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BIOLOGY LETTER REPORT

Biological Resources, Project Impacts, and Proposed Mitigation
<u>The Lehman Tentative Parcel Map Project</u>

APN 123-261-14
Applicant: Tad Lehman
1494 Meredith Road
Fallbrook, California

September 2021 Revised May 2022

Summary

The Lehman Tentative Parcel Map Project (TPM 21278), hereinafter referred to as "Lehman Project", consists of an application to split a 10.28-acre parcel into four new parcels measuring between 2.0 gross acres and 3.2 gross acres each. Pad construction and related infrastructure improvements have already taken place on proposed Parcel 4, which is fully developed with a single-family residence. The Lehman Project site supports Extensive Agriculture, Urban Developed Habitat, Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub, and Coast Live Oak Woodland. Future development to construct a new home on each of the proposed Parcels 1, 2, and 3 with related infrastructure improvements will result in direct habitat impacts. Significant impacts can be reduced to less than significant with the dedication of onsite open space. Finally, an avian nesting survey and/or seasonal restrictions on site development are recommended to ensure project consistency with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and the California Fish and Game Code.

SDC PDS RCVD 06-08-22 Introduction, Project Description, Location, and Setting TPM21278

The Lehman Project is a Tentative Parcel Map application for a minor subdivision. This would subdivide existing parcel #123-261-14, which totals approximately 10.3 acres, into four new lots. The project site is located at 2600 Linda Vista Drive in the North County Metropolitan Subregional Planning area, within the community of Fallbrook in unincorporated San Diego County. Zoning for the site is Limited Agriculture (A70). The site is partially developed with a single family residence that would be retained. Access would be provided by private driveways off Linda Vista Drive. The project proposes an onsite septic system, and will utilize water from the Rainbow Municipal Water District. The project does not propose any grading at this time. Three new residential structures would be constructed subsequent to approval of the TPM, and a Preliminary Grading Plan (PGP) has been prepared to illustrate grading and related improvements on proposed Parcel 1, 2, and 3. Proposed Parcel 4 is fully-developed with a single family residence and related site improvements.

Three soil-types are found onsite. These are Fallbrook sandy loam, 15 to 30 percent slopes, eroded (FaE2) Placentia sandy loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes, eroded (PeC2), and Steep gullied land (StG). These soil types are not known to support specific edaphic rare or endangered plant species and no sensitive plants were found on the Lehman Project site during the survey. Due to the disturbed condition of the majority of the property and the surrounding area, no additional sensitive species are expected. Elevations on the property range between approximately 445 feet and 550 feet MSL.

The site is located within the County's draft North County Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP) Subarea Plan, outside lands designated as Pre-Approved Mitigation Areas (PAMA). There are no conserved lands on or adjacent to the property. The vegetation/habitat types on the property are predominantly disturbed and/or developed. The project must comply with the Resource Protection Ordinance (RPO), the County primary ordinance for protecting sensitive lands and species. The County considers the entire project site to be impacted in the absence of any onsite open space dedication.

Methods

The author (Vince Scheidt) conducted a field survey of the property on April 16, 2021 from 08:30 to 10:30. Weather conditions during the survey included temps in the high 60°s, clear skies, and no significant wind.

All plants, animals, and habitats encountered during the surveys were recorded in the field. Adjoining offsite areas were examined concurrent with the baseline site surveying. The limits of each habitat-type were mapped in the field utilizing a recent aerial photograph of the property. All plants and animals identified in association with the project site are listed in Table 1, attached. Plants were identified in situ, or based on characteristic floral parts collected and later examined in detail. Floral nomenclature used in this letter follows Hickman (1993) and others. Plant communities, as designated by numerical code, follow Holland (1996, as amended). Wildlife observations were made opportunistically. Binoculars were used to aid in observations and all wildlife species detected were noted. Animal nomenclature used in this report is taken from Stebbins (2003) for reptiles and amphibians, American Ornithologist's Union (1998, as updated) for birds, and Jones, et. al (1992) for mammals.

Vegetation Communities, Flora/Fauna, and Special Status Species

The Lehman Project site supports four generally discrete plant associations or habitats. These are: Extensive Agriculture, Urban Developed Habitat, Coast Live Oak Woodland, and Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub (Figures 2 and 3). Each of these habitats have been evaluated as either "sensitive" or "not sensitive" per the County's Biology Guidelines.

Vegetation Communities

Extensive Agriculture (fallow) - Tier IV (Holland Code 18300) - 6.8 acres

Active Extensive Agriculture (EA) covered the majority of the project site up until last year. This consisted of areas where staging had taken place for large container plants, mostly palm trees. Prior to this, the site was planted with lemon trees. Areas of EA extend offsite to the north on adjoining properties. The land currently mostly supports weeds and bare dirt. EA is not considered a sensitive biological resource in San Diego County, as defined by the County's Biology Guidelines. The biological resource value of this habitat is low.

<u>Urban/Developed Habitat</u> - Tier IV (Holland Code 12000) - 1.2 acres

Urban/Developed Habitat (UD) is present on the northeast corner of the property and parallel to the eastern boundary. This habitat consists of a single family residence and associated infrastructure improvements, landscaping, etc. plus an access road off of La Canada Road to the south. UD is not considered a sensitive resource in San Diego County, as defined by the County's Biology Guidelines. The biological resource value of this habitat is low.

Coast Live Oak Woodland - Tier I (Holland Code 71160) - 1.7 acres

Coast Live Oak Woodland (CLOW) habitat is found onsite along the eastern and western edges of the project site. Indicators include Coast Live Oak (*Quercus agrifolia*), with an understory of Poison Oak (*Toxicodendron diversilobum*), and others. CLOW is considered a sensitive biological resource in San Diego County, as defined by the County's Biology Guidelines. The biological resource value of this habitat is moderate to high.

Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub (Holland Code 32500) - 0.6 acre

The eastern corner of the property to the east of Linda Vista Drive supports a patch of Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub (CSS) vegetation. Indicators include California Sagebrush (*Artemisia californica*), Flat-top Buckwheat (*Eriogonum fasciculatum*), Laurel Sumac (*Malosma laurina*), and other soft-woody shrubs. CSS is considered a sensitive biological resource in San Diego County, as defined by the County's Biology Guidelines. The biological value of this habitat-type is moderate due to the limited distribution in the immediate area.

Flora and Fauna

Eighty-eight species of vascular plants and fifteen species of vertebrate animals were detected on the Lehman Project site during the survey. The species observed typify the diversity normally found on agricultural properties in interior foothills areas of San Diego County. A complete list of the plants and animals observed, listed alphabetically, can be found in Table 1, attached. This list would be expected to represent at least 80 percent of the naturalized plants occurring on this property. However, many animals are cryptic, seasonal, or nocturnal. At least dozens of species of animals are expected to use the site, at least on an occasional basis.

Special Status Species

No special status or "sensitive" plant species were observed on the property during the field survey. Sensitive plants are those listed as "Rare", "Endangered", "Threatened", "of Special Concern", or otherwise considered noteworthy by the County of San Diego, the California Department of Fish and Wildlife, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and/or the California Native Plant Society.

Sensitive plants known from the general vicinity of the property, along with an assessment of the probability of occurrence onsite, are presented in tabular form in Table 3, attached. Most of these are either associated with habitats not found here (such as vernal pools or native grasslands) or are large and distinctive perennials, which would not have been missed if encountered onsite. A few have a limited potential to occur onsite.

Two sensitive animal species were detected during the field survey. Sensitive animals are those listed as "Rare", "Endangered", "Threatened", "of Special Concern" or otherwise considered noteworthy by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, or the County of San Diego.

Western Bluebird

Sialia mexicana

Status: County of San Diego: Sensitive Animal List; Group 2

"Declining" (Unitt, 1984) Federal/state status: none

Distribution: Occurs throughout the western United States

Habitat(s): Inhabits open areas, especially at the edges of woodlands or near farms, etc.

Status on site: A pair of specimens observed roosting in an isolated oak tree and flying offsite to the east. These specimens probably nest in the vicinity, although no nest cavities were observed on the subject property.

Red-shouldered Hawk

Buteo lineatus

Listing: County of San Diego: Sensitive Animal List; Group 1 State status: California "Fully Protected" Species (CDFG, 1994)

Federal status: none

Distribution: Central and southern California west of the Sierras. Also, southeastern Canada, Mexico, and the eastern United States.

Habitat(s): Mainly inhabits a variety of woodland habitats, including oak woodlands and larger eucalyptus stands.

Status on Site: A single specimen was seen soaring offsite to the south above a grouping of large eucalyptus trees, where they likely nest. Nesting habitat for this species is not present onsite.

Other sensitive animals known from the vicinity, along with an assessment of the probability of occurrence onsite, are presented in Table 3.

The majority of the Lehman Project site supports potential raptor foraging habitat. However, no raptors other than Red-shouldered Hawk were detected, and no raptor nesting is anticipated due to the overall disturbed nature of the project site and surrounding area.

Habitat Evaluations for Special Status Species

Due to the presence of CSS onsite and records of California Gnatcatchers within 5 miles of the project site, a direct habitat evaluation for California Gnatcatcher (*Polioptila californica*), a rare and federally-listed threatened species was conducted as part of the site survey work. It was determined that insufficient habitat was present onsite to warrant protocol surveys and the site is considered "unoccupied" by this species. The CSS on and adjacent to the Lehman Project site is a small patch that is isolated by rural residential developments and disturbed lands.

Some sensitive animal species with a moderate probability of occurring onsite, on at least an occasional basis, include Cooper's Hawk (*Accipiter cooperii*) and possibly other wide-ranging species (such as native bats) which might fly over the property on occasion. Others sensitive animals (such as certain cryptic reptiles) are also possible, although these would be common to most properties in the area, and no populations or significant numbers are expected.

Jurisdictional Wetlands and Waterways

Wetland areas under County of San Diego jurisdiction are determined based upon the County's Resource Protection Ordinance (RPO). Wetlands are defined under the RPO as lands having one or more of the following attributes: (a) At least periodically, the land supports a predominance of hydrophytes (plants whose habitat is water or very wet places); (b) The substratum is predominantly undrained hydric soil; or (c) An ephemeral or perennial stream is present, whose substratum is predominately non-soil and such lands contribute substantially to the biological functions or values of wetlands in the drainage system (County of San Diego, 2007).

Two watercourses are present on the property; to the east and to the west. Both are ephemeral and likely qualify as jurisdictional "waters". The westerly watercourse qualifies as an RPO wetland. This has implications with respect to resource avoidance and adequate buffering. The onsite potion of the easterly drainage qualifies as an upland swale, and not as an RPO wetland. The project avoids both watercourses by design and includes a 50′ or greater buffer to the westerly drainage (Figure 3) as required by the RPO.

Other Unique Features/Resources

Because of the property's size and mostly-disturbed nature, it lacks unique features or resources that would enhance its local or regional biological significance. The western edge of the property, supporting the main onsite drainage, could function as a local wildlife corridor, providing cover for animals that move up and down along the drainage. Beyond this, however, there is little potential for large mammals to use the site, other than urban-tolerant species (skunks, coyotes, etc). Also, for these reasons, there is little potential for native wildlife nursery sites to be present on the property other than possibly within the drainage area.

Project NCCP Compatibility

The conversion of native and naturalized habitats in the unincorporated County of San Diego is currently regulated through its Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP) Subarea Planning efforts in compliance with the State of California's Natural Community Conservation Planning Act of 1991. Natural Community Conservation Planning (NCCP) is a program implemented at the local level with the goal of preserving large, connected areas of chaparral, oak woodland, coastal sage scrub and other habitats in order to preserve habitat values and reduce the endangerment of "covered" species through the retention of long-term habitat viability in biologically-significant areas of the County. An NCCP identifies and provides for the regional protection of plants, animals, and their habitats, while allowing compatible and appropriate economic activity, including land development, agricultural conversion, and related land-use changes.

Project Compliance with the North County MSCP

The Lehman Project is consistent with the recommendations of the Subregional (MSCP) Plan and the County of San Diego's draft North County Subarea MSCP Plan (NCMSCP). The project also complies with the requirements of the County of San Diego's interpretation of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The draft NCMSCP requires certain preserve design elements, the avoidance of certain sensitive plant species, and application of specific mitigation ratios. As designed, the project will avoid impacts to native vegetation. The Lehman Project site is not located on lands designated by the draft Plan as a Pre-approved Mitigation Area (PAMA).

Significance of Project Impacts and Proposed Mitigation

Potential development-related impacts associated with future build-out of the Lehman Project site are subject to review under CEQA per the County's CEQA Guidelines. This means that the County requires that all project-related impacts to the site's native and naturalized flora, fauna, and habitats be assessed, and that mitigation be provided in the instance that impacts are considered "significant", as defined by CEQA. Mitigation is designed to reduce the effects of development, keeping all impacts at a level that is "less than significant".

Direct, Indirect, and Cumulative Impacts

Measurable direct and indirect impacts would result from the development of Lehman Project. Direct impacts result from the actual removal of habitat, plants, and animals from the site through grading and brushing clearing or thinning for fire protection purposes, agriculture, etc. These direct impacts are considered permanent, because they result in a conversion of habitats to landscaped areas, structures, parks, roads, etc. Indirect impacts also affect habitats, plants, and/or animals residing on or near the project site. These are not the direct result of grading or development. Examples of indirect impacts include introduction of exotic species, human or pet intrusions into natural areas, lighting, traffic, and noise. Indirect impacts are often called "edge effects". Cumulative impacts are those that contribute to the regional loss of natural resources, even though they may be minor to negligible in their own right.

Impacts to habitats were calculated by determining the acreage of each habitat-type affected by site development, including onsite improvements and fire clearing from all habitable structures. Impacts are summarized in Table 2.

Direct Impacts

The County considers the entirety of subdivision projects to be considered impacted in the absence of open space easements dedicated for the preservation of biological resources. Therefore, the following are direct impacts associated with the Lehman Project (summarized in Table 2):

- (1) Development could result in impacts to 6.7 acres of Extensive Agriculture and 1.2 acres of Urban Developed Habitat. These impacts are considered less than significant, as defined by CEQA. Mitigation for these losses is not required pursuant to the County's Biology Guidelines.
- (2) Development will **avoid** 100 percent of the CLOW and CSS found onsite.
- (3) Development could result in impacts to 4 isolated Coast Live Oak trees. This impact is considered **less than significant**, as defined by CEQA because these trees are more than 100 feet from the CLOW and are therefore not considered a part of the CLOW. Mitigation for this loss is not required pursuant to the County's Biology Guidelines.
- (4) Development could result in a loss of foraging habitat for Western Bluebird and Red-shouldered Hawk. This impact is considered **significant**, as defined by CEQA. Mitigation for this potential loss of habitat is required pursuant to the County's Biology Guidelines.

Indirect Impacts

Some indirect impacts resulting from changes in land use are anticipated. These are primarily "edge effects" impacting remaining natural areas. Because the development area is already impacted to a degree by edge effects from historical use of the site for agriculture, the adjacent road, and surrounding developments, these indirect impacts are considered **less than significant**. No specific mitigation is recommended or required for indirect impacts.

Cumulative Impacts

The County of San Diego has determined that the project qualifies for a "partial exemption" pursuant to CEQA section 15183. CEQA section 15183 allows qualifying projects to rely on the cumulative analysis contained within a certified Environmental Impact Report prepared for a General Plan. The County of San Diego Board of Supervisors certified the General Plan Update EIR on August 3, 2011, which comprehensively evaluated environmental impacts that would result from plan implementation, including information related to existing site conditions, analyses of the types and magnitude of individual and cumulative environmental impacts, and feasible mitigation measures that could reduce or avoid environmental impacts. Consequently, no additional review of cumulative impacts is required under CEQA, and no specific mitigation is required.

Proposed Mitigation

All project impacts are considered "less than significant" assuming the adoption of the following mitigation measures (Table 2):

- 1. The loss of 6.7 acres of EA and 1.2 acres of U/D is considered "less than significant" and does not require mitigation.
- 2. Impacts to CLOW, CSS, foraging habitat for Western Bluebird and Red-shouldered Hawk, and the RPO wetland will be avoided by design. The areas supporting these resources and can be preserved onsite within a Biological Open Space Easement (BOSE) which includes an RPO buffer. Open space fencing and signage will be included in the BOSE design. Open space signage shall be placed at 100-foot intervals along the fence line. In order to further protect the RPO wetland, a Limited Building Zone (LBZ) is recommended to prevent clearing or grading into the sensitive habitat area. Because development will avoid impacts to wetlands and "waters", the project developer will not need to notify the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, the San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board, and the California Department of Fish and Wildlife regarding any needed permitting pursuant to Section 404/401 of the Clean Water Act along with the securement of a Lake and Streambed Alteration Agreement (1600-series) with the California Department of Fish and Game.
- 3. The property contains habitat which may be used for nesting by migratory birds and raptors. Any grading, brushing or clearing conducted during the migratory bird and raptor breeding season (February 1 to June 1 for raptors and February 1 to August 31 for migratory birds), has a potential to impact nesting or breeding birds in violation of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and the California Fish and Game Code. If grading, brushing or clearing is to occur between these time windows, nesting bird surveys would need to be conducted by a County-approved biologist within three days of grading, brushing or clearing activities. The applicant may submit evidence that nesting or breeding migratory birds will not be affected by the grading, brushing or clearing to these agencies: California

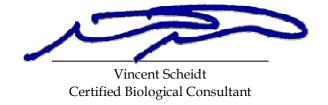
Department of Fish and Wildlife, 3883 Ruffin Rd., San Diego, CA 92123, (858) 467-4201, http://www.dfg.ca.gov/; and United States Fish and Wildlife Service, 2177 Salk Avenue, Suite 250, Carlsbad, California 92008, (760) 431-9440, http://www.fws.gov/.

No other biological mitigation associated with the Lehman Project is recommended at this time.

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Preparer and Persons/Organizations Contacted



Attachments

- Table 1. Plants and Animals Observed
- Table 2. Habitat Impacts/Mitigation Analysis
- Table 3. Sensitive Species Known from the Vicinity
- Figure 1. Regional Location
- Figure 2. Recent Aerial Photo
- Figure 3. Biological Resources on Preliminary Grading Plan

Attachment A. Correspondence from North County Fire District Authorizing 50' Defensible Space (LBZ)

Table 1. Plants and Animals Observed - The Lehman Tentative Parcel Map Project

Scientific Name

Common Name

Plants

Acmispon glaber var. brevialatus Short-Winged Deerweed

Ambrosia psilostachya Western Ragweed
Amsinckia menziesii Common Fiddleneck
Artemisia californica California Sagebrush

Baccharis pilularisCoyote BrushBaccharis salicifoliaMule FatBromus diandrus *Ripgut Brome

Bromus hordeaceus * Common Soft Brome

Bromus rubens *Red BromeCamissoniopsis hirtellaHairy SuncupCarduus tenuiflorus *Slender ThistleCarpobrotus chilensis *Chilean Sea FigCentaurea melitensis *Maltese Star-ThistleChenopodium murale *Nettle-leaved Goosefoot

Citrus x limon * Lemon

Conium maculatum * Poison Hemlock Corethrogyne filaginifolia California Aster

Cotula australis * Australian Waterbuttons

Crassula connataSand PygmyweedCroton setigerTurkey MulleinDatura wrightiiSacred DaturaDianthus barbatus *Sweet-WilliamDimorphotheca sinuata *Cape MarigoldDittrichia graveolens *Stinkwort

Dysphania pumilio * Clammy Goosefoot Erigeron bonariensis * Flax-Leaved Horseweed Eriogonum fasciculatum Flat-top Buckwheat Erodium cicutarium * Common Stork's-Bill Eschscholzia californica California Poppy Euphorbia maculata * Spotted Spurge Euphorbia peplus * Petty Spurge Ficus carica * Common Fig

Foeniculum vulgare * Fennel

Galium aparine Catchweed Bedstraw
Gazania linearis * Striped Treasureflower

Geranium sp. * Geranium
Glebionis coronaria * Garland Daisy
Hedypnois rhagadioloides * Cretanweed
Heteromeles arbutifolia Toyon

Heterotheca grandifloraTelegraphweedHirschfeldia incana *Shortpod MustardHordeum murinumWall Barley

Hypochaeris glabra * Smooth Cat's Ear Isocoma menziesii Coastal Goldenbush

Table 1. Plants and Animals Observed - The Lehman Tentative Parcel Map Project

Scientific Name

Common Name

<u>Plants</u>

Kickxia elatine * Sharp-Leaved Fluellen

Lactuca serriola *Prickly LettuceLamarckia aurea *Goldentop GrassLepidium didymum *Lesser Swine-CressLimonium perezii *Perez's Sea Lavender

Limonium sinuatum * Blue Statice
Lobularia maritima * Sweet Alyssum

Logfia gallica * Narrowleaf Cottonrose

Lupinus sp. Lupines

Lupinus bicolorMiniature LupineLysimachia arvensis *Scarlet PimpernelMalosma laurinaLaurel Sumac

Malva sp. * Malva

Marah macrocarpa

Medicago polymorpha * Bur Clover

Melilotus indicus * Small Melilot

Muhlenbergia microsperma

Nicotiana glauca * Littleseed Muhly

Pectocarya linearis ferocula Narrow-Toothed Pectocarya

Phacelia minor Wild Canterbury Bells

Polycarpon tetraphyllum *Fourleaf ManyseedPseudognaphalium californicumCalifornia CudweedQuercus agrifoliaCoast Live OakRaphanus sativus *Wild Radish

Raphanus sativus *Wild RadishRicinus communis *Castor BeanSalix lasiolepisArroyo WillowSalsola sp. *Russian ThistlesSambucus ceruleaBlue ElderSchinus molle *Pepper TreeSchinus terebinthifolia *Brazilian Pepper

Schismus barbatus * Common Mediterranean Grass

Silybum marianum * Milk Thistle
Sisymbrium irio * London Rocket

Solanum americanum American Black Nightshade

Sonchus asper * Prickly Sowthistle
Sonchus oleraceus * Common Sow-Thistle
Spergularia rubra Red Sand Spurrey
Stephanomeria sp. Wirelettuce

Toxicodendron diversilobum
Pacific Poison Oak
Trifolium willdenovii
Tomcat Clover
Urtica urens *
Dwarf Nettle
Verbascum virgatum *
Witig sindiana
Descrit Wild Grope

Vitis girdiana Desert Wild Grape
Vulpia myuros * Rat's-Tail Fescue

Table 1. Plants and Animals Observed - The Lehman Tentative Parcel Map Project

Scientific Name Common Name

Reptiles

Sceloporus occidentalis longipes Great Basin Fence Lizard Uta stansburiana Side-blotched Lizard

Birds

Archilochus anna Anna's Hummingbird

Carpodacus mexicanus Housefinch Common Crow Corvus brachyrhynchos Thryomanes bewickii Bewick's Wren Carduelis psaltria Lesser Goldfinch Pipilo crissalis California Towhee Buteo lineatus Red-shouldered Hawk Zenaida macroura Mourning Dove

Sialia mexicana Western Bluebird

Mammals

Canis latrans Coyote

Otospermophilus beecheyi California Ground Squirrel Sylvilagus audubonii Desert Cottontail Rabbit Thomomys bottae Valley Pocket Gopher

Total: 88 species of plants and 15 species of animals detected

^{* =} Non-native Species **Bold**= Sensitive Species

Table 2. Vegetation Community Impact/Mitigation Analysis - The Lehman Tentative Parcel Map Project

Vegetation Community	Total Acres Onsite ¹	Acres Impacted	Mitigation Ratio	Mitigation Recommended (Preserved Onsite)
Extensive Agriculture	6.8 acres	6.7 acres²	none	0.1 acre
Urban/ Developed	1.2 acres	1.2 acres	none	none
Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub	0.6 acre	none		OSE including all CSS onsite (0.6 acre)
Coast Live Oak Woodland	1.7 acres	none		OSE including all CLOW onsite (1.7 acres)
TOTALS	10.3 acres	7.9 acres		2.4 acres

¹ Acreages rounded per County requirements ² 0.1 acre of Extensive Agriculture is preserved onsite within the BOSE to adequately buffer the RPO wetland on the western portion of the property.

Table 3. Sensitive Species Known from the Vicinity - The Lehman Tentative Parcel Map Project

Latin Name	Common Name	Federally Endangered	Federally Threatened	State Endangered	State Threatened	State Rare	MSCP Narrow Endemic	County Sensitive Plant List	Coastal Sage Scrub	Mixed Chapparal	Grassland	Riparian	Oak Woodland	Chamise Chaparral	Mixed Conifer	Close Cone Forest	Pinon-Juniper	Freshwater Marsh	Desert Scrub	Desert Wash	Salt or Alkali Marsh	Vernal Pools	Montane Meadow	Coastal or Desert Dune	Lakes and Bays	Extensive Agriculture	Probability of Occurrence	Factual Basis for Determination
Brodiaea orcuttii	Orcutt's Brodiaea							A			X	X	X	X								X					L	1a
Chorizanthe procumbens	Prostrate Spineflower							n/ a	X	X				X													M	2a
Clarkia delicata	Campo Clarkia							A		X			X	X													L	1a
Harpagonella palmeri	Palmer's Grapplinghook							D	X		X			X													L	1a
Juncus acutus leopoldii	Southwestern spiny rush							D				X											X				L	1a
Ophioglossum californicum	California-adder's Tongue Fern							D		X	X											X					L	1a
Pentachaeta aurea	Golden-rayed Pentachaeta							D	X	X				X								X					M	2b
Piperia leptopetala	Narrow-petaled Rein Orchid							D		X			X	X	X												L	1a
Quercus engelmannii	Engelmann Oak							D					X														M	2a
Accipiter cooperi	Cooper's Hawk								X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X							X				M	2a
Accipiter striatus	Sharp-shinned Hawk								X	X		X	X	X	X	X											L	1a
Aimophila ruficeps canescens	Rufous-crowned Sparrow								X					X													L	2a
Ammodramus savannarum	Grasshopper Sparrow										X																L	1a
Amphispiza belli belli	Bell's Sage Sparrow								X	X				X													L	1a
Anniella pulchra pulchra	Silvery Legless Lizard								X		X	X												X			L	1a
Antrozous pallidus	Pallid Bat								X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X			X				M	2a
Aquila chrysaetos	Golden Eagle						X		X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X										L	1a
Ardea herodias	Great Blue Heron										X							X							X		L	1a
Bassariscus astutus	Ringtail									X		X	X	X													L	1a
Buteo lineatus	Red-shouldered hawk								X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X											О	
Cathartes aura	Turkey Vulture								X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X											M	2a

	Dulzura CA Pocket						Ī											ĺ	ĺ							
Chaetodipus c. femoralis	Mouse						X	X	X		X	X	X												L	1a
	NW San Diego Pocket																									
Chaetodipus fallax fallax	Mouse						X	X	X			X					X	X							L	la
Charina trivirgata	Coastal Rosy Boa						37	37			37	37														1
roseofusca Circus cyaneus	Coastal Rosy Boa						X	X			X	X												\vdash	M	2a
hudsonius	Northern Harrier						X		X							X			X					X	L	1a
Cnemidophorus	Orange-throated																									
hyperythrus	Whiptail						X	X	X	X		X												ſ	M	2a
Cnemidophorus t.	Coastal Western																									
multiscutatus	Whiptail							X		X	X	X													M	2a
Coleonyx variegatus	San Diego Banded																								_	
abbottii	Gecko						X		X			X												-	M	2a
Corynorhinus townsendii	Townsend's Big-eared Bat							X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X			X				м	2a
Corynorninas townsenaii	No. Red Diamond							Λ	Λ	Λ	Λ	Λ	Λ	Λ	Λ		Λ	Λ			Λ				M	Za
Crotalus ruber ruber	Rattlesnake						X	X				X			X		X								M	2a
Danaus plexippus	Monarch Butterfly						- 1	X	X		X				2.						X				M	2a
Diadophis punctatus	San Diego Ringneck								11		- 1														111	
similis	Snake						X	X		X	X	X	X	X											M	2a
	Stephen's Kangaroo																									
Dipodomys stephensi	Rat	X			X		X		X																L	1a
Elanus caeruleus	Black-shouldered Kite								X	X															L	1a
Eremophila alpestris	Horned Lark								X												X			ſ	L	1a
Eumops perotis	Greater Western																									
californicus	Mastiff Bat						X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X		M	2a
Falco mexicanus	Prairie Falcon								X								X	X							L	1a
Felis concolor	Mountain Lion						X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X			X				L	1a
Lanius Iudovicianus	Loggerhead Shrike						X		X	X	X						X	X							L	1a
	California Gull (Non-																									
Larus californicus	breeding)								X							X			X		X	X	X		L	1a
Lasiurus blossevillii	Western red bat							X		X	X	X	X	X	X			X			X				L	1a
Lepus californicus	SD Black-tailed						3.7	3.7	37		3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7												
bennettii	Jackrabbit						X	X	X		X	X	X	X											L	1a
Macrotus californicus	CA Leaf-nosed Bat						X	X		X							X	X							L	1a
Myotis ciliolabrum	Small-footed Myotis							X		X				X				X			X				L	1a
Myotis yumanensis	Yuma Myotis		$\perp \perp$				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X		X	igsquare	L	1a
Neotoma lepida intermedia	San Diego Desert Woodrat						X	X		X	X	X													Ţ.	1a
Nyctinomops macrotis	Big Free-tailed Bat	1		\dashv	\dashv		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X		ī	1a
Nyctinomops	Pocketed Free-tailed				+		- 1	- 1	2 X	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	21	- 1	21	21	21	- 1	21		1 1			14
femorosaccus	Bat						X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X		L	1a

Odocoileus hemionus	Southern Mule Deer				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X		X			L	1a
Onychomys torridus	Southern Grasshopper																					
ramona	Mouse				X	X	X			X											L	1a
Perognathus I.	Los Angeles Little																					
brevinasus	Pocket Mouse				X	X	X			X									X		L	1a
Perognathus I.	Jacumba Little Pocket																					
internationalis	Mouse														X	X			X		L	1a
Phrynosoma coronatum	San Diego Horned																					
blainvillei	Lizard				X	X	X			X											L	1a
Polioptila californica																						
californica	California Gnatcatcher	X			X																L	1a
Salvadora hexalepis	Coast Patch-nosed																					
virgultea	Snake				X	X				X			X								L	1a
	Western Spadefoot																					
Scaphiopus hammondii	Toad				X	X	X	X	X	X				X			X				L	1a
Sialia mexicana	Western bluebird				X	X	X	X		X				X							О	-
Taxidea taxus	American Badger				X	X	X		X	X	X		X		X	X		X			L	1a
Tyto alba	Common barn-owl						X		X		X		X								M	2a

Probability of Occurrence Codes:

- L Low Probability
- **M** Moderate Probability
- H High Probability
- O Observed; see text for detailed discussion.

Factual Basis for Determination:

- 1a no significant habitat (animal or plant)
- **1b** distinctive perennial that would not have been missed if present onsite (plant)
- 2a might be expected to occur onsite based on habitat suitability and quality (plant or animal);
- 2b might be expected to occur onsite, but very rare or cryptic (animal), and/or poorly known (plant or animal)
- 3a nearly certain to occur onsite based on habitat suitability and quality (plant or animal)
- 3b ephemeral species known from the immediate vicinity and likely to occur onsite, but seasonal in occurrence (plant)

Figure 1. Regional Location – Lehman Tentative Parcel Map Project U.S.G.S. "Bonsall, California" 7.5' Quadrangle

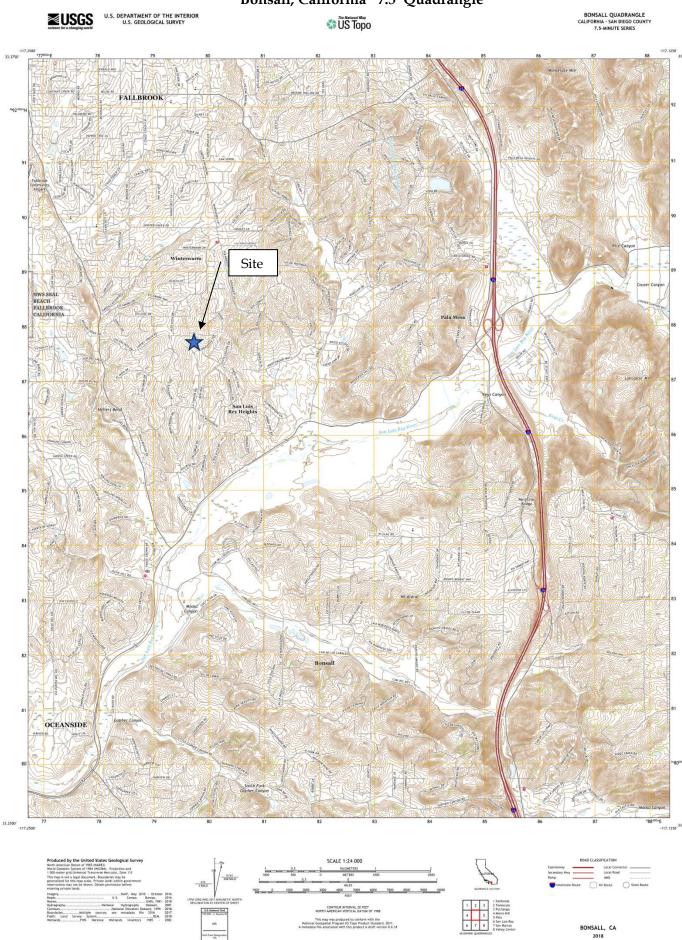


Figure 2. Biological Resources on Recent Aerial Photo - Lehman Tentative Parcel Map Project

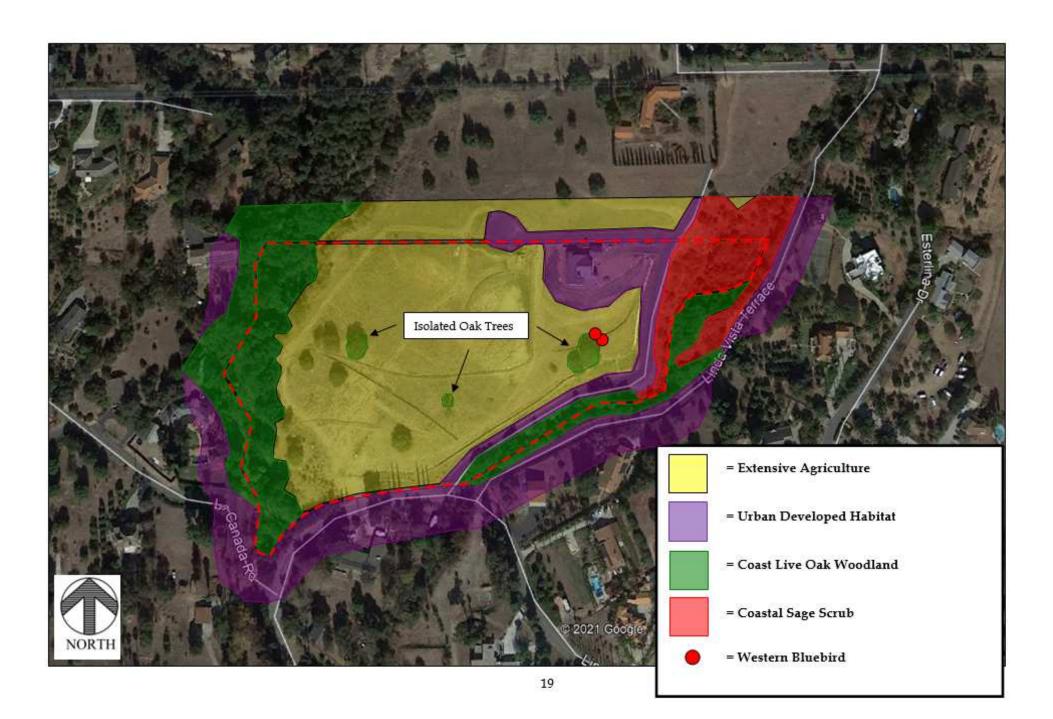
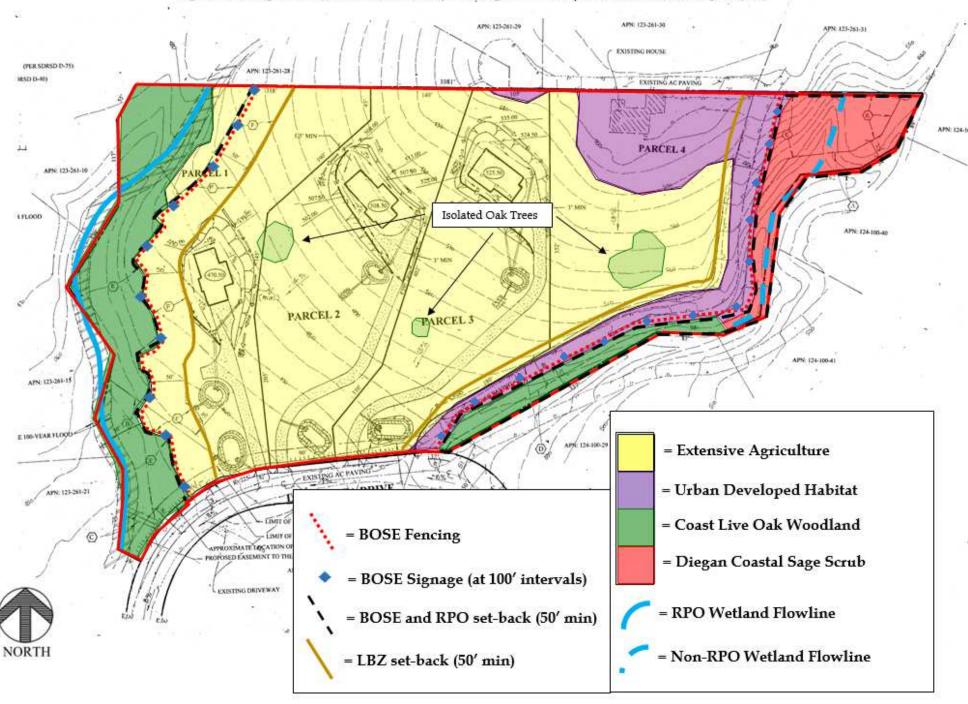


Figure 3. Biological Resources on Preliminary Grading Plan - Lehman Tentative Parcel Map Project



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Correspondence from North County Fire District Authorizing 50' Defensible Space (LBZ)

Linda VIsta tpm

Dominic Fieri <dfieri@ncfire.org>

Fri, Apr 8, 2022 at 9:31 AM

To: "harrisonrce@aol.com" <harrisonrce@aol.com>, "vince.scheidt@gmail.com" <vince.scheidt@gmail.com>

Hello All,

Regarding Parcel 1 TPM 21278 Linda Vista 50' of defensible space to from protected space may be allowed and mitigated for with the use of a "blaze wall." Such criteria will be reviewed during the building permit phase when the structure is going through fire plan check. The applicant at the time of parcel 1 structure may propose an alternate means that will meet the intent of the fire code and provide the same level of fire protection to the structure.

Sincerely,

Dominic



Dominic Fieri, MPA, CFI | Fire Marshal

North County Fire Protection District | 330 S. Main Ave - Fallbrook, CA 92028

T: (760) 723-2040 F: (760) 723-2045

dfieri@ncfire.org | www.ncfire.org

Proudly serving the communities of Fallbrook, Bonsall and Rainbow ~ Duty, Integrity and Respect

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