If a corporation or LLC, provide information for principal partner or Agent for of Process. If an HOA, provide information for the Board or property manager at time project closeout	

#### Funding Source:

Provide the funding source or sources for long-term operation and maintenance of each BMP identified above. Please see Chapter 5 "Stormwater Facility Maintenance" of the County SUSMP for the appropriate funding source options. By certifying the Major SWMP the applicant is certifying that the funding responsibilities have been addressed and will be transferred to future owners.

Proposed Bioretention facilities are First Category BMP & will be maintained by the present Land owner. The existing owner is required to notify the future homeowner about the maintenance requirements of the Bioretention Basins. No Funding is required.

#### **ATTACHMENTS**

Please include the following attachments.

	ATTACHMENT	COMPLETED	N/A
Α	Project Location Map	✓	
В	Source Control Exhibit	✓	
С	Drainage Management Area (DMA)Exhibit	✓	
D	BMP Sizing Design Calculations (Water		
	Quality and Hydromodification) and TC-	✓	
	BMP/IMP Design Details		
Е	Geotechnical Certification Sheet		✓
F	Maintenance Plan	<b>✓</b>	
G	Treatment Control BMP Certification	✓	
Н	HMP Exemption Documentation		✓
I	Addendum		

**Note:** Attachments B and C may be combined.

# ATTACHMENT A

**Project Location Map** 



DATE: 2-11-15	S	ITE 	LOCATION	MA	P 
SCALE: AS SHOWN			NILSEN ARTESIAN		DRAWN BY:



				DRAWN BY: P. NONG			
SCALE:	AS SHOWN		NILSEN ARTESIAN				
DATE:	2-11-15						
	S	SITE	VICINITY	MAP			

## **ATTACHMENT B**

**Source Control Exhibit** 

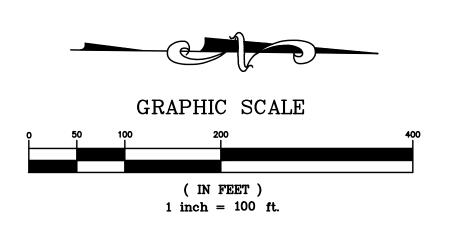


<u>LEGEND</u>

STEEP SLOPE LANDSCAPING



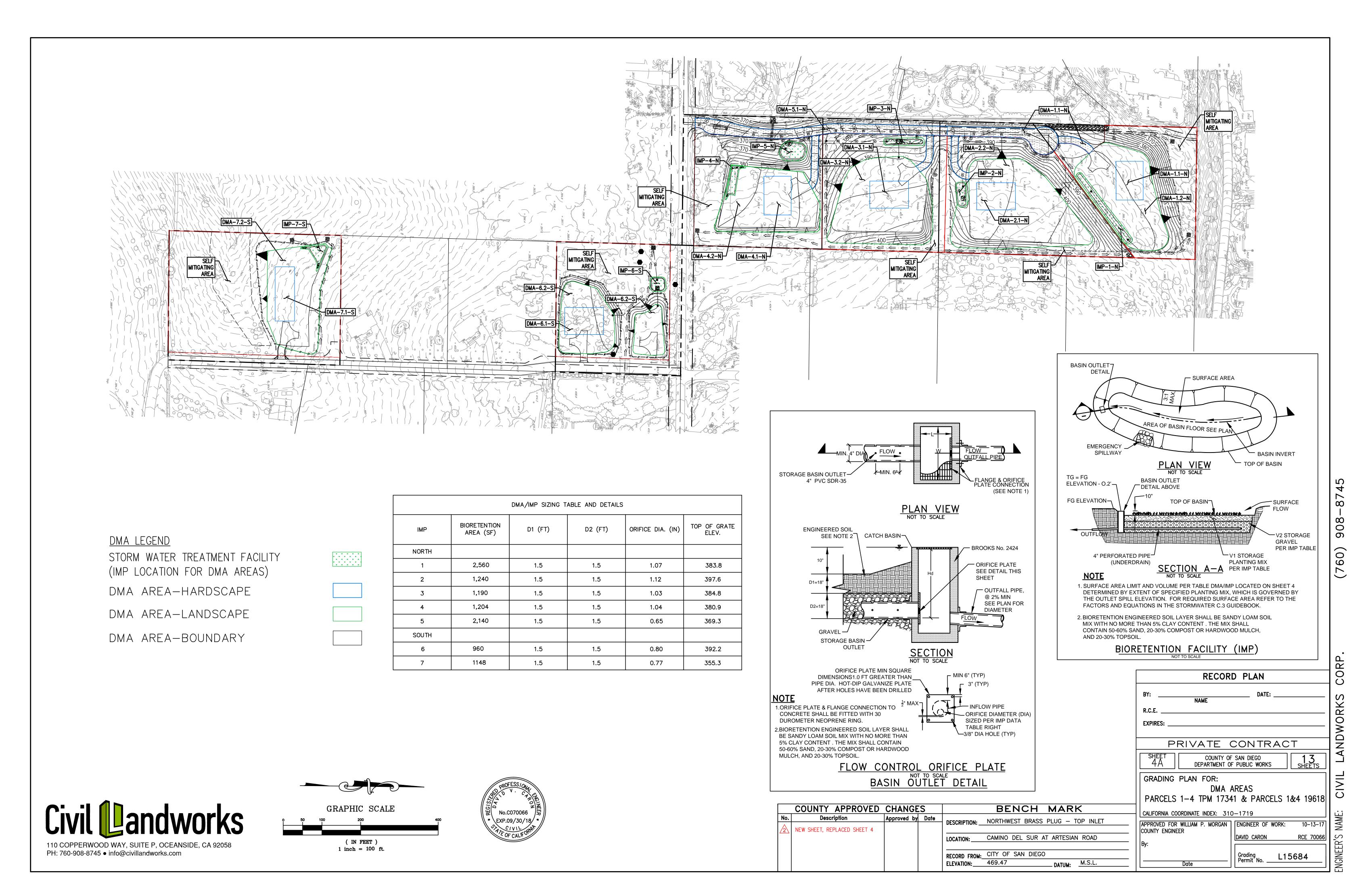






## ATTACHMENT C

**Drainage Management Area (DMA) Exhibit** 



## ATTACHMENT D

# Sizing Design Calculations and TCBMP/LID Design Details

(Provide BMP Sizing Calculator results and/or continuous simulation modeling results, if applicable)

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04								
Project Name: Nilsen Artesian Hydrologic Unit: 905								
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford					
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE					
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2					
BMP Name:	IMP-1	BMP Type:	Bioretention					
BMP Native Soil Type:	D	BMP Infiltration Rate (in/hr):	0.024					

	Areas Draining to BMP						HMP Sizing Fa	ctors		Minimum BMP S	ize
DMA Name	Area (sf)	Soil Type	Slope	Post Project Surface Type	Runoff Factor (Table 4-2)	Surface Area	Surface Volume	Subsurface Volume	Surface Area (sf)	Surface Volume (cf)	Subsurface Volume (cf)
DMA-1.1-N	7000	D	Flat	Impervious	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06	700	583	420
DMA-1.2-N	34777	D	Flat	Landscape	0.1	0.1	0.0833	0.06	348	290	209
DMA-1.3-N	13490	D	Flat	Road	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06	1349	1124	809
Total BMP Area	55267						<u> </u>	Minimum BMP Size	2396.77	1997	1438
								Proposed BMP Size*	2560	3093	1536
									Soil Matrix Depth		in
								Minim	um Ponding Depth		in
									um Ponding Depth		in
									ted Ponding Depth		in

BMP's must be adapted and applied to the conditions specific to the development project such as unstable slopes or the lack of available head. Designated Staff have final review and approval authority over the project design.

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04					
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905		
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford		
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE		
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2		
BMP Name	IMP-1	BMP Type:	Bioretention		

DMA	Rain Gauge		Existing C	Condition	Q2 Sizing Factor	DMA Area (ac)	Orifice Flow - %Q <sub>2</sub>	Orifice Area (in2)
Name	-	Soil Type	Cover	Slope	(cfs/ac)		(cfs)	
DMA-1.1-N	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.161	0.005	0.11
DMA-1.2-N	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.798	0.023	0.57
DMA-1.3-N	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.310	0.009	0.22
								<u> </u>

0.037	0.90	1.07
Tot. Allowable	Tot. Allowable	Max Orifice
Orifice Flow	Orifice Area	Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

0.037	0.90	1.07
Actual Orifice Flow	Actual Orifice Area	Selected Orifice Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

Drawdown (Hrs)	16.1

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04						
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905			
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford			
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE			
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2			
BMP Name:	IMP-2	BMP Type:	Bioretention			
BMP Native Soil Type:	D	BMP Infiltration Rate (in/hr):	0.024			

Areas Draining to BMP							HMP Sizing Fa	ictors		Minimum BMP S	ize
DMA Name	Area (sf)	Soil Type	Slope	Post Project Surface Type	Runoff Factor (Table 4-2)	Surface Area	Surface Volume	Subsurface Volume	Surface Area (sf)	Surface Volume (cf)	Subsurface Volume
DMA-2.1-N	7000	D	Flat	Impervious	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06	700	583	420
DMA-2.2-N	53453	D	Flat	Landscape	0.1	0.1	0.0833	0.06	535	445	321
DMA-2.3-N		D	Flat	Road	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06			
Total BMP Area	60453							Minimum BMP Size	1234.53	1028	741
Total Bivil Area	00433							Proposed BMP Size*	1240	1498	744
								Troposed Sim Size	Soil Matrix Depth		in
								Minim	um Ponding Depth	5.45	in
								Maxim	um Ponding Depth	134.94	in
								Selec	ted Ponding Depth	10.00	in

BMP's must be adapted and applied to the conditions specific to the development project such as unstable slopes or the lack of available head. Designated Staff have final review and approval authority over the project design.

	BM	P Sizing Spreadsheet V1.0	04
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2
BMP Name	IMP-2	BMP Type:	Bioretention

DMA	Rain Gauge		Existing C	Condition	Q2 Sizing Factor	DMA Area (ac)	Orifice Flow - %Q <sub>2</sub>	Orifice Area (in2)
Name		Soil Type	Cover	Slope	(cfs/ac)		(cfs)	
DMA-2.1-N	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.161	0.005	0.11
DMA-2.2-N	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	1.227	0.036	0.87
DMA-2.3-N		D	Scrub	Moderate				

0.041	0.99	1.12
Tot. Allowable	Tot. Allowable	Max Orifice
Orifice Flow	Orifice Area	Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

0.040	0.99	1.12
Actual Orifice Flow	Actual Orifice Area	Selected Orifice Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

Drawdown (Hrs)	7.1

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04								
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905					
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford					
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE					
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2					
BMP Name:	IMP-3	ВМР Туре:	Bioretention					
BMP Native Soil Type:	D	BMP Infiltration Rate (in/hr):	0.024					

		Areas D	raining to BMP			HMP Sizing Factors			Minimum BMP Size		
DMA Name	Area (sf)	Soil Type	Slope	Post Project Surface Type	Runoff Factor (Table 4-2)	Surface Area	Surface Volume	Subsurface Volume	Surface Area (sf)	Surface Volume (cf)	Subsurface Volume (cf)
DMA-3.1-N	7000	D	Flat	Impervious	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06	700	583	420
DMA-3.2-N	43680	D	Flat	Landscape	0.1	0.1	0.0833	0.06	437	364	262
DMA-3.3-N		D	Flat	Road	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06			
Total BMP Area	50680					1	1	Minimum BMP Size	1136.8	947	682
		1						Proposed BMP Size*	1190	1438	714
								·	Soil Matrix Depth		in
								Minim	um Ponding Depth		in
								Maxim	um Ponding Depth	118.92	in
								Selec	ted Ponding Depth	10.00	in

BMP's must be adapted and applied to the conditions specific to the development project such as unstable slopes or the lack of available head. Designated Staff have final review and approval authority over the project design.

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04								
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905					
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford					
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE					
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2					
BMP Name	IMP-3	BMP Type:	Bioretention					

DMA	Rain Gauge		Existing C	Condition	Q2 Sizing Factor	DMA Area (ac)	Orifice Flow - %Q <sub>2</sub>	Orifice Area (in2)
Name		Soil Type	Cover	Slope	(cfs/ac)		(cfs)	
DMA-3.1-N	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.161	0.005	0.11
DMA-3.2-N	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	1.003	0.029	0.71
DMA-3.3-N		D	Scrub	Moderate				

0.034	0.83	1.03
Tot. Allowable	Tot. Allowable	Max Orifice
Orifice Flow	Orifice Area	Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

0.034	0.83	1.03		
Actual Orifice Flow	Actual Orifice Area	Selected Orifice Diameter		
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)		

Drawdown (Hrs)	8.1

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04								
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905					
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford					
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE					
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2					
BMP Name:	IMP-4	BMP Type:	Bioretention					
BMP Native Soil Type:	D	BMP Infiltration Rate (in/hr):	0.024					

DMA-4.1-N	Area (sf) 7000	Soil Type		Post Project	. ".						
DMA-4.2-N 2			Slope	Surface Type	Runoff Factor (Table 4-2)	Surface Area	Surface Volume	Subsurface Volume	Surface Area (sf)	Surface Volume (cf)	Subsurface Volume (cf)
		D	Flat	Impervious	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06	700	583	420
DMA-4.3-N	27854	D	Flat	Landscape	0.1	0.1	0.0833	0.06	448	373	269
		D	Flat	Road	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06			
Total BMP Area 5	51767							Minimum BMP Size	1147.67	956	689
								Proposed BMP Size*	1204	1426	708
									Soil Matrix Depth	36.00	in
									um Ponding Depth		in
									um Ponding Depth		in
								Select	ted Ponding Depth	10.00	in

BMP's must be adapted and applied to the conditions specific to the development project such as unstable slopes or the lack of available head. Designated Staff have final review and approval authority over the project design.

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04								
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905					
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford					
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE					
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2					
BMP Name	IMP-4	BMP Type:	Bioretention					

DMA	Rain Gauge		Existing C	Condition	Q2 Sizing Factor	DMA Area (ac)	Orifice Flow - %Q <sub>2</sub>	Orifice Area (in2)
Name		Soil Type	Cover	Slope	(cfs/ac)		(cfs)	
DMA-4.1-N	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.161	0.005	0.11
DMA-4.2-N	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	1.028	0.030	0.73
DMA-4.3-N		D	Scrub	Moderate				

0.035	0.85	1.04
Tot. Allowable	Tot. Allowable	Max Orifice
Orifice Flow	Orifice Area	Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

0.035	0.85	1.04
Actual Orifice Flow	Actual Orifice Area	Selected Orifice Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

Drawdown (Hrs)	7.9

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04							
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905				
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford				
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE				
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2				
BMP Name:	IMP-5	ВМР Туре:	Bioretention				
BMP Native Soil Type:	D	BMP Infiltration Rate (in/hr):	0.024				

		Areas D	raining to BMP			HMP Sizing Factors			Minimum BMP Size		
DMA Name	Area (sf)	Soil Type	Slope	Post Project Surface Type	Runoff Factor (Table 4-2)	Surface Area	Surface Volume	Subsurface Volume	Surface Area (sf)	Surface Volume (cf)	Subsurface Volume (cf)
DMA-5.1-N		D	Flat	Impervious	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06			
DMA-5.2-N		D	Flat	Landscape	0.1	0.1	0.0833	0.06			
DMA-5.3-N	20107	D	Flat	Road	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06	2011	1675	1206
Total BMP Area	20107						<u> </u>	Minimum BMP Size	2010.7	1675	1206
<u> </u>								Proposed BMP Size*	2140	2586	1284
									Soil Matrix Depth		in
									um Ponding Depth		in
									um Ponding Depth		in
								Selec	ted Ponding Depth	10.00	in

BMP's must be adapted and applied to the conditions specific to the development project such as unstable slopes or the lack of available head. Designated Staff have final review and approval authority over the project design.

	BM	P Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04	4
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2
BMP Name	IMP-5	BMP Type:	Bioretention

DMA Name	Rain Gauge	Soil Type	Existing C Cover	Condition Slope	Q2 Sizing Factor (cfs/ac)	DMA Area (ac)	Orifice Flow - %Q <sub>2</sub> (cfs)	Orifice Area (in2)
DMA-5.1-N		D	Scrub	Moderate				
DMA-5.2-N		D	Scrub	Moderate				
DMA-5.3-N	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.462	0.013	0.33
<u></u>								

0.013	0.33	0.65
Tot. Allowable	Tot. Allowable	Max Orifice
Orifice Flow	Orifice Area	Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

0.014	0.33	0.65
Actual Orifice Flow	Actual Orifice Area	Selected Orifice Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

Drawdown (Hrs)	36.5

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04							
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905				
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford				
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE				
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2				
BMP Name:	IMP-6	ВМР Туре:	Bioretention				
BMP Native Soil Type:	D	BMP Infiltration Rate (in/hr):	0.024				

		Areas D	raining to BMP			HMP Sizing Factors			Minimum BMP Size		
DMA Name	Area (sf)	Soil Type	Slope	Post Project Surface Type	Runoff Factor (Table 4-2)	Surface Area	Surface Volume	Subsurface Volume	Surface Area (sf)	Surface Volume (cf)	Subsurface Volun
DMA-6.1-S	7000	D	Flat	Impervious	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06	700	583	420
DMA-6.2-S	25419	D	Flat	Landscape	0.1	0.1	0.0833	0.06	254	212	153
DMA-6.3-S		D	Flat	Road	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06			
Total BMP Area	32419							Minimum BMP Size	954.19	795	573
		4						Proposed BMP Size*	960	1160	576
									Soil Matrix Depth	36.00	in
									um Ponding Depth		in
									um Ponding Depth		in
								Selec	ted Ponding Depth	10.00	in

BMP's must be adapted and applied to the conditions specific to the development project such as unstable slopes or the lack of available head. Designated Staff have final review and approval authority over the project design.

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04							
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905				
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford				
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE				
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2				
BMP Name	IMP-6	BMP Type:	Bioretention				

DMA Name	Rain Gauge	Soil Type	Existing C Cover	Condition Slope	Q2 Sizing Factor (cfs/ac)	DMA Area (ac)	Orifice Flow - %Q <sub>2</sub> (cfs)	Orifice Area (in2)
DMA-6.1-S	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.161	0.005	0.11
DMA-6.2-S	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.584	0.017	0.42
DMA-6.3-S		D	Scrub	Moderate				

0.022	0.53	0.82
Tot. Allowable	Tot. Allowable	Max Orifice
Orifice Flow	Orifice Area	Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

0.021	0.50	0.80
Actual Orifice Flow	Actual Orifice Area	Selected Orifice Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

Drawdown (Hrs)	10.8

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04					
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905		
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford		
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE		
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2		
BMP Name:	IMP-7	BMP Type:	Bioretention		
BMP Native Soil Type:	D	BMP Infiltration Rate (in/hr):	0.024		

		Areas D	raining to BMP			HMP Sizing Factors				Minimum BMP S	ize
DMA Name	Area (sf)	Soil Type	Slope	Post Project Surface Type	Runoff Factor (Table 4-2)	Surface Area	Surface Volume	Subsurface Volume	Surface Area (sf)	Surface Volume (cf)	Subsurface Volum (cf)
DMA-7.1-S	7000	D	Flat	Impervious	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06	700	583	420
DMA-7.2-S	22785	D	Flat	Landscape	0.1	0.1	0.0833	0.06	228	190	137
DMA-7.3-S		D	Flat	Road	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06			
Total BMP Area	29785							Minimum BMP Size	927.85	773	557
								Proposed BMP Size*	1148	1387	689
									Soil Matrix Depth		in
									um Ponding Depth		in
									um Ponding Depth		in
								Selec	ted Ponding Depth	10.00	in

BMP's must be adapted and applied to the conditions specific to the development project such as unstable slopes or the lack of available head. Designated Staff have final review and approval authority over the project design.

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04					
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905		
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford		
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE		
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2		
BMP Name	IMP-7	BMP Type:	Bioretention		

DMA	Rain Gauge	Existing Condition		Q2 Sizing Factor	DMA Area (ac)	Orifice Flow - %Q <sub>2</sub>	Orifice Area (in2)	
Name		Soil Type	Cover	Slope	(cfs/ac)		(cfs)	
DMA-7.1-S	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.161	0.005	0.11
DMA-7.2-S	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.523	0.015	0.37
DMA-7.3-S		D	Scrub	Moderate				

0.020	0.49	0.79
Tot. Allowable	Tot. Allowable	Max Orifice
Orifice Flow	Orifice Area	Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

0.019	0.47	0.77
Actual Orifice Flow	Actual Orifice Area	Selected Orifice Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

Drawdown (Hrs)	13.9

## **ATTACHMENT E**

## **Geotechnical Certification Sheet**

The design of stormwater treatment and other control measures prospecific soil infiltration characteristics and/or geological conditions	
by a registered Civil Engineer, Geotechnical Engineer, or Geologist	in the State of California.
Name and registration #	Date

## **ATTACHMENT F**

#### **Maintenance Plan**

(Use Chapter 5 of the SUSMP as guidance in developing your Maintenance Plan)

The following is a general outline to create your project specific Maintenance Plan. A Maintenance Plan is a living document and field conditions may require modifications to the Maintenance Plan.

- I. Inspection, Maintenance Log and Self-Verification Forms (Examples are provided in Appendix F of the San Diego County SUSMP)
- II. Updates, Revisions and Errata
- III. Introduction
  - A. Narrative overview describing the site; drainage areas, routing, and discharge points; and treatment facilities.
- IV. Responsibility for Maintenance
  - A. General
    - (1) Name and contact information for responsible individual(s).
    - (2) Organization chart or charts showing organization of the maintenance function and location within the overall organization.
    - (3) Reference to Operation and Maintenance Agreement (if any). A copy of the agreement should be attached.
    - (4) Maintenance Funding
      - (1) Sources of funds for maintenance
      - (2) Budget category or line item
      - (3) Description of procedure and process for ensuring adequate funding for maintenance
  - B. Staff Training Program
  - C. Records
  - D. Safety
- V. Summary of Drainage Areas and Stormwater Facilities
  - A. Drainage Areas

- (1) Drawings showing pervious and impervious areas (copied or adapted from initial SWMP).
- (2) Designation and description of each drainage area and how flow is routed to the corresponding facility.

#### B. Treatment and Flow-Control Facilities

- (1) Drawings showing location and type of each facility
- (2) General description of each facility (Consider a table if more than two facilities)
  - (1) Area drained and routing of discharge.
  - (2) Facility type and size

#### VI. Facility Documentation

- A. "As-built" drawings of each facility (design drawings in the draft Plan)
- B. Manufacturer's data, manuals, and maintenance requirements for pumps, mechanical or electrical equipment, and proprietary facilities (include a "placeholder" in the draft plan for information not yet available).
- C. Specific operation and maintenance concerns and troubleshooting

#### VII. Maintenance Schedule or Matrix

- A. Maintenance Schedule for each facility with specific requirements for:
  - (1) Routine inspection and maintenance
  - (2) Annual inspection and maintenance
  - (3) Inspection and maintenance after major storms

#### B. Service Agreement Information

Assemble and make copies of your maintenance plan. One copy must be submitted to the County, and at least one copy kept on-site. Here are some suggestions for formatting the maintenance plan:

- Format plans to 8½" x 11" to facilitate duplication, filing, and handling.
- Include the revision date in the footer on each page.
- Scan graphics and incorporate with text into a single electronic file. Keep the
  electronic file backed-up so that copies of the maintenance plan can be made if
  the hard copy is lost or damaged.

## **Maintenance and Inspection**

#### **Typical Maintenance Requirements**

The owner is required to provide maintenance and cleaning of all BMPs. The owner shall assure maintenance and cleaning per the methods described in section below. Changing of the use of the area is not allowed unless approved by the County. Project proponents shall enter into and provide the County copies of any covenants, legal agreements, maintenance agreements, and/or conditional use permits the County deems necessary to ensure the effectiveness of any BMP maintenance assurance mechanism proposed by the proponent.

ITEM	ACTIVITY	INTERVAL
1.	Bioretention Facilities	4 times quarterly. Prior to the rain season
		& after each storm event
2.	Riprap Energy Dissipator	Maintained as needed

#### Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan

An O&M Plan will be prepared for the proposed project and submitted for approval by the County prior to entitlements. The O&M Plan describes the designated responsible party to manage the stormwater BMP(s), employee's training program and duties, operating schedule, maintenance frequency, routine service schedule, specific maintenance activities, copies of resource agency permits, and any other necessary activities. At a minimum, maintenance agreements shall require the inspection and servicing of all structural BMPs per manufacturer or engineering specifications. Parties responsible for the O&M Plan shall retain records for at least 5 years. These documents shall be made available to the County for inspection upon request at any time.

#### **Project BMP Verification**

The applicant's Engineer of Record and/or the County Engineer must verify through inspection of the site that the BMPs have been constructed and implemented as proposed in the approved SWMP. The inspection must be conducted and County approval must be obtained prior to granting a certificate of occupancy. This approval may be verified through signatures on the as-built plans, specifically on the BMP sheet.

#### **Annual BMP Operation and Maintenance Verification**

The BMP owner must verify annually that the O&M Plan is being implemented by submitting a self-certification statement to the County. The verification must include a record of inspection of the BMPs prior to the rainy season (October 1<sup>st</sup> of each year).

## **ATTACHMENT G**

## **Treatment Control BMP Certification for DPW Permitted Land Development Projects**

After TCBMP construction, complete a TCBMP Certification form to verify with County staff that all constructed TCBMPs on the record plans match the approved TCBMPs in the most current SWMP. TCBMP Certification must be completed and verified for permit closure.



# DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS Treatment Control BMP Certification for DPW Permitted Land Development Projects

Permit Number (e.g. L-g	grading)	HSU Watershed	
Project Name			
Location / Address			
Maintenance Notification	on/Agreement No.: _		
	Responsible Party	for Construction Phase	
Developer's Name:			
Address:			
City	State	Zip	
Email Address:			
Phone Number:			
Engineer of Work:			
Engineer's Phone Numb	per:		
I	Responsible Party fo	or Ongoing Maintenance	
Owner's Name(s)*			
Address:			
City	State	Zip	
Email Address:			
Phone Number:			

<sup>\*</sup> Note: If a corporation or LLC, provide information for principal partner or Agent for Service of Process. If an HOA, provide information for the Board or property manager at time of project closeout.

# Treatment Control BMPs (TCBMPs)<sub>1,2</sub> (List all from SWMP) **Lot Number** Or **Description/Type Sheet** Location 1All Priority Development Projects (PDPs) require a TCBMP. 2BMPs designed to treat stormwater shall be considered TCBMPs.

(Add sheet for all additional BMPs)

# Copy of the final accepted SWMP and any accepted addendum. Copy of the most current plan showing the Stormwater TCBMP Table, plans/cross-section sheets of the TCBMPs and the location of each verified as-built TCBMP. Photograph of each TCBMP. Copy of the approved TCBMP maintenance agreement and associated security By signing below, I certify that the treatment control BMP(s) for this project have been constructed and all BMPs are in substantial conformance with the approved plans and applicable regulations. I understand the County reserves the right to inspect the above BMPs to verify compliance with the approved plans and Watershed Protection Ordinance. Should it be determined that the BMPs were not constructed to plan or code, corrective actions may be necessary before permits can be closed. Please sign your name and seal. [SEAL] Professional Engineer's Printed Name: [SEAL] [SEAL] Professional Engineer's Signed Name:

For Applicant to submit to PDCI:

Date:

COUNTY - OFFICIAL USE ONLY:
For PDCI:
PDCI Inspector:
Date Project has/expects to close:
Date Certification received from EOW:
By signing below, PDCI Inspector concurs that every noted TCBMP has been installed per plan.
PDCI Inspector's Signature: Date:
FOR WPP:
Date Received from PDCI:
WPP Submittal Reviewer:
WPP Reviewer concurs that the information provided for the following TCBMPs is acceptable to enter into the TCBMP Maintenance verification inventory: List <b>acceptable</b> TCBMPs:
List acceptable TCBMPs:
WPP Reviewer's Signature: Date:
☐ Provide a copy of the certification sheet to DPLU.

## **ATTACHMENT H**

## **HMP Study**

(Contact County staff to determine if this should be a separate report from the Major SWMP)

### **HMP study**

This project is proposed to use LID facility like Bioretention Basin to mitigate Hydromodification for the proposed development. The HMP Study & the related BMP sizing calculations were done based on sizing coefficient as given in the County SUSMP. The project is located within "Oceanside" Rainfall Basin and the underlying soils are Type-D.

Based on above criteria different parameter of the Bioretention Basins were determined. Then by using online BMP sizing Calculation, the size of orifice diameter of different basins were calculated.

Drawdown time to drain detained storm water for the basin is the function of Storm water pressure head & size of the orifice. To calculate drawdown time for each basin a formula was developed.

The three (3) bioretention basins are smaller, in square footage, than the minimum size as indicated on the HMP excel study. However, the designed depth of each basin allowed the bioretention facilities to support the volume needed. Therefore, the minimum volume has been met based on the calculations from the only HMP sizing calculation, and the minimum square footage also met from the LID BMP sizing calculation.

All these calculations are attached here for clarification.

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04							
Project Name:	905						
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford				
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE				
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2				
BMP Name:	IMP-1	BMP Type:	Bioretention				
BMP Native Soil Type:	D	BMP Infiltration Rate (in/hr):	0.024				

		Areas D	raining to BMP				HMP Sizing Factors			Minimum BMP Size		
DMA Name	Area (sf)	Soil Type	Slope	Post Project Surface Type	Runoff Factor (Table 4-2)	Surface Area	Surface Volume	Subsurface Volume	Surface Area (sf)	Surface Volume (cf)	Subsurface Volum	
DMA-1.1-N	7000	D	Flat	Impervious	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06	700	583	420	
DMA-1.2-N	34777	D	Flat	Landscape	0.1	0.1	0.0833	0.06	348	290	209	
DMA-1.3-N	13490	D	Flat	Road	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06	1349	1124	809	
Total BMP Area	55267							Minimum BMP Size	2396.77	1997	1438	
		ı						Proposed BMP Size*	2560	3093	1536	
									Soil Matrix Depth	36.00	in	
								Minim	um Ponding Depth	4.86	in	
								Maxim	um Ponding Depth	59.66	in	
								Selec	ted Ponding Depth	10.00	in	

BMP's must be adapted and applied to the conditions specific to the development project such as unstable slopes or the lack of available head. Designated Staff have final review and approval authority over the project design.

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04								
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905					
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford					
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE					
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2					
BMP Name	IMP-1	BMP Type:	Bioretention					

DMA	Rain Gauge	Existing Condition			Q2 Sizing Factor	DMA Area (ac)	Orifice Flow - %Q <sub>2</sub>	Orifice Area (in2)
Name	-	Soil Type	Cover	Slope	(cfs/ac)		(cfs)	
DMA-1.1-N	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.161	0.005	0.11
DMA-1.2-N	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.798	0.023	0.57
DMA-1.3-N	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.310	0.009	0.22
								<u> </u>

0.037	0.90	1.07
Tot. Allowable	Tot. Allowable	Max Orifice
Orifice Flow	Orifice Area	Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

0.037	0.90	1.07
Actual Orifice Flow	Actual Orifice Area	Selected Orifice Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

Drawdown (Hrs)	16.1

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04							
Project Name:	Hydrologic Unit:	905					
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford				
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE				
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2				
BMP Name:	IMP-2	BMP Type:	Bioretention				
BMP Native Soil Type:	D	BMP Infiltration Rate (in/hr):	0.024				

	Areas Draining to BMP					HMP Sizing Factors			Minimum BMP Size		
DMA Name	Area (sf)	Soil Type	Slope	Post Project Surface Type	Runoff Factor (Table 4-2)	Surface Area	Surface Volume	Subsurface Volume	Surface Area (sf)	Surface Volume (cf)	Subsurface Volume
DMA-2.1-N	7000	D	Flat	Impervious	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06	700	583	420
DMA-2.2-N	53453	D	Flat	Landscape	0.1	0.1	0.0833	0.06	535	445	321
DMA-2.3-N		D	Flat	Road	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06			
Total BMP Area	60453							Minimum BMP Size	1234.53	1028	741
Total Bivil Area	00433							Proposed BMP Size*	1240	1498	744
								Troposed Sim Size	Soil Matrix Depth		in
								Minim	um Ponding Depth	5.45	in
								Maxim	um Ponding Depth	134.94	in
								Selec	ted Ponding Depth	10.00	in

BMP's must be adapted and applied to the conditions specific to the development project such as unstable slopes or the lack of available head. Designated Staff have final review and approval authority over the project design.

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04					
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905		
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford		
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE		
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2		
BMP Name	IMP-2	BMP Type:	Bioretention		

DMA	Rain Gauge		Existing C	Condition	Q2 Sizing Factor	DMA Area (ac)	Orifice Flow - %Q <sub>2</sub>	Orifice Area (in2)
Name		Soil Type	Cover	Slope	(cfs/ac)		(cfs)	
DMA-2.1-N	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.161	0.005	0.11
DMA-2.2-N	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	1.227	0.036	0.87
DMA-2.3-N		D	Scrub	Moderate				

0.041	0.99	1.12
Tot. Allowable	Tot. Allowable	Max Orifice
Orifice Flow	Orifice Area	Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

0.040	0.99	1.12
Actual Orifice Flow	Actual Orifice Area	Selected Orifice Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

Drawdown (Hrs)	7.1

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04						
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905			
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford			
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE			
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2			
BMP Name:	IMP-3	ВМР Туре:	Bioretention			
BMP Native Soil Type:	D	BMP Infiltration Rate (in/hr):	0.024			

		Areas D	raining to BMP				HMP Sizing Fa	ictors		Minimum BMP S	iize
DMA Name	Area (sf)	Soil Type	Slope	Post Project Surface Type	Runoff Factor (Table 4-2)	Surface Area	Surface Volume	Subsurface Volume	Surface Area (sf)	Surface Volume (cf)	Subsurface Volume (cf)
DMA-3.1-N	7000	D	Flat	Impervious	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06	700	583	420
DMA-3.2-N	43680	D	Flat	Landscape	0.1	0.1	0.0833	0.06	437	364	262
DMA-3.3-N		D	Flat	Road	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06			
Total BMP Area	50680					1	1	Minimum BMP Size	1136.8	947	682
		1						Proposed BMP Size*	1190	1438	714
								·	Soil Matrix Depth		in
								Minim	um Ponding Depth		in
								Maxim	um Ponding Depth	118.92	in
								Selec	ted Ponding Depth	10.00	in

BMP's must be adapted and applied to the conditions specific to the development project such as unstable slopes or the lack of available head. Designated Staff have final review and approval authority over the project design.

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04					
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905		
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford		
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE		
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2		
BMP Name	IMP-3	BMP Type:	Bioretention		

DMA	Rain Gauge		Existing C	Condition	Q2 Sizing Factor	DMA Area (ac)	Orifice Flow - %Q <sub>2</sub>	Orifice Area (in2)
Name		Soil Type	Cover	Slope	(cfs/ac)		(cfs)	
DMA-3.1-N	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.161	0.005	0.11
DMA-3.2-N	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	1.003	0.029	0.71
DMA-3.3-N		D	Scrub	Moderate				

0.034	0.83	1.03
Tot. Allowable	Tot. Allowable	Max Orifice
Orifice Flow	Orifice Area	Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

0.034	0.83	1.03
Actual Orifice Flow	Actual Orifice Area	Selected Orifice Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

Drawdown (Hrs)	8.1

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04								
Project Name:	905							
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford					
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE					
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2					
BMP Name:	IMP-4	BMP Type:	Bioretention					
BMP Native Soil Type:	D	BMP Infiltration Rate (in/hr):	0.024					

DMA-4.1-N	Area (sf) 7000	Soil Type		Post Project	. ".						
DMA-4.2-N 2			Slope	Surface Type	Runoff Factor (Table 4-2)	Surface Area	Surface Volume	Subsurface Volume	Surface Area (sf)	Surface Volume (cf)	Subsurface Volume (cf)
		D	Flat	Impervious	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06	700	583	420
DMA-4.3-N	27854	D	Flat	Landscape	0.1	0.1	0.0833	0.06	448	373	269
		D	Flat	Road	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06			
Total BMP Area 5	51767							Minimum BMP Size	1147.67	956	689
								Proposed BMP Size*	1204	1426	708
									Soil Matrix Depth	36.00	in
									um Ponding Depth		in
									um Ponding Depth		in
								Select	ted Ponding Depth	10.00	in

BMP's must be adapted and applied to the conditions specific to the development project such as unstable slopes or the lack of available head. Designated Staff have final review and approval authority over the project design.

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04								
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905					
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford					
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE					
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2					
BMP Name	IMP-4	BMP Type:	Bioretention					

DMA	Rain Gauge		Existing C	Condition	Q2 Sizing Factor	DMA Area (ac)	Orifice Flow - %Q <sub>2</sub>	Orifice Area (in2)
Name		Soil Type	Cover	Slope	(cfs/ac)		(cfs)	
DMA-4.1-N	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.161	0.005	0.11
DMA-4.2-N	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	1.028	0.030	0.73
DMA-4.3-N		D	Scrub	Moderate				

0.035	0.85	1.04
Tot. Allowable	Tot. Allowable	Max Orifice
Orifice Flow	Orifice Area	Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

0.035	0.85	1.04
Actual Orifice Flow	Actual Orifice Area	Selected Orifice Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

Drawdown (Hrs)	7.9

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04								
Project Name:	905							
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford					
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE					
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2					
BMP Name:	IMP-5	ВМР Туре:	Bioretention					
BMP Native Soil Type:	D	BMP Infiltration Rate (in/hr):	0.024					

		Areas D	raining to BMP				HMP Sizing Factors			Minimum BMP Size		
DMA Name	Area (sf)	Soil Type	Slope	Post Project Surface Type	Runoff Factor (Table 4-2)	Surface Area	Surface Volume	Subsurface Volume	Surface Area (sf)	Surface Volume (cf)	Subsurface Volume	
DMA-5.1-N		D	Flat	Impervious	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06				
DMA-5.2-N		D	Flat	Landscape	0.1	0.1	0.0833	0.06				
DMA-5.3-N	20107	D	Flat	Road	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06	2011	1675	1206	
Total BMP Area	20107							Minimum BMP Size	2010.7	1675	1206	
								Proposed BMP Size*	2140	2586	1284	
									Soil Matrix Depth		in	
									um Ponding Depth		in	
									um Ponding Depth		in	
								Selec	ted Ponding Depth	10.00	in	

BMP's must be adapted and applied to the conditions specific to the development project such as unstable slopes or the lack of available head. Designated Staff have final review and approval authority over the project design.

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04								
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905					
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford					
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE					
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2					
BMP Name	IMP-5	BMP Type:	Bioretention					

DMA	Rain Gauge		Existing C	Condition	Q2 Sizing Factor	DMA Area (ac)	Orifice Flow - %Q <sub>2</sub>	Orifice Area (in2)
Name		Soil Type	Cover	Slope	(cfs/ac)		(cfs)	
DMA-5.1-N		D	Scrub	Moderate				
DMA-5.2-N		D	Scrub	Moderate				
DMA-5.3-N	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.462	0.013	0.33

0.013	0.33	0.65
Tot. Allowable	Tot. Allowable	Max Orifice
Orifice Flow	Orifice Area	Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

0.014	0.33	0.65
Actual Orifice Flow	Actual Orifice Area	Selected Orifice Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

Drawdown (Hrs)	36.5

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04							
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905				
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford				
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE				
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2				
BMP Name:	IMP-6	ВМР Туре:	Bioretention				
BMP Native Soil Type:	D	BMP Infiltration Rate (in/hr):	0.024				

		Areas D	raining to BMP			HMP Sizing Factors			Minimum BMP Size		
DMA Name	Area (sf)	Soil Type	Slope	Post Project Surface Type	Runoff Factor (Table 4-2)	Surface Area	Surface Volume	Subsurface Volume	Surface Area (sf)	Surface Volume (cf)	Subsurface Volun
DMA-6.1-S	7000	D	Flat	Impervious	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06	700	583	420
DMA-6.2-S	25419	D	Flat	Landscape	0.1	0.1	0.0833	0.06	254	212	153
DMA-6.3-S		D	Flat	Road	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06			
Total BMP Area	32419							Minimum BMP Size	954.19	795	573
		4						Proposed BMP Size*	960	1160	576
									Soil Matrix Depth	36.00	in
									um Ponding Depth		in
									um Ponding Depth		in
								Selec	ted Ponding Depth	10.00	in

BMP's must be adapted and applied to the conditions specific to the development project such as unstable slopes or the lack of available head. Designated Staff have final review and approval authority over the project design.

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04							
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905				
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford				
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE				
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2				
BMP Name	IMP-6	BMP Type:	Bioretention				

DMA	Rain Gauge		Existing C	Condition	Q2 Sizing Factor	DMA Area (ac)	Orifice Flow - %Q <sub>2</sub>	Orifice Area (in2)
Name		Soil Type	Cover	Slope	(cfs/ac)		(cfs)	
DMA-6.1-S	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.161	0.005	0.11
DMA-6.2-S	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.584	0.017	0.42
DMA-6.3-S		D	Scrub	Moderate				

0.022	0.53	0.82
Tot. Allowable	Tot. Allowable	Max Orifice
Orifice Flow	Orifice Area	Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

0.021	0.50	0.80
Actual Orifice Flow	Actual Orifice Area	Selected Orifice Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

Drawdown (Hrs)	10.8

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V1.04							
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905				
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford				
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE				
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2				
BMP Name:	IMP-7	BMP Type:	Bioretention				
BMP Native Soil Type:	D	BMP Infiltration Rate (in/hr):	0.024				

		Areas D	raining to BMP				HMP Sizing Fa	ctors	Minimum BMP Size		
DMA Name	Area (sf)	Soil Type	Slope	Post Project Surface Type	Runoff Factor (Table 4-2)	Surface Area	Surface Volume	Subsurface Volume	Surface Area (sf)	Surface Volume (cf)	Subsurface Volur
DMA-7.1-S	7000	D	Flat	Impervious	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06	700	583	420
DMA-7.2-S	22785	D	Flat	Landscape	0.1	0.1	0.0833	0.06	228	190	137
DMA-7.3-S		D	Flat	Road	1.0	0.1	0.0833	0.06			
									1		
									•		
									1		
Total BMP Area	29785					1	1	Minimum BMP Size	927.85	773	557
		4						Proposed BMP Size*	1148	1387	689
									Soil Matrix Depth	36.00	in
									um Ponding Depth		in
									um Ponding Depth		in
								Selec	ted Ponding Depth	10.00	in

BMP's must be adapted and applied to the conditions specific to the development project such as unstable slopes or the lack of available head. Designated Staff have final review and approval authority over the project design.

	BM	P Sizing Spreadsheet V1.0	4
Project Name:	Nilsen Artesian	Hydrologic Unit:	905
Project Applicant:	David Caron	Rain Gauge:	Lake Wohlford
Jurisdiction:	San Diego	Total Project Area:	15.6 ACRE
Parcel (APN):		Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2
BMP Name	IMP-7	BMP Type:	Bioretention

DMA Name	Rain Gauge	Soil Type	Existing C Cover	Condition Slope	Q2 Sizing Factor (cfs/ac)	DMA Area (ac)	Orifice Flow - %Q <sub>2</sub> (cfs)	Orifice Area (in2)
DMA-7.1-S	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.161	0.005	0.11
DMA-7.2-S	Lake Wohlford	D	Scrub	Moderate	0.292	0.523	0.015	0.37
DMA-7.3-S		D	Scrub	Moderate				

0.020	0.49	0.79
Tot. Allowable	Tot. Allowable	Max Orifice
Orifice Flow	Orifice Area	Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

0.019	0.47	0.77
Actual Orifice Flow	Actual Orifice Area	Selected Orifice Diameter
(cfs)	(in2)	(in)

Drawdown (Hrs)	13.9