

KATHLEEN FLANERY ACTING DIRECTOR

PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES
5510 OVERLAND AVENUE, SUITE 310, SAN DIEGO, CA 92123
www.sdcounty.ca.gov/pds

July 29, 2021

CEQA Initial Study - Environmental Checklist Form (Based on the State CEQA Guidelines, Appendix G)

- 1. Title; Project Number: DOLLAR GENERAL CAMPO, PDS2019-LDGRMJ-30250
- Lead agency name and address:
 County of San Diego, Planning & Development Services
 Land Development
 5510 Overland Avenue, Suite 310
 San Diego, CA 92123-1239
- 3. a. Contact Don Kraft, Environmental Planner
 - b. Phone number: (619) 346-5275
 - c. E-mail: donald.kraft@sdcounty.ca.gov.
- 4. Project location: 31576 SR-94, Campo, CA

Thomas Guide Coordinates: Page 1318, Grid A/5

5. Project Applicant name and address:

David Church 15882 Wakefield Lane San Diego, CA 92127

6. General Plan

Community Plan: Mountain Empire Subregional Plan

Land Use Designation: Rural Commercial (C-4)

Density: N/A
Floor Area Ratio (FAR) N/A

7. Zoning

Use Regulation: C36
Minimum Lot Size: N/A
Special Area Regulation: None

- 8. **Description of project**: The project is a major grading plan for the commercial development of a vacant parcel. The project involves the excavation of 7,943 cubic yards, fill of 2,724 cubic yards and the export of 5,220 cubic yards of material.
- 9. Surrounding land uses and setting (Briefly describe the project's surroundings):

Lands surrounding the project site are used for commercial and residential uses. The topography of the project site and adjacent land is rolling terrain. The site is located adjacent to State Route (SR) 94.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

Permit Type/Action	Agency
Landscape Plans	County of San Diego
County Right-of-Way Permits	County of San Diego
Construction Permit	
Excavation Permit	<u> </u>
Encroachment Permit	
Grading Permit	County of San Diego
Grading Permit Plan Change	
Improvement Plans	County of San Diego
Septic Tank Permit	County of San Diego
Water Well Permit	County of San Diego
State Highway Encroachment Permit	CalTrans
General Industrial Storm water Permit	RWQCB
General Construction Storm water	RWQCB
Permit	
Waste Discharge Requirements Permit	RWQCB
Fire District Approval	County Fire Authority

11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code §21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

YES	NO
\boxtimes	

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, public lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and to reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process (see Public Resources Code §21083.3.2). Information is also available from the Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code §5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office

of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code §21082.3(e) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project and involve at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" or a "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated," as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

Aes	thetics	Agriculture and Fo	<u>orest</u>	Air Quality	
⊠ <u>Biol</u>	ogical Resources	Resources Cultural Resource	<u>es</u>	Geology & Soils	
	enhouse Gas ssions	Hazards & Haz. M	<u>laterials</u>	Hydrology & Water Quality	
Land	d Use & Planning ulation & Housing	Mineral Resource Public Services	<u>s</u>	Noise Recreation	
	nsportation/Traffic	Utilities & Service Systems		Mandatory Findings of Significance	
	MINATION: (To be compasis of this initial evalu		gency)		
On the basis of this Initial Study, Planning & Development Services finds that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.					
On the basis of this Initial Study, Planning & Development Services finds that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.					
On the basis of this Initial Study, Planning & Development Services finds that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.					
			July 29, 2	2021	
Signatu	ıre		Date		
DOH	KRBFT	<u> </u>	Environm	nental Planner	
Printed	Name '		Title		

INSTRUCTIONS ON EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

- 1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3. Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4. "Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level.
- 5. Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7. The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a) The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b) The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance

July 29, 2021

I. AESTHETICS. Except as provided in Public Resources Code Section 21099, Would the					
project: a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?					
	ly Significant Impact in Significant with Mitigation ated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discussion/Explanation: A vista is a view from a particular location or composite views along a roadway or trail. Scenic vistas often refer to views of natural lands but may also be compositions of natural and developed areas, or even entirely of developed and unnatural areas, such as a scenic vista of a rural town and surrounding agricultural lands. What is scenic to one person may not be scenic to another, so the assessment of what constitutes a scenic vista must consider the perceptions of a variety of viewer groups.					
The items that can be seen within a vista are visual resources. Adverse impacts to individual visual resources or the addition of structures or developed areas may or may not adversely affect the vista. Determining the level of impact to a scenic vista requires analyzing the changes to the vista as a whole and also to individual visual resources.					
No Impact: The project site is located adjacent to SR-94. The proposed project is not located near or within, or visible from, a scenic vista and will not substantially change the composition of an existing scenic vista in a way that would adversely alter the visual quality or character of the view. Therefore, the proposed project will not have an adverse effect on a scenic vista.					
The project will not result in cumulative impacts on a scenic vista because the proposed project viewshed and past, present and future projects within that viewshed were evaluated to determine their cumulative effects. Refer to XXI. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. Those projects listed in Section XXI are located within the project's viewshed and will not contribute to a cumulative impact because: a Cellular Tower and a Variance do not contribute to a cumulative impact. Therefore, the project will not result in adverse project or cumulative impacts on a scenic vista.					
	y damage scenic resources s, and historic buildings withir		luding, but not limited to, trees, rock te scenic highway?		
	y Significant Impact n Significant With Mitigation ted		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

Discussion/Explanation:

State scenic highways refer to those highways that are officially designated by the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) as scenic (Caltrans - California Scenic Highway Program). Generally, the area defined within a State scenic highway is the land adjacent to and visible from the vehicular right-of-way. The dimension of a scenic highway is usually identified using a motorist's line of vision, but a reasonable boundary is selected when the view extends

to the distant horizon. The scenic highway corridor extends to the visual limits of the landscape abutting the scenic highway.

No Impact: The proposed project is not located near or visible within the composite viewshed of a State scenic highway and will not damage or remove visual resources within a State scenic highway. The project is a major grading plan for the commercial development of a vacant parcel. Therefore, the proposed project will not have any substantial adverse effect on a scenic resource within a State scenic highway.

The project will not result in cumulative impacts on a scenic vista because the proposed project viewshed and past, present and future projects within that viewshed were evaluated to determine their cumulative effects. Refer to XXI. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. Those projects listed in Section XXI are located within the project's viewshed and will not contribute to a cumulative impact because: a Cellular Tower and a Variance do not contribute to a cumulative impact. Therefore, the project will not result in any adverse project or cumulative level effect on a scenic resource within a State scenic highway.

c)	pı fro	ublic views of the site and its surrounding om publicly accessible vantage point).	gs? (P If the _l	the existing visual character or quality of ublic views are those that are experienced project is in an urbanized area, would the r regulations governing scenic quality?
[Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	\square	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: Visual character is the objective composition of the visible landscape within a viewshed. Visual character is based on the organization of the pattern elements line, form, color, and texture. Visual character is commonly discussed in terms of dominance, scale, diversity and continuity. Visual quality is the viewer's perception of the visual environment and varies based on exposure, sensitivity and expectation of the viewers. The existing visual character and quality of the project site and surrounding can be characterized as commercial and residential uses.

The proposed project is a major grading plan for future commercial development. The project is compatible with the existing visual environment's visual character and quality because it is located in an area zoned for commercial uses.

The project will not result in cumulative impacts on visual character or quality because the entire existing viewshed and a list of past, present and future projects within that viewshed were evaluated. Refer to XXI. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. Those projects listed in Section XXI are located within the viewshed surrounding the project and will not contribute to a cumulative impact for the following reasons: a Cellular Tower and a Variance do not contribute to a cumulative impact. Therefore, the project will not result in any adverse project or cumulative level effect on visual character or quality on-site or in the surrounding area.

d)		reate a new source of substantial light ghttime views in the area?	or gla	are, which would adversely affect day or		
[Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discussion/Explanation: Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project will use outdoor lighting and is located within Zone B as identified by the San Diego County Light Pollution Code. However, it will not adversely affect nighttime views or astronomical observations, because the project will conform to the Light Pollution Code (Section 51.201-51.209), including the Zone B lamp type and shielding requirements per fixture and hours of operation limitations for outdoor lighting and searchlights.						
San coope Electric group views accept building this promote cumu will not be compared to the c	The project will not contribute to significant cumulative impacts on day or nighttime views because the project will conform to the Light Pollution Code. The Code was developed by the San Diego County Planning & Development Services and Department of Public Works in cooperation with lighting engineers, astronomers, land use planners from San Diego Gas and Electric, Palomar and Mount Laguna observatories, and local community planning and sponsor groups to effectively address and minimize the impact of new sources light pollution on nighttime views. The standards in the Code are the result of this collaborative effort and establish an acceptable level for new lighting. Compliance with the Code is required prior to issuance of any building permit for any project. Mandatory compliance for all new building permits ensures that this project in combination with all past, present and future projects will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. Therefore, compliance with the Code ensures that the project will not create a significant new source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect daytime or nighttime views in the area, on a project or cumulative level.					
II. AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY RESOURCES						
a)	(In an	nportant Farmland), as shown on the ma	aps pre	farmland of Statewide or local Importance epared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping esources Agency, or other agricultural		
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	\square	Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

Less Than Significant Impact: The project site has land designated as Statewide importance according to the State Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program (FMMP). However, based on a review of historic aerial photography, there is no evidence of agricultural use on the project site. In order to qualify for the Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance designations, land must have been cropped at some time during the four years prior to the last FMMP mapping date. Given the lack of agricultural use on the site within at least

the past 20 years, the Statewide designation of this area according to GIS is incorrect. The Farmland designation is likely misapplied as a result of the large scale of the Statewide mapping effort which assigns Farmland designations based on aerial photography and limited ground verification. Therefore, due to the lack of historic agricultural use at the project site, the site does not meet the definition of an agricultural resource and no potentially significant project or cumulative level conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance to a non-agricultural use will occur as a result of this project.

b)	C	onflict with existing zoning for agricultur	al use	, or a Williamson Act contract?
]		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
No l ı Addit	mpa tiona		Williar	not considered to be an agricultural zone. Inson Act Contract. Therefore, the project se, or a Williamson Act Contract.
R	eso ectic	urces Code section 12220(g)), or timb	erland	ng of, forest land (as defined in Public l (as defined by Public Resources Code duction (as defined by Government Code
[Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
No li timbe In ad prope	mpa erlan Iditio	d. The County of San Diego does not hon, the project is consistent with existin	ave ar ng zor uld not	vements do not contain forest lands or ny existing Timberland Production Zones. ning and a rezone of the property is not a conflict with existing zoning for, or cause action zones.
d)	ot		nt, whi	f forest land to non-forest use, or involve ch, due to their location or nature, could use?
[Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project site including any offsite improvements do not contain any forest lands as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g), therefore project implementation would

	alt in the loss or conversion of forest lan ted in the vicinity of offsite forest resource		non-forest use. In addition, the project is
C		armlar	ent which, due to their location or nature nd or other agricultural resources, to non- non-forest use?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
No Impa any activ Farmlan Farmlan Prime F	ve agricultural operations or lands desig d of Statewide or Local Importance as d Mapping and Monitoring Program of t	nated show he Cal of St	ithin a radius of 5 miles does not contain as Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or n on the maps prepared pursuant to the ifornia Resources Agency. Therefore, no tatewide or Local Importance, or active cultural use.
quality r	QUALITY - Where available, the signiful management district or air pollution conducted determinations. Would the project:	icance ntrol (e criteria established by the applicable air district may be relied upon to make the
a) C (F	conflict with or obstruct implementation (RAQS) or applicable portions of the Stat	of the e Impl	San Diego Regional Air Quality Strategy ementation Plan (SIP)?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Less The SANDAGE project we based or the RAGE	G growth projections used in developm vill result in emissions of ozone precurson growth projections. As such, the propo	nent o ors that sed pronal e	ses development that was anticipated in f the RAQS and SIP. Operation of the it were considered as a part of the RAQS oject is not expected to conflict with either missions from the project are below the pient air quality standards.
pı	esult in a cumulatively considerable net roject region is non-attainment under ar andard?	incre appli	ase of any criteria pollutant for which the cable federal or state ambient air quality
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

San Diego County is presently in non-attainment for the 1-hour concentrations under the California Ambient Air Quality Standard (CAAQS) for Ozone (O₃). San Diego County is also presently in non-attainment for the annual geometric mean and for the 24-hour concentrations of Particulate Matter less than or equal to 10 microns (PM₁₀) under the CAAQS. O₃ is formed when volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides (NO_x) react in the presence of sunlight. VOC sources include any source that burns fuels (e.g., gasoline, natural gas, wood, oil); solvents; petroleum processing and storage; and pesticides. Sources of PM₁₀ in both urban and rural areas include motor vehicles, wood burning stoves and fireplaces, dust from construction, landfills, agriculture, wildfires, brush/waste burning, and industrial sources of windblown dust from open lands.

Less Than Significant Impact: Air quality emissions associated with the project include emissions of PM₁₀, NO_x and VOCs from construction/grading activities, and also as the result of increase of traffic from project implementation. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal, localized and temporary resulting in PM₁₀ and VOC emissions below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance. The vehicle trips generated from the project will result in 20 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance.

In addition, a list of past, present and future projects within the surrounding area were evaluated and none of these projects emit significant amounts of criteria pollutants. Refer to XXI. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. The proposed project as well as the past, present and future projects within the surrounding area, have emissions below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance, therefore, the construction and operational emissions associated with the proposed project are not expected to create a cumulatively considerable impact nor a considerable net increase of PM10, or any O₃ precursors.

c)	Е	xpose sensitive receptors to substantia	l pollu	tant concentrations?
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Air quality regulators typically define sensitive receptors as schools (Preschool-12th Grade), hospitals, resident care facilities, or day-care centers, or other facilities that may house individuals with health conditions that would be adversely impacted by changes in air quality. The County of San Diego also considers residences as sensitive receptors since they house children and the elderly.

Less Than Significant Impact: No sensitive receptors have been identified within a quarter mile (the radius determined by the SCAQMD in which the dilution of pollutants is typically significant) of the proposed project. Further, the proposed project will not generate significant levels of air pollutants. As such, the project will not expose sensitive populations to excessive levels of air pollutants.

d)		lesult in other emissions (such as thubstantial number of people?	nose I	eading to odors) adversely affecting a
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
res alc cor be are	ss The ult from the community of the com	om volatile organic compounds, ammor, aldehydes, amines, carbonyls, estection and operational phases. However ce amounts (less that 1 µg/m³). Subsected to affect surrounding receptors.	nia, ca ers, di , these quentl //oreov	roduce objectionable odors, which would rbon dioxide, hydrogen sulfide, methane, sulfides dust and endotoxins from the e substances, if present at all, would only y, no significant air quality – odor impacts yer, the effects of objectionable odors are will not contribute to a cumulatively
<u>IV.</u> a)	H sį p	pecies identified as a candidate, sensiti	directl ve, or Califo	: y or through habitat modifications, on any special status species in local or regional ornia Department of Fish and <i>Wildlife, or</i>
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated: Based on an analysis of the County's Geographic Information System (GIS) records, the County's Comprehensive Matrix of Sensitive Species, and a Biological Resource Letter Report dated April 2021, prepared by Klutz Biological Consulting, it has been determined that the site, and surrounding area, supports native vegetation, namely, non-native grassland and granitic chamise chaparral. The project will result in impacts to 1.6 acres of granitic chamise chaparral and 0.6 acres of non-native grassland. Mitigation for project impacts will include the purchase of 0.3 acres of non-native grassland and 0.8 acres of chaparral credits within a County approved mitigation bank. Therefore, the impact is less than significant with the incorporation of mitigation.

b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or US Fish and Wildlife Service?

Less Than Significant Impact: Based on an analysis of the County's Geographic Information System (GIS) records, the County's Comprehensive Matrix of Sensitive Species, and a Biological Resource Letter Report dated April 2021, prepared by Klutz Biological Consulting, it has been determined that the proposed project site contains non-native grassland and granitic chamise chaparral within the project boundaries. The project will result in impacts to 0.6 acres of non-native grassland and 1.6 acres of granitic chamise chaparral. Mitigation measures have been incorporated as described in part (a). Therefore, project impacts to any riparian habitat or sensitive natural community identified in the County of San Diego Multiple Species Conservation Program, County of San Diego Resource Protection Ordinance, Natural Community Conservation Plan, Fish and Wildlife Code, Endangered Species Act, Clean Water Act, or any other local or regional plans, policies or regulations, are considered less than significant with the incorporation of mitigation.

c) Have a substantial adverse effect on state or federally protected wetlands (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?

☐ Potentially Significant Impact ☐ Less than Significant Impact ☐ Less Than Significant with Mitigation ☐ No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

No Impact: Based on an analysis of the County's Geographic Information System (GIS) records, the County's Comprehensive Matrix of Sensitive Species, and a Biological Resource Letter Report dated April 2021, prepared by Klutz Biological Consulting, it has been determined that the proposed project site does not contain any wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, stream, lake, river or water of the U.S., that could potentially be impacted through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, diversion or obstruction by the proposed development. Therefore, no impacts will occur to wetlands defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act and under the jurisdiction of the Army Corps of Engineers.

d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?

Potentially Significant Impact	\boxtimes	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Less than Significant Impact: Based on an analysis of the County's Geographic Information System (GIS) records, the County's Comprehensive Matrix of Sensitive Species, and a Biological Resource Letter Report dated April 2021, prepared by Klutz Biological Consulting, it has been determined that the site has limited biological value and impedance of the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species, the use of an established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, and the use of native wildlife nursery sites would not be expected as a result of the proposed project.

e)	Communities Conservation Plan, other	er app	ed Habitat Conservation Plan, Natura proved local, regional or state habitat es or ordinances that protect biologica				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact				
No Infurthe Comn plan, or any Specie	Discussion/Explanation: No Impact: Refer to the attached Ordinance Compliance Checklist dated July 29, 2021 for further information on consistency with any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Communities Conservation Plan, other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan, including, Habitat Management Plans (HMP), Special Area Management Plans (SAMP), or any other local policies or ordinances that protect biological resources including the Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Biological Mitigation Ordinance, Resource Protection Ordinance (RPO), Habitat Loss Permit (HLP).						
<u>V. Cι</u> a)	ILTURAL RESOURCES Would the pro Cause a substantial adverse change in to to 15064.5?		nificance of a historical resource pursuant				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact				

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: Based on an analysis of records and a survey of the property by a County of San Diego approved historian, Brian F. Smith, it has been determined that there are no impacts to historical resources because they do not occur within the project site. The results of the survey are provided in the cultural resources report titled, *A Negative Cultural Resources Survey Report for the Dollar General Campo Project, San Diego County, California, PDS2019-LDGRMJ-30250* prepared by Brian F. Smith.

b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to 15064.5?

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Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation	on 🗆	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: The project site has been surveyed by a County approved archaeologist, Brian F. Smith, and it has been determined that there is one (or more) archaeological resources present. These resources include three isolates (two historic, one prehistoric). An archaeological technical study titled, *A Negative Cultural Resources Survey Report for the Dollar General Campo Project, San Diego County, California, PDS2019-LDGRMJ-30250* prepared by Brian F. Smith evaluated the significance of the archaeological resources. Because the resources are isolates, by definition they are not significant resources. As such, they are also not significant pursuant to the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines, Section 15064.5. Because the resources are not considered significant archaeological resources pursuant to CEQA Section 15064.5, the loss of these resources would not contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact. Due to the sensitivity of the area, the project will be conditioned with an Archaeological and Tribal Monitoring Program.

Archaeological and Tribal Monitoring Program

Pre-Construction

- o Contract with a County approved archaeologist to perform archaeological monitoring and a potential data recovery program during all earth-disturbing activities. The Project Archaeologist shall perform the monitoring duties before, during and after construction.
- o Pre-construction meeting to be attended by the Project Archaeologist and Kumeyaay Native American monitor to explain the monitoring requirements.

During Construction

- Monitoring. Both the Project Archaeologist and Kumeyaay Native American monitor are to be onsite during earth disturbing activities. The frequency and location of monitoring of native soils will be determined by the Project Archaeologist in consultation with the Kumeyaay Native American monitor. Both the Project Archaeologist and Kumeyaay Native American monitor will evaluate fill soils to ensure that they are negative for cultural resources
- If cultural resources are identified:
 - Both the Project Archaeologist and Kumeyaay Native American monitor have the authority to divert or temporarily halt ground disturbance operations in the area of the discovery.
 - The Project Archaeologist shall contact the County Archaeologist at the time of discovery.
 - The Project Archaeologist in consultation with the County Archaeologist and Kumeyaay Native American shall determine the significance of discovered resources.
 - Construction activities will be allowed to resume after the County Archaeologist has concurred with the significance evaluation.

- Isolates and non-significant deposits shall be minimally documented in the field. Should the isolates and non-significant deposits not be collected by the Project Archaeologist, the Kumeyaay Native American monitor may collect the cultural material for transfer to a Tribal curation facility or repatriation program.
- If cultural resources are determined to be significant, a Research Design and Data Recovery Program shall be prepared by the Project Archaeologist in consultation with the Kumeyaay Native American monitor and approved by the County Archaeologist. The program shall include reasonable efforts to preserve (avoid) unique cultural resources of Sacred Sites; the capping of identified Sacred Sites or unique cultural resources and placement of development over the cap if avoidance is infeasible; and data recovery for non-unique cultural resources. The preferred option is preservation (avoidance).

o Human Remains.

- The Property Owner or their representative shall contact the County Coroner and the PDS Staff Archaeologist.
- Upon identification of human remains, no further disturbance shall occur in the area of the find until the County Coroner has made the necessary findings as to origin. If the human remains are to be taken offsite for evaluation, they shall be accompanied by the Kumeyaay Native American monitor.
- If the remains are determined to be of Native American origin, the Most Likely Descendant (MLD), as identified by the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC), shall be contacted by the Property Owner or their representative in order to determine proper treatment and disposition of the remains.
- The immediate vicinity where the Native American human remains are located is not to be damaged or disturbed by further development activity until consultation with the MLD regarding their recommendations as required by Public Resources Code Section 5097.98 has been conducted.
- Public Resources Code §5097.98, CEQA §15064.5 and Health & Safety Code §7050.5 shall be followed in the event that human remains are discovered.

Rough Grading

 Monitoring Report. Upon completion of Rough Grading, a monitoring report shall be prepared identifying whether resources were encountered. A copy of the monitoring report shall be provided to the South Coastal Information Center and any culturally affiliated tribe who requests a copy.

Final Grading

o Final. Report. A final report shall be prepared substantiating that earth-disturbing activities are completed and whether cultural resources were encountered. A copy of the final report shall be submitted to the South Coastal Information Center, and any culturally affiliated tribe who requests a copy.

o Cultural Material Conveyance

 The final report shall include evidence that all prehistoric materials have been curated at a San Diego curation facility or Tribal curation facility that meets federal standards per 36 CFR Part 79, or alternatively have been repatriated to a culturally affiliated tribe.

• The final report shall include evidence that all historic materials have been curated at a San Diego curation facility that meets federal standards per 36 CFR Part 79.

c)	C	isturb any human remains, including the	ose int	erred outside of dedicated cemeteries?
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
No Die dist arc are Rej	Impa go a turb a haeo prov	pproved archaeologist, Brian F. Smith, any human remains because the project logical resources that might contain inte rided in an archaeological survey repor	it has t site d erred h t titled	survey of the property by a County of San been determined that the project will not loes not include a formal cemetery or any numan remains. The results of the survey I, A Negative Cultural Resources Survey on Diego County, California, PDS2019-
<u>VI.</u>	a)			al impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or ources, during project construction or
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	b)	Conflict with or obstruct a state or local	plan fo	or renewable energy or energy efficiency?
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
<u>VII.</u> a)	Ε	DLOGY AND SOILS Would the project Directly or indirectly cause potential subs jury, or death involving:		adverse effects, including the risk of loss,
	i.	Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Ma	ap issuce of a	s delineated on the most recent Alquist- ued by the State Geologist for the area or a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

ii.

Less Than Significant Impact: Per Geotechnical Investigation, there are no known geologic hazards such as landslides, liquefaction-prone areas, or earthquake faults at the site. The project is located within a fault-rupture hazard zone as identified by the Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, Special Publication 42 (SP 42), Revised 1997, Fault-Rupture Hazards Zones in California or within an area with substantial evidence of a known fault. However, a site-specific Geotechnical Report prepared by Krazan & Associates, Inc., on file with Planning & Development Services, has determined that the project lies outside of any fault-rupture hazard zone. Therefore, there will be no potentially significant impact from the exposure of people or structures to a known fault-rupture hazard zone as a result of this project.

Strong seismic ground shaking?

	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Less TI presente or earthough the project Code. recomme compliar result in	ed. There are no known geologic hazard quake faults at the site. To ensure the sect must conform to the Seismic Require The County Code requires a soils endations to be approved before the nee with the California Building Code are	ds such structure ements compa e issuand the e expo	al Investigation, seismic design values has landslides, liquefaction-prone areas, ral integrity of all buildings and structures, as as outlined within the California Building action report with proposed foundation ance of a building permit. Therefore, County Code ensures the project will not osure of people or structures to potential
iii.	Seismic-related ground failure, inc	luding	liquefaction?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discussion	on/Explanation:		

Less Than Significant Impact: Per Geotechnical Investigation, there are no known geologic hazards such as landslides, liquefaction-prone areas, or earthquake faults at the site. The project site is not within a "Potential Liquefaction Area" as identified in the County Guidelines for Determining Significance for Geologic Hazards. This indicates that the liquefaction potential at the site is low. In addition, the site is not underlain by poor artificial fill or located within a floodplain. Therefore, there will be there will be a less than significant impact from the exposure of people or structures to adverse effects from a known area susceptible to ground failure, including liquefaction. In addition, since liquefaction potential at the site is low, earthquakeinduced lateral spreading is not considered to be a seismic hazard at the site and impacts would be less than significant.

iv	. Landslides?	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: Per Geotechnical Investigation, there are no known geologic hazards such as landslides, liquefaction-prone areas, or earthquake faults at the site. The project site is not within a "Landslide Susceptibility Area" as identified in the County Guidelines for Determining Significance for Geologic Hazards. Landslide Susceptibility Areas were developed based on landslide risk profiles included in the *Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan, San Diego, CA* (URS, 2004). Landslide risk areas from this plan were based on data including steep slopes (greater than 25%); soil series data (SANDAG based on USGS 1970s series); soil-slip susceptibility from USGS; and Landslide Hazard Zone Maps (limited to western portion of the County) developed by the California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology (DMG). Also included within Landslide Susceptibility Areas are gabbroic soils on slopes steeper than 15% in grade because these soils are slide prone. Since the project is not located within an identified Landslide Susceptibility Area and the geologic environment has a low probability to become unstable, the project would have a less than significant impact from the exposure of people or structures to potential adverse effects from landslides.

b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the le	oss of	topsoil?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: According to the Soil Survey of San Diego County, the soils on-site are identified as those typical found in the region of the site. Near subsurface soils generally consist of undocumented fill up to depths of approximately 4 to 8 feet below site grades. The fill soil encountered at the subject site consist of silty san material with varying apparent densities and moisture contents. Below the near surface fill soils, medium dense to very dense weathered granite was encountered from depth of approximately 4 feet below current site grades to the maximum depth explored, 50 feet below site grades. During construction, surface water should be controlled via berms, gravel/ sandbags, silt fences, straw wattles, siltation or bioretention basins, positive surface grades or other method to avoid damage to the finish work or adjoining properties. All site entrances and exits must have coarse gravel or steel shaker plates to minimize offsite sediment tracking. Best Management Practices (BMPs) must be used to protect storm drains and minimize pollution. The contractor should take measures to prevent erosion of graded areas until such time as permanent drainage and erosion control measures have been installed. After completion of grading, all excavated surfaces should exhibit positive drainage and eliminate areas where water might pond.

- The project will not result in unprotected erodible soils; will not alter existing drainage patterns; is not located in a floodplain, wetland, or significant drainage feature; and will not develop steep slopes.
- The project has prepared a Storm water Management Plan dated July 5, 2021 prepared by Palmetto Engineering and Land Surveying. The plan includes the following Best Management Practices to ensure sediment does not erode from the project site: Natural areas, soils, vegetation and other natural features will be maintained and conserved as best as possible. Landscape areas will be properly maintained with the use of water efficient practices. Efficient irrigation systems will be installed throughout project site. All slopes will be properly vegetated to minimize erosion. Additionally, runoff from impervious surfaces and throughout entire project site will maintain a proper velocity as to minimize velocity, thus energy, which could potentially cause erosion. This will be done with proper grading and the use of riprap where necessary. Furthermore, offsite runoff entering the site from the north will effectively bypass all slopes and the development envelope with the use of properly sized hydraulic elements such as brow ditches.
- On the other hand, proper construction BMPs such as slope stability features, vegetation stabilization and energy dissipaters will be applied during the grading/construction phases of the project in order to properly mitigate erosion.
- The project involves grading. However, the project is required to comply with the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING). Compliance with these regulations minimizes the potential for water and wind erosion.

Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil on a project level.

In addition, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact because all the of past, present and future projects included on the list of projects that involve grading or land disturbance are required to follow the requirements of the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING); Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); and County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). Refer to XVIII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

c)	re		table, or that would become unstable as a on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading,
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project involves a total of 10,660 cubic yards of grading comprised of 7,943 cubic yards of excavation, 2,724 cubic yards of fill with an export of 5220 cubic yards, that would result in the creation of areas of cut and areas underlain by fill. In order to assure that any proposed buildings (including those proposed on the project site) are adequately supported (whether on native soils, cut or fill), a Soils Engineering Report is required as part of the Building Permit process. This Report would evaluate the strength of underlying soils and make recommendations on the design of building foundation systems. The Soils Engineering Report must demonstrate that a proposed building meets the structural stability standards required by the California Building Code. The report must be approved by the County prior to the issuance of a Building Permit. With this standard requirement, impacts would be less than significant. For further information regarding landslides, liquefaction, and lateral spreading, refer to VI Geology and Soils, Question a., iii-iv listed above.

d)		e located on expansive soil, as defined 994), creating substantial direct or indir		able 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code ks to life or property?
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact
		Incorporated		No Impact
Les Tak sur a lo soil a s the of t	ss Thole 18 face sow ex s, me hrink-proje	3-I-B of the Uniform Building Code (19) soils encountered at the sites have been pansion potential. The fill material on-sedium dense to very dense weathered go swell behavior of low and represent notes will not create a substantial risk to life	94). In identite contrainte substante or properties.	ot contain expansive soils as defined by Per Geotechnical investigation, the neartified through laboratory testing as having naists of silty sand material. Below the fill has been encountered. These soils have tantial risks to life or property. Therefore, operty. This was confirmed by staff review by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil 73.
e)	W			g the use of septic tanks or alternative are not available for the disposal of
		Potentially Significant Impact	\boxtimes	Less than Significant Impact
		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Dis	cussi	on/Explanation:		a da Barbara da

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes to discharge domestic waste to on-site wastewater systems (OSWS), also known as septic systems. The project involves 1- 1,000-gallon underground septic tank and horizontal seepage pit located beneath the parking lot area along the southern perimeter of the proposed building. Discharged wastewater must conform to the Regional Water Quality Control Board's (RWQCB) applicable standards, including the Regional Basin Plan and the California Water Code. California Water Code Section 13282 allows

RWQCBs to authorize a local public agency to issue permits for OSWS "to ensure that systems are adequately designed, located, sized, spaced, constructed and maintained." The RWQCBs with jurisdiction over San Diego County have authorized the County of San Diego, Department of Environmental Health (DEH) to issue certain OSWS permits throughout the County and within the incorporated cities. DEH has reviewed the OSWS lay-out for the project pursuant to DEH, Land and Water Quality Division's, "On-site Wastewater Systems: Permitting Process and Design Criteria." DEH approved the project's OSWS on 3/11/2020. Therefore, the project has soils capable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems as determined by the authorized, local public agency. In addition, the project will comply with the San Diego County Code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 6, Div. 8, Chap. 3, Septic Tanks and Seepage Pits.

f) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?

San Diego County has a variety of geologic environments and geologic processes which generally occur in other parts of the state, country, and the world. However, some features stand out as being unique in one way or another within the boundaries of the County.

No Impact: A review of the County's Paleontological Resources Maps indicates that the project is located entirely on plutonic igneous rock and has no potential for producing fossil remains. The site does not contain any unique geologic features that have been listed in the County's Guidelines for Determining Significance for Unique Geology Resources nor does the site support any known geologic characteristics that have the potential to support unique geologic features.

VIII GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS - Would the project

a)	Senerate greenhouse gas emissions, eignificant impact on the environment?	ther d	irectly or indirectly, that may have a
	Potentially Significant Impact	\boxtimes	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions are said to result in an increase in the earth's average surface temperature commonly referred to as global warming. This rise in global temperature is associated with long-term changes in precipitation, temperature, wind patterns, and other elements of the earth's climate system, known as climate change. These changes are now broadly attributed to GHG emissions, particularly those emissions that result from the human production and use of fossil fuels.

GHGs include carbon dioxide, methane, halocarbons (HFCs), and nitrous oxide, among others. Human induced GHG emissions are a result of energy production and consumption, and personal vehicle use, among other sources. A regional GHG inventory prepared for the San Diego Region¹ identified on-road transportation (cars and trucks) as the largest contributor of

¹ San Diego County Greenhouse Gas Inventory: An Analysis of Regional Emissions and Strategies to Achieve AB 32 Targets. University of San Diego and the Energy Policy Initiatives Center (EPIC), September 2008.

GHG emissions in the region, accounting for 46% of the total regional emissions. Electricity and natural gas combustion were the second (25%) and third (9%) largest regional contributors, respectively, to regional GHG emissions.

Climate changes resulting from GHG emissions could produce an array of adverse environmental impacts including water supply shortages, severe drought, increased flooding, sea level rise, air pollution from increased formation of ground level ozone and particulate matter, ecosystem changes, increased wildfire risk, agricultural impacts, ocean and terrestrial species impacts, among other adverse effects.

In 2006, the State passed the Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006, commonly referred to as AB 32, which set the greenhouse gas emissions reduction goal for the State of California into law. The law requires that by 2020, State emissions must be reduced to 1990 levels by reducing greenhouse gas emissions from significant sources via regulation, market mechanisms, and other actions.

Senate Bill 375 (SB 375), passed in 2008, links transportation and land use planning with global warming. It requires the California Air Resources Board (ARB) to set regional targets for the purpose of reducing greenhouse gas emissions from passenger vehicles. Under this law, if regions develop integrated land use, housing and transportation plans that meet SB 375 targets, new projects in these regions can be relieved of certain review requirements under CEQA. SANDAG has prepared a Sustainable Communities Strategy (SCS) which is a new element of the 2050 Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). The strategy identifies how regional greenhouse gas reduction targets, as established by the ARB, will be achieved through development patterns, transportation infrastructure investments, and/or transportation measures or policies that are determined to be feasible. The County of San Diego has also adopted various GHG related goals and policies in the General Plan.

It should be noted that an individual project's GHG emissions will generally not result in direct impacts under CEQA, as the climate change issue is global in nature, however an individual project could be found to contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact. CEQA Guidelines Section 15130(f) states that an EIR shall analyze greenhouse gas emissions resulting from a proposed project when the incremental contribution of those emissions may be cumulatively considerable.

The County has prepared *Guidelines for Determining Significance* and *Report Format and Content Requirements* for addressing climate change in CEQA documents. The County has also adopted a Climate Action Plan (CAP) that includes GHG reduction measures that, if fully implemented, would achieve an emissions reduction target that is consistent with the state-mandated reduction target embodied in AB 32. A set of project-specific implementing thresholds are included in the Guidelines that will be used to ensure consistency of new projects with the County's CAP and the GHG emission reduction target. Development projects that could have cumulatively considerable GHG emissions impacts would need to incorporate relevant measures from the County's CAP and use one of the implementing thresholds from the Significance Guidelines-Efficiency Threshold, Bright Line Threshold, Stationary Source Threshold, or Performance Threshold-to assess significance. The Bright Line Threshold of 2,500

metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent (MTCO₂e) per year is used to assess the project's impacts.

Furthermore, projects that generate less than 2,500 MTCO₂e per year of GHG will also participate in emission reductions because air emissions including GHGs are under the purview of the California Air Resources Board (CARB) (or other regulatory agencies) and will be "regulated" either by CARB, the Federal Government, or other entities. For example, new vehicles will be subject to increased fuel economy standards and emission reductions², large and small appliances will be subject to more strict emissions standards, and energy delivered to consumers will increasingly come from renewable sources³. As a result, even the emissions that result from projects that produce less than 2,500 MTCO₂e per year of GHG will be subject to emission reductions.

Therefore, it is determined that the project would result in less than cumulatively considerable impacts associated with GHG emissions and no mitigation is required.

b)	onflict with an applicable plan, policy or se emissions of greenhouse gases?	regu	lation adopted for the purpose of reducing
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: In 2006, the State passed the Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006, commonly referred to as AB 32, which set the greenhouse gas emissions reduction goal for the State of California into law. The law requires that by 2020, State emissions must be reduced to 1990 levels by reducing greenhouse gas emissions from significant sources via regulation, market mechanisms, and other actions.

Senate Bill 375 (SB 375), passed in 2008, links transportation and land use planning with global warming. It requires the California Air Resources Board (ARB) to set regional targets for the purpose of reducing greenhouse gas emissions from passenger vehicles. Under this law, if regions develop integrated land use, housing and transportation plans that meet SB 375 targets, new projects in these regions can be relieved of certain review requirements under CEQA. SANDAG has prepared a Sustainable Communities Strategy (SCS) which is a new element of

² On September 15, 2009, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Department of Transportation's National Highway Safety Administration (NHTSA) proposed a national program to reduce GHG emissions and improve fuel economy for new cars and trucks sold in the United States. The proposed standards would cut CO₂ emissions by an estimated 950 million metric tons and 1.8 billion barrels of oil over the lifetime of the vehicles sold under the program.

³ California's Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS) requires electric corporations to increase procurement from eligible renewable energy resources by at least 1% of their retail sales annually, until they reach 20% by 2010. In 2008, the governor signed Executive Order S-14-08 (EO) to streamline California's renewable energy project approval process and increase the state's Renewable Energy Standard to 33% renewable power by 2020. The Air Resources Board is in the process of developing regulations to implement the 33% standard known as the California Renewable Electricity Standard (RES).

the 2050 Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). The strategy identifies how regional greenhouse gas reduction targets, as established by the ARB, will be achieved through development patterns, transportation infrastructure investments, and/or transportation measures or policies that are determined to be feasible.

To implement State mandates to address climate change in local land use planning, local land use jurisdictions are generally preparing GHG emission inventories and reduction plans and incorporating climate change policies into local General Plans to ensure development is guided by a land use plan that reduces GHG emissions. The County of San Diego's General Plan incorporates various climate change goals and policies. These policies provide direction for individual development projects to reduce GHG emissions and help the County meet its GHG emission reduction targets identified in the Climate Action Plan. The County's Climate Action Plan (CAP) includes GHG reduction measures that, if fully implemented, would achieve an emissions reduction target that is consistent with the state-mandated reduction target embodied in AB 32. A set of project-specific implementing thresholds are included in the County's Guidelines for Determining Significance and are used to ensure project consistency with the County's CAP, GHG emission reduction target, and the various General Plan goals and policies related to GHG emissions that support CAP goals.

As discussed in VII(a) above, the project's emissions would be below the Bright Line Threshold and would be consistent with CAP measures. As such, the project would not conflict with the County CAP or GHG goals and policies of the General Plan. Therefore, the project would not conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases.

IX. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS -- Would the project:

a)	st fo	torage, use, or disposal of hazardous	s ma	environment through the routine transport terials or wastes or through reasonably olving the release of hazardous materials
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project is a grading plan and as such will not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment because it does not propose the storage, use, transport, emission, or disposal of Hazardous Substances, nor are Hazardous Substances proposed or currently in use in the immediate vicinity. In addition, the project does not propose to demolish any existing structures onsite and therefore would not create a hazard related to the release of asbestos, lead based paint or other hazardous materials from demolition activities.

Therefore, due to the strict requirements that regulate hazardous substances outlined above and the fact that the initial planning, ongoing monitoring, and inspections will occur in compliance with local, State, and Federal regulation; the project will not result in any potentially significant

impacts related to the routine transport, use, and disposal of hazardous substances or related to the accidental explosion or release of hazardous substances.

b)		mit hazardous emissions or handle ubstances, or waste within one-quarter		rdous or acutely hazardous materials, fan existing or proposed school?
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
No	Impa	on/Explanation: nct: The project is not located within one e, the project will not have any effect or	•	ter mile of an existing or proposed school. xisting or proposed school.
c)	pı sı	ursuant to Government Code Section	65962	st of hazardous materials sites compiled5, or is otherwise known to have been nd, as a result, would it create a significant
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: Based on a regulatory database search, the project site has not been subject to a release of hazardous substances. The project site is not included in any of the following lists or databases: the State of California Hazardous Waste and Substances sites list compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5., the San Diego County Hazardous Materials Establishment database, the San Diego County DEH Site Assessment and Mitigation (SAM) Case Listing, the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) Site Mitigation and Brownfields Reuse Program Database ("CalSites" Envirostor Database), the Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System (RCRIS) listing, the EPA's Superfund CERCLIS database or the EPA's National Priorities List (NPL). Additionally, the project does not propose structures for human occupancy or significant linear excavation within 1,000 feet of an open, abandoned, or closed landfill, is not located on or within 250 feet of the boundary of a parcel identified as containing burn ash (from the historic burning of trash), is not on or within 1,000 feet of a Formerly Used Defense Site (FUDS), does not contain a leaking Underground Storage Tank, and is not located on a site with the potential for contamination from historic uses such as intensive agriculture, industrial uses, a gas station or vehicle repair shop. Therefore, the project would not create a significant hazard to the public or environment.

d) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard or excessive noise for people residing or working in the project area?

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	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitig Incorporated	ration		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
No Impa (ALUCP) Surface. than 150 or helipo	Discussion/Explanation: No Impact: The proposed project is not located within an Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan (ALUCP), an Airport Influence Area, or a Federal Aviation Administration Height Notification Surface. Also, the project does not propose construction of any structure equal to or greater than 150 feet in height, constituting a safety hazard to aircraft and/or operations from an airport or heliport. Therefore, the project will not constitute a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area.					
	npair implementation of or phys an or emergency evacuation pla		erfere	e with an adopted emergency response		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitig Incorporated	antion	_	Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
The follo	Discussion/Explanation: The following sections summarize the project's consistency with applicable emergency response plans or emergency evacuation plans.					
	PERATIONAL AREA EMERGE ITIGATION PLAN:	NCY PLA	AN A	ND MULTI-JURISDICTIONAL HAZARD		
Less Than Significant Impact: The Operational Area Emergency Plan is a comprehensive emergency plan that defines responsibilities, establishes an emergency organization, defines lines of communications, and is designed to be part of the statewide Standardized Emergency Management System. The Operational Area Emergency Plan provides guidance for emergency planning and requires subsequent plans to be established by each jurisdiction that has						

Less Than Significant Impact: The Operational Area Emergency Plan is a comprehensive emergency plan that defines responsibilities, establishes an emergency organization, defines lines of communications, and is designed to be part of the statewide Standardized Emergency Management System. The Operational Area Emergency Plan provides guidance for emergency planning and requires subsequent plans to be established by each jurisdiction that has responsibilities in a disaster situation. The Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan includes an overview of the risk assessment process, identifies hazards present in the jurisdiction, hazard profiles, and vulnerability assessments. The plan also identifies goals, objectives and actions for each jurisdiction in the County of San Diego, including all cities and the County unincorporated areas. The project will not interfere with this plan because it will not prohibit subsequent plans from being established or prevent the goals and objectives of existing plans from being carried out.

ii. SAN DIEGO COUNTY NUCLEAR POWER STATION EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

No Impact: The San Diego County Nuclear Power Station Emergency Response Plan will not be interfered with by the project due to the location of the project, plant and the specific requirements of the plan. The emergency plan for the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station includes an emergency planning zone within a 10-mile radius. All land area within 10 miles of the plant is not within the jurisdiction of the unincorporated County and as such a project in the unincorporated area is not expected to interfere with any response or evacuation.

iii. OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY ELEMENT

No Impact: The Oil Spill Contingency Element will not be interfered with because the project is not located along the coastal zone or coastline.

EMERGENCY WATER CONTINGENCIES ANNEX AND ENERGY SHORTAGE iv. **RESPONSE PLAN**

No Impact: The Emergency Water Contingencies Annex and Energy Shortage Response Plan will not be interfered with because the project does not propose altering major water or energy supply infrastructure, such as the California Aqueduct.

٧. DAM EVACUATION PLAN

	npact: The Dam Evacuation Plated within a dam inundation zone.	n will not be	interfered with because the project is not
f)	Expose people or structures, eith or death involving wildland fires?		indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mit	tigation	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Less poten a sign plan a defen San E permi becau	tial to support wildland fires. Howelificant risk of loss, injury or death it and will comply with the regulation sible space specified in the Consciped County. Implementation of the process. Moreover, the project with the project will be a supplementation of the process.	ever, the proj involving wild ons relating t olidated Fire (hese fire safe vill not contrib	ect is adjacent to wildlands that have the ect will not expose people or structures to land fires because the project is a grading o emergency access, water supply, and Code for the 16 Fire Protection Districts in ety standards will occur during the building ute to a cumulatively considerable impact, rrounding area are required to comply with
g)	that would substantially increas	se current or	an existing or reasonably foreseeable use future resident's exposure to vectors, capable of transmitting significant public
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	gation 🖂	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

No Impact: The project does not involve, or support uses that allow water to stand for a period of 72 hours (3 days) or more (e.g. artificial lakes, agricultural irrigation ponds). Also, the project does not involve, or support, uses that will produce or collect animal waste, such as equestrian facilities, agricultural operations (chicken coops, dairies etc.), solid waste facility or other similar uses. Therefore, the project will not substantially increase current or future resident's exposure to vectors, including mosquitoes, rats or flies.

IX. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY -- Would the project:

a)	iolate any <i>water quality standards o</i> ubstantially degrade surface or ground	te discharge requirements or otherwise quality?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project is a major grading plan which will include a commercial building. A paved driveway and parking lot are also part of the project that lies within a 2.63-acre parcel. The total disturbed area within the property will be 1.65 acres. Which requires NPDES permits for discharges of storm water associated with construction activities are needed for construction sites 1 acre or greater, or smaller than 1 acre that is part of a larger overall project. The project applicant has provided a copy of the project specific PDP SWQMP and Drainage Study Which demonstrates that the project will comply with all requirements of NPDES The project site proposes and will be required to implement the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs to reduce potential pollutants to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff: Applicable Construction BMPs as listed in project specific PDP SWQMP, during the Construction phase of the project. These will limit pollutants from leaving the site while construction activities are being done. All inlets and other storm drain system elements will be protected to avoid discharges. Proposed Structural BMPs in the form of one (1) infiltration basin will be constructed within the proposed development envelope. Such basin will serve to meet pollutant control, hydromodification and flood control requirements. Other Site Design and Source control BMPs, such as impervious area dispersion, limitation of impervious surfaces and the use of native plant species in pervious surfaces, have been proposed and will be applied as part of the design of the project. These measures will enable the project to meet waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. R9-2007-0001), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP).

Finally, the project's conformance to the waste discharge requirements listed above ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable water quality impacts related to waste discharge because, through the permit, the project will conform to Countywide watershed standards in the JURMP and SUSMP, derived from State regulation to address human health and water quality concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact to water quality from waste discharges.

,		projec	water body, as listed on the Clean Water or result in an increase in any pollutant for
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: The project lies in the 911.82 Canyon City hydrologic subarea, within the Tijuana hydrologic unit. As discussed in the Stormwater Management Plan dated according to the Clean Water Act Section 303(d) list, this watershed is impaired for Sedimentation/siltation (wet weather), Turbidity (wet weather).

The project proposal includes the following activities that are associated with these pollutants: Impervious and pervious surfaces which will perhaps require future indoor and structural pest control as well as landscape /outdoor pesticide use. Onsite storm drain inlets, refuse areas and loading and unloading areas. A parking lot and driveway are also part of the proposal. However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed such that potential pollutants will be reduced in any runoff to the maximum extent practicable so as not to increase the level of these pollutants in receiving waters:

- The project will maintain natural drainage pathways and hydrologic features, as much as possible.
- Conservation of natural areas, soil and vegetation will be implemented. Impervious areas have been minimized to a considerable extent, and only to meet project needs.
- Soil compaction will be limited to only those areas within the proposed development envelope area. Proposed infiltration areas will not be compacted.
- Impervious area dispersion has been implemented throughout project site.
- All landscaping areas will contain native or drought tolerant plant species as to limit the use of pesticides, and to reduce the need for irrigation as much as possible.
- Onsite storm drain inlets will be marked with words "No Dumping! Flows to Bay", or similar to avoid illegal dumping onto storm drain system within site.
- Trash enclosures will be covered to reduce runoff from conveying pollutants from such area.
- Runoff from loading and unloading areas will be kept separate from storm drain system.
- Runoff from proposed impervious surfaces will be directed to structural BMPs.
- Onsite infiltration basin has been proposed to meet all stormwater quality requirements. In order to reduce pollutants which may be generated and discharged from project site.

The proposed BMPs are consistent with regional surface water and storm water planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result the project will not contribute to a cumulative impact to an already impaired water body, as listed on the Clean Water Act Section 303(d). Regional surface water and storm water permitting regulation for County of San Diego includes the following: San Diego Region, Order No. R9-2007-0001, (NPDES No. CAS 0108758); County Watershed Protection Ordinance; Stormwater Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO); County

Stormwater Standards Manual. The stated purposes of these ordinances are to protect the health, safety and general welfare of the County of San Diego residents; to protect water resources and to improve water quality; to cause the use of management practices by the County and its citizens that will reduce the adverse effects of polluted runoff discharges on waters of the state; to secure benefits from the use of storm water as a resource; and to ensure the County is compliant with applicable state and federal laws. The Watershed Protection Ordinance has discharge prohibitions, and requirements that vary depending on type of land use activity and location in the County. Each project subject to WPO is required to prepare a Stormwater Management Plan that details a project's pollutant discharge contribution to a given watershed and propose BMPs or design measures to mitigate any impacts that may occur in the watershed.

c)	ould the proposed project cause or co r groundwater receiving water quality of	e to an exceedance of applicable surface es or degradation of beneficial uses?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The Regional Water Quality Control Board has designated water quality objectives for waters of the San Diego Region to protect the existing and potential beneficial uses of each hydrologic unit. The project lies in the Canyon City hydrologic subarea, 911.82, within the Tijuana hydrologic unit that has the following existing and potential beneficial uses for inland surface waters, coastal waters, reservoirs and lakes, and ground water: municipal and domestic supply; agricultural supply; industrial process supply, industrial service supply; freshwater replenishment; contact water recreation; non-contact water recreation; warm freshwater habitat; cold freshwater habitat; wildlife habitat; commercial and sport fishing; preservation of biological habitats of special significance; estuarine habitat; marine habitat; migration of aquatic organisms; shellfish harvesting; and, rare, threatened, or endangered species habitat.

The project proposes the following potential sources of polluted runoff:

- a. Outdoor impervious surfaces, such as streets, sidewalks, walkways and driveways.
- b. Comercial building rooftops
- c. Landscape areas
- d. Trash and refuse storage areas
- e. Storm Drain inlets
- f. Drain lines
- g. Loading and unloading areas

However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed to reduce potential pollutants in runoff to the maximum extent practicable, such that the proposed project will not cause or contribute to an exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses:

 Runoff from all outdoor impervious surfaces and rooftops will be directed towards proposed infiltration basin.

- In order to mitigate runoff from future indoor and structural pest control, buildings will be designed with features that will discourage entry of pests. Integrated pest management information will be provided to owners.
- In order to mitigate landscape and/or outdoor pesticide use, drought tolerant and pestresistant plant species will be included in design as much as possible.
- A designated trash area has been proposed. An adequate number of receptacles will be provided. Regular inspection and repair as necessary will be conducted. All receptacles will be kept covered. No hazardous materials shall be dumped.
- All storm drain inlets will be clearly marked as to not allow any discharge other that runoff onto storm drains or to store or deposit materials so as to create a potential discharge to storm drains.
- Loading and unloading areas will not connect to storm drain system. Roof spouts will be located away from these areas.
- Runoff from all development areas will be directed to proposed infiltration basin located within project site will serve to meet all stormwater quality, hydromodification and flood control requirements for proposed project.

In addition, the proposed BMPs are consistent with regional surface water, storm water and groundwater planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses. Refer to Section VIII., Hydrology and Water Quality, Question b, for more information on regional surface water and storm water planning and permitting process.

d)	re		or interfere substantially with groundwater stainable groundwater management of the
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project is exempt from the requirements of the San Diego County Groundwater Ordinance Section 67.720. The project will not have a significant adverse impact on groundwater quantity because the grading project demand will be less than 20,000 gallons per day and the project complies with the San Diego County Groundwater Ordinance.

e) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or through the addition of impervious surface, in a manner which would:

(i)	result in substantial erosion or silt	ation o	on- or off-site.
☐ Po	otentially Significant Impact ess Than Significant with Mitigation corporated	\square	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact The project is a major grading plan for one (1) commercial building. A paved driveway and parking lot are also a part of the project that lies within a 1.6-acre disturbed site area. As outlined in the Storm water Quality Management Plan (SWQMP) dated July 5, 2021 and prepared by Palmetto Engineering and Land Surveying, the project will implement the following site design measures, source control, and/or treatment control BMPs to reduce potential pollutants, including sediment from erosion or siltation, to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff:

- Construction Best Management Practices (BMPs) have been proposed and will be effectively applied during construction phase of this project.
- Impervious surfaces have been limited to the extent where project needs are met. Additionally, impervious area dispersion has been implemented where possible and runoff from all impervious surfaces will be ultimately directed to Structural BMPs (biofiltration basins) within the project site.
- Natural areas will be conserved as much as possible, and to the extent the proposed project allows. Proper landscape has been proposed for all pervious surfaces. Drought and pest tolerant species will be used for newly proposed vegetation. In addition, effective irrigation systems will be implemented to reduce runoff as much as possible.
- Illegal dumping onto proposed inlets/catch basins within project site will be prohibited.
- All trash enclosure areas and loading areas will be protected to prevent leakage.
- All proposed structural BMPs will be maintained regularly, in order to keep proper function and to minimize erosion and discharge of pollutants. Property owners will be given a BMP Maintenance Agreement plan to know how to properly maintain/apply all proposed site design and structural BMPs.
- Runoff from offsite areas will bypass proposed development envelope area with the use of properly sized hydraulic elements and will discharge onto same locations as in existing conditions.
- There will be no increase in runoff from proposed project site as compared to existing conditions. Additionally, energy/velocity of exiting runoff will be maintained to below existing conditions. Please refer to project specific Drainage study for further details.

These measures will control erosion and sedimentation and satisfy waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. R9-2007-0001), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP). The SWMP specifies and describes the implementation process of all BMPs that will address equipment operation and materials management, prevent the erosion process from occurring, and prevent sedimentation in any onsite and downstream drainage swales. The Department of Public Works will ensure that the Plan is implemented as proposed. Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in significantly increased erosion or sedimentation potential and will not

alter any drainage patterns of the site or area on- or off-site. In addition, because erosion and sedimentation will be controlled within the boundaries of the project, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. For further information on soil erosion refer to VI., Geology and Soils, Question b.

f)	a		er, or s	of the site or area, including through the substantially increase the rate or amount It in flooding on- or off-site?
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Les dra	s Thinage	e patterns or significantly increase the ar	nount	ect will not significantly alter established of runoff for the following reasons, based ng and Land Surveying on May 28, 2021:
	fa • Tl ed • Tl	icilities. he project will not increase water surfac qual to or greater one square mile by 2/	ce elev	rainage channels or approved drainage vation in a watercourse with a watershed a foot or more in height. Ing the project site equal to or greater than
inclo amo proj in th	uding ount o ect w ne rate	through the alteration of the course of a sof surface runoff in a manner which woul fill not contribute to a cumulatively conside	tream d resu erable	kisting drainage pattern of the site or area, or river, or substantially increase the rate or lt in flooding on- or off-site. Moreover, the alteration or a drainage pattern or increase bstantially increase water surface elevation
g)		reate or contribute runoff water which w orm water drainage systems?	ould e	xceed the capacity of existing or planned
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project does not propose to create or contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems. There are no existing stormwater conveyance systems within site nor systems that convey runoff away from site. The project proposes hydraulic elements within the proposed development envelope, such as brow ditches, storm drain pipelines, catch basins and energy dissipators (riprap) to effectively convey runoff towards proposed infiltration system which will serve to mitigate peak flows to below existing conditions. The newly proposed storm drain system has been sized

h)

Provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?

to safely convey and manage project runoff. In addition, runoff energy/velocity has been dissipated to below current conditions. Runoff will discharge from project site as surface runoff at same discharge locations as in existing conditions. There is no existing storm drain system to connect to.

]		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
Discussion/Explanation: Less Than Significant Impact: The project will include the following potential sources of polluted runoff: Impervious surfaces such as driveway and parking lot. Pervious surfaces which may require some use of pesticides; catch basins, loading and trash areas are also included in the proposal. However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed such that potential pollutants will be reduced in runoff to the maximum extent practicable: Impervious surfaces have been limited as much as project allows and will be dispersed to adjacent pervious areas and/or directed to proposed structural BMPs (infiltration basin). Landscape areas have been designed to include drought and pest tolerant species to reduce runoff and the use of pesticides. Loading and trash areas will be protected from the elements to avoid runoff and spills. Discharge of anything other than runoff onto catch basins or any other element of storm drain system will be prohibited. Refer to IX Hydrology and Water Quality Questions a, b, c, for further information.							
i)	В	ace housing within a 100-year flood haz oundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map o ounty Floodplain Maps?	ard ar or othe	ea as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard r flood hazard delineation map, including			
[Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
Discussion/Explanation: No Impact: No FEMA mapped floodplains, County-mapped floodplains or drainages with a watershed greater than 25 acres were identified on the project site, therefore, no impact will occur.							
j)		ace within a 100-year flood hazard area ows?	struct	ures which would impede or redirect flood			
[Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			

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_	•	_	_		_	_			••	_		_	-	•	_	•••	_	• •	

No Impact: No 100-year flood hazard areas were identified on the project site; therefore, no

impact w	iii occur.						
k) E	xpose people or structures to a significa	nt risk	of loss, injury or death involving flooding?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact				
Discussion/Explanation: No Impact: The project site lies outside any identified special flood hazard area; therefore, the project will not expose people to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding.							
	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?						
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact				
Discussion/Explanation: No Impact: The project site lies outside a mapped dam inundation area for a major dam/reservoir within San Diego County. In addition, the project is not located immediately downstream of a minor dam that could potentially flood the property. Therefore, the project will not expose people to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding.							
m) In	undation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow	w?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact				
Discussio	on/Explanation:						

i. SEICHE

No Impact: The project site is located more than a mile from the coast; therefore, in the event of a tsunami, would not be inundated.

ii. **TSUNAMI**

No Impact: The project site is located more than a mile from the coast; therefore, in the event of a tsunami, would not be inundated.

iii. MUDFLOW

No Impact: Mudflow is type of landslide. The site is not located within a landslide susceptibility zone. In addition, though the project does propose land disturbance that will expose unprotected soils, the project is not located downstream from unprotected, exposed soils within a landslide susceptibility zone. Therefore, it is not anticipated that the project will expose people or property to inundation due to a mudflow.

<u>XI.</u>	XI. LAND USE AND PLANNING - Would the project:							
a)	a) Physically divide an established community.							
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact				
Discussion/Explanation: No Impact: The project does not propose the introduction of new infrastructure such major roadways or water supply systems, or utilities to the area. Therefore, the proposed project will not significantly disrupt or divide the established community.								
b)	C oı	ause a significant environmental impact regulation adopted for the purpose of a	due to	o a conflict with any land use plan, policy, ng or mitigating an environmental effect?				
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact				
Les The land the	Discussion/Explanation: Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project is subject to the General Plan Village Regional Category and contains lands within the Rural Commercial (C-4) Land Use Designation. The project is also subject to the policies of the Mountain Empire Subregional Plan. The property is zoned C36 which permits commercial uses by-right.							
XII. MINERAL RESOURCES Would the project:								
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?							
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact				

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project site is within land classified by the California Department of Conservation – Division of Mines and Geology (Update of Mineral Land Classification:

Aggregate Materials in the Western San Diego Production-Consumption Region, 1997) as an area where geologic information indicates no significant mineral deposits are present (No MRZ). Moreover, if the resources are not considered significant mineral deposits, loss of these resources cannot contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact.

•	-	•
Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
within 1,300 feet of such lands. Therefore availability of locally important mineral availability of a known mineral resource	ore, the resoure of loc	e proposed project would not result in the ces. Therefore, no potentially significant cally important mineral resource recovery
the vicinity of the project in excess of sta	andard	s established in the local general plan or
Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated sion/Explanation: pact: The project site is not located in a within 1,300 feet of such lands. Therefor availability of locally important mineral a availability of a known mineral resource sion) site delineated on a local general pla sult of this project. OISE Would the project result in: Generation of a substantial temporary of the vicinity of the project in excess of stanoise ordinance, or applicable standards Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated sion/Explanation: pact: The project site is not located in an are within 1,300 feet of such lands. Therefore, the availability of locally important mineral resource availability of a known mineral resource of locally interest on a local general plan, specially of this project. OISE Would the project result in: Generation of a substantial temporary or permite vicinity of the project in excess of standard noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project is a grading plan and only proposes temporary construction noise. Therefore, the project will not expose people to or generate any noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego Noise Element of the General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable local, State, and Federal noise control regulations.

Finally, the project's conformance to the County of San Diego General Plan Noise Element and County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-404 and 36.410) ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable noise impacts, because the project will not exceed the local noise standards for noise sensitive areas; and the project will not exceed the applicable noise level limits at the property line or construction noise limits, derived from State regulation to address human health and quality of life concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exposure of persons or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan, noise ordinance, and applicable standards of other agencies.

b)	G	seneration of excessive ground	dborn	e vibration	or groundborne noise levels?
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Impact No Impac	Significant
No	Impa	on/Explanation: act: The project does not pro ndborne vibration or groundbo	pose rne ne	any of the oise levels	following land uses that can be impacted.
	 Buildings where low ambient vibration is essential for interior operation, including research and manufacturing facilities with special vibration constraints. Residences and buildings where people normally sleep including hotels, hospitals, residences and where low ambient vibration is preferred. Civic and institutional land uses including schools, churches, libraries, other institutions, and quiet office where low ambient vibration is preferred. Concert halls for symphonies or other special use facilities where low ambient vibration is preferred. 				
tran	ısit, l	highways or major roadways	s or	intensive	or expanded infrastructure such as mass extractive industry that could generate elevels on-site or in the surrounding area.
c)	w ai	here such a plan has not been	adop	oted, within	ate airstrip or an airport land use plan or, two miles of a public airport or public use iding or working in the project area to
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with M Incorporated		on 🖂	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discussion/Explanation: No Impact: The proposed project is not located within an Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan (ALUCP) for airports or within 2 miles of a public airport or public use airport. Therefore, the project will not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive airport-related noise levels.					
XIV a)	In by	PULATION AND HOUSING - duce substantial unplanned p r proposing new homes and b roads or other infrastructure)	opula ousine	tion growt	ject: h in an area, either directly (for example, adirectly (for example, through extension
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mi Incorporated		on 🖂	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The proposed project will not induce substantial population growth in an area because the project does not propose any physical or regulatory change that would remove a restriction to or encourage population growth in an area including, but limited to the following: new or extended infrastructure or public facilities; large-scale residential development; accelerated conversion of homes to commercial or multi-family use; or regulatory changes including General Plan amendments, specific plan amendments, zone reclassifications, sewer or water annexations; or LAFCO annexation actions.

b)		isplace substantial numbers of exi onstruction of replacement housing else			or	housing,	necessitating	the
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less th		Significant	Impact	
No		on/Explanation: I ct: The proposed project will not displa	ce any	existing	hou	ısing since	the site is curre	ently
XV. a)	VV pi al ei of	BLIC SERVICES /ould the project result in substantial rovision of new or physically altered go tered governmental facilities, the convironmental impacts, in order to maintainer performance service ratios, responsition to the public services:	vernm onstruc ain acc	ental fac ction of ceptable	ilitie wh ser	es, need for ich could vice ratios,	or new or physic cause signific response time	cally cant es or
	i. ii. iii. iv v.	Parks?						
Dia		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less the		Significant	Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project is a grading plan for a future commercial use and will not result in the need for significantly altered services or facilities. The project does not involve the construction of new or physically altered governmental facilities including but not limited to fire protection facilities, sheriff facilities, schools, or parks in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios or objectives for any public services. Therefore, the project will not have an adverse physical effect on the environment because the project does not require new or significantly altered services or facilities to be constructed.

<u>XVI. </u>	RECREATION	
	1 A / 1 1 //	

а)			neighborhood and regional parks or other cal deterioration of the facility would occur
	Less Than Significant with Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
<u> </u>	Incorporated		No impact
No Im resider	ntial subdivision, mobilehome park, or cor se the use of existing neighborhood and	nstruct	dential use, included but not limited to a ion for a single-family residence that may nal parks or other recreational facilities in
b)	Does the project include recreational faci recreational facilities, which might have a	lities o	r require the construction or expansion of erse physical effect on the environment?
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	\boxtimes	No Impact
No Impersons	sion/Explanation: pact: The project does not include recresion of recreational facilities. Therefore, s cannot have an adverse physical effect	, the c	al facilities or require the construction or construction or expansion of recreational e environment.
a)	TRANSPORTATION Would the project Conflict with a program plan, ordinance including transit, roadway, bicycle and pe	e or p	olicy addressing the circulation system, an facilities?
	Potentially Significant Impact	\boxtimes	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation: The County of San Die	ego Gu	idelines for Determining Significance for

Discussion/Explanation: The County of San Diego Guidelines for Determining Significance for Traffic and Transportation (Guidelines) establish measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system. These Guidelines incorporate standards from the County of San Diego Public Road Standards and Mobility Element, the County of San Diego Transportation Impact Fee Program and the Congestion Management Program.

Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project is a grading plan and will result in 20 additional vehicle trip per day. However, the project will not have a significant impact related to a conflict with any performance measures establishing measures of effectiveness of the circulation system because the project trips do not exceed any of the County's Guidelines for Determining Significance for impacts related to Traffic and Transportation. As identified in the County's Guidelines for Determining Significance for Traffic and Transportation, the project trips

would not result in a substantial increase in the number of vehicle trips, volume of capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections in relation to existing conditions. In addition, the project would not conflict with policies related to non-motorized travel such as mass transit, pedestrian or bicycle facilities. Therefore, the project would not conflict with any policies establishing measures of the effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system and no mitigation is required.

b)		d the proj ivision (b)?	ect conflic	t or be	consist	ent w	ith CEQA	Guidelines	section	15064.3
			Significant Significant ed		tigation		Less than	Significant I	mpact	
reg (R tra coi inc gei vel imp Ea	rion is IP) or insport of the second is insported in the second is insported in the second in the se	s SANDAG. f which the tation system on, and be a requirement on equivaluity. These on CMP symplect coordings.	SANDAG e Congestion tter integral ent for enha ent of 2,40 large projectem roadw nation with a	is responsion Mar mance, te land anced CE 0 or mo ects mus vays, the affected District	onsible fragement develop use and EQA reviers average to complete in association (NCTD)	or prent Programmer pr	paring the gram (CMI cams to a portation policable to classificable to caffic analycosts, and s, the Metrouired to er	ent agency from Regional Transport agency from Regional Transport 200 control of the Regional Transport agency from Regional	ransporta ement to ir- and l isions. I developm or more p ntifies the ropriate m nsit Syste	tion Plandomerical monitorical
20 20 Ada a r dai	ADTs) peak ditiona lew pr ly basi	The addi hour trips ally, the pro imary use.	tional 20 Al required f ect does no The additi e the projec	DTs fror for study ot involv ional ac ct will not	n the proving the construction of the construction of the construction of the conflict of the	pposed he reg uction suppor	project do ion's Cong of any new t structures	in and propo not exceed estion Mana buildings, n s will not ge d measures	the 2400 agement or does it nerate Al) trips (or Program. t propose DTs on a
c)	Subst dange	tantially inc erous inters	rease haza ections) or	ards due incompa	e to a ge atible use	eometr es (e.g	ic design f ., farm equ	eature (e.g. ipment)?	, sharp o	curves or
			Significant Significant ed		igation		Less than No Impact	Significant I	mpact	
			_							

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The proposed project will not alter traffic patterns, roadway design, place incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment) on existing roadways, or create or place curves, slopes or walls which impedes adequate site distance on a road.

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d) Resu	ult in inadequate emergency access?						
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact				
No impa is not se San Die	Discussion/Explanation: No Impact: The proposed project will not result in inadequate emergency access. The project is not served by a dead-end road that exceeds the maximum cumulative length permitted by the San Diego County Consolidated Fire Code, therefore, the project has adequate emergency access. Additionally, roads used to access the proposed project site are up to County standards.						
XVIII. T	RIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES W	ould t	he project:				
defin lands sacre	ed in Public Resources Code §2107 scape that is geographically defined in ed place, or object with cultural value to	4 as terms a Cali	ificance of a tribal cultural resource, as either a site, feature, place, or cultural of the size and scope of the landscape, fornia Native American tribe, and that is:				
	isted or eligible for listing in the Californ egister of Historical Resources as define		ister of Historical Resources, or in a local ublic Resources Code §5020.1(k), or				
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact				
	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	\boxtimes	No Impact				
ii. A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code §5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code §5024.1, the Lead Agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.							
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact				
	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	\boxtimes	No Impact				
Discussion/Explanation: No Impact: Pursuant to AB-52, consultation was initiated with culturally affiliated tribes. No tribal cultural resources were identified during consultation. As such, there are no impacts to							

XIX. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS -- Would the project:

tribal cultural resources.

a) Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment or stormwater drainage, electric power, natural gas, or telecommunications facilities, the construction or relocation of which could cause significant environmental effects?

	R GENERAL - CAMPO - 4 19-LDGRMJ-30250	3 -	July 29, 2021
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation	on 🛚	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
No Imp new or require project	expanded water or wastewater treathe construction or expansion of water	itment fa er or was	commercial use. As such, does not include cilities. In addition, the project does not tewater treatment facilities. Therefore, the expanded facilities, which could cause
	Have sufficient water supplies availab uture development during normal, dry		ve the project and reasonably foreseeable ltiple dry years?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	on 🛚	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
No Imp	sion/Explanation: pact: The proposed project is a gradi Water for grading operations will be b	ng plan a rought in	and does not require a Service Availability from off-site.
5	Result in a determination by the was serve the project that it has adequate addition to the provider's existing com	capacity	treatment provider, which serves or may to serve the project's projected demand in s?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigatio Incorporated	n 🖂	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
No Imp project	sion/Explanation: act: The proposed project is a gradi will rely completely on an on-site w will not interfere with any wastewater	astewate	or a future commercial project. The future er system (septic system); therefore, the at provider's service capacity.
d) (Senerate solid waste in excess of Sta of local infrastructure, or otherwise im	ate or loc pair the a	al standards, or in excess of the capacity ttainment of solid waste reduction goals?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigatio Incorporated	n 🛚	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation: **No Impact:** The project is a grading plan for a future commercial use. As such, will not generate any solid waste nor place any burden on the existing permitted capacity of any landfill or transfer station within San Diego County.

e)		Comply with federal, state, and local man elated to solid waste?	agem	ent and reduction statutes and regulations
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
No any stat	Impa solid	d waste nor place any burden on the exis	sting p comp	commercial use. As such, will not generate ermitted capacity of any landfill or transfer bliance with any Federal, State, or local licable to this project.
		DFIRE – If located in or near state respard severity zones, would the project:	oonsib	ility areas or lands classified as very high
a)		substantially impair an adopted emergolan?	ency r	esponse plan or emergency evacuation
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
b)	e			rs, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby tration from a wildfire or the uncontrolled
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
c)	b		r lines	ociated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire impacts to the environment?
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
d)	flo	xpose people or structure to significa poding or landslides, as a result of hanges?	nt risk runoff,	ks, including downslope or downstream post-fire slope instability, or drainage
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

XXI. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE:

∨ æ	Does the project have the potential to environment, substantially reduce the habita wildlife population to drop below self-sustain animal community, substantially reduce the endangered plant or animal or eliminate in California history or prehistory?	nt of nin	of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish on the glevels, threaten to eliminate a plant of number or restrict the range of a rare of			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated]	Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
Less the Study, to fa fish threater are or Californ and Vor potential biological stress to the stres	Discussion/Explanation: Less than Significant: Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory were considered in the response to each question in sections IV and V of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for significant cumulative effects. There is no substantial evidence that there are piological or cultural resources that are affected or associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.					
(' ('	Does the project have impacts that are individually and individually considerable means that considerable when viewed in connection with the current projects, and the effects of prolets.	the th t	e incremental effects of a project ar the effects of past projects, the effects of			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated]	Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
The follo	ion/Explanation: owing list of past, present and future project nitial Study:	s w	ere considered and evaluated as a part			

PROJECT NAME	PERMIT/MAP NUMBER
Pac Bell MUP	PDS2011-3300-75-097
Pac Bell MUP MOD	PDS2011-3301-75-097-01
Standard Variance	PDS1999-3970-99-050

Less than Significant: Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse cumulative effects were considered in the response to each question in sections I through XVIII of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for incremental effects that are cumulatively

considerable. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that there are cumulative effects associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

c)	oes the project have environmental effort n human beings, either directly or indire	hich will cause substantial adverse effects
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less than Significant: In the evaluation of environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse direct or indirect impacts to human beings were considered in the response to certain questions in sections I. Aesthetics, III. Air Quality, VI. Geology and Soils, VIII. Hazards and Hazardous Materials, IX Hydrology and Water Quality XII. Noise, XIII. Population and Housing, and XVI. Transportation and Traffic. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that there are adverse effects on human beings associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

XX. REFERENCES USED IN THE COMPLETION OF THE INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

All references to Federal, State and local regulation are available on the Internet. For Federal regulation refer to http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/. For State regulation refer to www.leginfo.ca.gov. For County regulation refer to www.amlegal.com. All other references are available upon request.

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