



Preliminary Drainage Study For Harmony Grove Village Center PDS2024-STP-24-007

RICK Job No.17164-D

February 23, 2024

Revised: March 20, 2025

Revised: July 31, 2025



**PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE STUDY
FOR
HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE CENTER**

PDS2024-STP-24-007

Job Number 17164-D

**Brendan Hastie
R.C.E #65809, Exp. 9/25**

Prepared For:

**Harmony Grove HK Investors LLC
By: NUWI Capital INC.
2120 Colorado Avenue, Suite 160
Santa Monica, California 90404**

Prepared By:

**RICK
Water Resources Division
5620 Friars Road
San Diego, California 92110-2596
(619) 291-0707**

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HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE CENTER

3rd Submittal Revision Page

July 31, 2025

Site plan revision required to update the driveway alignment in the 2nd Submittal. Comments were not issued for the report dated March 20, 2025. See 2nd Submittal Revision Page response to comments.

HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE CENTER

2nd Submittal Revision Page

March 20, 2025

Pursuant to the review comments completed on July 25, 2024, regarding the subject reports dated February 23, 2024, the following comments were addressed. Below is a list of the comments, followed by Rick Engineering Company's response:

REVIEW COMMENTS

Comment 5-3. Provide DECLARATION OF RESPONSIBLE CHARGE – See San Diego County Hydrology Manual, Figure 1-9. DRC needs to be signed and stamped by the engineer of record. Please have the final submitted DRC signed by the engineer of record.

Response: A declaration of responsible charge has been provided. Will be signed and stamped when all other comments have been resolved.

Comment 5-4. The final CEQA Drainage report shall be signed, stamped and dated by the responsible Registered Civil Engineer.

Response: Reports will be signed and stamped when all other comments have been addressed on the final submittal.

Comment 5-5. In the narrative of the report please provide a summary table of: pre- and post-development C, Tc, I, A, V100, Q100 without mitigation and Q100 with mitigation for each area (or point) where drainage discharges from the project. Peak runoff rates (cfs), velocities (fps) and identification of all erosive velocities (at all points of discharge) calculations for pre-development and post-development. The comparisons should be made about the same discharge points for each drainage basin affecting the site and adjacent properties. Per Section 1.3 Drainage Law of the Hydraulic Design Manual, 2014: upstream landowners may not increase the volume or velocity (including diversion) of surface flows to the detriment of downstream landowners consistent with "good neighbor" policies.

1st Review: Project is increasing peak flows to downstream storm drain system. Please provide mitigation/detention calculations, or provide documentation confirming the downstream system has capacity for the increase in flow. Please note if the project is proposing an increase in flow, the project will be subject to DPW Flood Control review and additional comments may be applicable at next review.

Response: A summary table has been provided comparing the originally assumed post-project conditions for which the backbone drainage system was constructed to support and the revised proposed condition for the site based on this project. A small increase is identified and considered negligible based on the size and capacity of the downstream system. The referenced study has been provided as a standalone document. Refer to the criteria outlined in Section 6.2.1 of the County Hydraulic Design Manual.

Comment 5-6. From the analysis of this drainage study, it appears that the pre-development comparison is based on a previous 2012 drainage study for Harmony Grove Village Phase 1 (referenced as the "Post-Project Assumed"). If this approach is preferred, the submittal should include the complete previous drainage study and additional time and resources will need to review applicable assumptions and conclusions that may impact the current analysis. A recommended simplified approach would be to analyze the pre-development condition in it's current state as undeveloped vs developed (same project boundary/basin area).

- Note: This approach would be acceptable at the discretionary/feasibility level, however, Final Engineering level review may require additional analysis or different approach. Please verify with your Final Engineering reviewer.
- The drainage study proposes an increase in runoff which is not consistent with the HDM Section 1.3 and the County's "good neighbor" policy. Verify and revise to mitigate excess runoff flows to show no increase.

Response: This project is part of the overall Harmony Grove project. The Phase 1 project included this site and the final engineering drainage study was reviewed and approved by the County. Relevant excerpts are included in this Preliminary Drainage Study for ease of reference. The larger report has been included as a standalone document. All relevant sections have been highlighted for ease of review.

Comment 5-7. The project appears to increase the 100yr runoff rate from the project areas by approx. 1.94 cfs. Per the narrative, the project is ultimately discharging to an existing outfall into the Escondido Creek, outside of the project's property boundary.

Please obtain drainage waiver and release letters from all affected property owners or submit a detention routing analysis to mitigate the increase in the 100-year event flow rate to pre-project level or lower.

Further documentation must be provided to:

- Confirm the downstream storm drain system has capacity for the increase in flow (all basin areas flowing through storm drain to be considered, including off-site runoff)
- Confirm the volume or velocity of surface flows will not be increased to the detriment of adjacent and downstream landowners.

Response: As shown in the submitted Preliminary Drainage Study, the increase is negligible when compared to the overall watershed size within the larger Harmony Grove project area. The request for a "waiver" requirement does not seem applicable to this scenario.

Comment 5-8. Summary/Conclusion: Please discuss whether or not the proposed project would substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?

Response: This comment is identified as "resolved", therefore, no response is required.

Comment 5-9. Discuss whether or not the proposed project would substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site? Provide reasons and mitigations proposed.

Response: This comment is identified as "resolved", therefore, no response is required.

Comment 5-10. Discuss whether or not the proposed project would create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems? Provide reasons and mitigations proposed.

Response: Discussion has been added to Section 5.0 of the report for clarity.

Comment 5-11. Discuss whether or not the proposed project would place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map, including County Floodplain Maps? Provide reasons and mitigations proposed.

Response: This part of the Harmony Grove project is not in a Flood Hazard area. A FIRM has been provided in Appendix A of the report. Discussion has been added to Section 5.0 of the report for clarity.

Comment 5-12. Discuss whether or not the proposed project would place structures within a 100-year flood hazard area which would impede or redirect flood flows?

Response: This part of the Harmony Grove project is not in a Flood Hazard area. A FIRM has been provided in Appendix A of the report. Discussion has been added to Section 5.0 of the report for clarity.

Comment 5-13. Provide existing and proposed Hydrology Maps for each phase. The maps shall show existing and proposed culverts, discharge point with A & Q, flow path direction for each drainage basin. Show lines of inundation of the 100-year flood for a drainage basins over 25 acres. A minimum map size is 11"x17".

-Please provide an existing condition map

-Provide all proposed drainage improvements in the proposed condition map

Response: The existing condition drainage map has been provided from the previously approved Drainage Study (FULL DESIGN ONSITE DRAINAGE STUDY FOR HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE dated September 20, 2012).

Comment 5-14. Provide Hydrologic Soil Group Map.

Response: Comment appears to be previously resolved. HSG Map has been provided in Appendix A.

Comment 5-15. Provide Rainfall Isopluvials for 100 Year Rainfall Event - 6 Hours and 24 Hours Maps.

Response: Comment appears to be previously resolved. Isopluvials have been provided in Appendix A.

Comment 5-16. Provide Intensity-Duration Design Chart-Figure 3-1.

Response: Comment appears to be previously resolved. Intensity-Duration Design Chart has been provided in Appendix A.

Comment 5-17. Provide runoff coefficients for urban areas-Table 3-1.

Response: Comment appears to be previously resolved. Table 3-1 has been provided in Appendix A.

Comment 5-18. Provide Maximum Overland Flow Length and Initial Time of Concentration-Table 3-2

Response: Comment appears to be previously resolved. Table 3-2 has been provided in Appendix A.

Comment 5-19. Provide Rational Formula for Overland Time of Flow Nomograph Figure 3-3

Response: Comment appears to be previously resolved. Figure 3-3 has been provided in Appendix A.

Comment 5-20. Provide Nomograph for Determination of Time of Concentration or Travel Time for Natural Watersheds-Figure 3-4

Response: Comment appears to be previously resolved. Figure 3-4 has been provided in Appendix A.

Comment 5-21. Provide Computation of Effective Slope for Natural Watersheds Figure 3-5

Response: Comment appears to be previously resolved. Figure 3-5 has been provided in Appendix A.

Comment 5-22. Provide Detention storage routing calculations per Section 6.3.2 of the County of San Diego Hydraulic Design Manual (HDM), 2014

-The project may consider proposing to mitigate post-development runoff using detention via proposed biofiltration basins.

Per the County's Conjunctive Use requirements, detention water levels should be shown on BMP details, calling out and noting water levels for flood storage, pollutant control, and hydromodification, as well as freeboard and emergency overflow.

Response: Additional documentation has been provided in Appendix B to show downstream system has capacity.

Comment 5-23. Provide Tables showing Detention Basin Depth (ft) -Storage (ac-ft) -Outlet (Orifice Size (in)).

Response: If detention is incorporated, then these additional values can be provided during final engineering.

Comment 5-24. Provide Inflow Hydrograph per Section 6.3.1.1 of the HDM, Stage-Storage Curve (Section 6.3.1.2), Stage-Discharge Curve (Section 6.3.1.3)

Response: If detention is incorporated, then these additional values can be provided.

Comment 5-24. Provide Detention Facility Plans per Section 6.2.5 of the HDM. Show maximum design inflow and velocity, maximum total design outflow and velocity from the outlet, maximum design storage volume and water surface elevation,

Response: If detention is incorporated, then these additional values can be provided.

Comment 5-25. Provide appropriate details for facility inlet, outlet structures, energy dissipaters, maintenance measures and cross sections.

Response: This level of detail will be provided in Final Engineering.

Comment 5-26. Drainage Study Sections 3 & 4:

- Hydraulic calculations are required at discretionary stage if the project is proposing an increase to the downstream public storm drain system.
- Please provide capacity calculations for the existing pipe the project is tying into
- Provide capacity calculations for the proposed trench drains
- Provide street and inlet capacity calculations for impacted pipes
- Project may be subject to DPW Flood Control for any increase to the public storm drain system.

Response: Based on above responses, additional information has been provided in Appendix B for the downstream drainage system. Inlet sizing, mainline capacity calculation, and street capacity calculations will be provided in Final Engineering. Hydraulic analysis has been provided for the storm drain laterals connecting to the project site. Please refer to Appendix B of this report for provided hydraulic calculations.

DECLARATION OF RESPONSIBLE CHARGE

I hereby declare that I am the Engineer of Work for this Project, that I have exercised responsible charge over the design of the project as defined in Section 6703 of the Business and Professions Code, and that the design is consistent with current standards.

I understand that that check of project drawings and specification by the County of San Diego is confined to a review only and does not relieve me, as engineer of work, of my responsibilities for project design.

Brendan Hastie, R.C.E #65809, Exp. 9/25

Date

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This drainage report supports the preliminary design of the Harmony Grove Village Center project (herein referred to as “the project”). The project site is located within the County of San Diego, north of Escondido Creek and west of Country Club Drive. The vicinity map is shown in Figure 1, located at the end of this section.

This preliminary drainage study supports the plot plan development of lots 74 and 75. The project proposes to add 27 residential units with parking and walkways to the previously graded lots. The overall project site is approximately 2.7 acres. The proposed drainage improvements consist of the construction of several local inlets, area drains, and storm drain systems of 18-inch diameter or less connecting to downstream systems constructed by the approved Grading Plans for Harmony Grove Village Phase 1 (L-15656). The following approved report addresses the overall hydrologic and hydraulic analyses applicable to the backbone storm drain infrastructure conveying runoff from the project area:

- “Final Design Onsite Drainage Study for Harmony Grove Village (Phase 1, VTM 5365)”, dated September 20, 2012, and prepared by Rick Engineering Company; hereafter referred to as "Phase 1 Drainage Study”.

1.1 Existing Drainage Characteristics

The Project in its existing condition is separated into two lots on the north and south side of County Living Way. Both lots were previously graded but left undeveloped. The Phase 1 Drainage Study shows the north portion of Lot 74 draining north to basin 4000B and the south portion of Lot 74 drains to basin 5000B. Lot 75 drains to basin 4000B.. Lot 75 was graded to drain towards a sediment basin in the southeast corner of the lot. The sediment basin drains into the inlet at the northern corner of Country Living Way and Country Club Drive which connects into the 54-inch reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) along Country Living Way. The 54-inch RCP flows west along Country Living Way before turning south at Trail Blazer Lane and turning again to flow west along Starry Night Drive until it connects into the southbound 8-foot by 12-foot double box culvert. The double box culvert outfalls into an open channel that flows into an 8-foot by 10-foot quad box culvert under Harmony Village Drive outfalling into Escondido Creek.

The Phase 1 Drainage Study shows Lot 74 being split into two drainage basins with a ridgeline splitting the north and south portions of the lot at the end of the existing alley. The sediment basin in the northern drainage basin could not be constructed due to the location of the historic Johnston Ward House so the entire lot was graded towards the sediment basin in the southwest corner of the lot. The sediment basin drains into an 18-inch RCP flowing west along Alley 25 before turning south along Trail Blazer Lane where it increases a 30-inch RCP. The 30-inch RCP turns west to flow along California Polly Street and increases to a 36-inch RCP before eventually outfalling into the 8-foot by 10-foot quad box culvert under Harmony Village Drive.

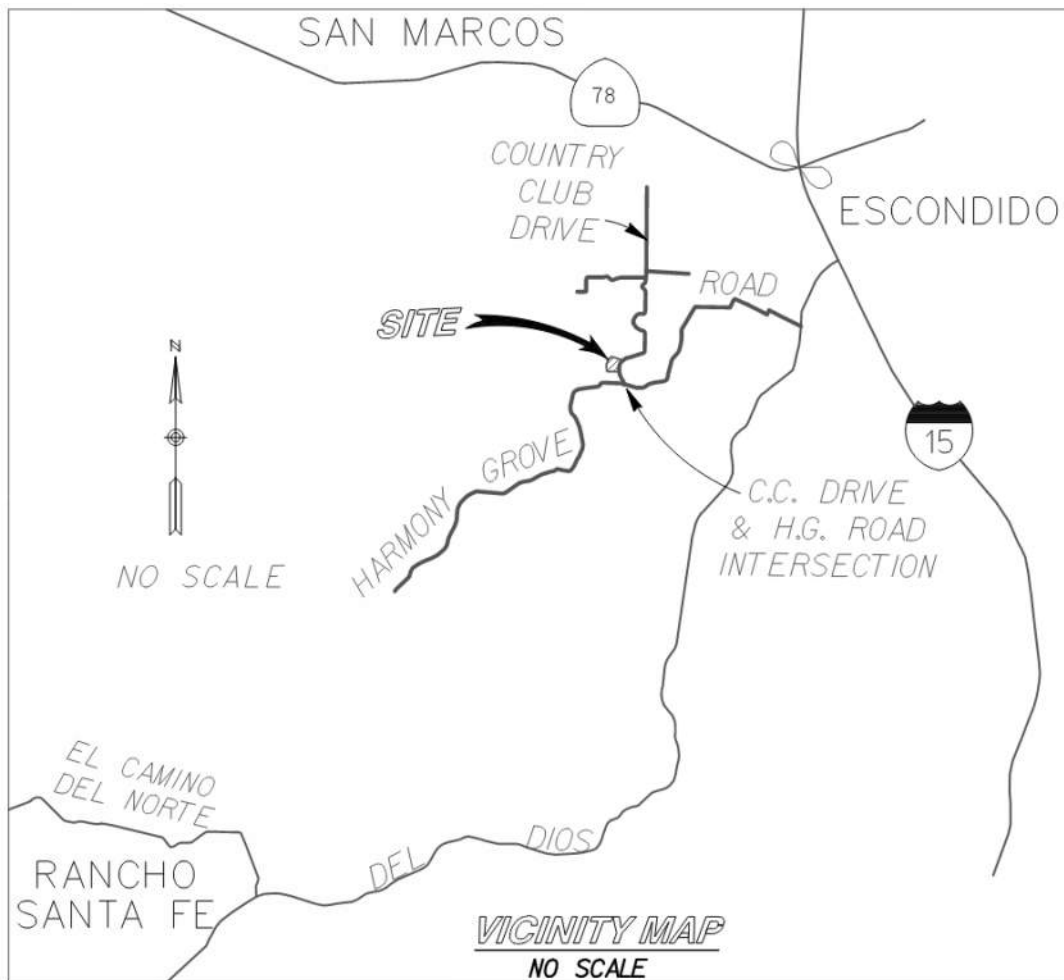
1.2 Proposed Drainage Characteristics

The proposed condition will restore the Lot 74 drainage to the original condition outlined in the Phase 1 Drainage Study. Lot 74 includes Basins 3, 4, and 5. Basin 3, comprised of the existing historical building and proposed parking lot will drain northeast to the proposed biofiltration basin north of the parking lot. The biofiltration basin will drain west, outletting into the existing inlet on Trail Blazer Lane which flows into the existing 54-inch RCP. Basin 4 flows east toward the biofiltration basin in the northeast corner of Lot 74. The biofiltration basin will drain south and connect into the biofiltration basin for Basin 5. Basin 5 follows existing grading to flow toward the biofiltration basin in the southeast corner of Lot 74. The biofiltration basin drains west to connect into the existing 18-inch low flow pipe collecting flows from the sediment basin. Lot 75 will be split into two drainage areas that ultimately drain to the same pre-project location. Basin 1, the western drainage area, will drain south towards a biofiltration basin draining into a proposed new connection to the existing 54-inch RCP running West along County Living Way. The eastern portion of Lot 74 (Basin 2) will follow existing drainage patterns to flow southeast towards a biofiltration basin and outletting into the existing inlet on the northern corner of Country Living Waya and County Club Drive. The inlet drains into the existing 54-inch RCP on County Living Way. All runoff from Lots 74 and 75 will eventually be collected in the existing 8-foot by 10-foot quad box culvert under Harmony Village Drive and outfall into Escondido Creek.

Refer to Section 2.3 and the Proposed Condition Drainage Study Map within Map Pocket 2 for more information regarding hydrology.

Existing storm drains have capacity for the 100-year peak flows draining from the site so no detention is proposed. Therefore, it is not anticipated that there will be adverse impacts on existing or planned storm water drainage systems because of the project. The proposed project is not expected to alter the existing drainage pattern in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site.

Figure 1 Vicinity Map



2.0 HYDROLOGY

2.1 Criteria

The hydrologic conditions were analyzed in accordance with the County of San Diego's design criteria.

Design Storm:	100-year, 6-hour
100-Year 6-Hour Precip. (inches):	P = 3.3 inches

June 2003 San Diego County *Hydrology Manual* Criteria

Soil Type:	C and D (See Appendix A)
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Rainfall Intensity:	Intensity-Duration-Frequency (I-D-F) Curves within the June 2003 County of San Diego <i>Hydrology Manual</i> (inches per hour)
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2.2 Hydrologic Results

The project site consists of 5 major drainage basins. The post-project actual peak flows calculated in this report were compared with the post-project assumed conditions calculated in the "Final Design Onsite Drainage Study for Harmony Grove Village (Phase 1, VTM 5365)" prepared by Rick Engineering Company dated September 20, 2012 to determine if the increased peak flows caused by the proposed impervious area are negligible.

Points of interest (POI) were defined at every biofiltration basin outlet into the existing storm drain. There are five POIs on the project site, each correlating with the sub-basin of the same name. Basin 1 drains toward a biofiltration basin in the southwest corner of Lot 75 which connects into the existing 54-inch RCP and drains to POI 1. Basin 2 flows southeast to a biofiltration basin in the southeast corner of Lot 75 and drains into the inlet on the northern corner of Country Living Way and Country Club Drive. The inlet connects to the existing 54-inch RCP at POI 2. Basin 3 captures the flow in the northwest corner of Lot 74 and drains to a biofiltration basin north of the proposed parking lot. The basin drains to an inlet on the corner of Country Living Way and Trail Blazer Lane and connects into the existing 54-inch RCP at POI 3. Basin 4 collects the flows from the four proposed housing units in the north portion of Lot 74 and drains to a biofiltration basin in the northeast corner of the lot. The biofiltration basin drains

to POI 4 at the inlet on the south corner of Country Living Way and Country Club Drive eventually confluenting with the Basin 2 flows in the 54-inch existing RCP

Basin 5 encompasses the proposed alleys and southern housing units in Lot 74 and is the only basin draining to the existing 18-inch low-flow RCP. The basin flows southeast to a biofiltration basin before connecting into the low flow pipe at POI 5.

The Modified Rational Method analysis was completed for the 100-year storm event for all basins in the post-project actual condition. A summary of the pre- and post-project hydrologic results are provided below in Tables 1 and 2.

Table 1 – Hydrologic Summary Table

POST-PROJECT PER PHASE 1 DRAINAGE STUDY BASIN NODE ID		ULTIMATE CONDITION DRAINAGE BASIN NODE ID	AREA PHASE-1 DRAINAGE STUDY (AC)	AREA ULTIMATE CONDITION (AC)		Q ₁₀₀ PER PHASE-1 DRAINAGE STUDY (CFS)	Q ₁₀₀ PER ULTIMATE CONDITION (CFS)		Δ PEAK FLOW (CFS)
					TOTAL AREA			TOTAL Q	
4000B	4885	POI 1	1.5	0.4	1.6	2.2	1.6	6.2	4.0
		POI 2		1.2			4.6		
	4940	POI 3	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.9	1.3	2.5	1.6
		POI 4		0.3			1.2		
5000B	5504	POI 5	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.8	2.6	2.6	1.8

Table 2 – Hydrologic Summary Table (Overall Watershed)

DRAINAGE BASIN ID	ULTIMATE TOTAL PEAK FLOW (CFS)	Δ PEAK FLOW (CFS)	% OF TOTAL WATERSHED
Ultimate Outfall	3404	7.4	0.2%

It can be observed that there is a slight increase in the peak discharge rate for the site due to the increase in imperviousness and decrease in time of concentration. However, the increases in flow accounts for a 0.2% of the total runoff outfalling into Escondido Creek and the increase is negligible.

The 100-year modified rational method calculations for post-project assumed and post-project actual conditions are provided in Appendix A, while the associated hydrologic drainage exhibits are located in Map Pockets 1 and 2.

3.0 HYDRAULICS

Hydraulic Methodology and Criteria

The 100-year post-project peak flow rates determined using the Modified Rational Method were used to size the on-site storm drain system. Normal depth calculations were used to size the pipes connecting the biofiltration basins to the existing storm drains. The Advanced Engineering Software (AES) Pipeflow computer program was used to model the hydraulic grade line within the existing storm drains. Pipeflow computes uniform and non-uniform steady flow water surface profiles and pressure gradients in circular pipes. Storm drain geometric information, Manning's roughness coefficient, discharge, as well as any known boundary conditions are required to complete the hydraulic model. Pipeflow can model supercritical, subcritical, or pressure flow as applicable, and accounts for losses that may occur due to friction, junction structures, bends, and other minor losses.

The AES Pipeflow codes and description are as follows:

- Code 1: Friction Losses
- Code 2: Manhole Losses
- Code 3: Pipe-Bend Losses
- Code 4: Sudden Pipe Enlargement
- Code 5: Junction Losses
- Code 6: Angle-Point Losses
- Code 7: Sudden Pipe Reduction
- Code 8: Catch Basin Entrance Losses
- Code 9: Transition Losses

3.1 Pipe Sizing

Proposed Pipe Sizing Results

The proposed storm drain pipe sizes were designed using Manning's equation with a 30% sizing factor. The anticipated 100-year flow rate from the AES Rational Method was used to determine the pipe sizes. Refer to Appendix B for the normal depth pipe sizing results.

Existing Storm Drain Capacity Analysis Results

Existing storm drains were previously sized for the "Final Design Onsite Drainage Study for Harmony Grove Village", prepared by Rick Engineering Company, dated September 20, 2012.

The Pipeflow models from the previous report were updated to reflect the post-project condition peak flows from the project site.

The proposed storm drain will be constructed of reinforced concrete pipe (RCP). The Manning's roughness coefficient "n" used for the hydraulic calculations for RCP is 0.013. All existing connections are adequately sized to convey the 100-year peak flow rate from the biofiltration basins to the quad box culverts along Harmony Village Drive. The proposed pipe connecting the biofiltration basin in Basin 1 to the existing 54-inch RCP along Country Living way must be sized as at least an 18-inch RCP. The hydraulic analysis from the report titled "Final Design Onsite Drainage Study for Harmony Grove Village" dated September 20, 2012 prepared by Rick Engineering Company has been provided in Appendix B for the applicable storm drains and the entire report has been provided as a standalone document. Post-project hydraulic grade line callouts have been added to the approved grading plans for Harmony Grove Village Phase 1 attached in Appendix B to show that the constructed storm drains have adequate capacity for the increase in peak flow in the ultimate condition. Detailed pipe hydraulics for the existing mainline and storm drain laterals connecting to the project site are provided in Appendix B to show that the mainline and lateral systems have adequate capacity to convey the post-project peak flows with no adverse effects to the system as a whole.

4.0 DETENTION

Flood control 100-year detention will not be provided for any of the basins in Lots 74 or 75. The total Phase 1 drainage area and 100-year flow from Lots 74 and 75 is 2.5 acres and 3.93 cfs. The Ultimate Condition drainage area and 100-year flow is 2.7 acres and 11.3 cfs. The constructed storm drain is a 54-inch RCP and has capacity for an increased flow of 5.6-cfs. This project site is at the downstream end of the system and the peak flow from this project will have been conveyed through the 54-inch RCP before the peak flow for the mainline system is conveyed, thus not impacting the system. Section 6.2.1 of the County of San Diego Hydraulic Design Manual states that "detention basins may be required depending on site-specific conditions". Examples of these conditions and requirements include downstream drainage facilities are insufficient to convey post-project peak design flows. The existing downstream lateral 18-inch RCP pipes this project is proposing to connect to are steep and have capacity to sufficiently convey post-project discharge from this site. The hydraulic analysis for these lateral 18-inch RCP pipes is updated to show the increased flow and the proposed HGL's. The project is not anticipated to adversely affect the downstream drainage facilities. Refer to the hydraulic analysis in section 3.0 and Appendix B.

5.0 CEQA DETERMINATION OF SIGNIFICANCE

In accordance with the County of San Diego's *Guidelines for Determining Significance*, dated July 2007, this study evaluated the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) level potential for adverse environmental impacts by providing responses to following the questions:

Would the project:

- Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?
 - The project **will not significantly** alter the existing drainage patterns.
- Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner that would result in flooding on or off-site?

- The project **will not substantially increase** the amount or rate of surface runoff or the existing drainage pattern. The project proposes an increase of 6.6 cubic feet per second, which is a roughly 0.2% increase to the flow in the existing culvert. The applicable downstream culverts are determined to have capacity..
- Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?
 - The project proposes water quality measures designed in accordance with County of San Diego guidelines to treat runoff from proposed impervious areas. The proposed development **will not significantly increase** the amount or rate of runoff. During the entitlement phase of the project, the capacities of the applicable culverts will be determined to handle the increased flow.,
- Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary, a Flood Insurance Rate Map or another flood hazard delineation map?
 - The project area is **not mapped** on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary, a Flood Insurance Rate Map, or another flood hazard delineation map.
- Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures, which would impede or redirect flood flows?
 - The project **does not propose** structures within a 100-year flood hazard area that would impede, or redirect flows significantly.
- Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?
 - **No levees or dams** exist within the drainage areas to the project, and **no levees or dams are proposed** by the project
- Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?
 - The project site **is not subject to** inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow.

6.0 SUMMARY

This Drainage Study presents the hydrologic and hydraulic analyses for Harmony Grove Village Lots 74 and 75. The post-project actual condition peak discharge rates were determined using the Rational Method based on the hydrologic methodology and criteria described in the *San Diego County Hydrology Manual 2003*. The post-project assumed condition peak discharge rate was determined for Basins 4000B and 5000B in the “Final Design Onsite Drainage Study for Harmony Grove Village (Phase 1, VTM 5365)” prepared by Rick Engineering Company dated September 20, 2012.

Detailed storm drain sizes have been determined based on the 100-year peak flow rates and detention has not been proposed for the site since the existing storm drains have adequate capacity to convey the increased runoff from the site. Therefore, it is not anticipated that there will be adverse impacts on existing or planned storm water drainage systems as a result of the project. The proposed project is not expected to alter the existing drainage pattern in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site.

Post-project flows will be treated per the County of San Diego’s BMP Design Manual, dated September 15, 2020. For more information on water quality sizing, please refer to the separate report titled, “Priority Development Project Storm Water Quality Management Plan (PDP SWQMP) for Harmony Grove Village Live Work for Lots 74 & 75,” dated February 23, 2024 prepared by Rick Engineering Company (Job No. 17164D).

APPENDIX A

Hydrology

County of San Diego Hydrology Manual

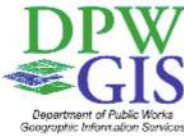


Rainfall Isopluvials

100 Year Rainfall Event - 6 Hours

3.25 Isopluvial (inches)

HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE
LIVE WORK LOTS 74 & 75

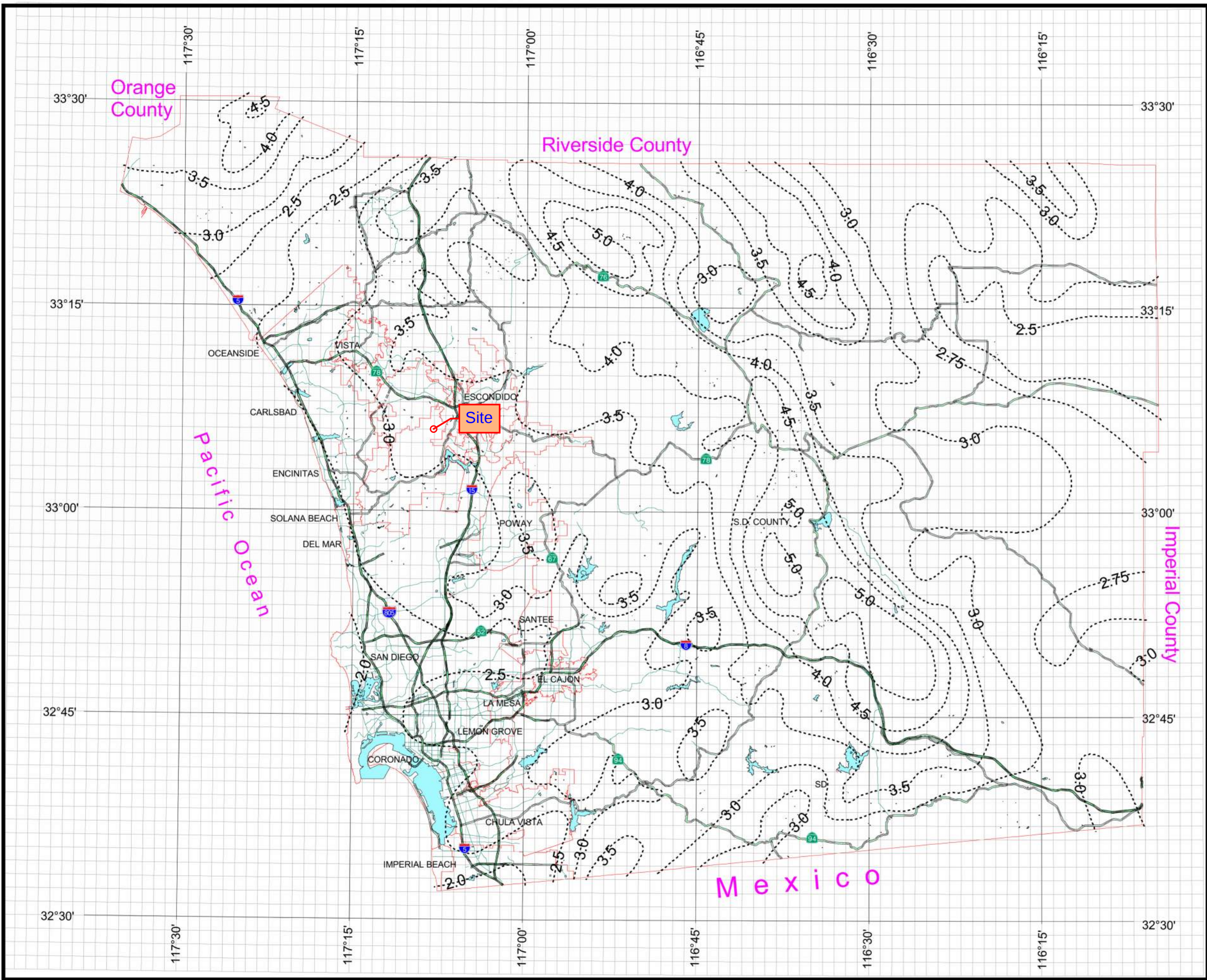


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3 0 3 Miles



County of San Diego Hydrology Manual



Rainfall Isopluvials

100 Year Rainfall Event - 24 Hours



HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE
LIVE WORK LOTS 74 & 75

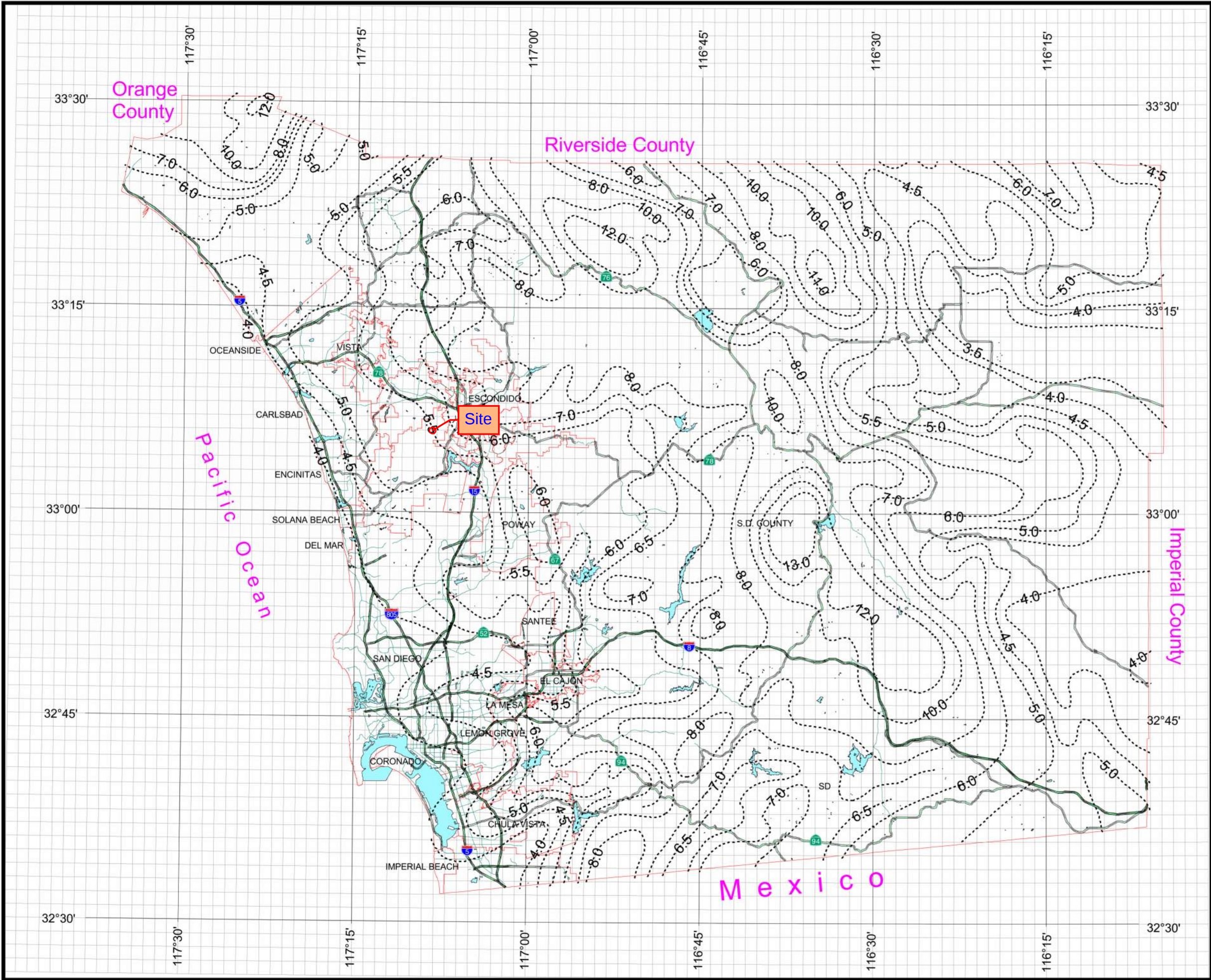


3 0 3 Miles

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Note that the Initial Time of Concentration should be reflective of the general land-use at the upstream end of a drainage basin. A single lot with an area of two or less acres does not have a significant effect where the drainage basin area is 20 to 600 acres.

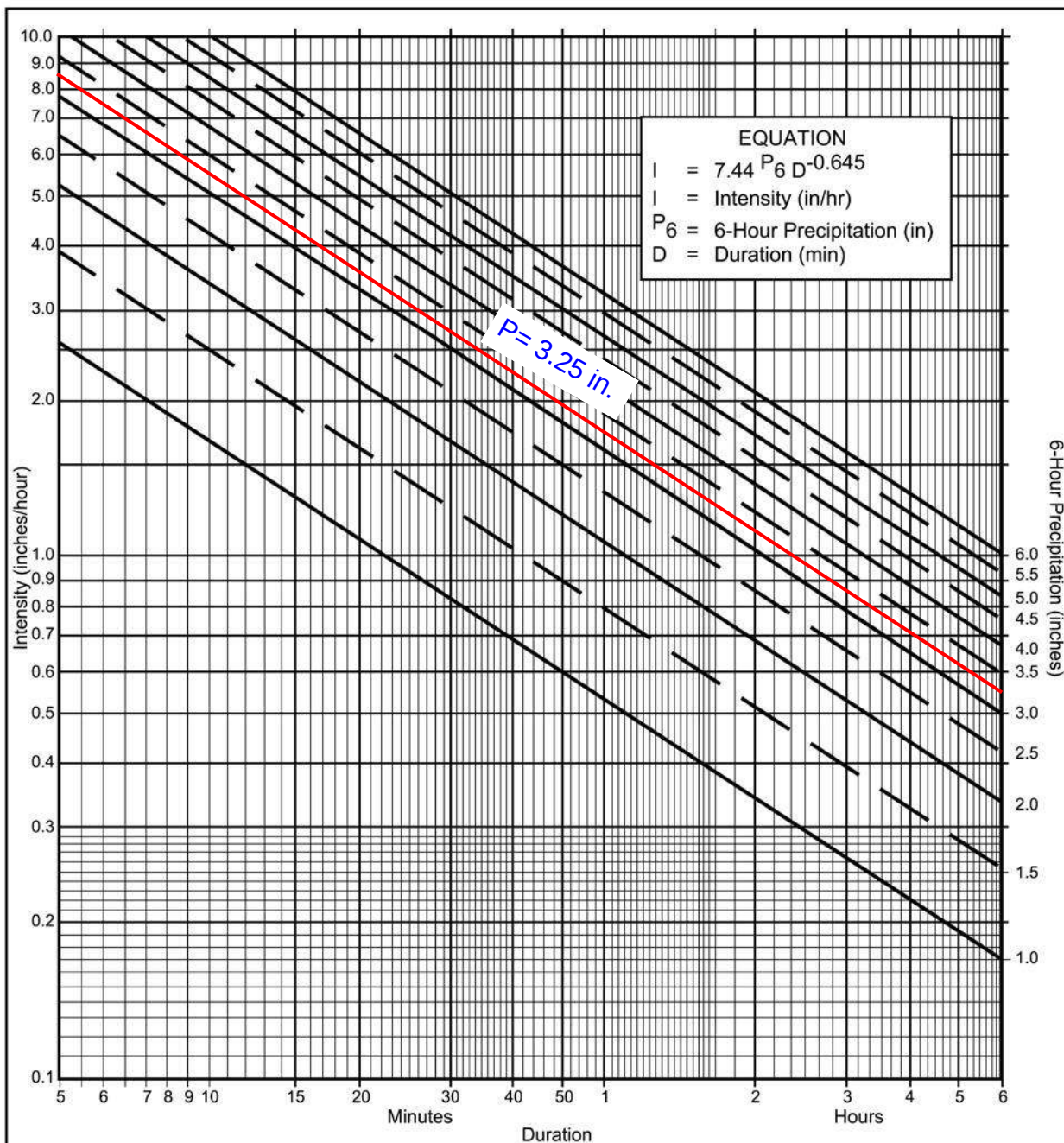
Table 3-2 provides limits of the length (Maximum Length (L_M)) of sheet flow to be used in hydrology studies. Initial T_i values based on average C values for the Land Use Element are also included. These values can be used in planning and design applications as described below. Exceptions may be approved by the “Regulating Agency” when submitted with a detailed study.

Table 3-2

**MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH (L_M)
& INITIAL TIME OF CONCENTRATION (T_i)**

Element*	DU/ Acre	.5%		1%		2%		3%		5%		10%	
		L_M	T_i	L_M	T_i	L_M	T_i	L_M	T_i	L_M	T_i	L_M	T_i
Natural		50	13.2	70	12.5	85	10.9	100	10.3	100	8.7	100	6.9
LDR	1	50	12.2	70	11.5	85	10.0	100	9.5	100	8.0	100	6.4
LDR	2	50	11.3	70	10.5	85	9.2	100	8.8	100	7.4	100	5.8
LDR	2.9	50	10.7	70	10.0	85	8.8	95	8.1	100	7.0	100	5.6
MDR	4.3	50	10.2	70	9.6	80	8.1	95	7.8	100	6.7	100	5.3
MDR	7.3	50	9.2	65	8.4	80	7.4	95	7.0	100	6.0	100	4.8
MDR	10.9	50	8.7	65	7.9	80	6.9	90	6.4	100	5.7	100	4.5
MDR	14.5	50	8.2	65	7.4	80	6.5	90	6.0	100	5.4	100	4.3
HDR	24	50	6.7	65	6.1	75	5.1	90	4.9	95	4.3	100	3.5
HDR	43	50	5.3	65	4.7	75	4.0	85	3.8	95	3.4	100	2.7
N. Com		50	5.3	60	4.5	75	4.0	85	3.8	95	3.4	100	2.7
G. Com		50	4.7	60	4.1	75	3.6	85	3.4	90	2.9	100	2.4
O.P./Com		50	4.2	60	3.7	70	3.1	80	2.9	90	2.6	100	2.2
Limited I.		50	4.2	60	3.7	70	3.1	80	2.9	90	2.6	100	2.2
General I.		50	3.7	60	3.2	70	2.7	80	2.6	90	2.3	100	1.9

*See Table 3-1 for more detailed description



Directions for Application:

- (1) From precipitation maps determine 6 hr and 24 hr amounts for the selected frequency. These maps are included in the County Hydrology Manual (10, 50, and 100 yr maps included in the Design and Procedure Manual).
- (2) Adjust 6 hr precipitation (if necessary) so that it is within the range of 45% to 65% of the 24 hr precipitation (not applicable to Desert).
- (3) Plot 6 hr precipitation on the right side of the chart.
- (4) Draw a line through the point parallel to the plotted lines.
- (5) This line is the intensity-duration curve for the location being analyzed.

Application Form:

- Selected frequency 100 year
- $P_6 =$ 3.25 in., $P_{24} =$ 5.5 in., $\frac{P_6}{P_{24}} =$ 59 %⁽²⁾
- Adjusted $P_6^{(2)} =$ 3.25 in.
- $t_x =$ _____ min.
- $I =$ _____ in./hr.

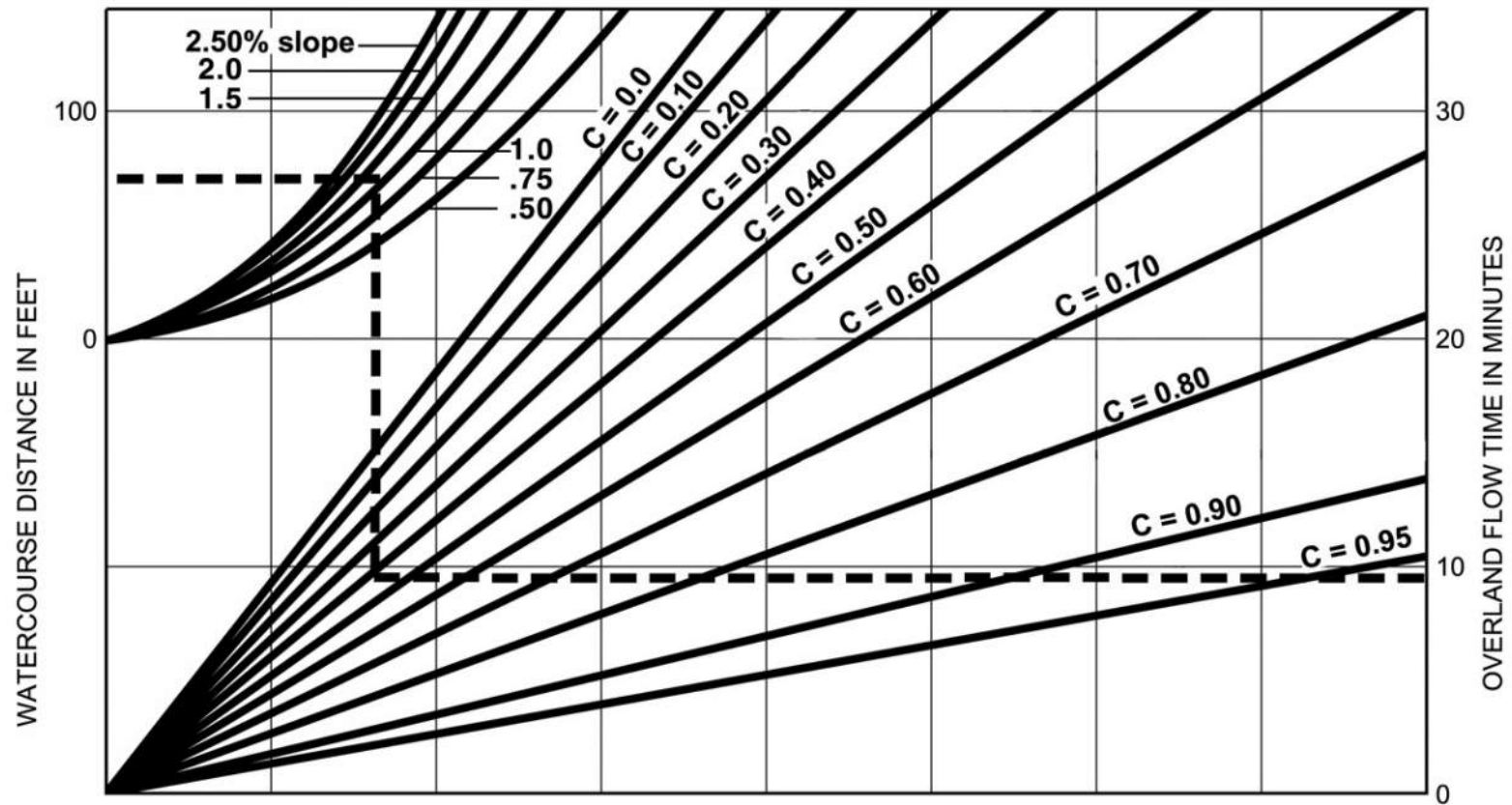
Note: This chart replaces the Intensity-Duration-Frequency curves used since 1965.

P6	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4	4.5	5	5.5	6
Duration	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
5	2.63	3.95	5.27	6.59	7.90	9.22	10.54	11.86	13.17	14.49	15.81
7	2.12	3.18	4.24	5.30	6.36	7.42	8.48	9.54	10.60	11.66	12.72
10	1.68	2.53	3.37	4.21	5.05	5.90	6.74	7.58	8.42	9.27	10.11
15	1.30	1.95	2.59	3.24	3.89	4.54	5.19	5.84	6.49	7.13	7.78
20	1.08	1.62	2.15	2.69	3.23	3.77	4.31	4.85	5.39	5.93	6.46
25	0.93	1.40	1.87	2.33	2.80	3.27	3.73	4.20	4.67	5.13	5.60
30	0.83	1.24	1.66	2.07	2.49	2.90	3.32	3.73	4.15	4.56	4.98
40	0.69	1.03	1.38	1.72	2.07	2.41	2.76	3.10	3.45	3.79	4.13
50	0.60	0.90	1.19	1.49	1.79	2.09	2.39	2.69	2.98	3.28	3.58
60	0.53	0.80	1.06	1.33	1.59	1.86	2.12	2.39	2.65	2.92	3.18
90	0.41	0.61	0.82	1.02	1.23	1.43	1.63	1.84	2.04	2.25	2.45
120	0.34	0.51	0.68	0.85	1.02	1.19	1.36	1.53	1.70	1.87	2.04
150	0.29	0.44	0.59	0.73	0.88	1.03	1.18	1.32	1.47	1.62	1.76
180	0.26	0.39	0.52	0.65	0.78	0.91	1.04	1.18	1.31	1.44	1.57
240	0.22	0.33	0.43	0.54	0.65	0.76	0.87	0.98	1.08	1.19	1.30
300	0.19	0.28	0.38	0.47	0.56	0.66	0.75	0.85	0.94	1.03	1.13
360	0.17	0.25	0.33	0.42	0.50	0.58	0.67	0.75	0.84	0.92	1.00

Intensity-Duration Design Chart - Template

FIGURE

3-1



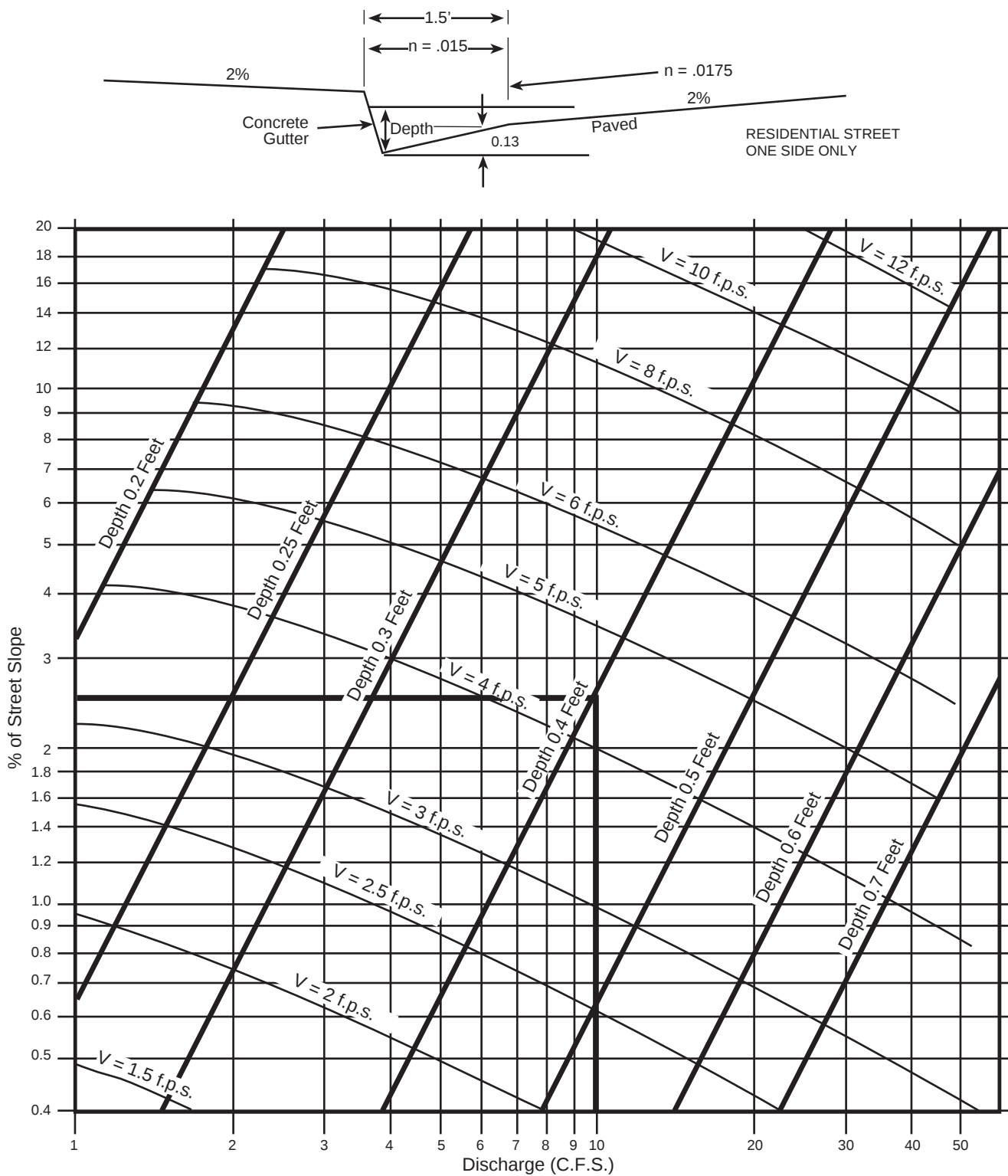
$$T = \frac{1.8 (1.1-C) \sqrt{D}}{\sqrt[3]{s}}$$

SOURCE: Airport Drainage, Federal Aviation Administration, 1965

Rational Formula - Overland Time of Flow Nomograph

F I G U R E

3-3



EXAMPLE:

Given: $Q = 10$ $S = 2.5\%$

Chart gives: Depth = 0.4, Velocity = 4.4 f.p.s.

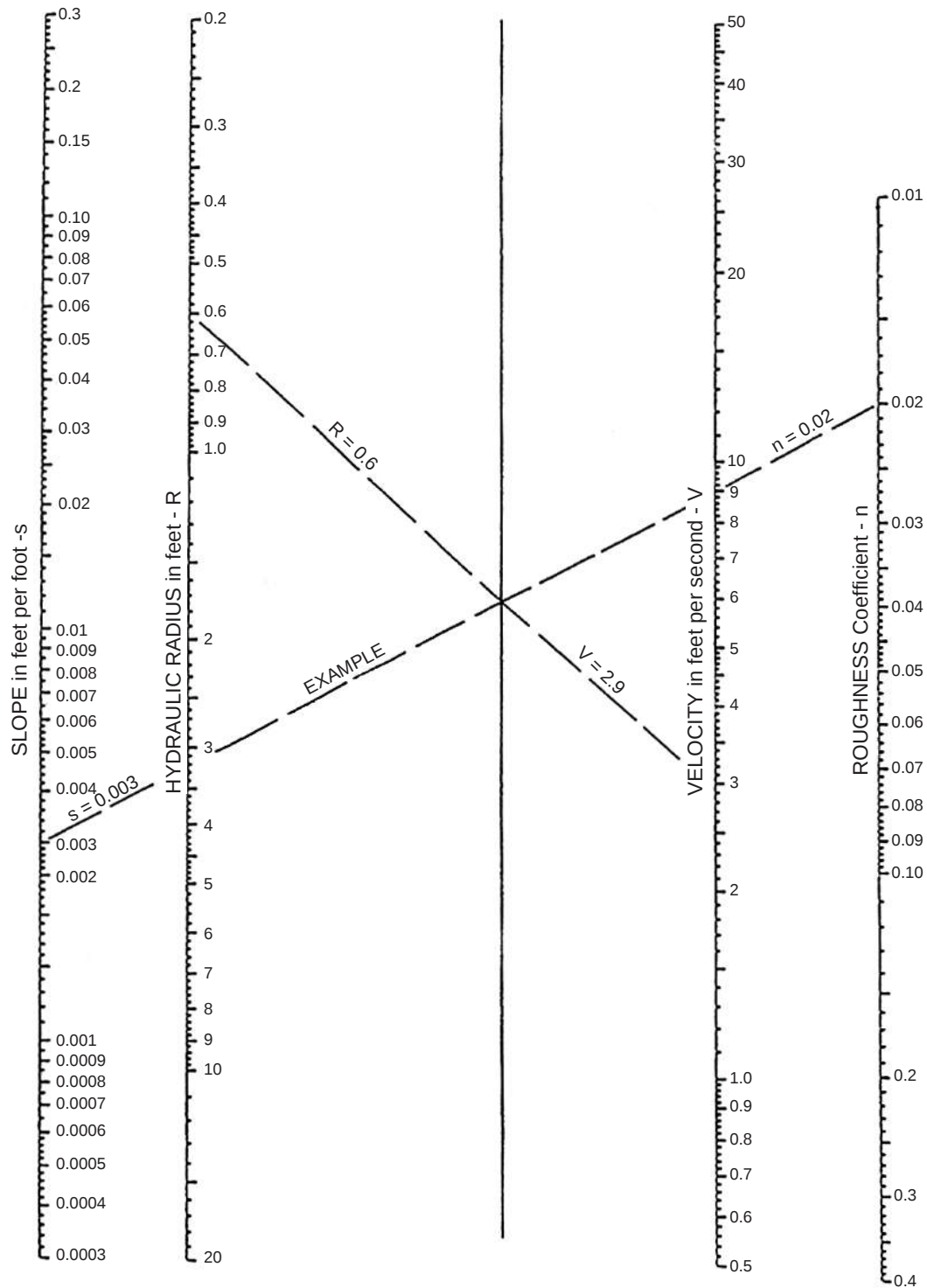
SOURCE: San Diego County Department of Special District Services Design Manual

Gutter and Roadway Discharge - Velocity Chart

FIGURE

3-6

$$\text{EQUATION: } V = \frac{1.49}{n} R^{2/3} S^{1/2}$$



GENERAL SOLUTION

SOURCE: USDOT, FHWA, HDS-3 (1961)

Manning's Equation Nomograph

FIGURE

3-7

Hydrologic Soil Group—San Diego County Area, California (Harmony Grove Village Live Work Lots 74 & 75)



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

 Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Rating Polygons

 A
 A/D
 B
 B/D
 C
 C/D
 D
 Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Lines

 A
 A/D
 B
 B/D
 C
 C/D
 D
 Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Points

 A
 A/D
 B
 B/D

 C
 C/D
 D
 Not rated or not available

Water Features

 Streams and Canals

Transportation

 Rails
 Interstate Highways
 US Routes
 Major Roads
 Local Roads

Background

 Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
Web Soil Survey URL:
Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: San Diego County Area, California
Survey Area Data: Version 19, Aug 30, 2023

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Mar 14, 2022—Mar 17, 2022

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
ChB	Chino fine sandy loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	C	6.6	33.9%
HrC	Huerhuero loam, 2 to 9 percent slopes	D	7.4	37.9%
LpD2	Las Posas fine sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	C	1.6	8.3%
LrG	Las Posas loam, 30 to 65 percent slopes, stony	D	3.8	19.2%
VaB	Visalia sandy loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	A	0.1	0.6%
Totals for Area of Interest			19.6	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

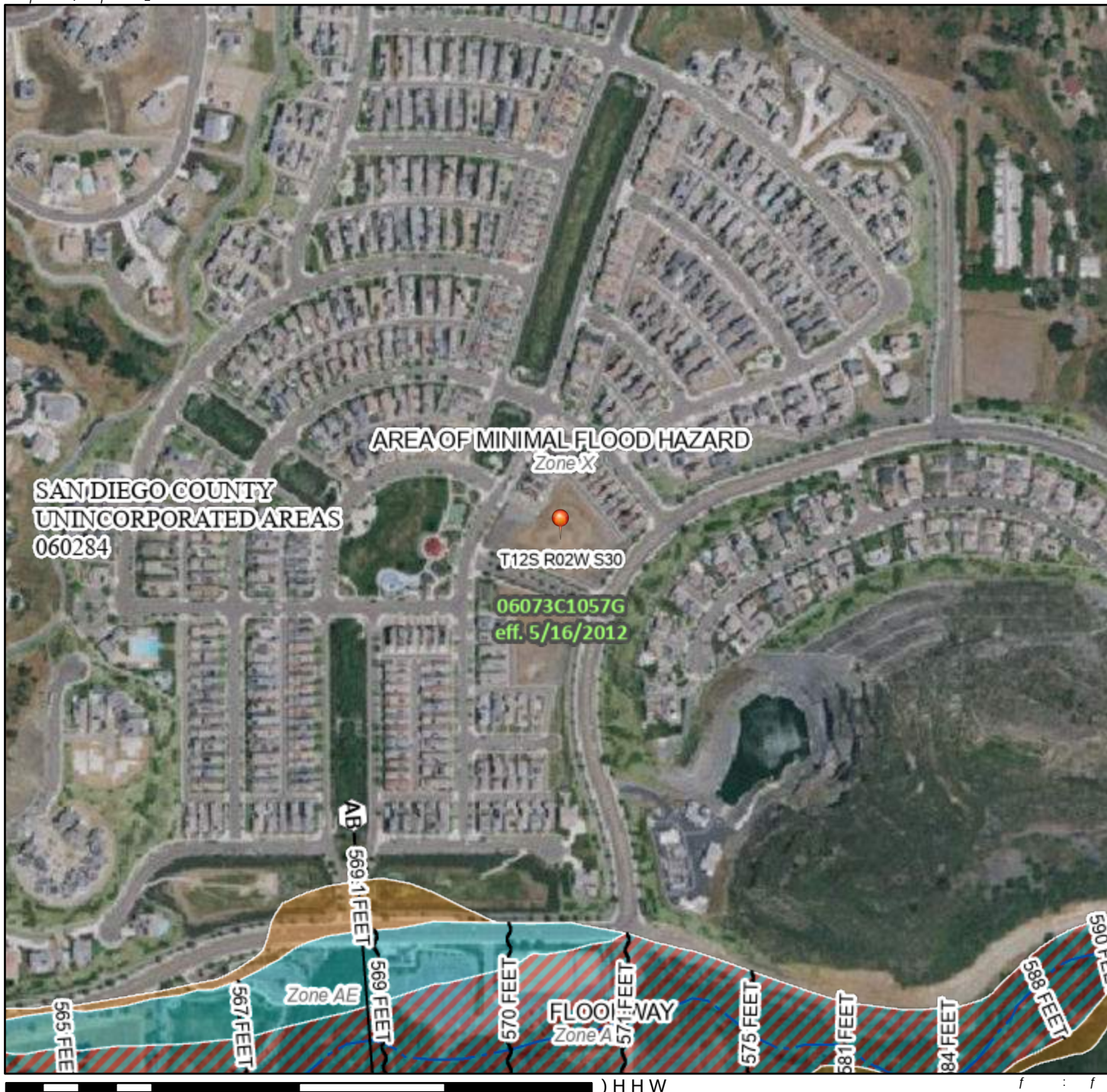
If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher



6((),6 5(3257)25 '(7\$,/(' /(*(' \$1' ,1'(: 0\$3)25),50

63(&,\$/)/2 :LWKR XW %DVH)ORRG (O
+\$=\$5' \$5(:LWK %)(R RQH\$SWK2 \$+ 9
5HJXODWRU\)ORRGZD\

\$QQXDO &KDQFH)ORR
RI DQQXDO FKDQFH IOI
GHSWK OHVV WKDQ RQH
DUHDV RI OHVV WKDQ RQH
)XWXUH &RGLWRQV
&KDQFH)ORRG +D]DUG
\$UHD ZLWK 5HGXFHG)OR
/HYHH 6HHHWRWHV
27+(5 \$5(\$6 2) \$UHD ZLWK)ORRG 5-LRN 'C
) /22' +\$=\$

12 6&5((\$UHD RI 0LQLPDO)ORRG
(IHFWLYH /205V
27+(5 \$5(\$6 \$UHD RI 8QGHWHUPLQH
*(1(\$ /--- &KDQHO &XOYHUW RU
6758&785(16111 /HYHH 'LNH RU)ORRGZD

&URVV 6HFWRQV ZLWK
:DWHU 6XUIDFH (OHYDWL
--- &RDVWDO 7UDQVHF
%DVH)ORRG (OHYDWLRQ
/LPLW RI 6WXG\
-XULVGLFWLRQ %RXQGDU
--- &RDVWDO 7UDQVHF %DV
27+(5 3URLOH %DVHOLQH
)(\$785(6 +\GURJUDSKLF)HDWXUH

'LJLWDO 'DWD \$YDLODEO
1R 'LJLWDO 'DWD \$YDLOD
0\$3 3\$1(/6 8QPSSHG

7KH SLQ GLVSOD\HG RQ WKH
SRLQW VHOHFWHG E\ WKH XV
DQ DXWKRLWDWLYH SURSHU

7KLV PDS FRPSOLHV ZLWK)(0\$ V VWDQ
GLJLWDO IORRG PDSV LI LW LV QRW YR
7KH EDVHPDS VKRZQ FRPSOLHV ZLWK)(D
DFFXUD\ VWDQGDUGV

7KH IORRG KD]DUG LQIRUPDWLRQ LV GH
DXWKRLWDWLYH 1)+/ ZHE VHU\LFHV S
ZDV H[SURWHG RQH DQG GRHV QRW
UHIOHFW FKDQJHV RU DPHQGPHQV VX
WLPH 7KH 1)+/ DQG HIIHFWLYH LQIRUP
EHFRPH VXSHUVHG E\ QHZ GDWD RYH

7KLV PDS LPDJH LV YRLG LI WKH RQH R
HOHPHQWV GR QRW DSSHDU EDVHPDS
OHJHQG VFDOH EDU PDS FUHDWLRQ G
,50 SDQHO QXPEHU DQG),50 HIIHFWLY
XQPDSSHG DQG XQPRGHUQLJHG DUHDV
UHJXODWRU\ XSUSRVHV

Post-Project Assumed AES Output
[100-Year]

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
(c) Copyright 1982-2011 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
Ver. 18.0 Release Date: 07/01/2011 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY
5620 Friars Rd
San Diego CA 92110
Ph 619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****
* HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE J-16412 *
* BASIN 4000B- SYSTEM L (UNIT 1) *
* POST PROJECT 100-YR - 6-HOUR STORM EVENT *

FILE NAME: HG4KBP00.RAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 08:43 07/11/2012

USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.300
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS
USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL

NO.	HALF- WIDTH (FT)	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT-/PARK- SIDE / SIDE/ WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH LIP HIKE (FT) (FT) (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00 0.0313 0.167	0.0160
2	18.0	11.5	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.50	1.50 0.0100 0.125	0.0160
3	27.0	20.5	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.50	1.50 0.0100 0.125	0.0160
4	12.0	7.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.50	1.50 0.0100 0.125	0.0160
5	20.0	15.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.25	1.50 0.0100 0.125	0.0160
6	24.0	19.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.50	1.50 0.0100 0.125	0.0160
7	20.0	15.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.50	1.50 0.0100 0.125	0.0160

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)

*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4515.00 TO NODE 4517.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====

*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7200
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0

```

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.469
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3300
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 1.23
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.52
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.14 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.07
Tc(MIN.) = 14.03
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.06
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.332
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.5 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 2.23

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.20 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.84
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 4865.00 TO NODE 4870.00 = 339.86 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4870.00 TO NODE 4885.00 IS CODE = 41
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 600.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 596.70
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 42.93 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 3.5 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.39
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 2.23
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.08 Tc(MIN.) = 14.11
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 4865.00 TO NODE 4885.00 = 382.79 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4885.00 TO NODE 4885.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 14.11
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.45
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.50
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.23

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4880.00 TO NODE 4882.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8600
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 50.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 611.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 610.50
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 0.50
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.055
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.695
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.75
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.75

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4882.00 TO NODE 4885.00 IS CODE = 62

```

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.50 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.74
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.352
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.6 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.89

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.14 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.11
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 4932.00 TO NODE 4937.00 = 292.21 FEET.

```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4937.00 TO NODE 4940.00 IS CODE = 41
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 601.90 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 596.92
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 18.39 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 1.6 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 11.14
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.89
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.03 Tc(MIN.) = 15.35
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 4932.00 TO NODE 4940.00 = 310.60 FEET.
  
```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4940.00 TO NODE 4943.00 IS CODE = 41
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 596.59 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 595.33
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 14.39 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 2.1 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.48
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.89
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.03 Tc(MIN.) = 15.38
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 4932.00 TO NODE 4943.00 = 324.99 FEET.
  
```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4943.00 TO NODE 4943.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 15.38
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.21
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.60
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 0.89
  
```

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	8.48	5.81	7.896	1.30
2	0.89	15.38	4.212	0.60

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	8.48	5.81	7.896
2	0.89	15.38	4.212

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
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Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

Rick Engineering Company
1223 University Ave., Suite 240
Riverside, California 92507

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****
* HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE, J-16412 *
* BASIN 5000B, SYSTEM C; 100-YR. 6-HR POST PROJECT *
* H:\16412\HYDRO\HYDROLOGY\RATIONALMETHOD\... *

FILE NAME: HG5KBP00.RAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:10 07/10/2012

USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.300
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL

NO.	WIDTH (FT)	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT-/PARK- SIDE / SIDE/ WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH LIP HIKE (FT) (FT) (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00 0.0313 0.167	0.0150
2	20.0	15.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.50	1.50 0.0100 0.125	0.0160
3	22.0	17.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.50	1.50 0.0100 0.125	0.0160
4	18.0	13.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.50	1.50 0.0100 0.125	0.0160
5	17.0	12.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.50	1.50 0.0100 0.125	0.0160

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = -0.10 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)

*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5500.00 TO NODE 5502.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====

*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3600
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 40.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 610.80

DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 609.80
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.00
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.207
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.563
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.27
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.27

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5502.00 TO NODE 5504.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 609.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 606.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 147.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0259
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 90.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.040 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.710
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.58
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.72
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.09 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.39
Tc(MIN.) = 9.60
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.60
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.352
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.40 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.81

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.10 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.83
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 5500.00 TO NODE 5504.00 = 187.00 FEET.
  
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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5504.00 TO NODE 5505.00 IS CODE = 41
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 596.67 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 593.27
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 167.50 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 2.9 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.35
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.81
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.64 Tc(MIN.) = 10.24
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 5500.00 TO NODE 5505.00 = 354.50 FEET.
  
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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5504.50 TO NODE 5505.00 IS CODE = 81
-----
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
=====
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.477
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6700
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.4886
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.10
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.70 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.87
TC(MIN.) = 10.24
  
```

Post-Project Actual Hand Calculations

[100-Year]

100-YR PEAK FLOW FROM BASIN 1

RUNOFF COEFFICIENT (C):

Hydrologic Soil Group:	C & D
County Element ¹ :	Residential, 14 DU/A or less
1. Table 3-1 of 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual	
Pervious Runoff Coefficient:	0.3 & 0.35
Percent Impervious:	72%
C= Weighted Runoff Coefficient =	0.74

RAINFALL INTENSITY:

P_6 = 100-yr, 6-hr Rainfall Isopluvial for the site =	3.25	inches
S = Surface slope	1.0	%
D = Length of the initial flowline	100	feet
T_i = Initial Time of Concentration	7.4	minutes

2. Table 3-2 of 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual

$T_{t, \text{Shallow}}$ = Shallow Concentrated Flow Time ³		
= V / L_{Shallow}	0.67	minutes
V = Velocity	3.3	ft/sec
% Slope of Street	1.8	%
L = Length of Shallow Concentrated Flowpath	133	feet

3. Figure 3-6 of 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual

V= Pipe Flow Velocity ⁴		
= $(1.49 / n) * R^{2/3} * S^{1/2}$	4.5	ft/sec
R= d/4	0.25	feet
n= 0.013 for Reinforced Concrete Pipe	0.013	unitless
S= Slope of Pipe	0.01	decimal

4. Figure 3-7 of 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual
Assuming pipes are flowing full

$T_{t, \text{Pipe}}$ = Pipe Flow Time ⁵		
= L / V	0.4	minutes
L= Length of Pipe (feet)	105	feet

T_c = Time of Concentration ⁴		
= $T_i + T_{t, \text{Overland}} + T_{t, \text{Pipe}}$	8.5	minutes

4. Section 3.1.4 of the 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual

I= Rainfall Intensity ⁵		
= $7.44 (P_6) T_c^{-0.645}$	6.10	in/hr

4. Section 3.1.4 of the 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual

PEAK DISCHARGES (Q):

A= Area of the basin	0.4	acres
Q = Peak Flow = CIA	1.6	ft ³ /sec

100-YR PEAK FLOW FROM BASIN 2

RUNOFF COEFFICIENT (C):

Hydrologic Soil Group:	C
County Element ¹ :	Residential, 14 DU/A or less
1. Table 3-1 of 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual	
Pervious Runoff Coefficient:	0.30
Percent Impervious:	67%
C= Weighted Runoff Coefficient =	0.70

RAINFALL INTENSITY:

P_6 = 100-yr, 6-hr Rainfall Isopleth for the site =	3.25	inches
S = Surface slope	1.0	%
D = Length of the initial flowline	100	feet
T_i = Initial Time of Concentration	7.4	minutes
2. Table 3-2 of 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual		
$T_{t, \text{Shallow}}$ = Shallow Concentrated Flow Time ³		
= V / L_{Shallow}	1.59	minutes
V = Velocity	2.20	ft/sec
% Slope of Street	1.0	%
L = Length of Shallow Concentrated Flowpath	210	feet
3. Figure 3-6 of 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual		
	0.0	
V= Pipe Flow Velocity ⁴		
= $(1.49 / n) * R^{2/3} * S^{1/2}$	4.5	ft/sec
R= d/4	0.25	feet
n= 0.013 for Reinforced Concrete Pipe	0.013	unitless
S= Slope of Pipe	0.01	decimal
4. Figure 3-7 of 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual Assuming pipes are flowing full		
$T_{t, \text{Pipe}}$ = Pipe Flow Time ⁵		
= L / V	0.1	minutes
L= Length of Pipe (feet)	17	feet
T_c = Time of Concentration ⁴		
= $T_i + T_{t, \text{Overland}} + T_{t, \text{Pipe}}$	9.1	minutes
4. Section 3.1.4 of the 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual		
I= Rainfall Intensity ⁵		
= $7.44 (P_6) T_c^{-0.645}$	5.84	in/hr
4. Section 3.1.4 of the 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual		

PEAK DISCHARGES (Q):

A= Area of the basin	1.1	acres
Q = Peak Flow = CIA	4.6	ft ³ /sec

100-YR PEAK FLOW FROM BASIN 3

RUNOFF COEFFICIENT (C):

Hydrologic Soil Group:	C & D
County Element ¹ :	Residential, 14 DU/A or less
1. Table 3-1 of 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual	
Pervious Runoff Coefficient:	0.3 & 0.35
Percent Impervious:	62%
C= Weighted Runoff Coefficient =	0.69

RAINFALL INTENSITY:

P_6 = 100-yr, 6-hr Rainfall Isopluvial for the site =	3.25	inches
S = Surface slope	1.0	%
D = Length of the initial flowline	100	feet
T_i = Initial Time of Concentration	7.4	minutes
2. Table 3-2 of 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual		
V= Pipe Flow Velocity ⁴ = $(1.49 / n) * R^{2/3} * S^{1/2}$	4.5	ft/sec
R= d/4	0.25	feet
n= 0.013 for Reinforced Concrete Pipe	0.013	unitless
S= Slope of Pipe	0.01	decimal
4. Figure 3-7 of 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual Assuming pipes are flowing full		
$T_{t, \text{Pipe}}$ = Pipe Flow Time ⁵ = L / V	0.5	minutes
L= Length of Pipe (feet)	148	feet
T_c = Time of Concentration ⁴ = $T_i + T_{t, \text{Overland}} + T_{t, \text{Pipe}}$	7.9	minutes
4. Section 3.1.4 of the 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual		
I= Rainfall Intensity ⁵ = $7.44 (P_6)^{T_c^{-0.645}}$	6.35	in/hr
4. Section 3.1.4 of the 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual		

PEAK DISCHARGES (Q):

A= Area of the basin	0.3	acres
Q = Peak Flow = CIA	1.3	ft ³ /sec

100-YR PEAK FLOW FROM BASIN 4

RUNOFF COEFFICIENT (C):

Hydrologic Soil Group:	C
County Element ¹ :	Residential, 14 DU/A or less
1. Table 3-1 of 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual	
Pervious Runoff Coefficient:	0.30
Percent Impervious:	55%
C= Weighted Runoff Coefficient =	0.63

RAINFALL INTENSITY:

P_6 = 100-yr, 6-hr Rainfall Isopleth for the site =	3.25	inches
S = Surface slope	1.0	%
D = Length of the initial flowline	100	feet
T_i = Initial Time of Concentration	7.4	minutes
2. Table 3-2 of 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual		
$T_{t, \text{Shallow}}$ = Shallow Concentrated Flow Time ³		
= V / L_{Shallow}	1.04	minutes
V = Velocity	2.25	ft/sec
% Slope of Street	1.0	%
L = Length of Shallow Concentrated Flowpath	140	feet
3. Figure 3-6 of 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual	0.0	
V= Pipe Flow Velocity ⁴		
= $(1.49 / n) * R^{2/3} * S^{1/2}$	4.5	ft/sec
R= d/4	0.25	feet
n= 0.013 for Reinforced Concrete Pipe	0.013	unitless
S= Slope of Pipe	0.01	decimal
4. Figure 3-7 of 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual Assuming pipes are flowing full		
$T_{t, \text{Pipe}}$ = Pipe Flow Time ⁵		
= L / V	0.2	minutes
L= Length of Pipe (feet)	64	feet
T_c = Time of Concentration ⁴		
= $T_i + T_{t, \text{Overland}} + T_{t, \text{Pipe}}$	8.7	minutes
4. Section 3.1.4 of the 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual		
I= Rainfall Intensity ⁵		
= $7.44 (P_6) T_c^{-0.645}$	6.00	in/hr
4. Section 3.1.4 of the 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual		

PEAK DISCHARGES (Q):

A= Area of the basin	0.3	acres
Q = Peak Flow = CIA	1.2	ft ³ /sec

100-YR PEAK FLOW FROM BASIN 5

RUNOFF COEFFICIENT (C):

Hydrologic Soil Group:	C
County Element ¹ :	Residential, 14 DU/A or less
1. Table 3-1 of 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual	
Pervious Runoff Coefficient:	0.30
Percent Impervious:	68%
C= Weighted Runoff Coefficient =	0.71

RAINFALL INTENSITY:

P_6 = 100-yr, 6-hr Rainfall Isopluvial for the site =	3.25	inches
S = Surface slope	1.0	%
D = Length of the initial flowline	100	feet
T_i = Initial Time of Concentration	7.4	minutes

2. Table 3-2 of 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual

$T_{t, \text{Shallow}}$ = Shallow Concentrated Flow Time ³		
= V / L_{Shallow}	1.17	minutes
V = Velocity	2.20	ft/sec
% Slope of Street	1.0	%
L = Length of Shallow Concentrated Flowpath	155	feet

3. Figure 3-6 of 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual

V= Pipe Flow Velocity ⁴		
= $(1.49 / n) * R^{2/3} * S^{1/2}$	4.5	ft/sec
R= d/4	0.25	feet
n= 0.013 for Reinforced Concrete Pipe	0.013	unitless
S= Slope of Pipe	0.01	decimal

4. Figure 3-7 of 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual
Assuming pipes are flowing full

$T_{t, \text{Pipe}}$ = Pipe Flow Time ⁵		
= L / V	0.7	minutes
L= Length of Pipe (feet)	187	feet

T_c = Time of Concentration ⁴		
= $T_i + T_{t, \text{Overland}} + T_{t, \text{Pipe}}$	9.3	minutes

4. Section 3.1.4 of the 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual

I= Rainfall Intensity ⁵		
= $7.44 (P_6) T_c^{-0.645}$	5.75	in/hr

4. Section 3.1.4 of the 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual

PEAK DISCHARGES (Q):

A= Area of the basin	0.6	acres
Q = Peak Flow = CIA	2.6	ft ³ /sec

APPENDIX B

Pipe Sizing Calculations

Preliminary Storm Drain Size

The purpose of this table is to provide an estimated pipe size to convey the 100-year flow rates with a sizing factor.

Manning's n: 0.013

Sizing Factor (%): 30

Slope at:		1.0%		2.0%		5.0%		8.0%	
Q_{100} (cfs ¹)	Q_{100} with Sizing Factor (cfs ¹)	Minimum Pipe Size ² (feet)	Recommended Pipe Size (inches)	Minimum Pipe Size ² (feet)	Recommended Pipe Size (inches)	Minimum Pipe Size ² (feet)	Recommended Pipe Size (inches)	Minimum Pipe Size ² (feet)	Recommended Pipe Size (inches)
0.5	0.7	0.53	8"	0.46	6"	0.39	6"	0.36	6"
1.0	1.3	0.68	10"	0.60	8"	0.51	6"	0.46	6"
1.4	1.8	0.78	10"	0.68	10"	0.58	8"	0.53	8"
1.8	2.3	0.84	10"	0.74	10"	0.62	8"	0.57	8"
2.0	2.6	0.89	12"	0.78	10"	0.66	8"	0.60	8"
2.1	2.7	0.90	12"	0.79	10"	0.67	8"	0.61	8"
2.5	3.3	0.97	12"	0.85	12"	0.71	10"	0.65	8"
3.0	3.9	1.03	18"	0.91	12"	0.76	10"	0.70	10"
3.1	4.0	1.05	18"	0.92	12"	0.77	10"	0.71	10"
3.5	4.6	1.09	18"	0.96	12"	0.81	10"	0.74	10"
4.0	5.2	1.15	18"	1.01	12"	0.85	12"	0.78	10"
4.5	5.9	1.20	18"	1.06	18"	0.89	12"	0.81	10"
5.0	6.5	1.25	18"	1.10	18"	0.93	12"	0.85	12"
5.5	7.2	1.30	18"	1.14	18"	0.96	12"	0.88	12"
6.0	7.8	1.34	18"	1.18	18"	0.99	12"	0.91	12"
6.5	8.5	1.38	18"	1.21	18"	1.02	18"	0.94	12"
7.0	9.1	1.42	18"	1.25	18"	1.05	18"	0.96	12"
7.1	9.3	1.43	18"	1.26	18"	1.06	18"	0.97	12"
7.5	9.8	1.46	18"	1.28	18"	1.08	18"	0.99	12"
8.0	10.4	1.49	18"	1.31	18"	1.10	18"	1.01	12"

Note:

1. "cfs" = cubic feet per second.
2. Minimum pipe sizes are calculated using the Manning's equation and are based on the flow rates with 30% factor.

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
(Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)
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Ver. 8.0 Release Date: 01/01/2000 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

Rick Engineering Company
5620 Friars Road
San Diego, CA 92110
(619) 291-0707

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****
* HARMONY GROVE J-16412-W *
* SYSTEM C (BASIN 5000B) - NODE 5506 PROP COND 100-YR 6-HR *
* DATE: 20120319 *

FILE NAME: 5506.LAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 13:35 07/25/2012

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM
NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
5506.00		2.66*	214.57	0.44	21.20
	} FRICTION				
5512.10		1.90*	130.31	0.52 Dc	20.18
	} JUNCTION				
5512.10		1.60*	98.02	0.43	21.40
	} FRICTION				
5505.00		1.25*	60.66	0.52 Dc	20.18
	} JUNCTION				
5505.00		1.06*	40.31	0.28	7.13
	} FRICTION				
5504.10		0.33*Dc	6.73	0.33*Dc	6.73
	} JUNCTION				
5504.10		0.33 Dc	6.73	0.23*	8.34
	} FRICTION				
5504.20		0.33 Dc	6.73	0.17*	11.77
	} JUNCTION				
5504.20		0.33 Dc	6.73	0.15*	13.94
	} FRICTION				
5504.30		0.33*Dc	6.73	0.33*Dc	6.73
	} CATCH BASIN				
5504.30		0.47*	3.56	0.33 Dc	2.47

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST
CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCMA
DESIGN MANUALS.

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:
NODE NUMBER = 5506.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 592.71
PIPE FLOW = 1.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 595.370 FEET

NODE 5506.00 : HGL = < 595.370>; EGL = < 595.388>; FLOWLINE = < 592.710>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5506.00 TO NODE 5512.10 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 5512.10 ELEVATION = 593.50 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES (LACFCD):
PIPE FLOW = 1.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 79.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
SF=(Q/K)**2=((1.90)/(104.977))**2=0.00033
HF=L*SF=(79.00)*(0.00033)=0.026

NODE 5512.10 : HGL = < 595.396>; EGL = < 595.414>; FLOWLINE = < 593.500>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5512.10 TO NODE 5512.10 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 5512.10 ELEVATION = 593.83 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:
PIPE FLOW DIAMETER ANGLE FLOWLINE CRITICAL VELOCITY
(CFS) (INCHES) (DEGREES) ELEVATION DEPTH(FT.) (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM 1.90 18.00 90.00 593.83 0.52 1.075
DOWNSTREAM 1.90 18.00 - 593.50 0.52 1.075
LATERAL #1 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.000
LATERAL #2 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.000
Q5 0.00====Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT====

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:
DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1)*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-
Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES
UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00033
DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00033
AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00033
JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET
FRICTION LOSSES = 0.001 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET
JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.037)+(0.000) = 0.037

NODE 5512.10 : HGL = < 595.433>; EGL = < 595.451>; FLOWLINE = < 593.830>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5512.10 TO NODE 5505.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 5505.00 ELEVATION = 594.19 (FLOW SEALS IN REACH)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES (LACFCD):
PIPE FLOW = 1.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 33.50 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.60

PRESSURE FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.603	1.075	1.621	98.02
9.889	1.500	1.075	1.518	86.66

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.42 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.52

ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.50

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
9.889	1.500	1.075	1.518	86.66
13.622	1.461	1.083	1.479	82.38
17.327	1.422	1.097	1.440	78.16
21.015	1.382	1.115	1.402	74.02
24.690	1.343	1.138	1.363	69.98
28.353	1.304	1.165	1.325	66.04
32.005	1.265	1.195	1.287	62.20
33.500	1.248	1.208	1.271	60.66

NODE 5505.00 : HGL = < 595.438>;EGL= < 595.461>;FLOWLINE= < 594.190>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5505.00 TO NODE 5505.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 5505.00 ELEVATION = 594.42 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH (FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	0.80	18.00	0.00	594.42	0.33	0.595
DOWNSTREAM	1.90	18.00	-	594.19	0.52	1.209
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	1.10	Q5	Q5	EQUALS BASIN INPUT		

LACFCD AND OCENA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2^2 \cdot V2 - Q1^2 \cdot V1) \cdot \cos(\Delta T1) - Q3^2 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta T3) -$
 $Q4^2 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta T4) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00008

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00032

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00020

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.005 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = $(DY + HV1 - HV2) + (\text{ENTRANCE LOSSES})$

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(0.023) + (0.005) = 0.028$

NODE 5505.00 : HGL = < 595.484>;EGL= < 595.489>;FLOWLINE= < 594.420>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5505.00 TO NODE 5504.10 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 5504.10 ELEVATION = 595.89 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES (LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 0.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 135.37 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

NORMAL DEPTH (FT) = 0.27 CRITICAL DEPTH (FT) = 0.33

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH (FT) = 0.33

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	0.331	2.767	0.450	6.73
0.015	0.328	2.794	0.450	6.73
0.042	0.326	2.821	0.450	6.73
0.081	0.324	2.849	0.450	6.74
0.135	0.322	2.878	0.450	6.74
0.204	0.319	2.907	0.451	6.75

Hydraulic Analysis of line
from Sediment Trap in Lot
74 to Node 5505

0.290	0.317	2.936	0.451	6.75
0.396	0.315	2.966	0.452	6.76
0.522	0.313	2.997	0.452	6.77
0.673	0.310	3.028	0.453	6.78
0.850	0.308	3.059	0.454	6.80
1.058	0.306	3.091	0.454	6.81
1.301	0.304	3.124	0.455	6.82
1.586	0.301	3.157	0.456	6.84
1.918	0.299	3.191	0.457	6.86
2.309	0.297	3.226	0.459	6.88
2.768	0.295	3.261	0.460	6.90
3.314	0.292	3.297	0.461	6.92
3.969	0.290	3.334	0.463	6.94
4.768	0.288	3.371	0.465	6.96
5.762	0.286	3.409	0.466	6.99
7.040	0.283	3.448	0.468	7.02
8.767	0.281	3.488	0.470	7.05
11.314	0.279	3.528	0.472	7.08
15.871	0.277	3.569	0.475	7.11
135.370	0.276	3.590	0.476	7.13

HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH (FT) = 1.06

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	1.064	0.597	1.069	40.31
2.681	1.034	0.615	1.040	37.93
5.361	1.005	0.635	1.011	35.62
8.037	0.976	0.657	0.983	33.40
10.711	0.947	0.680	0.954	31.25
13.382	0.917	0.706	0.925	29.19
16.049	0.888	0.734	0.897	27.20
18.711	0.859	0.764	0.868	25.30
21.369	0.830	0.797	0.840	23.48
24.020	0.801	0.834	0.811	21.75
26.664	0.771	0.874	0.783	20.10
29.299	0.742	0.918	0.755	18.54
31.923	0.713	0.966	0.727	17.06
34.534	0.684	1.020	0.700	15.67
37.129	0.654	1.080	0.672	14.38
39.704	0.625	1.147	0.646	13.17
42.253	0.596	1.223	0.619	12.05
44.769	0.567	1.309	0.593	11.03
47.243	0.537	1.406	0.568	10.11
49.660	0.508	1.517	0.544	9.28
51.999	0.479	1.646	0.521	8.56
54.230	0.450	1.796	0.500	7.94
56.303	0.420	1.972	0.481	7.44
58.131	0.391	2.182	0.465	7.06
59.551	0.362	2.435	0.454	6.81
60.191	0.333	2.744	0.450	6.73
135.370	0.333	2.744	0.450	6.73

END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS
PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 57.83 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 5505.00
DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 0.396 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 0.276 FEET

NODE 5504.10 : HGL = < 596.221>;EGL= < 596.340>;FLOWLINE= < 595.890>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5504.10 TO NODE 5504.10 IS CODE = 5
 UPSTREAM NODE 5504.10 ELEVATION = 596.22 (FLOW IS AT CRITICAL DEPTH)
 (NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	0.80	18.00	90.00	596.22	0.33	4.756
DOWNSTREAM	0.80	18.00	-	595.89	0.33	2.768
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

Q5 0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===

LACFCD AND OCENA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2^2 \cdot V2 - Q1^2 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta T A1) - Q3^2 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta T A3)) - Q4^2 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta T A4) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.02374
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00511

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.01442

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.058 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.458) + (0.000) = 0.458

 NODE 5504.10 : HGL = < 596.447>; EGL = < 596.798>; FLOWLINE = < 596.220>

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5504.10 TO NODE 5504.20 IS CODE = 1
 UPSTREAM NODE 5504.20 ELEVATION = 596.67 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES (LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 0.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
 PIPE LENGTH = 22.12 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.24 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.33

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.17

 GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.169	7.285	0.994	11.77
0.593	0.172	7.121	0.960	11.53
1.200	0.175	6.964	0.928	11.30
1.822	0.177	6.812	0.898	11.09
2.460	0.180	6.666	0.870	10.88
3.115	0.183	6.525	0.844	10.68
3.790	0.185	6.389	0.819	10.49
4.487	0.188	6.258	0.796	10.31
5.209	0.190	6.132	0.775	10.14
5.957	0.193	6.009	0.754	9.97
6.737	0.196	5.891	0.735	9.81
7.552	0.198	5.777	0.717	9.65
8.408	0.201	5.666	0.700	9.50
9.311	0.204	5.559	0.684	9.36
10.269	0.206	5.456	0.669	9.23
11.294	0.209	5.356	0.655	9.09
12.399	0.212	5.259	0.641	8.97
13.605	0.214	5.164	0.629	8.85
14.936	0.217	5.073	0.617	8.73
16.434	0.220	4.984	0.606	8.62
18.158	0.222	4.898	0.595	8.51

20.212	0.225	4.815	0.585	8.41
22.120	0.227	4.755	0.578	8.34

 NODE 5504.20 : HGL = < 596.839>; EGL = < 597.664>; FLOWLINE = < 596.670>

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5504.20 TO NODE 5504.20 IS CODE = 5
 UPSTREAM NODE 5504.20 ELEVATION = 597.00 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	0.80	18.00	0.00	597.00	0.33	8.771
DOWNSTREAM	0.80	18.00	-	596.67	0.33	7.287
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

Q5 0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===

LACFCD AND OCENA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2^2 \cdot V2 - Q1^2 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta T A1) - Q3^2 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta T A3)) - Q4^2 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta T A4) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.13627

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.08019

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.10823

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.433 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.680) + (0.000) = 0.680

 NODE 5504.20 : HGL = < 597.149>; EGL = < 598.344>; FLOWLINE = < 597.000>

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5504.20 TO NODE 5504.30 IS CODE = 1
 UPSTREAM NODE 5504.30 ELEVATION = 600.70 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES (LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 0.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
 PIPE LENGTH = 22.05 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.14 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.33

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.33

 GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.333	2.744	0.450	6.73
0.002	0.325	2.836	0.450	6.73
0.009	0.317	2.933	0.451	6.75
0.021	0.310	3.037	0.453	6.79
0.040	0.302	3.147	0.456	6.83
0.065	0.294	3.264	0.460	6.90
0.099	0.287	3.389	0.465	6.98
0.141	0.279	3.523	0.472	7.07
0.194	0.272	3.666	0.480	7.19
0.260	0.264	3.820	0.491	7.33
0.340	0.256	3.984	0.503	7.48
0.437	0.249	4.162	0.518	7.67
0.555	0.241	4.353	0.536	7.87
0.697	0.233	4.561	0.557	8.11
0.870	0.226	4.786	0.582	8.38
1.079	0.218	5.030	0.611	8.68

1.335	0.211	5.297	0.647	9.02
1.649	0.203	5.589	0.688	9.40
2.040	0.195	5.909	0.738	9.83
2.535	0.188	6.263	0.797	10.32
3.174	0.180	6.654	0.868	10.86
4.028	0.172	7.088	0.953	11.48
5.228	0.165	7.573	1.056	12.18
7.068	0.157	8.118	1.181	12.98
10.499	0.150	8.732	1.334	13.89
22.050	0.149	8.768	1.344	13.94

 NODE 5504.30 : HGL = < 601.033>;EGL= < 601.150>;FLOWLINE= < 600.700>

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5504.30 TO NODE 5504.30 IS CODE = 8
 UPSTREAM NODE 5504.30 ELEVATION = 600.70 (FLOW IS AT CRITICAL DEPTH)

CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):
 PIPE FLOW = 0.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
 FLOW VELOCITY = 2.74 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.117 FEET
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2*(0.117) = 0.023

NODE 5504.30 : HGL = < 601.173>;EGL= < 601.173>;FLOWLINE= < 600.700>

 UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:
 NODE NUMBER = 5504.30 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 600.70
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 601.03 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

PRE-PROJECT FLOW THROUGH EXISTING SYSTEM
(LATERAL NODES 4892-4870)

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
(Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)
(c) Copyright 1982-2000 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
Ver. 8.0 Release Date: 01/01/2000 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY
1223 University Avenue, Suite 240
Riverside, California 92507-3418
(909) 782-0707 Fax (909) 782-0723

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****
* HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE, J-16412 *
* SYSTEM L (BASIN 4000B) - 100-YR LATERAL LINE NODES 4892-4870 *
* H:\16412\HYDRO\HYDRAULICS\PIPEFLOW\... *

FILE NAME: 4892L.LAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:15 07/23/2012

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM
NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "*" indicates nodal point data used.)

		UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
4892.00-		3.45*	307.60	0.47	42.67
	} FRICTION				
4885.00-		3.23*	283.27	0.48	41.79
	} JUNCTION				
4885.00-		2.95*	248.15	0.26	46.08
	} FRICTION				
			} HYDRAULIC JUMP		
4870.00-		0.56*Dc	24.34	0.56*Dc	24.34
	} CATCH BASIN				
4870.00-		0.81*	12.99	0.56 Dc	8.76

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST
CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCMA
DESIGN MANUALS.

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 4892.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 597.68
PIPE FLOW = 3.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 601.130 FEET

NODE 4892.00 : HGL = < 601.130>; EGL = < 601.175>; FLOWLINE = < 597.680>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4892.00 TO NODE 4885.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4885.00 ELEVATION = 597.91 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 3.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 11.50 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
 $SF = (Q/K)^{**2} = ((3.00)/(104.935))^{**2} = 0.00082$
 $HF = L * SF = (11.50) * (0.00082) = 0.009$

NODE 4885.00 : HGL = < 601.139>;EGL= < 601.184>;FLOWLINE= < 597.910>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4885.00 TO NODE 4885.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 4885.00 ELEVATION = 598.24 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	2.20	18.00	0.00	598.24	0.56	1.246
DOWNSTREAM	3.00	18.00	-	597.91	0.66	1.697
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.80	==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==				

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) -$

$Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00044

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00082

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00063

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.003 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.009 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.023)+(0.009) = 0.032

NODE 4885.00 : HGL = < 601.192>;EGL= < 601.216>;FLOWLINE= < 598.240>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4885.00 TO NODE 4870.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4870.00 ELEVATION = 603.00 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 2.20 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 41.38 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.25 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.56

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.56

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.560	3.654	0.768	24.34
0.005	0.548	3.765	0.768	24.36
0.020	0.536	3.883	0.770	24.42
0.048	0.523	4.007	0.773	24.53
0.089	0.511	4.140	0.777	24.68
0.145	0.499	4.280	0.783	24.88
0.220	0.486	4.430	0.791	25.13
0.314	0.474	4.589	0.801	25.43
0.431	0.462	4.758	0.814	25.79
0.575	0.450	4.940	0.829	26.22
0.751	0.437	5.134	0.847	26.71
0.964	0.425	5.342	0.868	27.28
1.221	0.413	5.566	0.894	27.92
1.530	0.400	5.807	0.924	28.65
1.902	0.388	6.067	0.960	29.48
2.353	0.376	6.348	1.002	30.40
2.901	0.363	6.654	1.051	31.45

3.571	0.351	6.986	1.109	32.62
4.403	0.339	7.348	1.178	33.93
5.449	0.327	7.745	1.259	35.39
6.794	0.314	8.181	1.354	37.04
8.582	0.302	8.661	1.467	38.89
11.082	0.290	9.192	1.603	40.96
14.897	0.277	9.783	1.764	43.31
21.969	0.265	10.443	1.959	45.95
41.380	0.264	10.473	1.969	46.08

 HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS
 =====

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 2.95
 =====

PRESSURE FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	2.952	1.245	2.976	248.15
12.673	1.500	1.245	1.524	88.01

=====

ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.50
 =====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
12.673	1.500	1.245	1.524	88.01
12.998	1.462	1.253	1.487	83.91
13.321	1.425	1.268	1.450	79.88
13.642	1.387	1.289	1.413	75.93
13.961	1.350	1.313	1.376	72.07
14.278	1.312	1.342	1.340	68.31
14.594	1.274	1.374	1.304	64.64
14.909	1.237	1.411	1.268	61.10
15.221	1.199	1.452	1.232	57.67
15.531	1.162	1.498	1.197	54.36
15.838	1.124	1.548	1.161	51.19
16.142	1.086	1.604	1.126	48.15
16.443	1.049	1.666	1.092	45.26
16.740	1.011	1.735	1.058	42.52
17.032	0.974	1.811	1.025	39.94
17.319	0.936	1.896	0.992	37.51
17.598	0.899	1.990	0.960	35.26
17.869	0.861	2.096	0.929	33.18
18.130	0.823	2.214	0.900	31.29
18.378	0.786	2.347	0.871	29.59
18.610	0.748	2.497	0.845	28.10
18.821	0.711	2.668	0.821	26.83
19.006	0.673	2.863	0.800	25.79
19.156	0.635	3.087	0.784	25.01
19.259	0.598	3.348	0.772	24.52
19.298	0.560	3.654	0.768	24.34
41.380	0.560	3.654	0.768	24.34

-----END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS-----

| PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 16.37 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 4885.00 |
DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 1.058 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 0.265 FEET

NODE 4870.00 : HGL = < 603.560>;EGL= < 603.768>;FLOWLINE= < 603.000>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4870.00 TO NODE 4870.00 IS CODE = 8
 UPSTREAM NODE 4870.00 ELEVATION = 603.00 (FLOW IS AT CRITICAL DEPTH)

```

-----
CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):
PIPE FLOW =      2.20 CFS          PIPE DIAMETER =  18.00 INCHES
FLOW VELOCITY =  3.65 FEET/SEC.    VELOCITY HEAD =  0.207 FEET
CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2*( 0.207) =  0.041
-----
NODE  4870.00 : HGL = <  603.809>;EGL= <  603.809>;FLOWLINE= <  603.000>

*****
UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:
NODE NUMBER =  4870.00          FLOWLINE ELEVATION =  603.00
ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL =  603.56 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====
END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

```


POST-PROJECT FLOW THROUGH EXISTING SYSTEM
DRAINAGE BASIN 2
(LATERAL NODES 4892-4870)

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
(Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)
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Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY
5620 Friars Road
San Diego, California 92110
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****

* HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE, J-17164-D *
* SYSTEM L (BASIN 4000B) - 100-YR LATERAL LINE NODES 4892-4870 *
* H:\17164\WATERRESOURCES\HYDRAULICS\PIPEFLOW\... *

FILE NAME: 4892L.LAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:16 07/31/2025

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM
NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE
(Note: "*" indicates nodal point data used.)

		UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
NODE	MODEL	PRESSURE	PRESSURE+	FLOW	PRESSURE+
NUMBER	PROCESS	HEAD(FT)	MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	DEPTH(FT)	MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
4892.00-		3.45*	329.71	0.57	100.54
	} FRICTION				
4885.00-		3.25*	307.70	0.55	104.79
	} JUNCTION				
4885.00-		3.04*	275.51	0.38	119.01
	} FRICTION		} HYDRAULIC JUMP		
4870.00-		0.82*Dc	63.12	0.82*Dc	63.12
	} CATCH BASIN				
4870.00-		1.22*	34.60	0.82 Dc	21.85

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST
CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA
DESIGN MANUALS.

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 4892.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 597.68
PIPE FLOW = 5.40 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 601.130 FEET

NOTE: THE ANALYSIS FLOW
INCLUDES THE EXISTING 0.8
CFS ENTERING THE EXISTING
CURB INLET ON COUNTRY
LIVING WAY AND THE UPDATED
POST-PROJECT PEAK FLOW OF
4.6 CFS FROM BASIN 2.

```

-----
NODE 4892.00 : HGL = < 601.130>;EGL= < 601.275>;FLOWLINE= < 597.680>

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4892.00 TO NODE 4885.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4885.00 ELEVATION = 597.91 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)
-----
CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):
PIPE FLOW = 5.40 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 11.50 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
SF=(Q/K)**2 = (( 5.40)/( 105.036))**2 = 0.00264
HF=L*SF = ( 11.50)*(0.00264) = 0.030
-----
NODE 4885.00 : HGL = < 601.160>;EGL= < 601.305>;FLOWLINE= < 597.910>

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4885.00 TO NODE 4885.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 4885.00 ELEVATION = 598.24 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)
-----
CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:
PIPE FLOW DIAMETER ANGLE FLOWLINE CRITICAL VELOCITY
(CFS) (INCHES) (DEGREES) ELEVATION DEPTH(FT.) (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM 4.60 18.00 0.00 598.24 0.82 2.603
DOWNSTREAM 5.40 18.00 - 597.91 0.90 3.056
LATERAL #1 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.000
LATERAL #2 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.000
Q5 0.80==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==
LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:
DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-
Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES
UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00192
DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00264
AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00228
JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET
FRICTION LOSSES = 0.009 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.029 FEET
JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 0.049)+( 0.029) = 0.078
-----
NODE 4885.00 : HGL = < 601.278>;EGL= < 601.383>;FLOWLINE= < 598.240>

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4885.00 TO NODE 4870.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4870.00 ELEVATION = 603.00 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)
-----
CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):
PIPE FLOW = 4.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 41.38 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
-----
HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

```

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.36 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.82
=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.82
=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.823	4.628	1.156	63.12
0.007	0.805	4.760	1.157	63.17
0.031	0.787	4.899	1.160	63.32
0.073	0.768	5.047	1.164	63.58
0.135	0.750	5.205	1.171	63.96
0.221	0.732	5.372	1.180	64.46
0.333	0.713	5.551	1.192	65.08
0.476	0.695	5.742	1.207	65.85
0.655	0.676	5.946	1.226	66.77
0.874	0.658	6.164	1.248	67.84
1.141	0.640	6.398	1.276	69.09
1.465	0.621	6.650	1.308	70.53
1.856	0.603	6.922	1.347	72.17
2.328	0.585	7.214	1.393	74.03
2.896	0.566	7.531	1.447	76.14
3.585	0.548	7.875	1.511	78.52
4.423	0.529	8.248	1.586	81.20
5.451	0.511	8.656	1.675	84.21
6.726	0.493	9.101	1.780	87.59
8.333	0.474	9.590	1.903	91.38
10.405	0.456	10.129	2.050	95.65
13.164	0.438	10.725	2.225	100.46
17.028	0.419	11.386	2.433	105.88
22.939	0.401	12.124	2.685	112.01
33.923	0.382	12.951	2.988	118.96
41.380	0.382	12.957	2.991	119.01

HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS
=====

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 3.04
=====

PRESSURE FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	3.038	2.603	3.143	275.51
13.598	1.500	2.603	1.605	105.91

=====

ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.50
=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
13.598	1.500	2.602	1.605	105.91
13.829	1.473	2.613	1.579	103.02
14.054	1.446	2.633	1.554	100.24
14.274	1.419	2.658	1.529	97.53
14.490	1.392	2.689	1.504	94.90
14.703	1.365	2.724	1.480	92.34
14.912	1.338	2.764	1.456	89.87
15.117	1.311	2.808	1.433	87.47
15.318	1.284	2.856	1.410	85.16
15.515	1.256	2.909	1.388	82.94
15.708	1.229	2.967	1.366	80.81
15.896	1.202	3.029	1.345	78.77
16.079	1.175	3.096	1.324	76.83
16.257	1.148	3.168	1.304	75.00
16.428	1.121	3.246	1.285	73.27
16.592	1.094	3.330	1.266	71.66
16.748	1.067	3.420	1.249	70.16
16.896	1.040	3.517	1.232	68.79
17.034	1.013	3.622	1.217	67.54
17.161	0.986	3.734	1.203	66.43
17.275	0.959	3.856	1.190	65.47
17.375	0.932	3.987	1.179	64.66
17.458	0.905	4.128	1.169	64.01
17.521	0.878	4.282	1.162	63.52
17.562	0.851	4.448	1.158	63.23
17.577	0.823	4.628	1.156	63.12
41.380	0.823	4.628	1.156	63.12

-----END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS-----

| PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 12.82 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 4885.00 |
| DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 1.588 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 0.391 FEET |

NODE 4870.00 : HGL = < 603.823>;EGL= < 604.156>;FLOWLINE= < 603.000>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4870.00 TO NODE 4870.00 IS CODE = 8
UPSTREAM NODE 4870.00 ELEVATION = 603.00 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 4.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
FLOW VELOCITY = 4.63 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.333 FEET
CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2*(0.333) = 0.067

NODE 4870.00 : HGL = < 604.223>;EGL= < 604.223>;FLOWLINE= < 603.000>

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 4870.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 603.00

ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 603.82 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====

END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS



PHASE 1 (PRE-PROJECT) FLOW THROUGH EXISTING SYSTEM (LATERAL NODES 4945-4937)

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
(Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)
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Ver. 8.0 Release Date: 01/01/2000 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY
1223 University Avenue, Suite 240
Riverside, California 92507-3418
(909) 782-0707 Fax (909) 782-0723

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****
* HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE, J-16412 *
* SYSTEM L (BASIN 4000B) - 100-YR LATERAL LINE NODES 4945-4937 *
* H:\16412\HYDRO\HYDRAULICS\PIPEFLOW\... *

FILE NAME: 4945R.LAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:04 07/20/2012

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "*" indicates nodal point data used.)

		UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
4945.00-		6.22*	688.10	0.51	288.37
	} FRICTION				
4943.00-		1.82*	202.94	1.15 Dc	150.14
	} JUNCTION				
4943.00-		2.25*	166.79	0.17	14.22
	} FRICTION				
4940.00-		0.59*	12.36	0.27	8.74
	} JUNCTION				
4940.00-		0.35 Dc	7.81	0.19*	12.50
	} FRICTION				
4937.00-		0.35*Dc	7.81	0.35*Dc	7.81
	} CATCH BASIN				
4937.00-		0.50*	4.13	0.35 Dc	2.87

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST
CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCMA
DESIGN MANUALS.

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 4945.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 594.00
PIPE FLOW = 8.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 600.220 FEET

NODE 4945.00 : HGL = < 600.220>; EGL = < 600.605>; FLOWLINE = < 594.000>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4945.00 TO NODE 4943.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4943.00 ELEVATION = 598.56 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 8.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

```

PIPE LENGTH =      22.84 FEET          MANNING'S N = 0.01300
SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((      8.80)/(    105.049))**2 = 0.00702
HF=L*SF = (      22.84)*(0.00702) =      0.160
-----
NODE  4943.00 : HGL = <  600.380>;EGL= <  600.765>;FLOWLINE= <  598.560>
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE  4943.00 TO NODE  4943.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE  4943.00      ELEVATION =   598.98 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)
-----
CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:
      PIPE      FLOW      DIAMETER      ANGLE      FLOWLINE      CRITICAL      VELOCITY
              (CFS)      (INCHES) (DEGREES) ELEVATION  DEPTH(FT.) (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM          0.90       18.00       27.80       598.98        0.35        0.509
DOWNSTREAM        8.80       18.00        -         598.56        1.15        4.980
LATERAL #1         0.00        0.00        0.00         0.00         0.00        0.000
LATERAL #2         0.00        0.00        0.00         0.00         0.00        0.000
      Q5          7.90===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:
DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-
  Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES
UPSTREAM:  MANNING'S N = 0.01300;  FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00007
DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300;  FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00702
AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00355
JUNCTION LENGTH =   4.00 FEET
FRICTION LOSSES =  0.014 FEET      ENTRANCE LOSSES =  0.077 FEET
JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 0.396)+( 0.077) =  0.473
-----
NODE  4943.00 : HGL = <  601.234>;EGL= <  601.239>;FLOWLINE= <  598.980>
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE  4943.00 TO NODE  4940.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE  4940.00      ELEVATION =   600.62 (FLOW SEALS IN REACH)
-----
CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):
PIPE FLOW   =      0.90 CFS      PIPE DIAMETER =  18.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH =     16.38 FEET      MANNING'S N   =  0.01300
=====
DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) =      2.25
=====
PRESSURE FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:
-----
DISTANCE FROM      PRESSURE    VELOCITY      SPECIFIC      PRESSURE+
CONTROL(FT)        HEAD(FT)    (FT/SEC)    ENERGY(FT)    MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
      0.000          2.254        0.509         2.259          166.79
      7.541          1.500        0.509         1.504           83.59
-----
NORMAL DEPTH(FT) =      0.17          CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) =      0.35
=====
ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE HEAD(FT) =      1.50
=====
GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:
-----
DISTANCE FROM      FLOW DEPTH    VELOCITY      SPECIFIC      PRESSURE+
CONTROL(FT)        (FT)        (FT/SEC)    ENERGY(FT)    MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
      7.541          1.500        0.509         1.504           83.59
      7.999          1.454        0.514         1.458           78.56
      8.456          1.408        0.522         1.413           73.60
      8.912          1.362        0.534         1.367           68.74
      9.369          1.317        0.547         1.321           64.00
      9.824          1.271        0.564         1.276           59.39

```

10.279	1.225	0.582	1.230	54.93
10.734	1.179	0.604	1.185	50.62
11.188	1.133	0.628	1.139	46.48
11.641	1.087	0.656	1.094	42.51
12.093	1.041	0.687	1.049	38.73
12.544	0.995	0.723	1.004	35.14
12.993	0.950	0.763	0.959	31.74
13.441	0.904	0.809	0.914	28.54
13.886	0.858	0.861	0.869	25.54
14.328	0.812	0.921	0.825	22.75
14.767	0.766	0.991	0.781	20.18
15.200	0.720	1.072	0.738	17.82
15.627	0.674	1.168	0.696	15.69
16.044	0.628	1.281	0.654	13.78
16.380	0.590	1.393	0.620	12.36

 NODE 4940.00 : HGL = < 601.210>;EGL= < 601.240>;FLOWLINE= < 600.620>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4940.00 TO NODE 4940.00 IS CODE = 5
 UPSTREAM NODE 4940.00 ELEVATION = 600.95 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)
 (NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	0.90	18.00	56.10	600.95	0.35	6.797
DOWNSTREAM	0.90	18.00	-	600.62	0.35	1.393
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) -$

$Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.05942

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00069

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.03005

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.120 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.619) + (0.000) = 0.619

 NODE 4940.00 : HGL = < 601.142>;EGL= < 601.860>;FLOWLINE= < 600.950>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4940.00 TO NODE 4937.00 IS CODE = 1
 UPSTREAM NODE 4937.00 ELEVATION = 602.30 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 0.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 19.64 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.19 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.35

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.35

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.353	2.833	0.478	7.81
0.004	0.347	2.911	0.478	7.81

0.017	0.340	2.993	0.479	7.83
0.039	0.333	3.079	0.480	7.85
0.072	0.326	3.169	0.483	7.89
0.118	0.320	3.264	0.485	7.94
0.177	0.313	3.364	0.489	8.00
0.252	0.306	3.470	0.493	8.08
0.344	0.300	3.581	0.499	8.16
0.457	0.293	3.699	0.506	8.27
0.594	0.286	3.824	0.513	8.38
0.758	0.280	3.956	0.523	8.52
0.954	0.273	4.096	0.534	8.67
1.188	0.266	4.245	0.546	8.84
1.468	0.259	4.404	0.561	9.03
1.803	0.253	4.573	0.578	9.24
2.206	0.246	4.754	0.597	9.47
2.695	0.239	4.948	0.620	9.74
3.295	0.233	5.155	0.646	10.02
4.040	0.226	5.378	0.675	10.34
4.988	0.219	5.618	0.710	10.69
6.232	0.213	5.877	0.749	11.08
7.950	0.206	6.157	0.795	11.50
10.537	0.199	6.461	0.848	11.97
15.268	0.193	6.791	0.909	12.49
19.640	0.192	6.795	0.910	12.50

 NODE 4937.00 : HGL = < 602.653>;EGL= < 602.778>;FLOWLINE= < 602.300>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4937.00 TO NODE 4937.00 IS CODE = 8
 UPSTREAM NODE 4937.00 ELEVATION = 602.30 (FLOW IS AT CRITICAL DEPTH)

 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):
 PIPE FLOW = 0.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
 FLOW VELOCITY = 2.84 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.125 FEET
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2*(0.125) = 0.025

NODE 4937.00 : HGL = < 602.803>;EGL= < 602.803>;FLOWLINE= < 602.300>

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:
 NODE NUMBER = 4937.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 602.30
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 602.65 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====
 END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

POST-PROJECT FLOW THROUGH EXISTING SYSTEM
DRAINAGE BASIN 3
(LATERAL NODES 4945-4937)

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
(Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)
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Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY
5620 Friars Road
San Diego, California 92110
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****
* HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE CENTER, J-17164-D *
* SYSTEM L (BASIN 4000B) - 100-YR LATERAL LINE NODES 4945-4937 *
* H:\17164\WATERRESOURCES\HYDRAULICS\PIPEFLOW\... *

FILE NAME: 4945R.LAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:32 03/20/2025

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM
NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE
(Note: "*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
4945.00-		6.22*	688.10	0.51	288.37
	} FRICTION				
4943.00-		1.82*	202.94	1.15 Dc	150.14
	} JUNCTION				
4943.00-		2.25*	166.79	0.17	14.22
	} FRICTION				
4940.00-		0.59*	12.36	0.27	8.74
	} JUNCTION				
4940.00-		0.35 Dc	7.81	0.19*	12.50
	} FRICTION				
4937.00-		0.35*Dc	7.81	0.35*Dc	7.81
	} CATCH BASIN				
4937.00-		0.50*	4.13	0.35 Dc	2.87

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST
CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCMA
DESIGN MANUALS.

NOTE: THERE IS NO CHANGE IN FLOW IN THE EXISTING LATERAL. THERE WAS MORE AREA TRIBUTARY TO THE LATERAL IN PHASE 1 (PRE-PROJECT CONDITION) SO THE POST-PROJECT CONDITION RESULTS IN THE SAME FLOW.

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 4945.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 594.00
 PIPE FLOW = 8.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 600.220 FEET

NODE 4945.00 : HGL = < 600.220>;EGL= < 600.605>;FLOWLINE= < 594.000>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4945.00 TO NODE 4943.00 IS CODE = 1
 UPSTREAM NODE 4943.00 ELEVATION = 598.56 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 8.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
 PIPE LENGTH = 22.84 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
 $SF=(Q/K)**2=((8.80)/(105.049))**2=0.00702$
 $HF=L*SF=(22.84)*(0.00702)=0.160$

NODE 4943.00 : HGL = < 600.380>;EGL= < 600.765>;FLOWLINE= < 598.560>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4943.00 TO NODE 4943.00 IS CODE = 5
 UPSTREAM NODE 4943.00 ELEVATION = 598.98 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	0.90	18.00	27.80	598.98	0.35	0.509
DOWNSTREAM	8.80	18.00	-	598.56	1.15	4.980
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	7.90==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==					

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION\ LOSSES$
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00007
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00702
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00355
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.014 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.077 FEET
 $JUNCTION\ LOSSES=(DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE\ LOSSES)$
 $JUNCTION\ LOSSES=(0.396)+(0.077)=0.473$

NODE 4943.00 : HGL = < 601.234>;EGL= < 601.239>;FLOWLINE= < 598.980>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4943.00 TO NODE 4940.00 IS CODE = 1
 UPSTREAM NODE 4940.00 ELEVATION = 600.62 (FLOW SEALS IN REACH)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 0.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 16.38 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 2.25

PRESSURE FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	2.254	0.509	2.259	166.79
7.541	1.500	0.509	1.504	83.59

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.17 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.35

ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.50

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
7.541	1.500	0.509	1.504	83.59
7.999	1.454	0.514	1.458	78.56
8.456	1.408	0.522	1.413	73.60
8.912	1.362	0.534	1.367	68.74
9.369	1.317	0.547	1.321	64.00
9.824	1.271	0.564	1.276	59.39
10.279	1.225	0.582	1.230	54.93
10.734	1.179	0.604	1.185	50.62
11.188	1.133	0.628	1.139	46.48
11.641	1.087	0.656	1.094	42.51
12.093	1.041	0.687	1.049	38.73
12.544	0.995	0.723	1.004	35.14
12.993	0.950	0.763	0.959	31.74
13.441	0.904	0.809	0.914	28.54
13.886	0.858	0.861	0.869	25.54
14.328	0.812	0.921	0.825	22.75
14.767	0.766	0.991	0.781	20.18
15.200	0.720	1.072	0.738	17.82
15.627	0.674	1.168	0.696	15.69
16.044	0.628	1.281	0.654	13.78
16.380	0.590	1.393	0.620	12.36

NODE 4940.00 : HGL = < 601.210>;EGL= < 601.240>;FLOWLINE= < 600.620>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4940.00 TO NODE 4940.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 4940.00 ELEVATION = 600.95 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)
(NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	0.90	18.00	56.10	600.95	0.35	6.797
DOWNSTREAM	0.90	18.00	-	600.62	0.35	1.393
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) -$

$Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.05942

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00069

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.03005

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.120 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(DY + HV1 - HV2) + (\text{ENTRANCE LOSSES})$

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(0.619) + (0.000) = 0.619$

 NODE 4940.00 : HGL = < 601.142>; EGL = < 601.860>; FLOWLINE = < 600.950>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4940.00 TO NODE 4937.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 4937.00 ELEVATION = 602.30 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 0.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 19.64 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.19 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.35

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.35

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.353	2.833	0.478	7.81
0.004	0.347	2.911	0.478	7.81
0.017	0.340	2.993	0.479	7.83
0.039	0.333	3.079	0.480	7.85
0.072	0.326	3.169	0.483	7.89
0.118	0.320	3.264	0.485	7.94
0.177	0.313	3.364	0.489	8.00
0.252	0.306	3.470	0.493	8.08
0.344	0.300	3.581	0.499	8.16
0.457	0.293	3.699	0.506	8.27
0.594	0.286	3.824	0.513	8.38
0.758	0.280	3.956	0.523	8.52
0.954	0.273	4.096	0.534	8.67

1.188	0.266	4.245	0.546	8.84
1.468	0.259	4.404	0.561	9.03
1.803	0.253	4.573	0.578	9.24
2.206	0.246	4.754	0.597	9.47
2.695	0.239	4.948	0.620	9.74
3.295	0.233	5.155	0.646	10.02
4.040	0.226	5.378	0.675	10.34
4.988	0.219	5.618	0.710	10.69
6.232	0.213	5.877	0.749	11.08
7.950	0.206	6.157	0.795	11.50
10.537	0.199	6.461	0.848	11.97
15.268	0.193	6.791	0.909	12.49
19.640	0.192	6.795	0.910	12.50

NODE 4937.00 : HGL = < 602.653>;EGL= < 602.778>;FLOWLINE= < 602.300>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4937.00 TO NODE 4937.00 IS CODE = 8
 UPSTREAM NODE 4937.00 ELEVATION = 602.30 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 0.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
 FLOW VELOCITY = 2.84 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.125 FEET
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2*(0.125) = 0.025

NODE 4937.00 : HGL = < 602.803>;EGL= < 602.803>;FLOWLINE= < 602.300>

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 4937.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 602.30
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 602.65 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====

END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

↑

**PHASE 1 (PRE-PROJECT) FLOW THROUGH
EXISTING SYSTEM
(LATERAL NODES 4892-4889)**

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
(Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)
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Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY
1223 University Avenue, Suite 240
Riverside, California 92507-3418
(909) 782-0707 Fax (909) 782-0723

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****
* HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE, J-16412 *
* SYSTEM L (BASIN 4000B) - 100-YR LATERAL LINE NODES 4892-4889 *
* H:\16412\HYDRO\HYDRAULICS\PIPEFLOW\... *

FILE NAME: 4892R.LAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:12 07/23/2012

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM
NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "*" indicates nodal point data used.)

		UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
4892.00-		3.48*	303.84	0.34	19.20
	} FRICTION				
4889.00-		2.86*	235.18	0.48 Dc	16.21
	} CATCH BASIN				
4889.00-		2.87*	234.05	0.48 Dc	5.89

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST
CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCMA
DESIGN MANUALS.

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 4892.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 597.68
PIPE FLOW = 1.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 601.160 FEET

NODE 4892.00 : HGL = < 601.160>; EGL = < 601.173>; FLOWLINE = < 597.680>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4892.00 TO NODE 4889.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4889.00 ELEVATION = 598.31 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 1.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 31.50 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((1.60)/(105.369))**2 = 0.00023
HF=L*SF = (31.50)*(0.00023) = 0.007

NODE 4889.00 : HGL = < 601.167>; EGL = < 601.180>; FLOWLINE = < 598.310>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4889.00 TO NODE 4889.00 IS CODE = 8

```

UPSTREAM NODE  4889.00      ELEVATION =   598.31  (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)
-----
CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):
PIPE FLOW =      1.60 CFS          PIPE DIAMETER =   18.00 INCHES
FLOW VELOCITY =   0.91 FEET/SEC.    VELOCITY HEAD =   0.013 FEET
CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2*(  0.013) =   0.003
-----
NODE  4889.00 : HGL = <  601.183>;EGL= <  601.183>;FLOWLINE= <  598.310>

*****
UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:
NODE NUMBER =  4889.00      FLOWLINE ELEVATION =   598.31
ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL =   598.78 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====
END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

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POST-PROJECT FLOW THROUGH EXISTING SYSTEM
DRAINAGE BASIN 4
(LATERAL NODES 4892 - 4889)

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
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Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY
5620 Friars Road
San Diego, California 92110
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****

* HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE, J-17164 *
* SYSTEM L (BASIN 4000B) - 100-YR LATERAL LINE NODES 4892-4889 *
* H:\17164\WATERRESOURCES\HYDRAULICS\PIPEFLOW\... *

FILE NAME: 4892R.LAT

TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:49 03/20/2025

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM

NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "*" indicates nodal point data used.)

		UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
NODE	MODEL	PRESSURE	PRESSURE+	FLOW	PRESSURE+
NUMBER	PROCESS	HEAD(FT)	MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	DEPTH(FT)	MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
4892.00-		3.48*	309.63	0.45	38.96
	} FRICTION				
4889.00-		2.87*	242.63	0.64 Dc	33.17
	} CATCH BASIN				
4889.00-		2.92*	239.19	0.64 Dc	11.83

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST
CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCMA
DESIGN MANUALS.

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 4892.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 597.68
PIPE FLOW = 2.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 601.160 FEET

NOTE: THE ANALYSIS FLOW
COMBINES THE EXISTING 1.6
CFS ENTERING THE EXISTING
CURB INLET ON COUNTRY
LIVING WAY AND THE UPDATED
POST-PROJECT PEAK FLOW OF
1.2 CFS FROM BASIN 4.

NODE 4892.00 : HGL = < 601.160>; EGL = < 601.199>; FLOWLINE = < 597.680>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4892.00 TO NODE 4889.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4889.00 ELEVATION = 598.31 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 2.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 31.50 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
 $SF = (Q/K)^{**2} = ((2.80)/(105.144))^{**2} = 0.00071$
 $HF = L * SF = (31.50) * (0.00071) = 0.022$

NODE 4889.00 : HGL = < 601.182>;EGL= < 601.221>;FLOWLINE= < 598.310>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4889.00 TO NODE 4889.00 IS CODE = 8
UPSTREAM NODE 4889.00 ELEVATION = 598.31 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 2.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
FLOW VELOCITY = 1.59 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.039 FEET
CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2*(0.039) = 0.008

NODE 4889.00 : HGL = < 601.229>;EGL= < 601.229>;FLOWLINE= < 598.310>

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 4889.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 598.31
ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 598.95 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====

END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

↑

**PHASE 1 (PRE-PROJECT) FLOW THROUGH
EXISTING SYSTEM
(LATERAL NODES 5506 - 5504.3)**

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Analysis prepared by:

Rick Engineering Company
5620 Friars Road
San Diego, CA 92110
(619) 291-0707

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****

* HARMONY GROVE J-16412-W *
* SYSTEM C (BASIN 5000B)- NODE 5506 PROP COND 100-YR 6-HR *
* DATE: 20120319 *

FILE NAME: 5506.LAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 13:35 07/25/2012

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM
NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "*" indicates nodal point data used.)

		UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
5506.00-		2.66*	214.57	0.44	21.20
	} FRICTION				
5512.10-		1.90*	130.31	0.52 Dc	20.18
	} JUNCTION				
5512.10-		1.60*	98.02	0.43	21.40
	} FRICTION				
5505.00-		1.25*	60.66	0.52 Dc	20.18
	} JUNCTION				
5505.00-		1.06*	40.31	0.28	7.13
	} FRICTION				
5504.10-		0.33*Dc	6.73	0.33*Dc	6.73
	} JUNCTION				
5504.10-		0.33 Dc	6.73	0.23*	8.34
	} FRICTION				
5504.20-		0.33 Dc	6.73	0.17*	11.77
	} JUNCTION				
5504.20-		0.33 Dc	6.73	0.15*	13.94
	} FRICTION				
5504.30-		0.33*Dc	6.73	0.33*Dc	6.73
	} CATCH BASIN				
5504.30-		0.47*	3.56	0.33 Dc	2.47

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST
CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA
DESIGN MANUALS.

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 5506.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 592.71
PIPE FLOW = 1.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 595.370 FEET

```

NODE 5506.00 : HGL = < 595.370>;EGL= < 595.388>;FLOWLINE= < 592.710>

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5506.00 TO NODE 5512.10 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 5512.10 ELEVATION = 593.50 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)
-----
CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):
PIPE FLOW = 1.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 79.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
SF=(Q/K)**2 = (( 1.90)/(( 104.977))**2 = 0.00033
HF=L*SF = ( 79.00)*(0.00033) = 0.026
-----
NODE 5512.10 : HGL = < 595.396>;EGL= < 595.414>;FLOWLINE= < 593.500>

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5512.10 TO NODE 5512.10 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 5512.10 ELEVATION = 593.83 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)
-----
CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:
PIPE FLOW DIAMETER ANGLE FLOWLINE CRITICAL VELOCITY
(CFS) (INCHES) (DEGREES) ELEVATION DEPTH(FT.) (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM 1.90 18.00 90.00 593.83 0.52 1.075
DOWNSTREAM 1.90 18.00 - 593.50 0.52 1.077
LATERAL #1 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.000
LATERAL #2 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.000
Q5 0.00==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===

LACFCD AND OCCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:
DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-
Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES
UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00033
DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00033
AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00033
JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET
FRICTION LOSSES = 0.001 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET
JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 0.037)+( 0.000) = 0.037
-----
NODE 5512.10 : HGL = < 595.433>;EGL= < 595.451>;FLOWLINE= < 593.830>

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5512.10 TO NODE 5505.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 5505.00 ELEVATION = 594.19 (FLOW SEALS IN REACH)
-----
CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):
PIPE FLOW = 1.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 33.50 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
=====
DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.60
=====
PRESSURE FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:
-----
DISTANCE FROM PRESSURE VELOCITY SPECIFIC PRESSURE+
CONTROL(FT) HEAD(FT) (FT/SEC) ENERGY(FT) MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000 1.603 1.075 1.621 98.02
9.889 1.500 1.075 1.518 86.66
-----
NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.42 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.52
=====
ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.50
=====
GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:
-----

```

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
9.889	1.500	1.075	1.518	86.66
13.622	1.461	1.083	1.479	82.38
17.327	1.422	1.097	1.440	78.16
21.015	1.382	1.115	1.402	74.02
24.690	1.343	1.138	1.363	69.98
28.353	1.304	1.165	1.325	66.04
32.005	1.265	1.195	1.287	62.20
33.500	1.248	1.208	1.271	60.66

 NODE 5505.00 : HGL = < 595.438>;EGL= < 595.461>;FLOWLINE= < 594.190>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5505.00 TO NODE 5505.00 IS CODE = 5
 UPSTREAM NODE 5505.00 ELEVATION = 594.42 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	0.80	18.00	0.00	594.42	0.33	0.595
DOWNSTREAM	1.90	18.00	-	594.19	0.52	1.209
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	1.10===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) -$

$Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00008

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00032

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00020

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.001 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.005 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.023) + (0.005) = 0.028

 NODE 5505.00 : HGL = < 595.484>;EGL= < 595.489>;FLOWLINE= < 594.420>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5505.00 TO NODE 5504.10 IS CODE = 1
 UPSTREAM NODE 5504.10 ELEVATION = 595.89 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 0.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 135.37 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

 HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.27 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.33

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.33

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.331	2.767	0.450	6.73
0.015	0.328	2.794	0.450	6.73
0.042	0.326	2.821	0.450	6.73
0.081	0.324	2.849	0.450	6.74
0.135	0.322	2.878	0.450	6.74
0.204	0.319	2.907	0.451	6.75

0.290	0.317	2.936	0.451	6.75
0.396	0.315	2.966	0.452	6.76
0.522	0.313	2.997	0.452	6.77
0.673	0.310	3.028	0.453	6.78
0.850	0.308	3.059	0.454	6.80
1.058	0.306	3.091	0.454	6.81
1.301	0.304	3.124	0.455	6.82
1.586	0.301	3.157	0.456	6.84
1.918	0.299	3.191	0.457	6.86
2.309	0.297	3.226	0.459	6.88
2.768	0.295	3.261	0.460	6.90
3.314	0.292	3.297	0.461	6.92
3.969	0.290	3.334	0.463	6.94
4.768	0.288	3.371	0.465	6.96
5.762	0.286	3.409	0.466	6.99
7.040	0.283	3.448	0.468	7.02
8.767	0.281	3.488	0.470	7.05
11.314	0.279	3.528	0.472	7.08
15.871	0.277	3.569	0.475	7.11
135.370	0.276	3.590	0.476	7.13

HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS
=====

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.06
=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.064	0.597	1.069	40.31
2.681	1.034	0.615	1.040	37.93
5.361	1.005	0.635	1.011	35.62
8.037	0.976	0.657	0.983	33.40
10.711	0.947	0.680	0.954	31.25
13.382	0.917	0.706	0.925	29.19
16.049	0.888	0.734	0.897	27.20
18.711	0.859	0.764	0.868	25.30
21.369	0.830	0.797	0.840	23.48
24.020	0.801	0.834	0.811	21.75
26.664	0.771	0.874	0.783	20.10
29.299	0.742	0.918	0.755	18.54
31.923	0.713	0.966	0.727	17.06
34.534	0.684	1.020	0.700	15.67
37.129	0.654	1.080	0.672	14.38
39.704	0.625	1.147	0.646	13.17
42.253	0.596	1.223	0.619	12.05
44.769	0.567	1.309	0.593	11.03
47.243	0.537	1.406	0.568	10.11
49.660	0.508	1.517	0.544	9.28
51.999	0.479	1.646	0.521	8.56
54.230	0.450	1.796	0.500	7.94
56.303	0.420	1.972	0.481	7.44
58.131	0.391	2.182	0.465	7.06
59.551	0.362	2.435	0.454	6.81
60.191	0.333	2.744	0.450	6.73
135.370	0.333	2.744	0.450	6.73

-----END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS-----

| PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 57.83 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 5505.00 |
DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 0.396 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 0.276 FEET

NODE 5504.10 : HGL = < 596.221>;EGL= < 596.340>;FLOWLINE= < 595.890>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5504.10 TO NODE 5504.10 IS CODE = 5
 UPSTREAM NODE 5504.10 ELEVATION = 596.22 (FLOW IS AT CRITICAL DEPTH)
 (NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	0.80	18.00	90.00	596.22	0.33	4.756
DOWNSTREAM	0.80	18.00	-	595.89	0.33	2.768
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==					

LACFCD AND OCCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-
 Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.02374
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00511
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.01442
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.058 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.458)+(0.000) = 0.458

 NODE 5504.10 : HGL = < 596.447>;EGL= < 596.798>;FLOWLINE= < 596.220>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5504.10 TO NODE 5504.20 IS CODE = 1
 UPSTREAM NODE 5504.20 ELEVATION = 596.67 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 0.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
 PIPE LENGTH = 22.12 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.24 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.33
 =====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.17
 =====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.169	7.285	0.994	11.77
0.593	0.172	7.121	0.960	11.53
1.200	0.175	6.964	0.928	11.30
1.822	0.177	6.812	0.898	11.09
2.460	0.180	6.666	0.870	10.88
3.115	0.183	6.525	0.844	10.68
3.790	0.185	6.389	0.819	10.49
4.487	0.188	6.258	0.796	10.31
5.209	0.190	6.132	0.775	10.14
5.957	0.193	6.009	0.754	9.97
6.737	0.196	5.891	0.735	9.81
7.552	0.198	5.777	0.717	9.65
8.408	0.201	5.666	0.700	9.50
9.311	0.204	5.559	0.684	9.36
10.269	0.206	5.456	0.669	9.23
11.294	0.209	5.356	0.655	9.09
12.399	0.212	5.259	0.641	8.97
13.605	0.214	5.164	0.629	8.85
14.936	0.217	5.073	0.617	8.73
16.434	0.220	4.984	0.606	8.62
18.158	0.222	4.898	0.595	8.51

20.212	0.225	4.815	0.585	8.41
22.120	0.227	4.755	0.578	8.34

NODE 5504.20 : HGL = < 596.839>;EGL= < 597.664>;FLOWLINE= < 596.670>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5504.20 TO NODE 5504.20 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 5504.20 ELEVATION = 597.00 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	0.80	18.00	0.00	597.00	0.33	8.771
DOWNSTREAM	0.80	18.00	-	596.67	0.33	7.287
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:
 $DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$
UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.13627
DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.08019
AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.10823
JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET
FRICTION LOSSES = 0.433 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET
JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.680)+(0.000) = 0.680

NODE 5504.20 : HGL = < 597.149>;EGL= < 598.344>;FLOWLINE= < 597.000>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5504.20 TO NODE 5504.30 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 5504.30 ELEVATION = 600.70 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 0.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 22.05 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.14 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.33

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.33

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.333	2.744	0.450	6.73
0.002	0.325	2.836	0.450	6.73
0.009	0.317	2.933	0.451	6.75
0.021	0.310	3.037	0.453	6.79
0.040	0.302	3.147	0.456	6.83
0.065	0.294	3.264	0.460	6.90
0.099	0.287	3.389	0.465	6.98
0.141	0.279	3.523	0.472	7.07
0.194	0.272	3.666	0.480	7.19
0.260	0.264	3.820	0.491	7.33
0.340	0.256	3.984	0.503	7.48
0.437	0.249	4.162	0.518	7.67
0.555	0.241	4.353	0.536	7.87
0.697	0.233	4.561	0.557	8.11
0.870	0.226	4.786	0.582	8.38
1.079	0.218	5.030	0.611	8.68

1.335	0.211	5.297	0.647	9.02
1.649	0.203	5.589	0.688	9.40
2.040	0.195	5.909	0.738	9.83
2.535	0.188	6.263	0.797	10.32
3.174	0.180	6.654	0.868	10.86
4.028	0.172	7.088	0.953	11.48
5.228	0.165	7.573	1.056	12.18
7.068	0.157	8.118	1.181	12.98
10.499	0.150	8.732	1.334	13.89
22.050	0.149	8.768	1.344	13.94

 NODE 5504.30 : HGL = < 601.033>;EGL= < 601.150>;FLOWLINE= < 600.700>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5504.30 TO NODE 5504.30 IS CODE = 8
 UPSTREAM NODE 5504.30 ELEVATION = 600.70 (FLOW IS AT CRITICAL DEPTH)

 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):
 PIPE FLOW = 0.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
 FLOW VELOCITY = 2.74 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.117 FEET
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2*(0.117) = 0.023

NODE 5504.30 : HGL = < 601.173>;EGL= < 601.173>;FLOWLINE= < 600.700>

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:
 NODE NUMBER = 5504.30 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 600.70
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 601.03 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====

END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

POST-PROJECT FLOW THROUGH EXISTING SYSTEM
DRAINAGE BASIN 5
(LATERAL NODES 5506 - 5504.3)

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
(Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)
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Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY
5620 Friars Road
San Diego, California 92110
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****

* HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE CENTER, J-17164 *
* SYSTEM C (BASIN 5000B)- NODE 5506 PROP COND 100-YR 6-HR *
* H;\17164\WATERRESOURCES\HYDRAULICS\PIPEFLOW\... *

FILE NAME: 5506.LAT

TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 18:33 07/31/2025

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM

NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "*" indicates nodal point data used.)

		UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
NODE	MODEL	PRESSURE	PRESSURE+	FLOW	PRESSURE+
NUMBER	PROCESS	HEAD(FT)	MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	DEPTH(FT)	MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
5506.00-		2.66*	225.63	0.62	49.68
	} FRICTION				
5512.10-		1.97*	149.32	0.73 Dc	47.54
	} JUNCTION				
5512.10-		1.78*	128.49	0.61	50.04
	} FRICTION				
5505.00-		1.46*	93.34	0.73 Dc	47.54
	} JUNCTION				
5505.00-		1.32*	71.11	0.50	32.02
	} FRICTION				
5504.10-		0.61*Dc	30.16	0.61*Dc	30.16
	} JUNCTION				
5504.10-		0.72	31.59	0.36*	42.95
	} FRICTION				
5504.20-		0.61 Dc	30.16	0.28*	57.77
	} JUNCTION				
5504.20-		0.61 Dc	30.16	0.26*	63.78
	} FRICTION				
5504.30-		0.61*Dc	30.16	0.61*Dc	30.16
	} CATCH BASIN				

5504.30- 0.89* 16.14 0.61 Dc 10.79

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST
CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCMA
DESIGN MANUALS.

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 5506.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 592.71
PIPE FLOW = 3.70 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 595.370 FEET

NOTE: THE ANALYSIS FLOW
COMBINES THE 1.1 CFS
ENTERING THE EXISTING
GRATE INLETS IN THE ALLEY
CONNECTING TO TRAIL BLAZER
WAY (EXISTING CONDITION
NODE 5505) AND THE UPDATED
POST-PROJECT PEAK FLOW OF
2.6 CFS FROM BASIN 5.

NODE 5506.00 : HGL = < 595.370>; EGL = < 595.438>; FLOWLINE = < 592.710>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5506.00 TO NODE 5512.10 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 5512.10 ELEVATION = 593.50 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 3.70 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 79.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
 $SF = (Q/K)^{**2} = ((3.70)/(105.039))^{**2} = 0.00124$
 $HF = L * SF = (79.00) * (0.00124) = 0.098$

NODE 5512.10 : HGL = < 595.468>; EGL = < 595.536>; FLOWLINE = < 593.500>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5512.10 TO NODE 5512.10 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 5512.10 ELEVATION = 593.83 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	3.70	18.00	90.00	593.83	0.73	2.093
DOWNSTREAM	3.70	18.00	-	593.50	0.73	2.093
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==				

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 * V2 - Q1 * V1 * \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 * V3 * \cos(\Delta 3) -$

$Q4 * V4 * \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) * 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00124

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00124

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00124

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.005 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(DY + HV1 - HV2) + (\text{ENTRANCE LOSSES})$

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(0.141) + (0.000) = 0.141$

NODE 5512.10 : HGL = < 595.609>;EGL= < 595.677>;FLOWLINE= < 593.830>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5512.10 TO NODE 5505.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 5505.00 ELEVATION = 594.19 (FLOW SEALS IN REACH)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 3.70 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 33.50 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

=====

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.78

=====

PRESSURE FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.779	2.094	1.847	128.49
29.363	1.500	2.094	1.568	97.72

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.60 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.73

=====

ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.50

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
29.363	1.500	2.093	1.568	97.72
32.487	1.469	2.103	1.538	94.42
33.500	1.459	2.109	1.528	93.34

NODE 5505.00 : HGL = < 595.649>;EGL= < 595.718>;FLOWLINE= < 594.190>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5505.00 TO NODE 5505.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 5505.00 ELEVATION = 594.42 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	2.60	18.00	0.00	594.42	0.61	1.580
DOWNSTREAM	3.70	18.00	-	594.19	0.73	2.110
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	1.10	==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==				

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00055
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00110
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00082
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.003 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.014 FEET
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.044)+(0.014) = 0.058

NODE 5505.00 : HGL = < 595.738>;EGL= < 595.776>;FLOWLINE= < 594.420>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5505.00 TO NODE 5504.10 IS CODE = 1
 UPSTREAM NODE 5504.10 ELEVATION = 595.89 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):
 PIPE FLOW = 2.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
 PIPE LENGTH = 135.37 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.50 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.61

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.61

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.611	3.843	0.841	30.16
0.011	0.607	3.881	0.841	30.16
0.047	0.602	3.920	0.841	30.17
0.109	0.597	3.960	0.841	30.18
0.201	0.593	4.001	0.842	30.20
0.324	0.588	4.042	0.842	30.23
0.483	0.584	4.084	0.843	30.26
0.681	0.579	4.127	0.844	30.30
0.922	0.575	4.171	0.845	30.34
1.214	0.570	4.216	0.846	30.39
1.561	0.566	4.262	0.848	30.45
1.971	0.561	4.308	0.850	30.51
2.455	0.557	4.356	0.851	30.58
3.024	0.552	4.404	0.853	30.66
3.694	0.548	4.454	0.856	30.74
4.482	0.543	4.504	0.858	30.83
5.416	0.538	4.556	0.861	30.93
6.529	0.534	4.609	0.864	31.03
7.869	0.529	4.663	0.867	31.15
9.508	0.525	4.718	0.871	31.27
11.555	0.520	4.774	0.874	31.40
14.194	0.516	4.831	0.878	31.53

17.768	0.511	4.890	0.883	31.68
23.053	0.507	4.950	0.887	31.83
32.531	0.502	5.012	0.892	31.99
135.370	0.501	5.024	0.893	32.02

HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

=====

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.32

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.318	1.580	1.356	71.11
2.609	1.289	1.608	1.329	68.38
5.207	1.261	1.639	1.303	65.71
7.793	1.233	1.673	1.276	63.11
10.366	1.205	1.709	1.250	60.58
12.927	1.176	1.748	1.224	58.13
15.474	1.148	1.791	1.198	55.75
18.006	1.120	1.837	1.172	53.46
20.521	1.091	1.887	1.147	51.25
23.017	1.063	1.941	1.122	49.12
25.492	1.035	1.999	1.097	47.09
27.943	1.007	2.061	1.073	45.15
30.366	0.978	2.129	1.049	43.30
32.758	0.950	2.202	1.026	41.55
35.113	0.922	2.282	1.003	39.91
37.423	0.894	2.368	0.981	38.37
39.682	0.865	2.461	0.960	36.94
41.878	0.837	2.563	0.939	35.63
43.998	0.809	2.675	0.920	34.44
46.024	0.781	2.796	0.902	33.38
47.932	0.752	2.930	0.886	32.45
49.689	0.724	3.077	0.871	31.66
51.250	0.696	3.239	0.859	31.03
52.544	0.668	3.419	0.849	30.56
53.466	0.639	3.619	0.843	30.26
53.835	0.611	3.843	0.841	30.16
135.370	0.611	3.843	0.841	30.16

-----END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS-----

| PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 48.91 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 5505.00 |
| DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 0.737 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 0.502 FEET |

NODE 5504.10 : HGL = < 596.501>;EGL= < 596.731>;FLOWLINE= < 595.890>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5504.10 TO NODE 5504.10 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 5504.10 ELEVATION = 596.22 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)
(NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	2.60	18.00	90.00	596.22	0.61	7.922
DOWNSTREAM	2.60	18.00	-	595.89	0.61	3.844
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

Q5 0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-

Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.03772

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00505

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.02138

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.086 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.826)+(0.000) = 0.826

 NODE 5504.10 : HGL = < 596.582>;EGL= < 597.556>;FLOWLINE= < 596.220>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5504.10 TO NODE 5504.20 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 5504.20 ELEVATION = 596.67 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 2.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 22.12 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.42 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.61

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.28

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.285	11.127	2.209	57.77
1.310	0.290	10.825	2.111	56.33
2.647	0.296	10.537	2.021	54.96
4.013	0.301	10.262	1.938	53.66
5.412	0.307	9.999	1.860	52.43
6.847	0.312	9.747	1.789	51.25
8.321	0.318	9.507	1.722	50.13
9.840	0.323	9.276	1.661	49.06
11.408	0.329	9.056	1.603	48.05
13.031	0.335	8.844	1.550	47.08
14.718	0.340	8.640	1.500	46.16

16.476	0.346	8.445	1.454	45.28
18.318	0.351	8.258	1.411	44.44
20.257	0.357	8.077	1.370	43.64
22.120	0.362	7.919	1.336	42.95

NODE 5504.20 : HGL = < 596.955>;EGL= < 598.879>;FLOWLINE= < 596.670>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5504.20 TO NODE 5504.20 IS CODE = 5
 UPSTREAM NODE 5504.20 ELEVATION = 597.00 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	2.60	18.00	0.00	597.00	0.61	12.378
DOWNSTREAM	2.60	18.00	-	596.67	0.61	11.131
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) -$

$Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.13328

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.09862

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.11595

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.464 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(DY + HV1 - HV2) + (\text{ENTRANCE LOSSES})$

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.765) + (0.000) = 0.765

NODE 5504.20 : HGL = < 597.265>;EGL= < 599.644>;FLOWLINE= < 597.000>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5504.20 TO NODE 5504.30 IS CODE = 1
 UPSTREAM NODE 5504.30 ELEVATION = 600.70 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 2.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 22.05 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.25 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.61

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.61

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.611	3.843	0.841	30.16

0.004	0.597	3.967	0.841	30.19
0.017	0.582	4.100	0.843	30.27
0.041	0.568	4.241	0.847	30.42
0.077	0.553	4.391	0.853	30.64
0.125	0.539	4.551	0.861	30.92
0.190	0.524	4.722	0.871	31.28
0.272	0.510	4.906	0.884	31.72
0.375	0.496	5.103	0.900	32.24
0.502	0.481	5.315	0.920	32.86
0.657	0.467	5.543	0.944	33.58
0.847	0.452	5.789	0.973	34.41
1.076	0.438	6.056	1.008	35.36
1.355	0.423	6.346	1.049	36.44
1.692	0.409	6.661	1.098	37.67
2.103	0.394	7.006	1.157	39.06
2.606	0.380	7.383	1.227	40.64
3.227	0.366	7.798	1.310	42.42
4.003	0.351	8.255	1.410	44.43
4.987	0.337	8.762	1.530	46.71
6.264	0.322	9.326	1.674	49.29
7.977	0.308	9.956	1.848	52.23
10.394	0.293	10.665	2.061	55.57
14.120	0.279	11.465	2.321	59.39
21.099	0.265	12.376	2.644	63.79
22.050	0.265	12.374	2.644	63.78

 NODE 5504.30 : HGL = < 601.311>;EGL= < 601.541>;FLOWLINE= < 600.700>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5504.30 TO NODE 5504.30 IS CODE = 8
 UPSTREAM NODE 5504.30 ELEVATION = 600.70 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):
 PIPE FLOW = 2.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
 FLOW VELOCITY = 3.84 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.229 FEET
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2*(0.229) = 0.046

NODE 5504.30 : HGL = < 601.586>;EGL= < 601.586>;FLOWLINE= < 600.700>

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:
 NODE NUMBER = 5504.30 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 600.70
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 601.31 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====
 END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

↑

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
(Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)
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Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY
5620 Friars Road
San Diego, California 92110
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****

* HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE, J-16412 *
* SYSTEM L (BASIN 4000B) - 100 YEAR MAIN LINE *
* H:\16412\HYDRO\HYDRAULICS\PIPEFLOW\... *

FILE NAME: 4966PH1.PIP
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:15 03/21/2025

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM

NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "*" indicates nodal point data used.)

		UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
4966.00-		10.59*	10626.83	2.33	2116.55
	} FRICTION				
4964.00-		10.45*	10452.79	2.29	2127.20
	} JUNCTION				
4964.00-		10.35*	10335.50	2.42	2092.30
	} FRICTION				
4960.00-		10.10*	10027.17	2.62 Dc	2072.96
	} JUNCTION				
4960.00-		10.14*	9912.75	2.22	1781.50
	} FRICTION				
4945.00-		9.55*	9186.62	2.24	1776.85
	} FRICTION+BEND				
4945.00-		9.31*	8896.73	2.39	1757.57
	} FRICTION				
4945.00-		9.29*	8876.91	2.44 Dc	1756.07
	} JUNCTION				
4945.00-		9.26*	7441.20	1.65	1697.08
	} FRICTION				
4895.00-		8.80*	6983.73	1.66	1687.26
	} FRICTION+BEND				

4895.00-	8.37*	6561.65	1.68	1670.51
} FRICTION+BEND				
4895.00-	7.94*	6139.56	1.71	1644.65
} FRICTION				
4895.00-	6.77*	4977.29	2.01	1491.23
} JUNCTION				
4895.00-	6.68*	4882.18	2.12	1464.85
} FRICTION				
4892.00-	5.81*	4023.80	2.03	1485.79
} JUNCTION				
4892.00-	5.62*	3413.89	2.27	1427.65
} FRICTION				
4730.00-	5.59*	3386.03	2.23	1430.48
} FRICTION+BEND				
4730.00-	5.46*	3290.17	2.26	1428.37
} FRICTION				
4730.00-	5.41*	3249.26	2.35 Dc	1424.68
} JUNCTION				
4730.00-	5.23*	2995.62	1.91	1274.02
} FRICTION				
4720.00-	4.42*	2354.53	1.22	1886.28
} JUNCTION				
4720.00-	3.10	1368.18	1.28*	1727.24
} FRICTION				
4677.00-	2.28 Dc	1181.86	1.30*	1703.12
} JUNCTION				
4677.00-	2.59	1071.09	1.09*	1697.07
} FRICTION				
4675.00-	2.17 Dc	1020.92	1.28*	1407.00
} JUNCTION				
4675.00-	2.09 Dc	931.38	1.16*	1390.04
} FRICTION				
4670.00-	2.09*Dc	931.38	2.09*Dc	931.38
} JUNCTION				
4670.00-	3.50*	1310.93	1.51	1122.26
} FRICTION				
4660.00-	3.04*	1222.08	1.56	1099.47
} JUNCTION				
4660.00-	3.79*	1175.40	1.18	1086.34
} FRICTION				
4650.00-	1.89*Dc	816.18	1.89*Dc	816.18
} JUNCTION				
4650.00-	4.92*	965.27	1.34	359.17
} FRICTION				
4645.00-	4.63*	909.94	1.52 Dc	351.42
} JUNCTION				
4645.00-	4.75*	548.84	1.16	177.39
} FRICTION				
4635.00-	4.72*	545.69	1.21 Dc	176.83
} JUNCTION				

4635.00-	4.82*	512.41	0.95	125.38
} FRICTION				
4630.00-	4.64*	492.05	1.06 Dc	122.91
} JUNCTION				
4630.00-	4.64*	457.33	0.55	93.62
} FRICTION				
4625.00-	2.02*	168.40	0.87 Dc	72.26
} JUNCTION				
4625.00-	1.89*	132.67	0.46	33.78
} FRICTION				
4615.00-	1.29*	68.77	0.61 Dc	30.16
} JUNCTION				
4615.00-	1.06*	48.58	0.50	32.06
} FRICTION				
4604.00-	0.61*Dc	30.16	0.61*Dc	30.16
} CATCH BASIN				
4604.00-	0.89*	16.14	0.61 Dc	10.79

 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST
 CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCMA
 DESIGN MANUALS.

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 4966.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 589.22
 PIPE FLOW = 85.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 60.00 INCHES
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 599.810 FEET

 NODE 4966.00 : HGL = < 599.810>; EGL = < 600.102>; FLOWLINE = < 589.220>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4966.00 TO NODE 4964.00 IS CODE = 1
 UPSTREAM NODE 4964.00 ELEVATION = 589.40 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 85.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 60.00 INCHES
 PIPE LENGTH = 35.58 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
 $SF = (Q/K)**2 = ((85.10)/(2605.238))**2 = 0.00107$
 $HF = L*SF = (35.58)*(0.00107) = 0.038$

 NODE 4964.00 : HGL = < 599.848>; EGL = < 600.140>; FLOWLINE = < 589.400>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4964.00 TO NODE 4964.00 IS CODE = 5
 UPSTREAM NODE 4964.00 ELEVATION = 589.50 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW	DIAMETER	ANGLE	FLOWLINE	CRITICAL	VELOCITY
	(CFS)	(INCHES)	(DEGREES)	ELEVATION	DEPTH(FT.)	(FT/SEC)

UPSTREAM	85.10	60.00	0.00	589.50	2.62	4.334
DOWNSTREAM	85.10	60.00	-	589.40	2.62	4.334
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) -$

$Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00107

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00107

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00107

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.004 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(DY + HV1 - HV2) + (\text{ENTRANCE LOSSES})$

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(0.004) + (0.000) = 0.004$

 NODE 4964.00 : HGL = < 599.852>; EGL = < 600.144>; FLOWLINE = < 589.500>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4964.00 TO NODE 4960.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 4960.00 ELEVATION = 589.82 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 85.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 60.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 64.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

$SF = (Q/K)^{**2} = ((85.10) / (2603.877))^{**2} = 0.00107$

$HF = L \cdot SF = (64.00) \cdot (0.00107) = 0.068$

 NODE 4960.00 : HGL = < 599.921>; EGL = < 600.212>; FLOWLINE = < 589.820>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4960.00 TO NODE 4960.00 IS CODE = 5

UPSTREAM NODE 4960.00 ELEVATION = 589.92 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	74.90	60.00	6.40	589.92	2.45	3.815
DOWNSTREAM	85.10	60.00	-	589.82	2.62	4.334
LATERAL #1	7.20	18.00	90.00	593.42	1.04	4.074
LATERAL #2	3.00	18.00	90.00	593.42	0.66	1.698
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) -$

$Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00083

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00107

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00095

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET
FRICTION LOSSES = 0.004 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET
JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.072)+(0.000) = 0.072

NODE 4960.00 : HGL = < 600.059>;EGL= < 600.285>;FLOWLINE= < 589.920>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4960.00 TO NODE 4945.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4945.00 ELEVATION = 590.63 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):
PIPE FLOW = 74.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 60.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 141.92 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
 $SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((74.90)/(2604.498))**2 = 0.00083$
 $HF=L*SF = (141.92)*(0.00083) = 0.117$

NODE 4945.00 : HGL = < 600.176>;EGL= < 600.402>;FLOWLINE= < 590.630>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4960.00 TO NODE 4945.00 IS CODE = 3
UPSTREAM NODE 4945.00 ELEVATION = 590.98 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE PIPE-BEND LOSSES(OCEMA):
PIPE FLOW = 74.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 60.00 INCHES
CENTRAL ANGLE = 88.400 DEGREES MANNING'S N = 0.01300
PIPE LENGTH = 69.39 FEET BEND COEFFICIENT(KB) = 0.24777
FLOW VELOCITY = 3.81 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.226 FEET
 $HB=KB*(VELOCITY HEAD) = (0.248)*(0.226) = 0.056$
 $SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((74.90)/(2603.754))**2 = 0.00083$
 $HF=L*SF = (69.39)*(0.00083) = 0.057$
TOTAL HEAD LOSSES = HB + HF = (0.056)+(0.057) = 0.113

NODE 4945.00 : HGL = < 600.289>;EGL= < 600.515>;FLOWLINE= < 590.980>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4960.00 TO NODE 4945.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4945.00 ELEVATION = 591.00 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):
PIPE FLOW = 74.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 60.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 4.63 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
 $SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((74.90)/(2619.910))**2 = 0.00082$
 $HF=L*SF = (4.63)*(0.00082) = 0.004$

NODE 4945.00 : HGL = < 600.293>;EGL= < 600.519>;FLOWLINE= < 591.000>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4945.00 TO NODE 4945.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 4945.00 ELEVATION = 591.10 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	63.30	54.00	0.00	591.10	2.31	3.980
DOWNSTREAM	74.90	60.00	-	591.00	2.45	3.815
LATERAL #1	4.40	18.00	90.00	594.00	0.80	2.490
LATERAL #2	7.20	18.00	90.00	594.00	1.04	4.074

Q5 0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) -$

$Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00104

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00083

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00093

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.004 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(DY + HV1 - HV2) + (\text{ENTRANCE LOSSES})$

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(0.083) + (0.000) = 0.083$

NODE 4945.00 : HGL = < 600.356>; EGL = < 600.602>; FLOWLINE = < 591.100>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4945.00 TO NODE 4895.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 4895.00 ELEVATION = 591.60 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 63.30 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 54.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 37.68 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

$SF = (Q/K)^{**2} = ((63.30)/(1967.518))^{**2} = 0.00104$

$HF = L \cdot SF = (37.68) \cdot (0.00104) = 0.039$

NODE 4895.00 : HGL = < 600.395>; EGL = < 600.641>; FLOWLINE = < 591.600>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4945.00 TO NODE 4895.00 IS CODE = 3

UPSTREAM NODE 4895.00 ELEVATION = 592.11 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE PIPE-BEND LOSSES(OCMA):

PIPE FLOW = 63.30 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 54.00 INCHES

CENTRAL ANGLE = 48.600 DEGREES MANNING'S N = 0.01300

PIPE LENGTH = 38.14 FEET BEND COEFFICIENT(KB) = 0.18371

FLOW VELOCITY = 3.98 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.246 FEET

$HB = KB \cdot (\text{VELOCITY HEAD}) = (0.184) \cdot (0.246) = 0.045$

$SF = (Q/K)^{**2} = ((63.30)/(1966.240))^{**2} = 0.00104$

$HF = L \cdot SF = (38.14) \cdot (0.00104) = 0.040$

TOTAL HEAD LOSSES = $HB + HF = (0.045) + (0.040) = 0.085$

NODE 4895.00 : HGL = < 600.480>; EGL = < 600.726>; FLOWLINE = < 592.110>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4945.00 TO NODE 4895.00 IS CODE = 3
UPSTREAM NODE 4895.00 ELEVATION = 592.62 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE PIPE-BEND LOSSES(OCEMA):

PIPE FLOW = 63.30 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 54.00 INCHES
CENTRAL ANGLE = 48.600 DEGREES MANNING'S N = 0.01300
PIPE LENGTH = 38.13 FEET BEND COEFFICIENT(KB) = 0.18371
FLOW VELOCITY = 3.98 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.246 FEET
HB=KB*(VELOCITY HEAD) = (0.184)*(0.246) = 0.045
SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((63.30)/(1965.983))**2 = 0.00104
HF=L*SF = (38.13)*(0.00104) = 0.040
TOTAL HEAD LOSSES = HB + HF = (0.045)+(0.040) = 0.085

NODE 4895.00 : HGL = < 600.564>;EGL= < 600.810>;FLOWLINE= < 592.620>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4945.00 TO NODE 4895.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4895.00 ELEVATION = 593.89 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 63.30 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 54.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 95.43 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((63.30)/(1966.521))**2 = 0.00104
HF=L*SF = (95.43)*(0.00104) = 0.099

NODE 4895.00 : HGL = < 600.663>;EGL= < 600.909>;FLOWLINE= < 593.890>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4895.00 TO NODE 4895.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 4895.00 ELEVATION = 593.99 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	63.30	54.00	0.00	593.99	2.31	3.980
DOWNSTREAM	63.30	54.00	-	593.89	2.31	3.980
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-
Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00104

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00104

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00104

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.004 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.004)+(0.000) = 0.004

NODE 4895.00 : HGL = < 600.667>;EGL= < 600.913>;FLOWLINE= < 593.990>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4895.00 TO NODE 4892.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4892.00 ELEVATION = 595.08 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 63.30 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 54.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 217.24 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((63.30)/(1966.474))**2 = 0.00104
HF=L*SF = (217.24)*(0.00104) = 0.225

NODE 4892.00 : HGL = < 600.893>;EGL= < 601.139>;FLOWLINE= < 595.080>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4892.00 TO NODE 4892.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 4892.00 ELEVATION = 595.18 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	61.00	48.00	0.00	595.18	2.35	4.854
DOWNSTREAM	63.30	54.00	-	595.08	2.31	3.980
LATERAL #1	1.50	18.00	90.00	597.67	0.46	0.849
LATERAL #2	0.80	18.00	90.00	597.67	0.33	0.453
Q5	0.00==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==					

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-

Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00180

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00104

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00142

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.006 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.029)+(0.000) = 0.029

NODE 4892.00 : HGL = < 600.802>;EGL= < 601.168>;FLOWLINE= < 595.180>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4892.00 TO NODE 4730.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4730.00 ELEVATION = 595.24 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 61.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 48.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 13.57 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

$SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((61.00)/(1436.341))**2 = 0.00180$
 $HF=L*SF = (13.57)*(0.00180) = 0.024$

 NODE 4730.00 : HGL = < 600.826>;EGL= < 601.192>;FLOWLINE= < 595.240>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4892.00 TO NODE 4730.00 IS CODE = 3
 UPSTREAM NODE 4730.00 ELEVATION = 595.57 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE PIPE-BEND LOSSES(OCEMA):

PIPE FLOW = 61.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 48.00 INCHES
 CENTRAL ANGLE = 85.600 DEGREES MANNING'S N = 0.01300
 PIPE LENGTH = 65.74 FEET BEND COEFFICIENT(KB) = 0.24381
 FLOW VELOCITY = 4.85 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.366 FEET
 $HB=KB*(VELOCITY HEAD) = (0.244)*(0.366) = 0.089$
 $SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((61.00)/(1436.453))**2 = 0.00180$
 $HF=L*SF = (65.74)*(0.00180) = 0.119$
 TOTAL HEAD LOSSES = HB + HF = (0.089)+(0.119) = 0.208

 NODE 4730.00 : HGL = < 601.034>;EGL= < 601.400>;FLOWLINE= < 595.570>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4892.00 TO NODE 4730.00 IS CODE = 1
 UPSTREAM NODE 4730.00 ELEVATION = 595.65 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 61.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 48.00 INCHES
 PIPE LENGTH = 15.44 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
 $SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((61.00)/(1436.749))**2 = 0.00180$
 $HF=L*SF = (15.44)*(0.00180) = 0.028$

 NODE 4730.00 : HGL = < 601.062>;EGL= < 601.428>;FLOWLINE= < 595.650>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4730.00 TO NODE 4730.00 IS CODE = 5
 UPSTREAM NODE 4730.00 ELEVATION = 595.98 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	54.60	48.00	0.00	595.98	2.22	4.345
DOWNSTREAM	61.00	48.00	-	595.65	2.35	4.854
LATERAL #1	6.40	18.00	90.00	598.15	0.98	3.622
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES$
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00144

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00180
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00162
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.006 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.079)+(0.000) = 0.079

 NODE 4730.00 : HGL = < 601.214>;EGL= < 601.507>;FLOWLINE= < 595.980>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4730.00 TO NODE 4720.00 IS CODE = 1
 UPSTREAM NODE 4720.00 ELEVATION = 597.13 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):
 PIPE FLOW = 54.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 48.00 INCHES
 PIPE LENGTH = 230.10 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
 $SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((54.60)/(1436.423))**2 = 0.00144$
 $HF=L*SF = (230.10)*(0.00144) = 0.332$

 NODE 4720.00 : HGL = < 601.546>;EGL= < 601.840>;FLOWLINE= < 597.130>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4720.00 TO NODE 4720.00 IS CODE = 5
 UPSTREAM NODE 4720.00 ELEVATION = 598.13 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)
 (NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	49.20	36.00	0.00	598.13	2.28	17.105
DOWNSTREAM	54.60	48.00	-	597.13	2.22	4.345
LATERAL #1	5.40	18.00	90.00	599.63	0.90	4.907
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

 LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:
 $DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES$
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.03793
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00144
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.01969
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.079 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (2.114)+(0.000) = 2.114

 NODE 4720.00 : HGL = < 599.410>;EGL= < 603.953>;FLOWLINE= < 598.130>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4720.00 TO NODE 4677.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 4677.00 ELEVATION = 600.17 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 49.20 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 51.29 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.26 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 2.28

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.30

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.296	16.816	5.690	1703.12
3.038	1.295	16.838	5.700	1705.04
6.211	1.294	16.861	5.711	1706.96
9.531	1.292	16.884	5.722	1708.90
13.013	1.291	16.907	5.732	1710.84
16.672	1.290	16.930	5.743	1712.78
20.525	1.288	16.953	5.754	1714.73
24.596	1.287	16.976	5.764	1716.69
28.907	1.286	16.999	5.775	1718.66
33.488	1.284	17.022	5.786	1720.62
38.375	1.283	17.045	5.797	1722.60
43.609	1.282	17.068	5.808	1724.58
49.242	1.280	17.092	5.819	1726.57
51.290	1.280	17.100	5.823	1727.24

NODE 4677.00 : HGL = < 601.466>; EGL = < 605.860>; FLOWLINE = < 600.170>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4677.00 TO NODE 4677.00 IS CODE = 5

UPSTREAM NODE 4677.00 ELEVATION = 600.50 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	44.20	36.00	0.00	600.50	2.17	19.046
DOWNSTREAM	49.20	36.00	-	600.17	2.28	16.821
LATERAL #1	5.00	18.00	90.00	602.00	0.86	4.770
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==					

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta3) -$

$Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.05514

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.03624

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.04569

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.183 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (1.364)+(0.000) = 1.364

NODE 4677.00 : HGL = < 601.590>;EGL= < 607.223>;FLOWLINE= < 600.500>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4677.00 TO NODE 4675.00 IS CODE = 1
 UPSTREAM NODE 4675.00 ELEVATION = 621.11 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):
 PIPE FLOW = 44.20 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES
 PIPE LENGTH = 364.16 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.08 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 2.17

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.28

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.285	15.286	4.915	1407.00
2.031	1.277	15.414	4.968	1416.50
4.178	1.269	15.544	5.023	1426.19
6.450	1.260	15.676	5.079	1436.08
8.861	1.252	15.810	5.136	1446.15
11.423	1.244	15.947	5.195	1456.43
14.154	1.236	16.085	5.256	1466.91
17.070	1.228	16.226	5.319	1477.60
20.194	1.220	16.369	5.383	1488.50
23.552	1.212	16.515	5.450	1499.62
27.174	1.204	16.663	5.518	1510.96
31.097	1.196	16.813	5.588	1522.53
35.366	1.188	16.966	5.660	1534.33
40.037	1.180	17.122	5.735	1546.37
45.181	1.172	17.281	5.811	1558.65
50.889	1.164	17.442	5.890	1571.18
57.281	1.155	17.606	5.972	1583.96
64.518	1.147	17.773	6.055	1597.00
72.828	1.139	17.943	6.141	1610.31
82.545	1.131	18.115	6.230	1623.89
94.185	1.123	18.292	6.322	1637.75
108.612	1.115	18.471	6.416	1651.89
127.449	1.107	18.653	6.513	1666.33
154.342	1.099	18.839	6.613	1681.07
200.985	1.091	19.028	6.717	1696.11
364.160	1.090	19.040	6.723	1697.07

NODE 4675.00 : HGL = < 622.395>;EGL= < 626.025>;FLOWLINE= < 621.110>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4675.00 TO NODE 4675.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 4675.00 ELEVATION = 621.44 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	41.30	36.00	0.00	621.44	2.09	16.421
DOWNSTREAM	44.20	36.00	-	621.11	2.17	15.291
LATERAL #1	2.90	18.00	90.00	622.61	0.65	3.976
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==					

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta3) -$

$Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.03858

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.03020

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.03439

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.138 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(DY + HV1 - HV2) + (\text{ENTRANCE LOSSES})$

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(0.759) + (0.000) = 0.759$

NODE 4675.00 : HGL = < 622.597>;EGL= < 626.785>;FLOWLINE= < 621.440>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4675.00 TO NODE 4670.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4670.00 ELEVATION = 626.86 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 41.30 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 114.14 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.09 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 2.09

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 2.09

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	2.093	7.841	3.048	931.38
0.037	2.053	8.010	3.050	931.88
0.153	2.013	8.188	3.055	933.41
0.358	1.973	8.376	3.063	936.03
0.662	1.933	8.574	3.075	939.80
1.076	1.893	8.784	3.092	944.76

1.615	1.853	9.007	3.114	951.00
2.296	1.813	9.242	3.140	958.58
3.138	1.773	9.492	3.173	967.58
4.165	1.733	9.757	3.213	978.09
5.405	1.693	10.038	3.259	990.22
6.894	1.653	10.337	3.314	1004.07
8.673	1.614	10.656	3.378	1019.75
10.797	1.574	10.995	3.452	1037.41
13.334	1.534	11.357	3.538	1057.20
16.373	1.494	11.744	3.637	1079.28
20.029	1.454	12.159	3.751	1103.84
24.463	1.414	12.603	3.882	1131.09
29.898	1.374	13.080	4.032	1161.29
36.665	1.334	13.594	4.205	1194.68
45.275	1.294	14.148	4.404	1231.60
56.588	1.254	14.746	4.633	1272.40
72.221	1.214	15.395	4.897	1317.48
95.805	1.174	16.099	5.201	1367.31
114.140	1.157	16.416	5.345	1390.04

NODE 4670.00 : HGL = < 628.953>;EGL= < 629.908>;FLOWLINE= < 626.860>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4670.00 TO NODE 4670.00 IS CODE = 5
 UPSTREAM NODE 4670.00 ELEVATION = 627.86 (FLOW UNSEALS IN REACH)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	36.50	24.00	90.00	627.86	1.93	11.618
DOWNSTREAM	41.30	36.00	-	626.86	2.09	7.844
LATERAL #1	4.80	24.00	0.00	627.86	0.77	1.528
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) -$

$Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.02603

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00552

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.01577

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.063 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(DY + HV1 - HV2) + (\text{ENTRANCE LOSSES})$

JUNCTION LOSSES = (3.543) + (0.000) = 3.543

NODE 4670.00 : HGL = < 631.355>;EGL= < 633.451>;FLOWLINE= < 627.860>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4670.00 TO NODE 4660.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 4660.00 ELEVATION = 630.34 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 36.50 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 24.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 77.86 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
 $SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((36.50)/(226.224))**2 = 0.02603$
 $HF=L*SF = (77.86)*(0.02603) = 2.027$

NODE 4660.00 : HGL = < 633.382>;EGL= < 635.478>;FLOWLINE= < 630.340>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4660.00 TO NODE 4660.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 4660.00 ELEVATION = 630.67 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	31.90	24.00	0.00	630.67	1.89	10.154
DOWNSTREAM	36.50	24.00	-	630.34	1.93	11.618
LATERAL #1	3.50	18.00	90.00	630.84	0.71	1.981
LATERAL #2	1.10	18.00	90.00	630.84	0.39	0.622
Q5	0.00	==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==				

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-$

$Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01988

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.02603

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.02296

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.092 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.587)+(0.000) = 0.587

NODE 4660.00 : HGL = < 634.464>;EGL= < 636.065>;FLOWLINE= < 630.670>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4660.00 TO NODE 4650.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4650.00 ELEVATION = 637.04 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 31.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 24.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 121.88 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.14 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.89

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.89

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.888	10.379	3.562	816.18
0.065	1.858	10.479	3.565	816.62
0.258	1.828	10.591	3.571	817.89
0.578	1.798	10.716	3.582	819.97
1.030	1.768	10.853	3.598	822.86
1.620	1.738	11.001	3.618	826.54
2.359	1.708	11.161	3.643	831.04
3.259	1.678	11.333	3.673	836.36
4.337	1.648	11.518	3.709	842.52
5.612	1.618	11.715	3.750	849.56
7.110	1.587	11.925	3.797	857.51
8.862	1.557	12.149	3.851	866.40
10.906	1.527	12.388	3.912	876.27
13.291	1.497	12.642	3.980	887.18
16.078	1.467	12.912	4.057	899.19
19.349	1.437	13.199	4.144	912.34
23.208	1.407	13.504	4.240	926.72
27.801	1.377	13.828	4.348	942.38
33.331	1.347	14.173	4.468	959.43
40.096	1.317	14.540	4.601	977.95
48.562	1.287	14.930	4.750	998.04
59.507	1.256	15.347	4.916	1019.82
74.392	1.226	15.791	5.101	1043.43
96.506	1.196	16.264	5.306	1068.99
121.880	1.177	16.583	5.450	1086.34

HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 3.79

PRESSURE FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	3.794	10.154	5.395	1175.40
55.399	2.000	10.154	3.601	823.75

ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 2.00

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
55.399	2.000	10.151	3.601	823.75
55.518	1.996	10.153	3.597	822.98
55.621	1.991	10.156	3.594	822.32

55.713	1.987	10.160	3.591	821.71
55.798	1.982	10.165	3.588	821.15
55.875	1.978	10.171	3.585	820.63
55.947	1.973	10.178	3.583	820.15
56.013	1.969	10.185	3.580	819.71
56.075	1.964	10.192	3.578	819.30
56.131	1.960	10.200	3.576	818.92
56.183	1.955	10.208	3.575	818.57
56.231	1.951	10.217	3.573	818.24
56.275	1.946	10.226	3.571	817.95
56.316	1.942	10.236	3.570	817.68
56.352	1.938	10.246	3.569	817.43
56.385	1.933	10.256	3.568	817.21
56.415	1.929	10.267	3.567	817.01
56.441	1.924	10.278	3.566	816.83
56.464	1.920	10.290	3.565	816.68
56.483	1.915	10.302	3.564	816.54
56.500	1.911	10.314	3.564	816.43
56.513	1.906	10.326	3.563	816.34
56.524	1.902	10.339	3.563	816.27
56.531	1.897	10.352	3.562	816.22
56.535	1.893	10.365	3.562	816.19
56.537	1.888	10.379	3.562	816.18
121.880	1.888	10.379	3.562	816.18

-----END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS-----

| PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 15.73 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 4660.00 |
 | DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 3.285 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 1.189 FEET |

NODE 4650.00 : HGL = < 638.928>;EGL= < 640.602>;FLOWLINE= < 637.040>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4650.00 TO NODE 4650.00 IS CODE = 5
 UPSTREAM NODE 4650.00 ELEVATION = 637.37 (FLOW UNSEALS IN REACH)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	17.90	24.00	90.00	637.37	1.52	5.698
DOWNSTREAM	31.90	24.00	-	637.04	1.89	10.382
LATERAL #1	14.00	18.00	90.00	637.54	1.38	7.922
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==				

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta3) -$

$Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00626

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01719

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.01173

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICITION LOSSES = 0.047 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET
JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
JUNCTION LOSSES = (2.188)+(0.000) = 2.188

NODE 4650.00 : HGL = < 642.286>;EGL= < 642.790>;FLOWLINE= < 637.370>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4650.00 TO NODE 4645.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4645.00 ELEVATION = 638.11 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):
PIPE FLOW = 17.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 24.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 73.12 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((17.90)/(226.215))**2 = 0.00626
HF=L*SF = (73.12)*(0.00626) = 0.458

NODE 4645.00 : HGL = < 642.744>;EGL= < 643.248>;FLOWLINE= < 638.110>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4645.00 TO NODE 4645.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 4645.00 ELEVATION = 638.61 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	9.90	18.00	0.00	638.61	1.21	5.602
DOWNSTREAM	17.90	24.00	-	638.11	1.52	5.698
LATERAL #1	6.50	18.00	90.00	638.61	0.99	3.678
LATERAL #2	1.50	18.00	90.00	638.61	0.46	0.849
Q5	0.00==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-

Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00888

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00626

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00757

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICITION LOSSES = 0.030 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.602)+(0.000) = 0.602

NODE 4645.00 : HGL = < 643.363>;EGL= < 643.850>;FLOWLINE= < 638.610>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4645.00 TO NODE 4635.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4635.00 ELEVATION = 638.85 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):
PIPE FLOW = 9.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 23.80 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((9.90)/(105.038))**2 = 0.00888
HF=L*SF = (23.80)*(0.00888) = 0.211

NODE 4635.00 : HGL = < 643.574>;EGL= < 644.061>;FLOWLINE= < 638.850>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4635.00 TO NODE 4635.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 4635.00 ELEVATION = 639.18 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	7.60	18.00	0.00	639.18	1.07	4.301
DOWNSTREAM	9.90	18.00	-	638.85	1.21	5.602
LATERAL #1	2.30	18.00	90.00	639.18	0.57	1.302
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-

Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00523

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00888

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00706

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.028 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.228)+(0.000) = 0.228

NODE 4635.00 : HGL = < 644.002>;EGL= < 644.290>;FLOWLINE= < 639.180>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4635.00 TO NODE 4630.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4630.00 ELEVATION = 639.56 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 7.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 37.32 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((7.60)/(105.056))**2 = 0.00523

HF=L*SF = (37.32)*(0.00523) = 0.195

NODE 4630.00 : HGL = < 644.198>;EGL= < 644.485>;FLOWLINE= < 639.560>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4630.00 TO NODE 4630.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 4630.00 ELEVATION = 639.89 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW	DIAMETER	ANGLE	FLOWLINE	CRITICAL	VELOCITY
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	(CFS)	(INCHES)	(DEGREES)	ELEVATION	DEPTH(FT.)	(FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	5.10	18.00	0.00	639.89	0.87	2.886
DOWNSTREAM	7.60	18.00	-	639.56	1.07	4.300
LATERAL #1	2.50	18.00	90.00	639.89	0.60	1.415
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta3) -$

$Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta4))/((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00236

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00523

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00380

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.015 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(DY + HV1 - HV2) + (\text{ENTRANCE LOSSES})$

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.173) + (0.000) = 0.173

 NODE 4630.00 : HGL = < 644.529>; EGL = < 644.658>; FLOWLINE = < 639.890>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4630.00 TO NODE 4625.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 4625.00 ELEVATION = 642.73 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 93.23 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

$SF = (Q/K)^{**2} = ((5.10) / (105.053))^{**2} = 0.00236$

$HF = L * SF = (93.23) * (0.00236) = 0.220$

 NODE 4625.00 : HGL = < 644.748>; EGL = < 644.878>; FLOWLINE = < 642.730>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4625.00 TO NODE 4625.00 IS CODE = 5

UPSTREAM NODE 4625.00 ELEVATION = 643.06 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	2.60	18.00	0.00	643.06	0.61	1.472
DOWNSTREAM	5.10	18.00	-	642.73	0.87	2.886
LATERAL #1	2.50	18.00	90.00	643.06	0.60	1.415
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta3) -$

$Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta4))/((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00061

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00236

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00148
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.006 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.102)+(0.000) = 0.102

NODE 4625.00 : HGL = < 644.946>;EGL= < 644.979>;FLOWLINE= < 643.060>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4625.00 TO NODE 4615.00 IS CODE = 1
 UPSTREAM NODE 4615.00 ELEVATION = 643.67 (FLOW SEALS IN REACH)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 2.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
 PIPE LENGTH = 40.44 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

=====

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.89

=====

PRESSURE FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.886	1.471	1.919	132.67
26.665	1.500	1.471	1.534	90.12

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.46 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.61

=====

ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.50

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
26.665	1.500	1.471	1.534	90.12
29.087	1.464	1.480	1.498	86.25
31.478	1.429	1.497	1.464	82.46
33.850	1.393	1.519	1.429	78.74
36.207	1.358	1.545	1.395	75.11
38.550	1.322	1.576	1.361	71.57
40.440	1.293	1.604	1.333	68.77

NODE 4615.00 : HGL = < 644.963>;EGL= < 645.003>;FLOWLINE= < 643.670>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4615.00 TO NODE 4615.00 IS CODE = 5
 UPSTREAM NODE 4615.00 ELEVATION = 644.00 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW	DIAMETER	ANGLE	FLOWLINE	CRITICAL	VELOCITY
	(CFS)	(INCHES)	(DEGREES)	ELEVATION	DEPTH(FT.)	(FT/SEC)

UPSTREAM	2.60	18.00	90.00	644.00	0.61	1.956
DOWNSTREAM	2.60	18.00	-	643.67	0.61	1.605
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) -$

$Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00086

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00057

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00071

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.003 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(DY + HV1 - HV2) + (\text{ENTRANCE LOSSES})$

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(0.112) + (0.000) = 0.112$

 NODE 4615.00 : HGL = < 645.056>; EGL = < 645.115>; FLOWLINE = < 644.000>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4615.00 TO NODE 4604.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 4604.00 ELEVATION = 644.38 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 2.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 34.50 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

 HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.50 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.61

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.61

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.611	3.843	0.841	30.16
0.012	0.606	3.882	0.841	30.16
0.047	0.602	3.921	0.841	30.17
0.110	0.597	3.962	0.841	30.18
0.202	0.593	4.003	0.842	30.21
0.326	0.588	4.045	0.842	30.23
0.486	0.583	4.088	0.843	30.26
0.685	0.579	4.132	0.844	30.30
0.928	0.574	4.177	0.845	30.35
1.221	0.570	4.223	0.847	30.40
1.571	0.565	4.269	0.848	30.46
1.984	0.560	4.317	0.850	30.52
2.471	0.556	4.365	0.852	30.60

3.044	0.551	4.415	0.854	30.67
3.718	0.546	4.465	0.856	30.76
4.512	0.542	4.517	0.859	30.85
5.452	0.537	4.570	0.862	30.96
6.573	0.533	4.624	0.865	31.06
7.923	0.528	4.679	0.868	31.18
9.574	0.523	4.735	0.872	31.31
11.635	0.519	4.793	0.876	31.44
14.293	0.514	4.851	0.880	31.58
17.894	0.510	4.912	0.884	31.73
23.218	0.505	4.973	0.889	31.89
32.767	0.500	5.036	0.894	32.06
34.500	0.500	5.036	0.894	32.06

HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS
=====

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.06
=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.056	1.956	1.115	48.58
1.533	1.038	1.992	1.100	47.30
3.057	1.020	2.031	1.084	46.06
4.570	1.002	2.071	1.069	44.86
6.073	0.985	2.114	1.054	43.69
7.563	0.967	2.158	1.039	42.57
9.040	0.949	2.205	1.025	41.48
10.502	0.931	2.255	1.010	40.44
11.948	0.913	2.307	0.996	39.43
13.376	0.896	2.361	0.982	38.47
14.784	0.878	2.419	0.969	37.56
16.169	0.860	2.480	0.956	36.69
17.528	0.842	2.544	0.943	35.86
18.859	0.825	2.612	0.931	35.08
20.157	0.807	2.683	0.919	34.35
21.417	0.789	2.759	0.907	33.68
22.635	0.771	2.840	0.896	33.05
23.802	0.753	2.925	0.886	32.48
24.912	0.736	3.015	0.877	31.96
25.952	0.718	3.112	0.868	31.51
26.911	0.700	3.214	0.861	31.11
27.772	0.682	3.324	0.854	30.78
28.512	0.664	3.440	0.848	30.51
29.102	0.647	3.565	0.844	30.32
29.501	0.629	3.699	0.841	30.20
29.652	0.611	3.843	0.841	30.16
34.500	0.611	3.843	0.841	30.16

-----END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS-----

| PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 26.78 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 4615.00 |
| DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 0.702 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 0.529 FEET |

NODE 4604.00 : HGL = < 644.991>;EGL= < 645.221>;FLOWLINE= < 644.380>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4604.00 TO NODE 4604.00 IS CODE = 8
UPSTREAM NODE 4604.00 ELEVATION = 644.38 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):
PIPE FLOW = 2.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
FLOW VELOCITY = 3.84 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.229 FEET
CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2*(0.229) = 0.046

NODE 4604.00 : HGL = < 645.266>;EGL= < 645.266>;FLOWLINE= < 644.380>

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:
NODE NUMBER = 4604.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 644.38
ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 644.99 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====
END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

▲

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
(Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)
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Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY
5620 Friars Road
San Diego, California 92110
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****

* HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE CENTER *
* SYSTEM L (BASIN 4000) - 100 YEAR MAIN LINE (POST-PROJECT CONDITION) *
* H:\17164\WATERRESOURCES\HYDRAULICS\PIPEFLOW\... *

FILE NAME: 4966.PIP

TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:50 03/21/2025

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM

NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "*" indicates nodal point data used.)

		UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
NODE	MODEL	PRESSURE	PRESSURE+	FLOW	PRESSURE+
NUMBER	PROCESS	HEAD(FT)	MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	DEPTH(FT)	MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
4966.00-		10.59*	10762.21	2.44	2366.14
	} FRICTION				
4964.00-		10.46*	10596.98	2.41	2377.58
	} JUNCTION				
4964.00-		10.36*	10480.69	2.54	2340.40
	} FRICTION				
4960.00-		10.12*	10188.21	2.74 Dc	2321.34
	} JUNCTION				
4960.00-		10.17*	10075.47	2.35	2020.40
	} FRICTION				
4945.00-		9.61*	9380.48	2.37	2015.56
	} FRICTION+BEND				
4945.00-		9.39*	9120.66	2.52	1995.78
	} FRICTION				
4945.00-		9.38*	9101.85	2.58 Dc	1994.35
	} JUNCTION				
4945.00-		9.39*	7702.26	1.76	1957.96
	} FRICTION				
4895.00-		8.94*	7254.80	1.78	1944.20
	} FRICTION+BEND				

4895.00-	8.54*	6854.41	1.80	1921.72
} FRICTION+BEND				
4895.00-	8.13*	6454.01	1.84	1887.63
} FRICTION				
4895.00-	6.99*	5317.07	2.45 Dc	1682.40
} JUNCTION				
4895.00-	7.51*	5804.89	2.25	1644.15
} FRICTION				
4892.00-	6.69*	4990.87	2.43 Dc	1629.96
} JUNCTION				
4892.00-	6.61*	4187.29	2.27	1427.65
} FRICTION				
4730.00-	6.57*	4159.44	2.23	1430.48
} FRICTION+BEND				
4730.00-	6.45*	4063.57	2.26	1428.37
} FRICTION				
4730.00-	6.40*	4022.67	2.35 Dc	1424.68
} JUNCTION				
4730.00-	6.22*	3769.02	1.91	1274.02
} FRICTION				
4720.00-	5.40*	3127.94	1.22	1886.28
} JUNCTION				
4720.00-	4.08*	1803.22	1.28	1727.24
} FRICTION				
		} HYDRAULIC JUMP		
4677.00-	2.28 Dc	1181.86	1.30*	1703.12
} JUNCTION				
4677.00-	2.59	1071.09	1.09*	1697.07
} FRICTION				
4675.00-	2.17 Dc	1020.92	1.28*	1407.00
} JUNCTION				
4675.00-	2.09 Dc	931.38	1.16*	1390.04
} FRICTION				
4670.00-	2.09*Dc	931.38	2.09*Dc	931.38
} JUNCTION				
4670.00-	3.50*	1310.93	1.51	1122.26
} FRICTION				
4660.00-	3.04*	1222.08	1.56	1099.47
} JUNCTION				
4660.00-	3.79*	1175.40	1.18	1086.34
} FRICTION				
		} HYDRAULIC JUMP		
4650.00-	1.89*Dc	816.18	1.89*Dc	816.18
} JUNCTION				
4650.00-	4.92*	965.27	1.34	359.17
} FRICTION				
4645.00-	4.63*	909.94	1.52 Dc	351.42
} JUNCTION				
4645.00-	4.75*	548.84	1.16	177.39
} FRICTION				
4635.00-	4.72*	545.69	1.21 Dc	176.83
} JUNCTION				

4635.00-	4.82*	512.41	0.95	125.38
} FRICTION				
4630.00-	4.64*	492.05	1.06 Dc	122.91
} JUNCTION				
4630.00-	4.64*	457.33	0.55	93.62
} FRICTION				
4625.00-	2.02*	168.40	0.87 Dc	72.26
} JUNCTION				
4625.00-	1.89*	132.67	0.46	33.78
} FRICTION				
4615.00-	1.29*	68.77	0.61 Dc	30.16
} JUNCTION				
4615.00-	1.06*	48.58	0.50	32.06
} FRICTION				
4604.00-	0.61*Dc	30.16	0.61*Dc	30.16
} CATCH BASIN				
4604.00-	0.89*	16.14	0.61 Dc	10.79

 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST
 CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCMA
 DESIGN MANUALS.

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 4966.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 589.22
 PIPE FLOW = 92.81 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 60.00 INCHES
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 599.810 FEET

 NODE 4966.00 : HGL = < 599.810>; EGL = < 600.157>; FLOWLINE = < 589.220>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4966.00 TO NODE 4964.00 IS CODE = 1
 UPSTREAM NODE 4964.00 ELEVATION = 589.40 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 92.81 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 60.00 INCHES
 PIPE LENGTH = 35.58 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
 $SF = (Q/K)^{**2} = ((92.81)/(2604.905))^{**2} = 0.00127$
 $HF = L * SF = (35.58) * (0.00127) = 0.045$

 NODE 4964.00 : HGL = < 599.855>; EGL = < 600.202>; FLOWLINE = < 589.400>

HGL +0.007'

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4964.00 TO NODE 4964.00 IS CODE = 5
 UPSTREAM NODE 4964.00 ELEVATION = 589.50 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW	DIAMETER	ANGLE	FLOWLINE	CRITICAL	VELOCITY
	(CFS)	(INCHES)	(DEGREES)	ELEVATION	DEPTH(FT.)	(FT/SEC)

UPSTREAM	92.81	60.00	0.00	589.50	2.74	4.727
DOWNSTREAM	92.81	60.00	-	589.40	2.74	4.727
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) -$

$Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00127

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00127

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00127

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.005 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(DY + HV1 - HV2) + (\text{ENTRANCE LOSSES})$

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(0.005) + (0.000) = 0.005$

 NODE 4964.00 : HGL = < 599.860>; EGL = < 600.207>; FLOWLINE = < 589.500>

***** HGL +0.012' *****

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4964.00 TO NODE 4960.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 4960.00 ELEVATION = 589.82 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 92.81 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 60.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 64.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

$SF = (Q/K)^{**2} = ((92.81)/(2604.988))^{**2} = 0.00127$

$HF = L \cdot SF = (64.00) \cdot (0.00127) = 0.081$

 NODE 4960.00 : HGL = < 599.942>; EGL = < 600.288>; FLOWLINE = < 589.820>

***** HGL +0.091' *****

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4960.00 TO NODE 4960.00 IS CODE = 5

UPSTREAM NODE 4960.00 ELEVATION = 589.92 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	82.61	60.00	6.40	589.92	2.58	4.208
DOWNSTREAM	92.81	60.00	-	589.82	2.74	4.727
LATERAL #1	7.20	18.00	90.00	593.42	1.04	4.074
LATERAL #2	3.00	18.00	90.00	593.42	0.66	1.698
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) -$

$Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00101

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00127

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00114

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET
FRICTION LOSSES = 0.005 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET
JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.080)+(0.000) = 0.080

NODE 4960.00 : HGL = < 600.094>;EGL= < 600.369>;FLOWLINE= < 589.920>

HGL +0.035'

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4960.00 TO NODE 4945.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4945.00 ELEVATION = 590.63 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 82.61 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 60.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 141.92 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
 $SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((82.61)/(2604.649))**2 = 0.00101$
 $HF=L*SF = (141.92)*(0.00101) = 0.143$

NODE 4945.00 : HGL = < 600.236>;EGL= < 600.511>;FLOWLINE= < 590.630>

HGL +0.060'

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4960.00 TO NODE 4945.00 IS CODE = 3
UPSTREAM NODE 4945.00 ELEVATION = 590.98 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE PIPE-BEND LOSSES(OCEMA):

PIPE FLOW = 82.61 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 60.00 INCHES
CENTRAL ANGLE = 88.400 DEGREES MANNING'S N = 0.01300
PIPE LENGTH = 69.39 FEET BEND COEFFICIENT(KB) = 0.24777
FLOW VELOCITY = 4.21 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.275 FEET
 $HB=KB*(VELOCITY HEAD) = (0.248)*(0.275) = 0.068$
 $SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((82.61)/(2604.161))**2 = 0.00101$
 $HF=L*SF = (69.39)*(0.00101) = 0.070$
TOTAL HEAD LOSSES = HB + HF = (0.068)+(0.070) = 0.138

NODE 4945.00 : HGL = < 600.374>;EGL= < 600.649>;FLOWLINE= < 590.980>

HGL +0.076'

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4960.00 TO NODE 4945.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4945.00 ELEVATION = 591.00 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 82.61 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 60.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 4.63 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
 $SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((82.61)/(2609.915))**2 = 0.00100$
 $HF=L*SF = (4.63)*(0.00100) = 0.005$

NODE 4945.00 : HGL = < 600.379>;EGL= < 600.654>;FLOWLINE= < 591.000>

HGL +0.086'

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4945.00 TO NODE 4945.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 4945.00 ELEVATION = 591.10 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	71.00	54.00	0.00	591.10	2.46	4.464
DOWNSTREAM	82.61	60.00	-	591.00	2.58	4.207
LATERAL #1	4.40	18.00	90.00	594.00	0.80	2.490
LATERAL #2	7.20	18.00	90.00	594.00	1.04	4.074
Q5	0.01===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) -$

$Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00130

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00101

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00115

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.005 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.055 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(DY + HV1 - HV2) + (\text{ENTRANCE LOSSES})$

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(0.093) + (0.055) = 0.148$

 NODE 4945.00 : HGL = < 600.492>; EGL = < 600.802>; FLOWLINE = < 591.100>

HGL +0.073'

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4945.00 TO NODE 4895.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 4895.00 ELEVATION = 591.60 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 71.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 54.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 37.68 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

$SF = (Q/K)^{**2} = ((71.00)/(1966.192))^{**2} = 0.00130$

$HF = L \cdot SF = (37.68) \cdot (0.00130) = 0.049$

 NODE 4895.00 : HGL = < 600.541>; EGL = < 600.851>; FLOWLINE = < 591.600>

HGL +0.146'

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4945.00 TO NODE 4895.00 IS CODE = 3

UPSTREAM NODE 4895.00 ELEVATION = 592.11 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE PIPE-BEND LOSSES(OCMA):

PIPE FLOW = 71.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 54.00 INCHES

CENTRAL ANGLE = 48.600 DEGREES MANNING'S N = 0.01300

PIPE LENGTH = 38.14 FEET BEND COEFFICIENT(KB) = 0.18371

FLOW VELOCITY = 4.46 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.309 FEET

$HB = KB \cdot (\text{VELOCITY HEAD}) = (0.184) \cdot (0.309) = 0.057$

$SF = (Q/K)^{**2} = ((71.00)/(1966.488))^{**2} = 0.00130$

$HF = L \cdot SF = (38.14) \cdot (0.00130) = 0.050$

TOTAL HEAD LOSSES = $HB + HF = (0.057) + (0.050) = 0.107$

 NODE 4895.00 : HGL = < 600.648>; EGL = < 600.957>; FLOWLINE = < 592.110>

HGL +0.168'

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4945.00 TO NODE 4895.00 IS CODE = 3
UPSTREAM NODE 4895.00 ELEVATION = 592.62 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE PIPE-BEND LOSSES(OCMA):

PIPE FLOW = 71.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 54.00 INCHES
CENTRAL ANGLE = 48.600 DEGREES MANNING'S N = 0.01300
PIPE LENGTH = 38.13 FEET BEND COEFFICIENT(KB) = 0.18371
FLOW VELOCITY = 4.46 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.309 FEET
HB=KB*(VELOCITY HEAD) = (0.184)*(0.309) = 0.057
SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((71.00)/(1966.231))**2 = 0.00130
HF=L*SF = (38.13)*(0.00130) = 0.050
TOTAL HEAD LOSSES = HB + HF = (0.057)+(0.050) = 0.107

NODE 4895.00 : HGL = < 600.754>;EGL= < 601.064>;FLOWLINE= < 592.620>

HGL +0.190'

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4945.00 TO NODE 4895.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4895.00 ELEVATION = 593.89 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 71.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 54.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 95.43 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((71.00)/(1966.567))**2 = 0.00130
HF=L*SF = (95.43)*(0.00130) = 0.124

NODE 4895.00 : HGL = < 600.879>;EGL= < 601.188>;FLOWLINE= < 593.890>

HGL +0.216'

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4895.00 TO NODE 4895.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 4895.00 ELEVATION = 593.99 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	69.30	54.00	90.00	593.99	2.43	4.358
DOWNSTREAM	71.00	54.00	-	593.89	2.46	4.464
LATERAL #1	1.70	18.00	0.00	595.00	0.49	0.962
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	===Q5	EQUALS BASIN INPUT===			

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-

Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00124

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00130

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00127

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.005 FEET

ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.606)+(0.000) = 0.606

NODE 4895.00 : HGL = < 601.500>;EGL= < 601.794>;FLOWLINE= < 593.990>

HGL +0.833'

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4895.00 TO NODE 4892.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4892.00 ELEVATION = 595.08 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):
PIPE FLOW = 69.30 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 54.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 217.24 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((69.30)/(1966.536))**2 = 0.00124
HF=L*SF = (217.24)*(0.00124) = 0.270

NODE 4892.00 : HGL = < 601.769>;EGL= < 602.064>;FLOWLINE= < 595.080>

HGL +0.876'

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4892.00 TO NODE 4892.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 4892.00 ELEVATION = 595.18 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	61.00	48.00	0.00	595.18	2.35	4.854
DOWNSTREAM	69.30	54.00	-	595.08	2.43	4.357
LATERAL #1	2.80	18.00	90.00	597.67	0.64	1.584
LATERAL #2	5.50	18.00	90.00	597.67	0.90	3.112
Q5	0.00==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==					

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-

Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00180

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00124

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00152

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.006 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.090)+(0.000) = 0.090

NODE 4892.00 : HGL = < 601.788>;EGL= < 602.154>;FLOWLINE= < 595.180>

HGL +0.986'

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4892.00 TO NODE 4730.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4730.00 ELEVATION = 595.24 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):
PIPE FLOW = 61.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 48.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 13.57 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

$SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((61.00)/(1436.341))**2 = 0.00180$
 $HF=L*SF = (13.57)*(0.00180) = 0.024$

 NODE 4730.00 : HGL = < 601.813>;EGL= < 602.179>;FLOWLINE= < 595.240>

HGL +0.987'

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4892.00 TO NODE 4730.00 IS CODE = 3
 UPSTREAM NODE 4730.00 ELEVATION = 595.57 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE PIPE-BEND LOSSES(OCMA):

PIPE FLOW = 61.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 48.00 INCHES
 CENTRAL ANGLE = 85.600 DEGREES MANNING'S N = 0.01300
 PIPE LENGTH = 65.74 FEET BEND COEFFICIENT(KB) = 0.24381
 FLOW VELOCITY = 4.85 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.366 FEET
 $HB=KB*(VELOCITY HEAD) = (0.244)*(0.366) = 0.089$
 $SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((61.00)/(1436.453))**2 = 0.00180$
 $HF=L*SF = (65.74)*(0.00180) = 0.119$
 TOTAL HEAD LOSSES = HB + HF = (0.089)+(0.119) = 0.208

 NODE 4730.00 : HGL = < 602.020>;EGL= < 602.386>;FLOWLINE= < 595.570>

HGL +0.986'

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4892.00 TO NODE 4730.00 IS CODE = 1
 UPSTREAM NODE 4730.00 ELEVATION = 595.65 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 61.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 48.00 INCHES
 PIPE LENGTH = 15.44 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
 $SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((61.00)/(1436.749))**2 = 0.00180$
 $HF=L*SF = (15.44)*(0.00180) = 0.028$

 NODE 4730.00 : HGL = < 602.048>;EGL= < 602.414>;FLOWLINE= < 595.650>

HGL +0.986'

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4730.00 TO NODE 4730.00 IS CODE = 5
 UPSTREAM NODE 4730.00 ELEVATION = 595.98 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	54.60	48.00	0.00	595.98	2.22	4.345
DOWNSTREAM	61.00	48.00	-	595.65	2.35	4.854
LATERAL #1	6.40	18.00	90.00	598.15	0.98	3.622
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

Q5 0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES$
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00144

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00180
AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00162
JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET
FRICTION LOSSES = 0.006 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET
JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.079)+(0.000) = 0.079

NODE 4730.00 : HGL = < 602.200>;EGL= < 602.493>;FLOWLINE= < 595.980>

HGL +0.986'

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4730.00 TO NODE 4720.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4720.00 ELEVATION = 597.13 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 54.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 48.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 230.10 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
 $SF=(Q/K)**2=((54.60)/(1436.423))**2=0.00144$
 $HF=L*SF=(230.10)*(0.00144)=0.332$

NODE 4720.00 : HGL = < 602.533>;EGL= < 602.826>;FLOWLINE= < 597.130>

HGL +0.987'

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4720.00 TO NODE 4720.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 4720.00 ELEVATION = 598.13 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	49.20	36.00	0.00	598.13	2.28	6.961
DOWNSTREAM	54.60	48.00	-	597.13	2.22	4.345
LATERAL #1	5.40	18.00	90.00	599.63	0.90	3.056
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-$

$Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00544

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00144

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00344

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.014 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.140)+(0.000) = 0.140

NODE 4720.00 : HGL = < 602.214>;EGL= < 602.966>;FLOWLINE= < 598.130>

HGL +2.804'

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4720.00 TO NODE 4677.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4677.00 ELEVATION = 600.17 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 49.20 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 51.29 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.26 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 2.28
=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.30
=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM FLOW DEPTH VELOCITY SPECIFIC PRESSURE+
CONTROL(FT) (FT) (FT/SEC) ENERGY(FT) MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000 1.296 16.816 5.690 1703.12
3.038 1.295 16.838 5.700 1705.04
6.211 1.294 16.861 5.711 1706.96
9.531 1.292 16.884 5.722 1708.90
13.013 1.291 16.907 5.732 1710.84
16.672 1.290 16.930 5.743 1712.78
20.525 1.288 16.953 5.754 1714.73
24.596 1.287 16.976 5.764 1716.69
28.907 1.286 16.999 5.775 1718.66
33.488 1.284 17.022 5.786 1720.62
38.375 1.283 17.045 5.797 1722.60
43.609 1.282 17.068 5.808 1724.58
49.242 1.280 17.092 5.819 1726.57
51.290 1.280 17.100 5.823 1727.24

HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

=====

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 4.08
=====

PRESSURE FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM PRESSURE VELOCITY SPECIFIC PRESSURE+
CONTROL(FT) HEAD(FT) (FT/SEC) ENERGY(FT) MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000 4.084 6.960 4.836 1803.22
31.563 3.000 6.960 3.752 1325.25
=====

ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 3.00
=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM FLOW DEPTH VELOCITY SPECIFIC PRESSURE+
CONTROL(FT) (FT) (FT/SEC) ENERGY(FT) MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
31.563 3.000 6.958 3.752 1325.25
32.326 2.971 6.969 3.726 1313.66
33.024 2.943 6.989 3.702 1302.98

33.681	2.914	7.016	3.679	1292.90
34.307	2.885	7.047	3.657	1283.35
34.903	2.857	7.082	3.636	1274.27
35.473	2.828	7.121	3.616	1265.63
36.018	2.799	7.164	3.597	1257.42
36.539	2.771	7.211	3.579	1249.62
37.036	2.742	7.261	3.561	1242.23
37.510	2.713	7.314	3.545	1235.24
37.960	2.685	7.371	3.529	1228.66
38.386	2.656	7.431	3.514	1222.49
38.788	2.627	7.494	3.500	1216.72
39.165	2.599	7.561	3.487	1211.36
39.517	2.570	7.630	3.475	1206.43
39.842	2.541	7.703	3.463	1201.91
40.140	2.513	7.780	3.453	1197.83
40.409	2.484	7.859	3.444	1194.19
40.648	2.455	7.943	3.435	1190.99
40.856	2.427	8.030	3.428	1188.26
41.030	2.398	8.120	3.422	1185.99
41.170	2.369	8.214	3.418	1184.21
41.273	2.341	8.312	3.414	1182.92
41.336	2.312	8.415	3.412	1182.13
41.358	2.283	8.521	3.411	1181.86
51.290	2.283	8.521	3.411	1181.86

-----END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS-----

| PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 5.13 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 4720.00 |
 | DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 3.907 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 1.281 FEET |

NODE 4677.00 : HGL = < 601.466>;EGL= < 605.860>;FLOWLINE= < 600.170>

HGL +0.000'

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4677.00 TO NODE 4677.00 IS CODE = 5

UPSTREAM NODE 4677.00 ELEVATION = 600.50 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	44.20	36.00	0.00	600.50	2.17	19.046
DOWNSTREAM	49.20	36.00	-	600.17	2.28	16.821
LATERAL #1	5.00	18.00	90.00	602.00	0.86	4.770
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

Q5 0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-

Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.05514

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.03624

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.04569

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICITION LOSSES = 0.183 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET
JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
JUNCTION LOSSES = (1.364)+(0.000) = 1.364

NODE 4677.00 : HGL = < 601.590>;EGL= < 607.223>;FLOWLINE= < 600.500>

*****HGL +0.000'*****

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4677.00 TO NODE 4675.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4675.00 ELEVATION = 621.11 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 44.20 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 364.16 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.08 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 2.17

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.28

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.285	15.286	4.915	1407.00
2.031	1.277	15.414	4.968	1416.50
4.178	1.269	15.544	5.023	1426.19
6.450	1.260	15.676	5.079	1436.08
8.861	1.252	15.810	5.136	1446.15
11.423	1.244	15.947	5.195	1456.43
14.154	1.236	16.085	5.256	1466.91
17.070	1.228	16.226	5.319	1477.60
20.194	1.220	16.369	5.383	1488.50
23.552	1.212	16.515	5.450	1499.62
27.174	1.204	16.663	5.518	1510.96
31.097	1.196	16.813	5.588	1522.53
35.366	1.188	16.966	5.660	1534.33
40.037	1.180	17.122	5.735	1546.37
45.181	1.172	17.281	5.811	1558.65
50.889	1.164	17.442	5.890	1571.18
57.281	1.155	17.606	5.972	1583.96
64.518	1.147	17.773	6.055	1597.00
72.828	1.139	17.943	6.141	1610.31
82.545	1.131	18.115	6.230	1623.89
94.185	1.123	18.292	6.322	1637.75
108.612	1.115	18.471	6.416	1651.89
127.449	1.107	18.653	6.513	1666.33
154.342	1.099	18.839	6.613	1681.07
200.985	1.091	19.028	6.717	1696.11
364.160	1.090	19.040	6.723	1697.07

NODE 4675.00 : HGL = < 622.395>;EGL= < 626.025>;FLOWLINE= < 621.110>

HGL +0.000'

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4675.00 TO NODE 4675.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 4675.00 ELEVATION = 621.44 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	41.30	36.00	0.00	621.44	2.09	16.421
DOWNSTREAM	44.20	36.00	-	621.11	2.17	15.291
LATERAL #1	2.90	18.00	90.00	622.61	0.65	3.976
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

Q5 0.00==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) -$

$Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.03858

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.03020

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.03439

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.138 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(DY + HV1 - HV2) + (\text{ENTRANCE LOSSES})$

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(0.759) + (0.000) = 0.759$

NODE 4675.00 : HGL = < 622.597>; EGL = < 626.785>; FLOWLINE = < 621.440>

HGL +0.000'

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4675.00 TO NODE 4670.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4670.00 ELEVATION = 626.86 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 41.30 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 114.14 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.09 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 2.09

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 2.09

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	2.093	7.841	3.048	931.38
0.037	2.053	8.010	3.050	931.88
0.153	2.013	8.188	3.055	933.41
0.358	1.973	8.376	3.063	936.03
0.662	1.933	8.574	3.075	939.80
1.076	1.893	8.784	3.092	944.76
1.615	1.853	9.007	3.114	951.00

2.296	1.813	9.242	3.140	958.58
3.138	1.773	9.492	3.173	967.58
4.165	1.733	9.757	3.213	978.09
5.405	1.693	10.038	3.259	990.22
6.894	1.653	10.337	3.314	1004.07
8.673	1.614	10.656	3.378	1019.75
10.797	1.574	10.995	3.452	1037.41
13.334	1.534	11.357	3.538	1057.20
16.373	1.494	11.744	3.637	1079.28
20.029	1.454	12.159	3.751	1103.84
24.463	1.414	12.603	3.882	1131.09
29.898	1.374	13.080	4.032	1161.29
36.665	1.334	13.594	4.205	1194.68
45.275	1.294	14.148	4.404	1231.60
56.588	1.254	14.746	4.633	1272.40
72.221	1.214	15.395	4.897	1317.48
95.805	1.174	16.099	5.201	1367.31
114.140	1.157	16.416	5.345	1390.04

NODE 4670.00 : HGL = < 628.953>;EGL= < 629.908>;FLOWLINE= < 626.860>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4670.00 TO NODE 4670.00 IS CODE = 5
 UPSTREAM NODE 4670.00 ELEVATION = 627.86 (FLOW UNSEALS IN REACH)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	36.50	24.00	90.00	627.86	1.93	11.618
DOWNSTREAM	41.30	36.00	-	626.86	2.09	7.844
LATERAL #1	4.80	24.00	0.00	627.86	0.77	1.528
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) -$

$Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.02603

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00552

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.01577

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.063 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(DY + HV1 - HV2) + (\text{ENTRANCE LOSSES})$

JUNCTION LOSSES = (3.543) + (0.000) = 3.543

NODE 4670.00 : HGL = < 631.355>;EGL= < 633.451>;FLOWLINE= < 627.860>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4670.00 TO NODE 4660.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 4660.00 ELEVATION = 630.34 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 36.50 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 24.00 INCHES
 PIPE LENGTH = 77.86 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
 $SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((36.50)/(226.224))**2 = 0.02603$
 $HF=L*SF = (77.86)*(0.02603) = 2.027$

 NODE 4660.00 : HGL = < 633.382>;EGL= < 635.478>;FLOWLINE= < 630.340>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4660.00 TO NODE 4660.00 IS CODE = 5
 UPSTREAM NODE 4660.00 ELEVATION = 630.67 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	31.90	24.00	0.00	630.67	1.89	10.154
DOWNSTREAM	36.50	24.00	-	630.34	1.93	11.618
LATERAL #1	3.50	18.00	90.00	630.84	0.71	1.981
LATERAL #2	1.10	18.00	90.00	630.84	0.39	0.622
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta1)-Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta3)-$

$Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01988

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.02603

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.02296

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.092 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)$

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(0.587)+(0.000) = 0.587$

 NODE 4660.00 : HGL = < 634.464>;EGL= < 636.065>;FLOWLINE= < 630.670>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4660.00 TO NODE 4650.00 IS CODE = 1
 UPSTREAM NODE 4650.00 ELEVATION = 637.04 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 31.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 24.00 INCHES
 PIPE LENGTH = 121.88 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

 HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.14 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.89

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UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.89

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.888	10.379	3.562	816.18
0.065	1.858	10.479	3.565	816.62
0.258	1.828	10.591	3.571	817.89
0.578	1.798	10.716	3.582	819.97
1.030	1.768	10.853	3.598	822.86
1.620	1.738	11.001	3.618	826.54
2.359	1.708	11.161	3.643	831.04
3.259	1.678	11.333	3.673	836.36
4.337	1.648	11.518	3.709	842.52
5.612	1.618	11.715	3.750	849.56
7.110	1.587	11.925	3.797	857.51
8.862	1.557	12.149	3.851	866.40
10.906	1.527	12.388	3.912	876.27
13.291	1.497	12.642	3.980	887.18
16.078	1.467	12.912	4.057	899.19
19.349	1.437	13.199	4.144	912.34
23.208	1.407	13.504	4.240	926.72
27.801	1.377	13.828	4.348	942.38
33.331	1.347	14.173	4.468	959.43
40.096	1.317	14.540	4.601	977.95
48.562	1.287	14.930	4.750	998.04
59.507	1.256	15.347	4.916	1019.82
74.392	1.226	15.791	5.101	1043.43
96.506	1.196	16.264	5.306	1068.99
121.880	1.177	16.583	5.450	1086.34

HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 3.79

PRESSURE FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	3.794	10.154	5.395	1175.40
55.399	2.000	10.154	3.601	823.75

ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 2.00

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
55.399	2.000	10.151	3.601	823.75
55.518	1.996	10.153	3.597	822.98
55.621	1.991	10.156	3.594	822.32
55.713	1.987	10.160	3.591	821.71

55.798	1.982	10.165	3.588	821.15
55.875	1.978	10.171	3.585	820.63
55.947	1.973	10.178	3.583	820.15
56.013	1.969	10.185	3.580	819.71
56.075	1.964	10.192	3.578	819.30
56.131	1.960	10.200	3.576	818.92
56.183	1.955	10.208	3.575	818.57
56.231	1.951	10.217	3.573	818.24
56.275	1.946	10.226	3.571	817.95
56.316	1.942	10.236	3.570	817.68
56.352	1.938	10.246	3.569	817.43
56.385	1.933	10.256	3.568	817.21
56.415	1.929	10.267	3.567	817.01
56.441	1.924	10.278	3.566	816.83
56.464	1.920	10.290	3.565	816.68
56.483	1.915	10.302	3.564	816.54
56.500	1.911	10.314	3.564	816.43
56.513	1.906	10.326	3.563	816.34
56.524	1.902	10.339	3.563	816.27
56.531	1.897	10.352	3.562	816.22
56.535	1.893	10.365	3.562	816.19
56.537	1.888	10.379	3.562	816.18
121.880	1.888	10.379	3.562	816.18

-----END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS-----

| PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 15.73 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 4660.00 |
 | DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 3.285 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 1.189 FEET |

 NODE 4650.00 : HGL = < 638.928>;EGL= < 640.602>;FLOWLINE= < 637.040>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4650.00 TO NODE 4650.00 IS CODE = 5
 UPSTREAM NODE 4650.00 ELEVATION = 637.37 (FLOW UNSEALS IN REACH)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	17.90	24.00	90.00	637.37	1.52	5.698
DOWNSTREAM	31.90	24.00	-	637.04	1.89	10.382
LATERAL #1	14.00	18.00	90.00	637.54	1.38	7.922
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5	EQUALS BASIN INPUT===				

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00626

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01719

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.01173

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.047 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
JUNCTION LOSSES = (2.188)+(0.000) = 2.188

NODE 4650.00 : HGL = < 642.286>;EGL= < 642.790>;FLOWLINE= < 637.370>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4650.00 TO NODE 4645.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4645.00 ELEVATION = 638.11 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):
PIPE FLOW = 17.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 24.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 73.12 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300
SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((17.90)/(226.215))**2 = 0.00626
HF=L*SF = (73.12)*(0.00626) = 0.458

NODE 4645.00 : HGL = < 642.744>;EGL= < 643.248>;FLOWLINE= < 638.110>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4645.00 TO NODE 4645.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 4645.00 ELEVATION = 638.61 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	9.90	18.00	0.00	638.61	1.21	5.602
DOWNSTREAM	17.90	24.00	-	638.11	1.52	5.698
LATERAL #1	6.50	18.00	90.00	638.61	0.99	3.678
LATERAL #2	1.50	18.00	90.00	638.61	0.46	0.849
Q5	0.00==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==					

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-

Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00888

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00626

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00757

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.030 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.602)+(0.000) = 0.602

NODE 4645.00 : HGL = < 643.363>;EGL= < 643.850>;FLOWLINE= < 638.610>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4645.00 TO NODE 4635.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4635.00 ELEVATION = 638.85 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):
PIPE FLOW = 9.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 23.80 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((9.90)/(105.038))**2 = 0.00888
HF=L*SF = (23.80)*(0.00888) = 0.211

NODE 4635.00 : HGL = < 643.574>;EGL= < 644.061>;FLOWLINE= < 638.850>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4635.00 TO NODE 4635.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 4635.00 ELEVATION = 639.18 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	7.60	18.00	0.00	639.18	1.07	4.301
DOWNSTREAM	9.90	18.00	-	638.85	1.21	5.602
LATERAL #1	2.30	18.00	90.00	639.18	0.57	1.302
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==					

LACFCD AND OCMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-

Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00523

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00888

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00706

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.028 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.228)+(0.000) = 0.228

NODE 4635.00 : HGL = < 644.002>;EGL= < 644.290>;FLOWLINE= < 639.180>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4635.00 TO NODE 4630.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 4630.00 ELEVATION = 639.56 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 7.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 37.32 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((7.60)/(105.056))**2 = 0.00523

HF=L*SF = (37.32)*(0.00523) = 0.195

NODE 4630.00 : HGL = < 644.198>;EGL= < 644.485>;FLOWLINE= < 639.560>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4630.00 TO NODE 4630.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 4630.00 ELEVATION = 639.89 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
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UPSTREAM	5.10	18.00	0.00	639.89	0.87	2.886
DOWNSTREAM	7.60	18.00	-	639.56	1.07	4.300
LATERAL #1	2.50	18.00	90.00	639.89	0.60	1.415
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta3) -$

$Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00236

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00523

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00380

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.015 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(DY + HV1 - HV2) + (\text{ENTRANCE LOSSES})$

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(0.173) + (0.000) = 0.173$

 NODE 4630.00 : HGL = < 644.529>; EGL = < 644.658>; FLOWLINE = < 639.890>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4630.00 TO NODE 4625.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 4625.00 ELEVATION = 642.73 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 93.23 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

$SF = (Q/K)^{**2} = ((5.10)/(105.053))^{**2} = 0.00236$

$HF = L*SF = (93.23)*(0.00236) = 0.220$

 NODE 4625.00 : HGL = < 644.748>; EGL = < 644.878>; FLOWLINE = < 642.730>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4625.00 TO NODE 4625.00 IS CODE = 5

UPSTREAM NODE 4625.00 ELEVATION = 643.06 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	2.60	18.00	0.00	643.06	0.61	1.472
DOWNSTREAM	5.10	18.00	-	642.73	0.87	2.886
LATERAL #1	2.50	18.00	90.00	643.06	0.60	1.415
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta3) -$

$Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00061

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00236

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00148

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.006 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.102)+(0.000) = 0.102

 NODE 4625.00 : HGL = < 644.946>;EGL= < 644.979>;FLOWLINE= < 643.060>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4625.00 TO NODE 4615.00 IS CODE = 1
 UPSTREAM NODE 4615.00 ELEVATION = 643.67 (FLOW SEALS IN REACH)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 2.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
 PIPE LENGTH = 40.44 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

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DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.89

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PRESSURE FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.886	1.471	1.919	132.67
26.665	1.500	1.471	1.534	90.12

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.46 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.61

=====

ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.50

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
26.665	1.500	1.471	1.534	90.12
29.087	1.464	1.480	1.498	86.25
31.478	1.429	1.497	1.464	82.46
33.850	1.393	1.519	1.429	78.74
36.207	1.358	1.545	1.395	75.11
38.550	1.322	1.576	1.361	71.57
40.440	1.293	1.604	1.333	68.77

NODE 4615.00 : HGL = < 644.963>;EGL= < 645.003>;FLOWLINE= < 643.670>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4615.00 TO NODE 4615.00 IS CODE = 5
 UPSTREAM NODE 4615.00 ELEVATION = 644.00 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	2.60	18.00	90.00	644.00	0.61	1.956

DOWNSTREAM	2.60	18.00	-	643.67	0.61	1.605
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) -$

$Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00086

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00057

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00071

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.003 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(DY + HV1 - HV2) + (\text{ENTRANCE LOSSES})$

JUNCTION LOSSES = $(0.112) + (0.000) = 0.112$

 NODE 4615.00 : HGL = < 645.056>; EGL = < 645.115>; FLOWLINE = < 644.000>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4615.00 TO NODE 4604.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 4604.00 ELEVATION = 644.38 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)

 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 2.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 34.50 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

 HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.50 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.61

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.61

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.611	3.843	0.841	30.16
0.012	0.606	3.882	0.841	30.16
0.047	0.602	3.921	0.841	30.17
0.110	0.597	3.962	0.841	30.18
0.202	0.593	4.003	0.842	30.21
0.326	0.588	4.045	0.842	30.23
0.486	0.583	4.088	0.843	30.26
0.685	0.579	4.132	0.844	30.30
0.928	0.574	4.177	0.845	30.35
1.221	0.570	4.223	0.847	30.40
1.571	0.565	4.269	0.848	30.46
1.984	0.560	4.317	0.850	30.52
2.471	0.556	4.365	0.852	30.60
3.044	0.551	4.415	0.854	30.67

3.718	0.546	4.465	0.856	30.76
4.512	0.542	4.517	0.859	30.85
5.452	0.537	4.570	0.862	30.96
6.573	0.533	4.624	0.865	31.06
7.923	0.528	4.679	0.868	31.18
9.574	0.523	4.735	0.872	31.31
11.635	0.519	4.793	0.876	31.44
14.293	0.514	4.851	0.880	31.58
17.894	0.510	4.912	0.884	31.73
23.218	0.505	4.973	0.889	31.89
32.767	0.500	5.036	0.894	32.06
34.500	0.500	5.036	0.894	32.06

HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS
=====

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.06
=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.056	1.956	1.115	48.58
1.533	1.038	1.992	1.100	47.30
3.057	1.020	2.031	1.084	46.06
4.570	1.002	2.071	1.069	44.86
6.073	0.985	2.114	1.054	43.69
7.563	0.967	2.158	1.039	42.57
9.040	0.949	2.205	1.025	41.48
10.502	0.931	2.255	1.010	40.44
11.948	0.913	2.307	0.996	39.43
13.376	0.896	2.361	0.982	38.47
14.784	0.878	2.419	0.969	37.56
16.169	0.860	2.480	0.956	36.69
17.528	0.842	2.544	0.943	35.86
18.859	0.825	2.612	0.931	35.08
20.157	0.807	2.683	0.919	34.35
21.417	0.789	2.759	0.907	33.68
22.635	0.771	2.840	0.896	33.05
23.802	0.753	2.925	0.886	32.48
24.912	0.736	3.015	0.877	31.96
25.952	0.718	3.112	0.868	31.51
26.911	0.700	3.214	0.861	31.11
27.772	0.682	3.324	0.854	30.78
28.512	0.664	3.440	0.848	30.51
29.102	0.647	3.565	0.844	30.32
29.501	0.629	3.699	0.841	30.20
29.652	0.611	3.843	0.841	30.16
34.500	0.611	3.843	0.841	30.16

-----END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS-----

| PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 26.78 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 4615.00 |

| DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 0.702 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 0.529 FEET |

NODE 4604.00 : HGL = < 644.991>;EGL= < 645.221>;FLOWLINE= < 644.380>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4604.00 TO NODE 4604.00 IS CODE = 8
UPSTREAM NODE 4604.00 ELEVATION = 644.38 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):
PIPE FLOW = 2.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
FLOW VELOCITY = 3.84 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.229 FEET
CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2*(0.229) = 0.046

NODE 4604.00 : HGL = < 645.266>;EGL= < 645.266>;FLOWLINE= < 644.380>

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:
NODE NUMBER = 4604.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 644.38
ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 644.99 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====

END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS



GENERAL GRADING NOTES

- APPROVAL OF THIS GRADING PLAN DOES NOT CONSTITUTE APPROVAL OF VERTICAL OR HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT OF ANY PRIVATE ROAD SHOWN HEREON FOR COUNTY ROAD PURPOSES.
- FINAL APPROVAL OF THESE GRADING PLANS SUBJECT TO FINAL APPROVAL OF THE ASSOCIATED IMPROVEMENT PLANS WHERE APPLICABLE. FINAL CURB ELEVATIONS MAY REQUIRE CHANGES IN THESE PLANS.
- IMPORT MATERIAL SHALL BE OBTAINED FROM A LEGAL SITE.
- A CONSTRUCTION, EXCAVATION OR ENCROACHMENT PERMIT FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS WILL BE REQUIRED FOR ANY WORK IN THE COUNTY RIGHT-OF-WAY.
- ALL SLOPES OVER THREE FEET IN HEIGHT WILL BE PLANTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SAN DIEGO COUNTY SPECIFICATIONS.

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THE EXISTENCE AND LOCATION OF ALL UTILITIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK. NOTICE OF PROPOSED WORK SHALL BE GIVEN TO THE FOLLOWING AGENCIES:

UNDERGROUND SERVICE ALERT: TELEPHONE NO.1-800-422-4133
SAN DIEGO GAS & ELECTRIC: TELEPHONE NO.1-800-227-2600
PACIFIC TELEPHONE: TELEPHONE NO:(619)266-4683
COX CATV: TELEPHONE NO:(619) 263-5793 EXT. 5198
SEWER: COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO-HHSA
RINCON DEL DIABLO
MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT: TELEPHONE NO:(760)745-5522

- A SOILS REPORT MAY BE REQUIRED PRIOR TO THE ISSUANCE OF A BUILDING PERMIT.
- APPROVAL OF THESE PLANS BY THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS DOES NOT AUTHORIZE ANY WORK OR GRADING TO BE PERFORMED UNTIL THE PROPERTY OWNER'S PERMISSION HAS BEEN OBTAINED AND VALID GRADING PERMIT HAS BEEN ISSUED.

- THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS' APPROVAL OF THESE PLANS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE COUNTY BUILDING OFFICIAL APPROVAL OF ANY FOUNDATION FOR STRUCTURES TO BE PLACED ON THE ITEMS COVERED BY THESE PLANS. NO WAIVER OF THE GRADING ORDINANCE REQUIREMENTS CONCERNING MINIMUM COVER EXPANSIVE SOIL IS MADE OR IMPLIED (SECTIONS 87.403 & 87.410). ANY SUCH WAIVER MUST BE OBTAINED FROM THE DIRECTOR OF PLANNING AND LAND USE.

- ALL OPERATIONS CONDUCTED ON THE PREMISES, INCLUDING THE WARMING UP, REPAIR, ARRIVAL, DEPARTURE OR RUNNING OF TRUCKS, EARTHMOVING EQUIPMENT AND ANY OTHER ASSOCIATED GRADING EQUIPMENT SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE PERIOD BETWEEN 7:00 AM AND 6:00 PM EACH DAY, MONDAY THRU SATURDAY, AND NO EARTHMOVING OR GRADING OPERATIONS SHALL BE CONDUCTED ON THE PREMISES ON SUNDAYS OR HOLIDAYS.

- ALL MAJOR SLOPES SHALL BE ROUNDED INTO EXISTING TERRAIN TO PRODUCE A CONTINUED TRANSITION FROM CUT OR FILL FACES TO NATURAL GROUND AND ABUTTING CUT OR FILL SURFACES.

- NOTWITHSTANDING THE MINIMUM STANDARDS SET FORTH IN THE GRADING ORDINANCE AND NOTWITHSTANDING THE APPROVAL OF THESE GRADING PLANS, THE PERMITEE IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PREVENTION OF DAMAGE TO ADJACENT PROPERTY. NO PERSON SHALL EXCAVATE ON LAND SO CLOSE TO THE PROPERTY LINE AS TO ENDANGER ANY ADJOINING PUBLIC STREET, SIDEWALK ALLEY, FUNCTION OF ANY SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM, OR ANY OTHER PUBLIC OR PRIVATE PROPERTY WITHOUT SUPPORTING AND PROTECTING SUCH PROPERTY FROM SETTLING, CRACKING, EROSION, SILTING, SOIL OR OTHER DAMAGE WHICH MIGHT RESULT FROM THE GRADING DESCRIBED ON THIS PLAN. THE COUNTY WILL HOLD THE PERMITEE RESPONSIBLE FOR CORRECTION OF NON-DEPICTED IMPROVEMENTS WHICH DAMAGE ADJACENT PROPERTY.

- MAXIMUM SLOPE RATIOS:
CUT-1.5:1 FOR MINOR SLOPES UNDER 15' HIGH OR IN ROCK 2:1 FOR MAJOR SLOPES. CUT SLOPES MAY BE 1:1 OR STEEPER IN ROCK WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER.
FILL-2:1
EXCAVATION: 2,920,000
FILL: 2,920,000
WASTE/IMPORT: 0

(NOTE: A SEPARATE VALID PERMIT MUST EXIST FOR EITHER WASTE OR IMPORT AREAS.)

- NOTE: EARTHWORK QUANTITIES DO NOT REFLECT ANY SPECIAL CONDITIONS THAT MAY BE SPECIFIED IN THE PRELIMINARY SOILS REPORT AND ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY. SINCE THE ENGINEER CANNOT CONTROL THE EXACT METHOD OR MEANS USED BY THE CONTRACTOR DURING GRADING OPERATIONS, NOR CAN THE ENGINEER GUARANTEE THE EXACT SOILS CONDITION OVER THE ENTIRE SITE. THE ENGINEER ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINAL EARTHWORK QUANTITIES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING HIS OWN EARTHWORK QUANTITIES FOR BIDDING, CONTRACT AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES.

- SPECIAL CONDITION: IF ANY ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES ARE DISCOVERED ON THE SITE OF THIS GRADING DURING GRADING OPERATIONS, THE PERMITEE WILL NOTIFY THE PROJECT ARCHEOLOGIST OF THE DISCOVERY.
- ALL GRADING DETAILS WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SAN DIEGO COUNTY STANDARD DRAWINGS DS-8, DS-10, DS-11 AND D-75

- THE CONSTRUCTION OF ONE PCC STANDARD RESIDENTIAL DRIVEWAY PER LOT, LOCATION TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD BY THE ENGINEER OF WORK, PCC SURFACING OF DRIVEWAY TO EXTEND FROM CURB TO PROPERTY LINE. USE STANDARD DRAWINGS G-14A, G-14B, G-14C, G-15 AND G-16

- FINISHED GRADING SHALL BE CERTIFIED BY A REGISTERED CIVIL ENGINEER AND INSPECTED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER FOR DRAINAGE CLEARANCE. (APPROVAL OF ROUGH GRADING DOES NOT CERTIFY FINISH BECAUSE OF POTENTIAL SURFACE DRAINAGE PROBLEMS THAT MAY BE CREATED BY LANDSCAPING ACCOMPLISHED AFTER ROUGH GRADING CERTIFICATION.

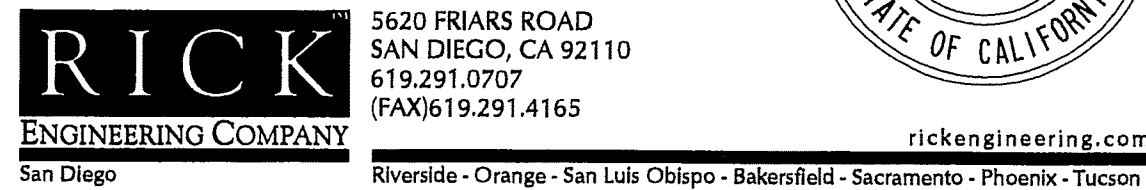
- FINAL ACCEPTANCE OF THE TO-BE PUBLICLY MAINTAINED STORM DRAIN LINES WILL BE SUBJECT TO INTERNAL CLOSED CIRCUIT TELEVISION (CCTV) INSPECTION BY A CCTV CONTRACTOR. THE PERMITEE/CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE TO SCHEDULE AND PAY FOR THE COSTS OF INSPECTION. ONCE CCTV INSPECTION IS COMPLETED, IT SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DPW INSPECTOR FOR REVIEW AND FINAL APPROVAL. CCTV INSPECTION SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN DLI-LO-H

- THE ACTIVE DISTURBED AREA OF A PROJECT SITE SHALL BE NO MORE THAN 50 ACRES FOR AN INDIVIDUAL GRADING PERMIT/IMPROVEMENT PLAN OR COMBINATION OF GRADING PERMITS UNDER ASSOCIATED TENTATIVE OR FINAL MAPS, UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE COUNTY OFFICIAL. **125% OF THE REQUIRED STORMWATER BMP MATERIALS SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON SITE TO PROTECT DISTURBED SOILS.** **REQUIREMENTS FOR EXEMPTION TO FIFTY (50) ACRE ACTIVE SOIL DISTURBANCE LIMITATIONS IS SET FORTH IN THE DIRECTOR'S LETTER OF DIRECTION (DLI-LO-1), PAGE 21 AND COUNTY CODE SECTION 87.414.1.**

- UNAUTHORIZED CHANGES & USES: THE ENGINEER OF WORK PREPARING THESE PLANS WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR, OR LIABLE FOR, UNAUTHORIZED CHANGES TO OR USES OF THESE PLANS. ALL CHANGES TO THE PLANS MUST BE IN WRITING AND MUST BE APPROVED BY THE PREPARER OF THESE PLANS.
- GRADING TOLERANCES:
PADS: 0.1'
STREETS: 0.2'
CHANNEL: 0.1'
SHEET GRADED PADS: 0.2'
CUT & FILL SLOPES: 0.5'

APN'S

235-010-16, 235-010-17, 235-010-21, 235-011-01,
235-031-05, 235-031-10, 235-031-11, 235-031-14,
235-031-35, 235-031-36, 235-031-37



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GRADING PLANS FOR: HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE-PHASE 1

ARCHAEOLOGICAL MONITORING NOTES (CON'T)

- MONITORING OF PREVIOUSLY DISTURBED AREAS, GRADED AREAS, OR AREAS THAT CONTAIN NON-CULTURAL AND GEOLOGICALLY STERILE MATERIAL SHALL BE MONITORED AT THE DISCRETION OF THE PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR AS DICTATED BY THE POTENTIAL, OR ABSENCE OF POTENTIAL, TO ENCOUNTER CULTURAL MATERIALS.

- IN THE EVENT THAT PREVIOUSLY UNIDENTIFIED POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT CULTURAL RESOURCES ARE DISCOVERED, THE ARCHAEOLOGICAL MONITOR(S) SHALL HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO DIVERT OR TEMPORARILY HALT GROUND DISTURBANCE OPERATION IN THE AREA OF DISCOVERY TO ALLOW EVALUATION OF POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT CULTURAL RESOURCES. THE PRINCIPLE INVESTIGATOR SHALL CONTACT THE COUNTY ARCHAEOLOGIST AT THE TIME OF DISCOVERY. THE PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR, IN CONSULTATION WITH COUNTY STAFF ARCHAEOLOGIST, SHALL DETERMINE THE SIGNIFICANCE OF THE DISCOVERED RESOURCES. THE COUNTY ARCHAEOLOGIST MUST CONCUR WITH THE EVALUATION BEFORE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WILL BE ALLOWED TO RESUME IN THE AFFECTED AREA. FOR SIGNIFICANT CULTURAL RESOURCES, A RESEARCH DESIGN AND DATA RECOVERY PROGRAM TO MITIGATE IMPACTS SHALL BE PREPARED BY THE CONSULTING ARCHAEOLOGIST AND APPROVED BY THE COUNTY ARCHAEOLOGIST, THEN CARRIED OUT USING PROFESSIONAL ARCHAEOLOGICAL METHODS.

- IF ANY HUMAN BONES ARE DISCOVERED, THE PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR SHALL CONTACT THE COUNTY CORONER. IN THE EVENT THAT THE REMAINS ARE DETERMINED TO BE OF NATIVE AMERICAN ORIGIN, THE MOST LIKELY DESCENDANT, AS IDENTIFIED BY THE NATIVE AMERICAN HERITAGE COMMISSION, SHALL BE CONTACTED IN ORDER TO DETERMINE PROPER TREATMENT AND DISPOSITION OF THE REMAINS.

- PRIOR TO ROUGH GRADING INSPECTION SIGN-OFF, PROVIDE EVIDENCE THAT THE FIELD GRADING MONITORING ACTIVITIES HAVE BEEN COMPLETED TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE DIRECTOR OF PLANNING AND LAND USE. EVIDENCE SHALL BE IN THE FORM OF A LETTER FROM THE PROJECT ARCHAEOLOGIST.

- PRIOR TO FINAL GRADING RELEASE, SUBMIT TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE DIRECTOR OF PLANNING AND LAND USE, A FINAL REPORT THAT DOCUMENTS THE RESULTS, ANALYSIS, AND CONCLUSIONS OF ALL PHASES OF THE ARCHAEOLOGICAL MONITORING PROGRAM. THE REPORT SHALL ALSO INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:

- DEPARTMENT OF PARKS AND RECREATION PRIMARY AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORMS.
- EVIDENCE THAT ALL CULTURAL COLLECTED DURING THE GRADING MONITORING PROGRAM HAS BEEN CURATED AT A SAN DIEGO FACILITY THAT MEETS FEDERAL STANDARDS PER 36 CFR PART 79, AND THEREFORE WOULD BE PROFESSIONALLY CURATED AND MADE AVAILABLE TO OTHER ARCHAEOLOGISTS/RESEARCHERS FOR FURTHER STUDY. THE COLLECTIONS AND ASSOCIATED RECORDS SHALL BE TRANSFERRED, INCLUDING TITLE, TO AN APPROPRIATE CURATION FACILITY WITHIN SAN DIEGO COUNTY, TO BE ACCOMPANIED BY PAYMENT OF THE FEES NECESSARY FOR PERMANENT CURATION. EVIDENCE SHALL BE IN THE FORM OF A LETTER FROM THE CURATION FACILITY IDENTIFYING THAT ARCHAEOLOGICAL MATERIALS HAVE BEEN RECEIVED AND THAT ALL FEES HAVE BEEN PAID.

- IN THE EVENT THAT NO CULTURAL RESOURCES ARE DISCOVERED, A BRIEF LETTER TO THAT EFFECT SHALL BE SENT TO THE DIRECTOR OF PLANNING AND LAND USE BY THE CONSULTING ARCHAEOLOGIST THAT THE GRADING MONITORING ACTIVITIES HAVE BEEN COMPLETED.

OR
ENTER INTO A SECURED AGREEMENT WITH THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND LAND USE, SECURED BY A LETTER OF CREDIT, BOND, OR CASH FOR 150 PERCENT OF THE ESTIMATED COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE PREPARATION OF THE FINAL REPORT THAT DOCUMENTS THE RESULTS, ANALYSIS, AND CONCLUSIONS OF ALL PHASES OF THE ARCHAEOLOGICAL MONITORING PROGRAM, AND A 10 PERCENT CASH DEPOSIT NOT TO EXCEED \$30,000. A COST ESTIMATE SHALL BE SUBMITTED AND APPROVED BY THE DIRECTOR OF PLANNING AND LAND USE FOR THE COST OF PREPARING THE FINAL GRADING MONITORING THAT INCLUDES ARTIFACT ANALYSIS, AND SPECIALIZED STUDIES SUCH AS LITHICS ANALYSIS, CERAMICS ANALYSIS, FLORAL ANALYSIS, FLORAL ANALYSIS, ASSEMBLAGE ANALYSIS, RADIOCARBON DATING, AND CURATION AS DETERMINED BY THE PROJECT ARCHAEOLOGIST IN CONSULTATION WITH COUNTY STAFF ARCHAEOLOGIST. (CR-M)

OWNER/PERMITEE

BY: Peter J. Kiesecker DATE: 10/24/12
PETER J. KIESECKER, SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT

STANDARD PACIFIC CORP.,
15360 BARRANCA PARKWAY
IRVINE, CA 92618
PHONE: (949) 789-1600
FAX: (949) 789-1609

OWNER'S CERTIFICATE

IT IS AGREED THAT FIELD CONDITIONS MAY REQUIRE CHANGES TO THESE PLANS.

IT IS FURTHER AGREED THAT THE OWNER (DEVELOPER) SHALL HAVE A REGISTERED CIVIL ENGINEER MAKE SUCH CHANGES, ALTERATIONS OR ADDITIONS TO THESE PLANS WHICH THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS DETERMINES ARE NECESSARY AND DESIRABLE FOR THE PROPER COMPLETIONS OF THE IMPROVEMENTS.

I HEREBY AGREE TO COMMENCE WORK ON ANY IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS WITHIN EXISTING COUNTY RIGHT-OF-WAY WITHIN 60 DAYS AFTER ISSUANCE OF THE CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND TO PURSUE SUCH WORK ACTIVELY ON EVERY NORMAL WORKING DAY UNTIL COMPLETED, IRRESPECTIVE AND INDEPENDENT OF ANY OTHER WORK ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROJECT OR UNDER MY CONTROL.

ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NO. _____ SEE BELOW _____

BY: Peter J. Kiesecker DATE: 10/24/12
PETER J. KIESECKER, SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT

STANDARD PACIFIC CORP.,
15360 BARRANCA PARKWAY
IRVINE, CA 92618
PHONE: (949) 789-1600
FAX: (949) 789-1609

SITE ADDRESS

N/A

SAN DIEGO COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICT HARMONY GROVE SERVICE AREA

REVIEWED BY: _____ DATE: _____
PLANS SHALL BE VALID TWO YEARS FROM THE DATE APPROVED

COUNTY APPROVED CHANGES

NO.	DESCRIPTION:	APPROVED BY:	DATE:

WORK TO BE DONE

GRADING AND DRAINAGE WORK CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING WORK TO BE DONE ACCORDING TO THESE PLANS, THE CURRENT SAN DIEGO AREA REGIONAL STANDARD DRAWINGS, THE SPECIFICATIONS FOR PUBLIC WORK CONSTRUCTION AND THE SAN DIEGO COUNTY GRADING ORDINANCE AND CALTRANS STANDARD PLANS.

STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

1. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR PUBLIC WORKS CONSTRUCTION, 2012 EDITION (GREENBOOK) AND SUPPLEMENTS.

STANDARD DRAWINGS:

1. SAN DIEGO REGIONAL STANDARD DRAWINGS (2006).

LEGEND

STANDARD DWGS.

SYMBOL

PROPERTY BOUNDARY	-----	-----
EXISTING LOT LINE	-----	-----
EXISTING EASEMENT	-----	-----
EXISTING STORM DRAIN	-----	-----
EXISTING MANHOLE/CLEANOUT	-----	-----
EXISTING SEWER	-----	-----
EXISTING WATER MAIN	-----	-----
EXISTING FIRE HYDRANT	-----	-----
EXISTING GATE VALVES	-----	-----
EXISTING ELECTRIC	-----	-----
EXISTING CURB	-----	-----
EXISTING 5' CONTOUR	-----	-----
EXISTING ELEVATION	-----	-----
EXISTING POWER POLE	-----	-----
EXISTING OVERHEAD LINES	-----	-----
EXISTING SIGN	-----	-----
EXISTING WATER WELLS	-----	-----
EXISTING 100YR FLOODPLAIN	-----	-----
EXISTING 100YR FLOODWAY	-----	-----
PROPOSED 100YR FLOODPLAIN	-----	-----
PROPOSED 100YR FLOODWAY	-----	-----
LOT LINE	-----	-----
UNIT BOUNDARY	-----	-----
PROPOSED EASEMENT	-----	-----
CONTOUR	-----	-----
CUT ELEVATION	-----	-----
SLOPE	(2:1 OR AS OTHERWISE SHOWN)	-----
FILL SLOPE	(2:1 OR AS OTHERWISE SHOWN)	-----
DAYLIGHT LINE	-----	-----
BROW DITCH	SEE DETAIL SHT. 2	-----
TRAIL DITCH	SEE DETAIL SHT. 6	-----
BLADED SWALE	SEE DETAIL SHT. 2	-----
LIMIT OF SLOPE TRANSITION	-----	-----
TRM (MACMAT N10)	SEE DETAIL SHTS. 5 & 125	-----
TRM (MACMAT N20)	SEE DETAIL SHTS. 5 & 125	-----
FINISH GRADE	573.85	-----
FLOW LINE	FL 573.85	-----
LOT NUMBER	610	-----
PAD ELEVATION	601.9	-----
SUBDRAIN	SEE DETAIL SHT. 6	-----
OPEN SPACE EASEMENT FENCE	SEE DETAIL SHT. 2	-----
ORANGE CONSTRUCTION FENCE	-----	-----
STORM DRAIN	D-60	-----
TYPE A CLEANOUT	SDRS D-9,D-11	-----
CURB INLET A, B, B-1, B-2	SDRS D-1, D-2, D-11, D-12, D-45	-----
TYPE F" CATCH BASIN	SDRS D-7, D-11	-----
CDS UNIT	SEE SHT. 122	-----
WING TYPE HEADWALL	SDRS D-34	-----
RIP RAP ENERGY DISSIPATOR	SDRS D-40 (SPECS PER PLAN)	-----
STORM DRAIN RISER	SEE SHT. 6	-----
CONCRETE LUG	SDRS D-63	-----
CONCRETE CUT-OFF WALLS	SDRS S-10	-----
MASONRY RETAINING WALL	SDRS C-1, C-4 (TYPE PER PLAN)	-----
CHAIN LINK FENCE	SDRS M-6	-----

CONTRACTOR'S NOTE

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTOR AGREES THAT IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED CONSTRUCTION PRACTICES, CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTOR WILL BE REQUIRED TO ASSUME SOLE AND COMPLETE RESPONSIBILITY FOR JOB SITE CONDITIONS DURING THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT, INCLUDING SAFETY OF ALL PERSONS AND PROPERTY; THAT THIS REQUIREMENT SHALL BE MADE TO APPLY CONTINUOUSLY AND NOT BE LIMITED TO NORMAL WORKING HOURS, AND CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTOR FURTHER AGREES TO DEFEND, INDEMNIFY AND HOLD COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO HARMLESS FROM ANY LIABILITY, REAL OR ALLEGED, IN CONNECTION WITH THE PERFORMANCE OF WORK ON THIS PROJECT, EXCEPTING LIABILITY ARISING FROM THE SOLE NEGLIGENCE OF COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO PROFESSIONALS.

ABBREVIATIONS

APN	ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER	POA	PRIVATE OWNERS ASSOCIATION
BVC	BEGIN VERTICAL CURVE	P/L	PROPERTY LINE
C.B.	CATCH BASIN	PVC	POLYVINYL CHLORIDE
C.O.	CENTERLINE	R	RADIUS
C.O.	CLEANOUT	RCP	REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE
DWY	DRIVEWAY	RSD	REGIONAL STANDARD DRAWING
EC	END OF CURVE	RT	RIGHT
EVC	END VERTICAL CURVE	R/W	RIGHT OF WAY
EX	EXISTING	SD	STORM DRAIN
FG	FINISHED GRADE	SDCDS	SAN DIEGO COUNTY DESIGN STANDARDS
FL	FLOW LINE	SDRS	SAN DIEGO REGIONAL STANDARD DRAWINGS
HP	HIGH POINT	LP	LOW POINT
LP	LOW POINT	LT	LEFT
LT	LEFT	MAX	MAXIMUM
MOD.	MODIFIED	M.H.	MANHOLE
OS	OPEN SPACE	MIN	MINIMUM
		MOD.	MODIFIED
		OS	OPEN SPACE

J - 16412

PRIVATE CONTRACT

SHEET 1	COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS	133 SHEETS
GRADING PLANS FOR: HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE PHASE 1		
CALIFORNIA COORDINATE INDEX 334-1785		
APPROVED FOR: MOHAMAD K. FAKHRRIDINE COUNTY ENGINEER		
ENGINEER OF WORK <u>Timothy J. Murphy</u> DATE: <u>8/30/12</u> 1-15656 GRADING PERMIT NO.		
BY: _____	DATE: _____	



STORM DRAIN DATA					
NO.	DELTA OR BRG.	RADIUS	LENGTH	REMARKS	SYSTEM/ PROFILE SHT. NO.
1	N65°24'38"W		3.25'	18" RCP (1350-D)	H-6, SHT. 69
2	Δ=0°23'44"	998.00'	59.92'	18" RCP (1350-D)	H-7, SHT. 69
3	N68°26'15"W		17.71'	48" RCP (1350-D)	I-2, SHT. 68
4	N65°18'51"W		41.60'	48" RCP (1350-D)	I-1, SHT. 68
5	Δ=0°49'31"	998.00'	75.34'	18" RCP (1350-D)	I-53, SHT. 69
6	N68°26'15"W		22.82'	48" RCP (1350-D)	H-1, SHT. 65
7	Δ=0°40'43"	560.00'	39.85'	48" RCP (1350-D)	H-1, SHT. 65
8	Δ=0°07'05"	560.00'	69.57'	42" RCP (1350-D)	H-2, SHT. 65
9	Δ=0°27'43"	560.00'	25.69'	42" RCP (1350-D)	H-89, SHT. 65
10	Δ=0°49'07"	560.00'	95.96'	42" RCP (1350-D)	H-3, SHT. 65
11	Δ=7°51'24"	50.00'	65.73'	42" RCP (1350-D)**	H-3, SHT. 65
12	Δ=0°48'39"	1740.00'	24.62'	42" RCP (1350-D)	H-3, SHT. 65
13	Δ=0°32'01"	1740.00'	101.34'	42" RCP (1350-D)	H-4, SHT. 65
14	N47°51'02"W		35.86'	18" RCP (1350-D)	H-85, SHT. 65
15	Δ=0°23'51"	1740.00'	79.39'	42" RCP (1350-D)	H-5, SHT. 65
16	Δ=0°52'21"	1740.00'	56.86'	42" RCP (1350-D)	H-6, SHT. 65
17	Δ=0°49'15"	1740.00'	24.93'	42" RCP (1350-D)	H-7, SHT. 65
18	N71°11'36"E		73.24'	42" RCP (1350-D)	H-7, SHT. 65
19	N50°14'52"W		25.50'	18" RCP (1350-D)	L-97, SHT. 73
20	N27°31'58"W		13.02'	18" RCP (1350-D)	H-54, SHT. 80
21	N22°59'08"W		13.02'	18" RCP (1350-D)	H-55, SHT. 80
22	N5°29'37"E		26.25'	18" RCP (1350-D)	H-26, SHT. 65
23	N5°29'37"E		6.25'	18" RCP (1350-D)	H-25, SHT. 65
24	Δ=0°54'57"	875.00'	90.35'	18" RCP (1350-D)	H-24, SHT. 65
25	N18°19'18"E		135.93'	42" RCP (1350-D)	H-32, SHT. 66
26	Δ=0°212'41"	2001.00'	77.23'	42" RCP (1350-D)	H-32, SHT. 66
27	Δ=0°42'12"	2001.00'	59.49'	42" RCP (1350-D)	H-31, SHT. 66
28	N69°24'34"W		3.75'	18" RCP (1350-D)	H-43, SHT. 66
29	Δ=0°58'19"	460.00'	64.00'	18" RCP (1350-D)	H-47, SHT. 66
30	N47°54'30"E		6.18'	18" RCP (1350-D)	H-49, SHT. 66
31	N47°54'30"E		26.32'	18" RCP (1350-D)	H-48, SHT. 66
32	N33°28'25"E		5.75'	18" RCP (1350-D)	H-30, SHT. 65
33	N33°28'25"E		25.75'	18" RCP (1350-D)	H-29, SHT. 65
34	N50°55'06"E		10.25'	18" RCP (1350-D)	L-77, SHT. 74
35	N50°55'06"E		22.25'	18" RCP (1350-D)	L-16, SHT. 74
36	N39°04'54"W		54.47'	18" RCP (1350-D)	L-15, SHT. 74
37	Δ=1°46'27"	660.00'	135.62'	48" RCP (1350-D)	L-7, SHT. 73
38	Δ=2°46'23"	660.00'	158.47'	36" RCP (1350-D)	L-8, SHT. 73
39	Δ=9°06'26"	45.00'	76.27'	54" RCP (1350-D)**	L-4, SHT. 73
40	Δ=0°52'41"	1410.00'	95.43'	54" RCP (1350-D)	L-4, SHT. 73
41	Δ=0°42'09"	660.00'	51.29'	36" RCP (1350-D)	L-66, SHT. 73
42	N2°41'09"E		89.60'	8" X10" DBL BOX CULVERT	P-9, SHT. 83
43	Δ=0°53'09"	415.00'	49.87'	18" RCP (1350-D)	N-10, SHT. 79
44	N28°22'00"E		70.34'	18" RCP (1350-D)	N-11, SHT. 79
45	Δ=0°42'22"	409.00'	12.18'	18" RCP (1350-D)	N-11, SHT. 79
46	N30°04'27"E		85.78'	18" RCP (1350-D)	N-11, SHT. 79
47	N39°05'50"E		74.18'	18" RCP (1350-D)	N-12, SHT. 80
48	Δ=12°06'58"	200.00'	42.29'	18" RCP (1350-D)*	N-12, SHT. 80
49	Δ=0°45'53"	1996.00'	170.63'	18" RCP (1350-D)	N-12, SHT. 80
50	Δ=0°42'34"	1996.00'	153.15'	18" RCP (1350-D)	N-13, SHT. 80
51	N18°19'18"E		98.00'	18" RCP (1350-D)	N-13, SHT. 80
52	N32°08'52"E		75.62'	24" RCP (1350-D)	0-12, SHT. 82
53	Δ=10°03'21"	1004.00'	176.21'	24" RCP (1350-D)	0-12, SHT. 82
54	Δ=0°21'34"	1004.00'	39.06'	24" RCP (1350-D)	0-14, SHT. 82
55	N87°08'14"E		13.32'	18" RCP (1350-D)	0-13, SHT. 82
56	N27°33'45"E		4.50'	18" RCP (1350-D)	0-20, SHT. 82
57	Δ=4°01'48"	290.00'	203.88'	24" RCP (1350-D)*	0-11, SHT. 82
58	N85°25'23"E		2.19'	18" RCP (1350-D)	N-60, SHT. 80
59	N07°25'11"W		5.52'	18" RCP (1350-D)	N-61, SHT. 80
60	N47°14'59"W		377.76'	8" X12" DBL BOX CULVERT	P-5, SHT. 83
61	NOT USED				
62	N60°57'20"W		10.50'	18" RCP (1350-D)	I-44, SHT. 69
63	NOT USED				
64	N22°12'51"W		21.51'	18" RCP (1350-D)	H-81, SHT. 80
65	N22°12'51"W		21.50'	18" RCP (1350-D)	H-82, SHT. 80
66	N36°30'41"W		13.00'	18" RCP (1350-D)	H-70, SHT. 65
67	N13°25'07"E		36.08'	18" RCP (1350-D)	H-71, SHT. 65
68	Δ=0°32'09"	660.00'	48.56'	36" RCP (1350-D)	L-8, SHT. 73
69	N34°48'10"W		35.25'	18" RCP (1350-D)	L-48, SHT. 74

* PIPE REQUIRES 8' LENGTHS W/ 5' BEVEL ONE END
** PIPE REQUIRES 8' LENGTHS W/ 5' BEVEL BOTH ENDS

NOTE: ALL EXISTING EASEMENTS ARE TO BE VACATED UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
NOTE: ALL EXISTING STRUCTURES ARE TO BE REMOVED UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

J - 16412

SEE SHEET NO. 45

- (A) STORM DRAIN TO CULVERT CONNECTION PER SHEET 90, SHEET "A"
- (B) 100-YR WATER SURFACE ELEVATION IS 1' BELOW TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT
- (C) UNGROUTED RIP RAP TO BE FILLED WITH SOIL.

WINGWALL NOTES

- ① H=9.6'
M=20.7', 23.1'
ELEV. "a"=599.5
ANGLE OF FLARE=34.30°, 42.90°
- ② H=14.6'
M=20.9', 22.1'
ELEV. "a"=598.4
ANGLE OF FLARE=28.22°, 34.19°
- ③ H=10.2'
M=20.3', 17.1'
ELEV. "a"=596.1
ANGLE OF FLARE=34.88°, 7.03°

COUNTY APPROVED CHANGES

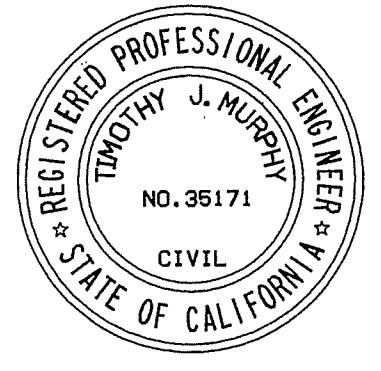
NO.	DESCRIPTION:	APPROVED BY:	DATE:

BENCH MARK

DESCRIPTION: THE BENCH MARK FOR THIS SURVEY IS THE 3.5" U.S.G.S. STANDARD BRASS DISK STAMPED "GWM 85" 1946" ON WEST END OF NORTH HEADWALL BOX CULVERT, LOCATED ON THE NORTH SIDE OF HARMONY GROVE RD., 300 FEET WEST OF COUNTRY CLUB RD. BENCH MARK DESIGNATION GWM 0885 PER COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO VERTICAL CONTROL
RECORD FROM: SAN DIEGO COUNTY VERTICAL BENCHMARK CONTROL
ELEVATION: 569.909 DATUM: NGVD 29

PRIVATE CONTRACT

SHEET 40	COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS	133 SHEETS
STORM DRAIN PLAN FOR: HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE PHASE 1		
CALIFORNIA COORDINATE INDEX 334-1785		
APPROVED FOR COUNTY ENGINEER	ENGINEER OF WORK RICK ENGINEERING CO., INC.	L-15656 GRADING PERMIT NO:
BY:	DATE:	



RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY
5620 FRIARS ROAD
SAN DIEGO, CA 92110
619.291.0707
(FAX) 619.291.4165
rickengineering.com
San Diego Riverside Orange San Luis Obispo Bakersfield Sacramento Phoenix Tucson

SEE SHEET NO. 44

SEE SHEET NO. 40

SEE SHEET NO. 46

SEE SHEET NO. 49

SEE SHEET NO. 50

STORM DRAIN DATA					
NO.	DELTA OR BRG.	RADIUS	LENGTH	REMARKS	SYSTEM/PROFILE SHT. NO.
1	N83°34'52"W		29.04'	60" RCP (1350-D)	L-3, SHT. 73
2	Δ-06°25'08"	200.00'	22.41'	60" RCP (1350-D) *	L-3, SHT. 73
3	N90°00'00"E		90.47'	60" RCP (1350-D)	L-3, SHT. 73
4	Δ-88°21'22"	45.00'	69.39'	60" RCP (1350-D) ***	L-3, SHT. 73
5	Δ-00°39'02"	407.50'	46.3'	60" RCP (1350-D)	L-3, SHT. 73
6	Δ-05°17'54"	407.50'	37.68'	54" RCP (1350-D) *	L-4, SHT. 73
7	N00°00'00"W		199.00'	18" RCP (2000-D)	N-8, SHT. 79
8	N00°00'00"W		41.29'	18" RCP (1350-D)	N-9, SHT. 79
9	Δ-05°09'51"	415.00'	37.41'	18" RCP (1350-D)	N-9, SHT. 79
10	Δ-05°27'12"	415.00'	39.50'	18" RCP (1350-D)	N-10, SHT. 79
11	N06°02'53"E		39.75'	18" RCP (1350-D)	L-30, SHT. 74
12	N00°00'00"W		3.75'	18" RCP (1350-D)	L-29, SHT. 74
13	N00°00'00"W		30.75'	18" RCP (1350-D)	L-28, SHT. 74
14	N75°15'22"W		9.97'	18" RCP (1350-D)	L-24, SHT. 74
15	N87°25'28"W		22.84'	18" RCP (1350-D)	L-25, SHT. 74
16	N64°46'11"E		16.38'	18" RCP (1350-D)	L-26, SHT. 74
17	N59°10'30"W		19.64'	18" RCP (1350-D)	L-27, SHT. 74
18	Δ-04°51'33"	1410.00'	119.58'	48" RCP (1350-D)	L-5, SHT. 73
19	N65°50'17"W		97.66'	48" RCP (1350-D)	L-5, SHT. 73
20	N65°50'17"W		13.57'	48" RCP (1350-D)	L-6, SHT. 73
21	Δ-04°51'33"	44.00'	65.74'	48" RCP (1350-D) ***	L-6, SHT. 73
22	Δ-08°12'03"	660.00'	94.47'	48" RCP (1350-D)	L-7, SHT. 73
23	Δ-07°20'26"	660.00'	15.44'	48" RCP (1350-D)	L-6, SHT. 73
24	N90°00'00"E		34.75'	18" RCP (1350-D)	L-18, SHT. 73
25	N45°43'27"W		34.50'	18" RCP (1350-D)	M-33, SHT. 78
26	N76°05'23"E		12.72'	24" RCP (1350-D)	M-8, SHT. 78
27	Δ-66°04'00"	45.00'	51.89'	24" RCP (1350-D) ***	M-8, SHT. 78
28	N90°00'00"E		33.50'	18" RCP (1350-D)	C-30, SHT. 59
29	N30°12'36"E		15.24'	18" RCP (1350-D)	M-87, SHT. 78
30	NOT USED				
31	N00°00'00"E		162.00'	18" RCP (1350-D)	C-8, SHT. 58
32	N00°00'00"E		49.00'	18" RCP (1350-D)	C-9, SHT. 58
33	N00°00'00"E		77.00'	18" RCP (1350-D)	C-10, SHT. 58
34	N90°00'00"E		135.37'	18" RCP (1350-D)	C-11, SHT. 59
35	N90°00'00"E		24.12'	18" RCP (1350-D)	C-12, SHT. 59
36	N38°52'36"E		22.05'	18" RCP (1350-D)	C-13, SHT. 59
37	N90°00'00"E		6.25'	18" RCP (1350-D)	C-29, SHT. 58
38	N90°00'00"E		26.25'	18" RCP (1350-D)	C-28, SHT. 58
39	N90°00'00"E		85.57'	18" RCP (1350-D)	C-25, SHT. 59
40	N00°00'00"E		6.25'	18" RCP (1350-D)	C-26, SHT. 59
41	N00°00'00"W		26.25'	18" RCP (1350-D)	C-27, SHT. 59
42	N9°02'14"W		21.00'	30" RCP (1350-D)	M-5, SHT. 77
43	N9°02'14"W		22.83'	24" RCP (1350-D)	M-39, SHT. 77
44	Δ-04°05'19"	662.00'	47.24'	24" RCP (1350-D)	M-34, SHT. 77
45	N74°50'35"E		35.50'	18" RCP (1350-D)	M-47, SHT. 78
46	N76°05'23"E		37.25'	24" RCP (1350-D)	M-6, SHT. 78
47	N76°05'23"E		133.03'	24" RCP (1350-D)	M-7, SHT. 78
48	N76°05'23"E		68.72'	24" RCP (1350-D)	M-46, SHT. 78
49	N10°01'24"E		27.42'	24" RCP (1350-D)	M-8, SHT. 78
50	Δ-09°44'21"	311.00'	52.86'	24" RCP (1350-D)	M-8, SHT. 78
51	N19°45'45"E		110.3'	24" RCP (1350-D)	M-8, SHT. 78
52	N19°45'45"E		58.82'	24" RCP (1350-D)	M-9, SHT. 78
53	N06°39'41"W		507.2'	24" RCP (1350-D)	M-10, SHT. 78
54	Δ-65°13'53"	22.50'	25.82'	24" RCP (1350-D) ***	M-10, SHT. 78
55	N77°53'34"W		16.69'	24" RCP (1350-D)	M-10, SHT. 78
56	Δ-19°49'16"	361.00'	124.89'	18" RCP (1350-D)	M-11, SHT. 78
57	Δ-05°04'40"	361.00'	31.99'	18" RCP (1350-D)	M-12, SHT. 78
58	Δ-44°08'01"	361.00'	89.05'	18" RCP (1350-D)	M-13, SHT. 78
59	N30°57'21"W		12.50'	18" RCP (1350-D)	M-34, SHT. 78
60	N57°26'12"W		12.50'	18" RCP (1350-D)	M-32, SHT. 78
61	N77°53'34"W		12.50'	18" RCP (1350-D)	M-31, SHT. 78
62	N70°00'51"E		26.69'	18" RCP (1350-D)	M-26, SHT. 78
63	N63°42'46"E		101.66'	18" RCP (1350-D)	M-27, SHT. 78
64	N70°20'05"W		35.07'	18" RCP (1350-D)	M-25, SHT. 78
65	N70°57'46"E		47.77'	24" RCP (1350-D)	M-40, SHT. 77
66	N79°10'16"W		23.76'	24" RCP (1350-D)	M-41, SHT. 77
67	Δ-26°35'09"	242.00'	112.29'	24" RCP (1350-D)	M-41, SHT. 77
68	N89°07'36"E		111.90'	24" RCP (1350-D)	M-42, SHT. 77
69	N03°51'19"E		51.30'	18" RCP (1350-D)	L-22, SHT. 73
70	N24°09'43"E		11.50'	18" RCP (1350-D)	L-21, SHT. 73
71	N24°09'43"E		31.50'	18" RCP (1350-D)	L-20, SHT. 73
72	NOT USED				
73	N90°00'00"E		33.50'	18" RCP (1350-D)	C-52, SHT. 59

* PIPE REQUIRES 8' LENGTHS W/ 5' BEVEL ONE END
** PIPE REQUIRES 8' LENGTHS W/ 5' BEVEL BOTH ENDS
*** PIPE REQUIRES 4' LENGTHS W/ 5' BEVEL BOTH ENDS

NOTE: ALL EXISTING EASEMENTS ARE TO BE VACATED UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

NOTE: ALL EXISTING STRUCTURES ARE TO BE REMOVED UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

J - 16412

PRIVATE CONTRACT

SHEET 45	COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS	133 SHEETS
STORM DRAIN PLAN FOR: HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE PHASE 1		
CALIFORNIA COORDINATE INDEX 334-1785		
APPROVED FOR: MOHAMAD K. FAKHRRIDINE COUNTY ENGINEER	ENGINEER OF WORK: [Signature] R.C.E. 3570	DATE: 10/2/2012
BY: _____	DATE: _____	GRADING PERMIT NO.: L-15656

COUNTY APPROVED CHANGES			
NO.	DESCRIPTION:	APPROVED BY:	DATE:

BENCH MARK
DESCRIPTION: THE BENCH MARK FOR THIS SURVEY IS THE 3.5" USGS STANDARD BRASS DISK STAMPED "GWM 85" 1946" ON WEST END OF NORTH HEADWALL BOX CULVERT, LOCATED ON THE NORTH SIDE OF HARMONY GROVE RD., 300 FEET WEST OF COUNTRY CLUB RD. BENCH MARK DESIGNATION GWM 0085 PER COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO VERTICAL CONTROL.
RECORD FROM: SAN DIEGO COUNTY VERTICAL BENCHMARK CONTROL
ELEVATION: 569.909 DATUM: NGVD 29

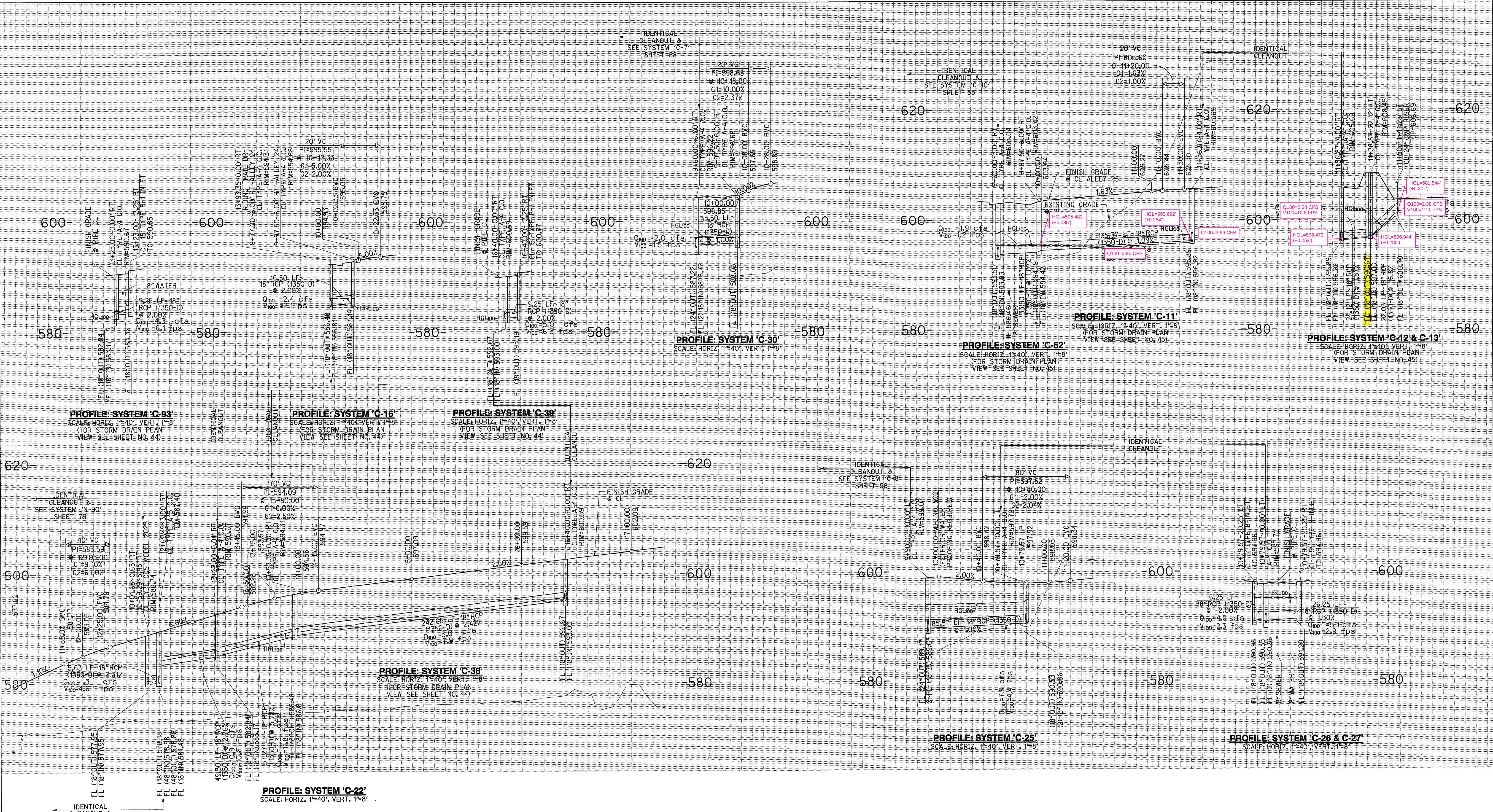
GRAPHIC SCALE 1"= 40'

RECORD PLAN	
BY: _____	DATE: _____
R.C.E. _____	NAME _____
EXPIRES: _____	



RICK
ENGINEERING COMPANY
5620 FRIARS ROAD
SAN DIEGO, CA 92110
619.291.0707
(FAX) 619.291.4165
rickengineering.com
San Diego Riverside - Orange - San Luis Obispo - Bakersfield - Sacramento - Phoenix - Tucson

RICK ENGINEERING CO., - (619) 291-0707



REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
TIMOTHY J. MURPHY
NO. 36171
CIVIL
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

RICK
ENGINEERING COMPANY
San Diego

5620 FRIARS ROAD
SAN DIEGO, CA 92110
619.291.0707
(FAX) 619.291.4165

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RECORD PLAN

BY: _____ DATE: _____
NAME _____
R.C.E. _____
EXPIRES: _____

COUNTY APPROVED CHANGES

NO.	DESCRIPTION:	APPROVED BY:	DATE:

DESCRIPTION: THE BENCH MARK FOR THIS SURVEY IS THE
3.5" USGS STANDARD BRASS DISK STAMPED "GWM 85" 1946"
ON WEST END OF NORTH HEADWALL BOX CULVERT, LOCATED ON
THE NORTH SIDE OF HARMONY GROVE RD., 300 FEET WEST OF
COUNTRY CLUB RD. BENCH MARK DESIGNATION GWM 0085 PER
COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO VERTICAL CONTROL.
RECORD FROM: SAN DIEGO COUNTY VERTICAL BENCHMARK CONTROL
ELEVATION: 569.909 DATUM: NGVD 29

PRIVATE CONTRACT

SHEET 59 COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS 133 SHEETS

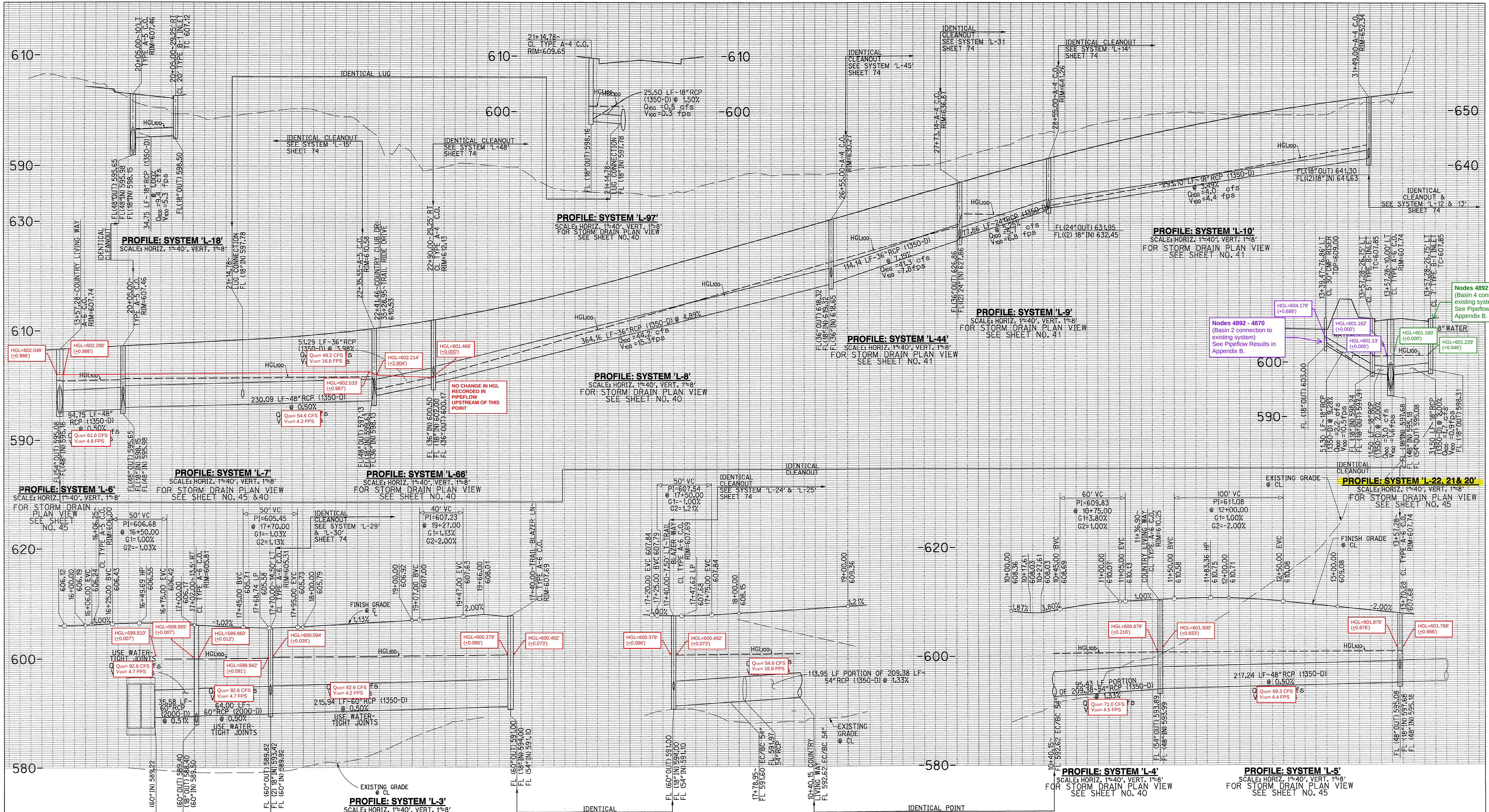
STORM DRAIN RPROFILE FOR:
**HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE
PHASE 1**

CALIFORNIA COORDINATE INDEX 334-1785

APPROVED FOR: MOHAMAD K. FAKHRRIDDINE COUNTY ENGINEER
BY: _____ DATE: _____

ENGINEER OF WORK: _____
R.C.E. 55121 DATE: 7/24/24
L-15656
GRADING PERMIT NO: _____

23-001-2012 10-35 J - 16412 RICK ENGINEERING CO. - (619) 291-0707



J - 16412

PROFILE: SYSTEM 'L-1'
SCALE: HORIZ. 1"=40', VERT. 1"=8'
FOR STORM DRAIN PLAN VIEW
SEE SHEET NO. 45



RECORD PLAN

BY: _____ NAME _____ DATE: _____

R.C.E. _____

EXPIRES: _____

PROFILE: SYSTEM 'L-4'
SCALE: HORIZ. 1"=40', VERT. 1"=8'
FOR STORM DRAIN PLAN VIEW
SEE SHEET NO. 40 & 45

COUNTY APPROVED CHANGES			
NO.	DESCRIPTION:	APPROVED BY:	DATE:

BENCH MARK
DESCRIPTION: THE BENCH MARK FOR THIS SURVEY IS THE 3.5" USGS STANDARD BRASS DISK STAMPED "GWM 85" 1946" ON WEST END OF NORTH HEADWALL BOX CULVERT, LOCATED ON THE NORTH SIDE OF HARMONY GROVE RD., 300 FEET WEST OF COUNTRY CLUB RD. BENCH MARK DESIGNATION GWM 0085 PER COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO VERTICAL CONTROL
RECORD FROM: SAN DIEGO COUNTY VERTICAL BENCHMARK CONTROL
ELEVATION: 569.909 DATUM: NGVD 29

PRIVATE CONTRACT

SHEET 73	COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS	133 SHEETS
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STORM DRAIN PROFILE FOR:
HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE PHASE 1

CALIFORNIA COORDINATE INDEX 334-1785

APPROVED FOR: MOHAMAD K. FAKHRIDDINE
COUNTY ENGINEER

BY: _____ DATE: _____

ENGINEER: [Signature]
R.C.E. 35170 DATE: [Signature]

L-15656
GRADING PERMIT NO.:

RICK
ENGINEERING COMPANY

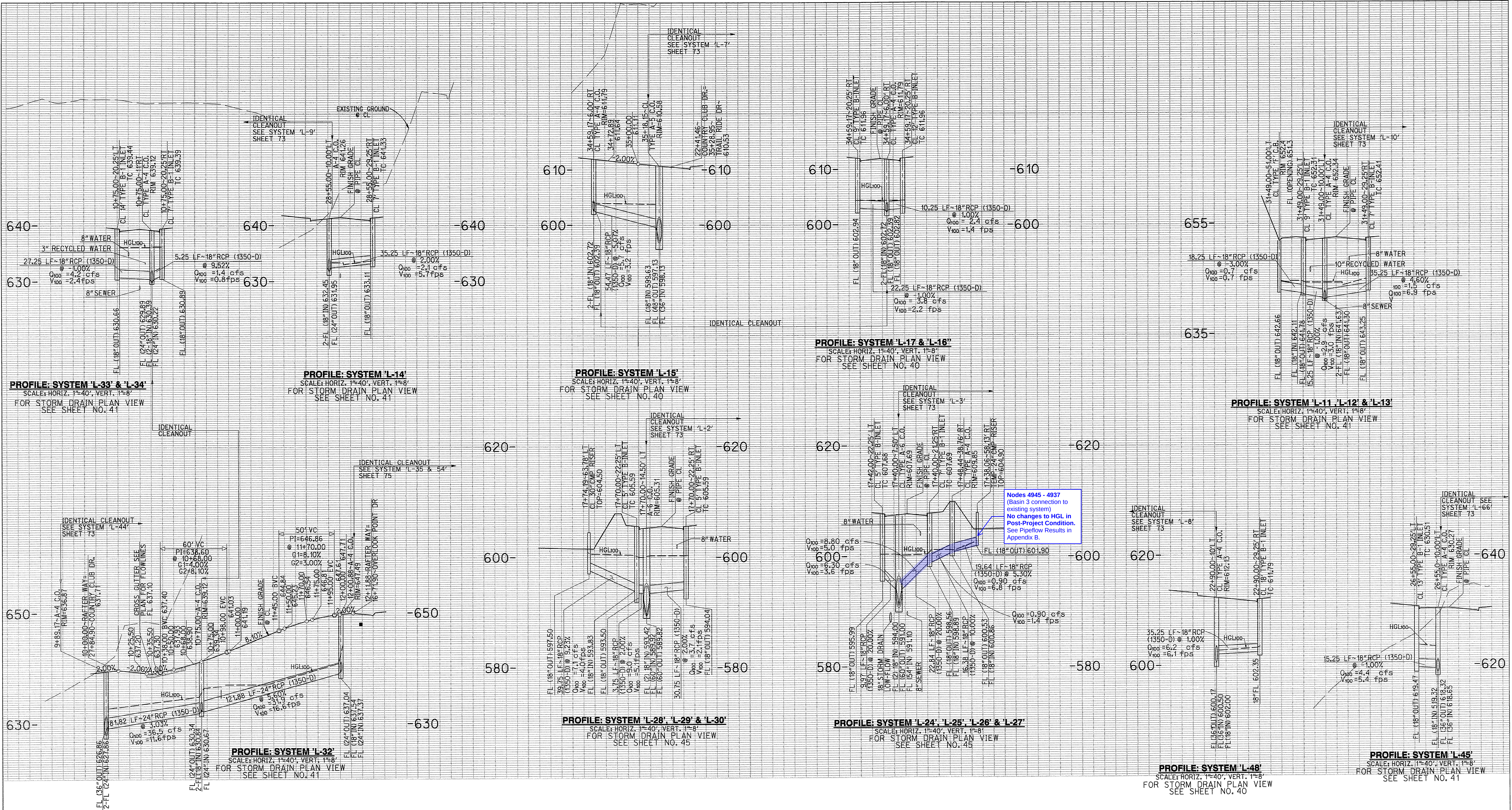
5620 FRIARS ROAD
SAN DIEGO, CA 92110
619.291.0707
(FAX) 619.291.4165

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22-001-2012 146 39

RICK ENGINEERING CO. - (619) 291-0707



PROFILE: SYSTEM 'L-33' & 'L-34'
SCALE: HORIZ. 1"=40', VERT. 1"=8'
FOR STORM DRAIN PLAN VIEW
SEE SHEET NO. 41

PROFILE: SYSTEM 'L-32'
SCALE: HORIZ. 1"=40', VERT. 1"=8'
FOR STORM DRAIN PLAN VIEW
SEE SHEET NO. 41

PROFILE: SYSTEM 'L-31'
SCALE: HORIZ. 1"=40', VERT. 1"=8'
FOR STORM DRAIN PLAN VIEW
SEE SHEET NO. 41

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
TAMM J. MURPHY
NO. 35171
CIVIL
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY
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SAN DIEGO, CA 92110
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RECORD PLAN	
BY: _____	NAME _____
R.C.E. _____	DATE: _____
EXPIRES: _____	

COUNTY APPROVED CHANGES			
NO.	DESCRIPTION:	APPROVED BY:	DATE:

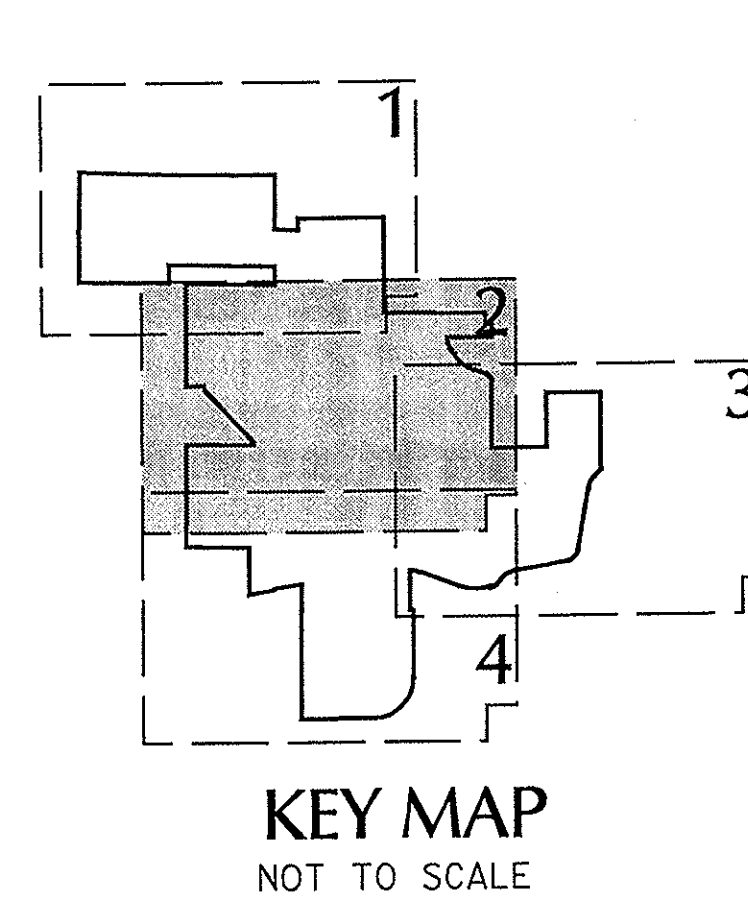
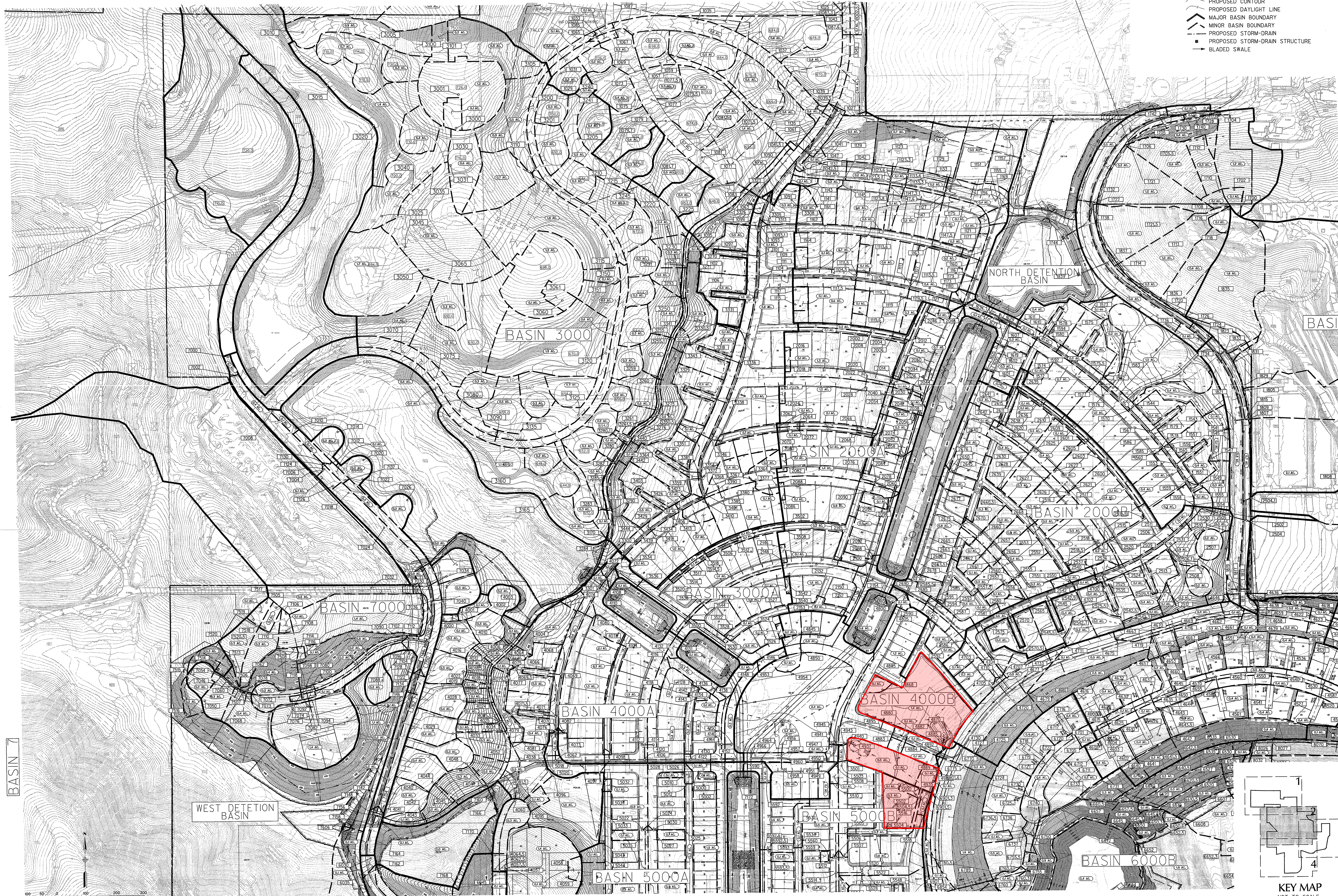
BENCH MARK
DESCRIPTION: THE BENCH MARK FOR THIS SURVEY IS THE 3.5" USGS STANDARD BRASS DISK STAMPED "GWM 85" 1946" ON WEST END OF NORTH HEADWALL BOX CULVERT, LOCATED ON THE NORTH SIDE OF HARMONY GROVE RD., 300 FEET WEST OF COUNTRY CLUB RD. BENCH MARK DESIGNATION GWM 0085 PER COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO VERTICAL CONTROL.
RECORD FROM: SAN DIEGO COUNTY VERTICAL BENCHMARK CONTROL
ELEVATION: 569.909 DATUM: NGVD 29

PRIVATE CONTRACT		
SHEET 74	COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS	133 SHEETS
STORM DRAIN RPROFILE FOR: HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE PHASE 1		
CALIFORNIA COORDINATE INDEX 334-1785		
APPROVED FOR MOHAMAD K. FAKHRIDDINE COUNTY ENGINEER	ENGINEER OF WORK DATE: 10/15/2015	
BY: _____	DATE: _____	L-15656 GRADING PERMIT NO: _____

MAP POCKET 1

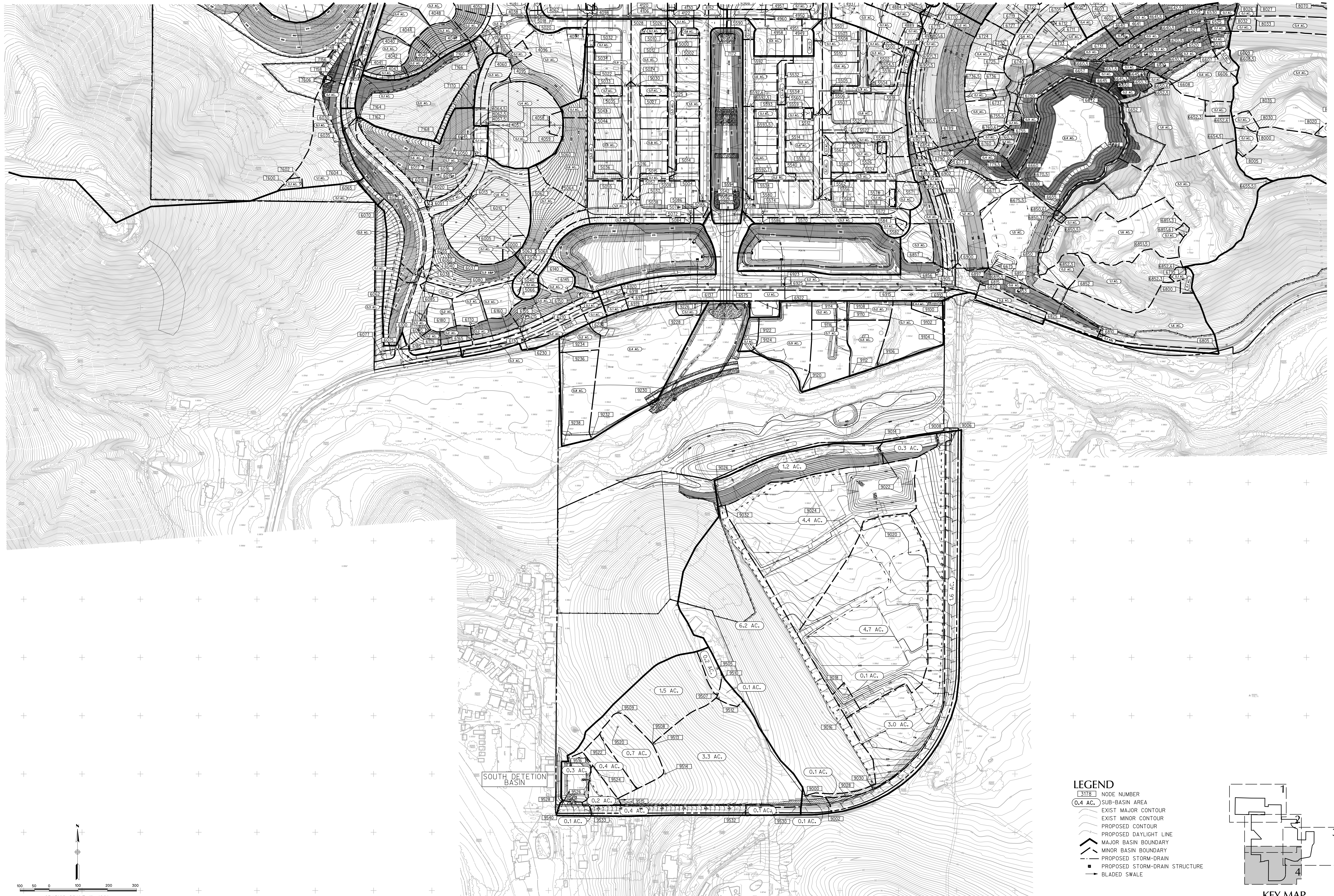
Drainage Study Map for Harmony Grove Village Center [Post-project Assumed]

- LEGEND**
- 3178 NODE NUMBER
 - 0.4 AC. SUB-BASIN AREA
 - EXIST MAJOR CONTOUR
 - EXIST MINOR CONTOUR
 - PROPOSED CONTOUR
 - PROPOSED DAYLIGHT LINE
 - MAJOR BASIN BOUNDARY
 - MINOR BASIN BOUNDARY
 - PROPOSED STORM-DRAIN
 - PROPOSED STORM-DRAIN STRUCTURE
 - BLADED SWALE

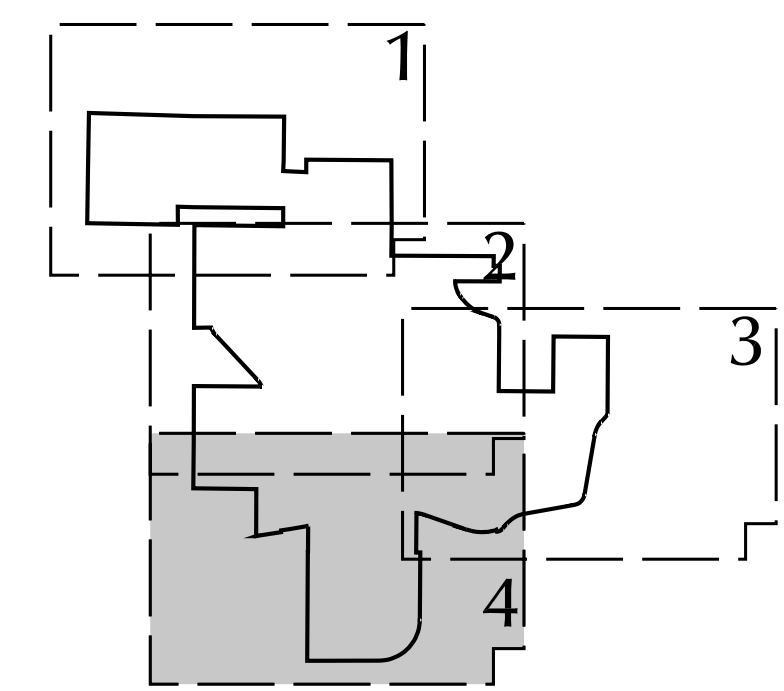


HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE San Diego County CA.

ON-SITE DRAINAGE STUDY MAP
FOR HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE
(POST-PROJECT CONDITION)



- LEGEND**
- 3178 NODE NUMBER
 - 0.4 AC. SUB-BASIN AREA
 - EXIST MAJOR CONTOUR
 - EXIST MINOR CONTOUR
 - PROPOSED CONTOUR
 - PROPOSED DAYLIGHT LINE
 - MAJOR BASIN BOUNDARY
 - MINOR BASIN BOUNDARY
 - PROPOSED STORM-DRAIN
 - PROPOSED STORM-DRAIN STRUCTURE
 - BLADED SWALE



HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE

San Diego County CA.

ON-SITE DRAINAGE STUDY MAP
FOR HARMONY GROVE VILLAGE
(POST-PROJECT CONDITION)

MAP POCKET 2

Drainage Study Map for Harmony Grove Village Center [Post-project Actual]

