

Sub-Area C Value = 0.786
Initial subarea total flow distance = 522.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 402.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 395.000(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 7.000(Ft.) Slope = 1.341 %
Bottom of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 2.440 %
INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
The maximum overland flow distance is 60.00 (Ft)
for the top area slope value of 1.34 %, in a development type of
Neighborhood Commercial
In Accordance With Figure 3-3
Initial Area Time of Concentration = 3.97 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * distance(Ft.)^{.5}] / (\% slope^{(1/3)})$
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.7860) * (60.000^{.5})] / (1.341^{(1/3)}) = 3.97$
The initial area total distance of 522.00 (Ft.) entered leaves a
remaining distance of 462.00 (Ft.)
Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 3.67 minutes
for a distance of 462.00 (Ft.) and a slope of 2.44 %
with an elevation difference of 11.27(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * length(Mi)^3 / (elevation change(Ft.))]^{.385} * 60(min/hr)$
= 3.675 Minutes
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.0875^3) / (11.27)]^{.385} = 3.67$
Total initial area $Ti = 3.97$ minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
3.67 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 7.64 minutes
Rainfall intensity (I) = 7.012(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.786
Subarea runoff = 7.716(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 1.400(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 89.200 to Point/Station 68.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 390.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 389.500(Ft.)
Pipe length = 7.78(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 7.716(CFS)
Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 7.716(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 6.39(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 21.22(In.)
Critical Depth = 11.86(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 11.49(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.01 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 7.66 min.

Process from Point/Station 89.200 to Point/Station 68.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 2
Stream flow area = 1.400(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 7.716(CFS)
Time of concentration = 7.66 min.

Rainfall intensity = 7.006(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
1	22.642	16.36	4.292
2	7.716	7.66	7.006
Qmax(1) =			
	1.000 *	1.000 *	22.642) +
	0.613 *	1.000 *	7.716) + =
Qmax(2) =			
	1.000 *	0.468 *	22.642) +
	1.000 *	1.000 *	7.716) + =

Total of 2 main streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
22.642 7.716
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
27.370 18.311
Area of streams before confluence:
7.640 1.400

Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 27.370(CFS)
Time of concentration = 16.362 min.
Effective stream area after confluence = 9.040(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 68.000 to Point/Station 69.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 389.500(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 379.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 98.03(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 27.370(CFS)
Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 27.370(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 10.95(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 23.91(In.)
Critical Depth = 21.79(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 19.61(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.08 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 16.45 min.

Process from Point/Station 69.000 to Point/Station 90.200
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****

Upstream point elevation = 379.000(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 374.000(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 354.500(Ft.)
Channel base width = 10.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000

Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 27.406(CFS)
Manning's 'N' = 0.220
Maximum depth of channel = 4.000(Ft.)
Flow(Q) thru subarea = 27.406(CFS)
Depth of flow = 1.835(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.964(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 21.007(Ft.)
Flow Velocity = 0.96(Ft/s)
Travel time = 6.13 min.
Time of concentration = 22.58 min.
Critical depth = 0.578(Ft.)
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.200 given for subarea
The area added to the existing stream causes a
a lower flow rate of Q = 6.571(CFS)
therefore the upstream flow rate of Q = 27.370(CFS) is being used
Rainfall intensity = 3.488(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for total area
(Q=KCIA) is C = 0.200 CA = 1.884
Subarea runoff = 0.000(CFS) for 0.380(Ac.)
Total runoff = 27.370(CFS) Total area = 9.420(Ac.)
Depth of flow = 1.833(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.963(Ft/s)
Critical depth = 0.578(Ft.)

Process from Point/Station 69.000 to Point/Station 90.200
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 1
Stream flow area = 9.420(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 27.370(CFS)
Time of concentration = 22.58 min.
Rainfall intensity = 3.488(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2

Process from Point/Station 91.100 to Point/Station 90.200
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[Street and Roads]
(Paved)
Impervious value, Ai = 0.950
Sub-Area C Value = 0.870
Initial subarea total flow distance = 507.140(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 396.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 374.000(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 22.000(Ft.) Slope = 4.338 %
Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 2.430 %
INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
The maximum overland flow distance is 70.00 (Ft)
for the top area slope value of 2.43 %, in a development type of
General Industrial
In Accordance With Figure 3-3

Initial Area Time of Concentration = 2.58 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * distance(Ft.)^{.5}] / (\% slope^{1/3})$
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.8700) * (70.000^{.5})] / (2.430^{1/3}) = 2.58$
The initial area total distance of 507.14 (Ft.) entered leaves a
remaining distance of 437.14 (Ft.)
Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 2.82 minutes
for a distance of 437.14 (Ft.) and a slope of 4.34 %
with an elevation difference of 18.96(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * length(Mi)^3] / (elevation change(Ft.))^{.385} * 60(min/hr)$
= 2.822 Minutes
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.0828^3) / (18.96)]^{.385} = 2.82$
Total initial area Ti = 2.58 minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
2.82 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 5.40 minutes
Rainfall intensity (I) = 8.777(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.870
Subarea runoff = 3.436(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 0.450(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 91.100 to Point/Station 90.200
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 2
Stream flow area = 0.450(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 3.436(CFS)
Time of concentration = 5.40 min.
Rainfall intensity = 8.777(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
1	27.370	22.58	3.488
2	3.436	5.40	8.777
Qmax(1) =	1.000 * 0.397 *	1.000 * 1.000 *	27.370) + 3.436) + = 28.736
Qmax(2) =	1.000 * 1.000 *	0.239 * 1.000 *	27.370) + 3.436) + = 9.980

Total of 2 main streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
27.370 3.436
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
28.736 9.980
Area of streams before confluence:
9.420 0.450

Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 28.736(CFS)
Time of concentration = 22.577 min.
Effective stream area after confluence = 9.870(Ac.)
End of computations, total study area = 9.870(Ac.)

San Diego County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c)1991-2003 Version 7.3

Rational method hydrology program based on
San Diego County Flood Control Division 2003 hydrology manual
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 11/13/12

***** Hydrology Study Control Information *****

WARNER RANCH

100-YEAR STORM EVENT DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS
BIO-RETENTION POND 4

Shapouri & Associates, Rancho Santa Fe, CA - S/N 968

Rational hydrology study storm event year is 100.0
English (in-lb) input data Units used

Map data precipitation entered:

6 hour, precipitation(inches) = 3.500

24 hour precipitation(inches) = 6.000

P6/P24 = 58.3%

San Diego hydrology manual 'C' values used

Process from Point/Station 92.100 to Point/Station 92.200
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000

Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000

Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000

Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000

[HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL

(24.0 DU/A or Less)

Impervious value, Ai = 0.650

Sub-Area C Value = 0.710

Initial subarea total flow distance = 533.840(Ft.)

Highest elevation = 396.000(Ft.)

Lowest elevation = 387.000(Ft.)

Elevation difference = 9.000(Ft.) Slope = 1.686 %

Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 3.000 %

Bottom of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 1.000 %

INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:

The maximum overland flow distance is 90.00 (Ft)

for the top area slope value of 3.00 %, in a development type of
24.0 DU/A or Less

In Accordance With Figure 3-3

Initial Area Time of Concentration = 4.62 minutes

TC = $[1.8 * (1.1 - C) * \text{distance}(\text{Ft.})^{.5}] / (\% \text{ slope}^{1/3})]$

TC = $[1.8 * (1.1 - 0.7100) * (90.000^{.5}) / (3.000^{1/3})] = 4.62$

The initial area total distance of 533.84 (Ft.) entered leaves a
remaining distance of 443.84 (Ft.)

Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 5.02 minutes

for a distance of 443.84 (Ft.) and a slope of 1.00 %

with an elevation difference of 4.44(Ft.) from the end of the top area

Tt = $[11.9 * \text{length}(\text{Mi})^3] / (\text{elevation change}(\text{Ft.}))^{.385} * 60(\text{min/hr})$
= 5.023 Minutes
Tt = $[11.9 * 0.0841^3] / (4.44)^{.385} = 5.02$
Total initial area Ti = 4.62 minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
5.02 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 9.64 minutes
Rainfall intensity (I) = 6.038(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.710
Subarea runoff = 6.173(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 1.440(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 92.200 to Point/Station 70.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 382.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 381.500(Ft.)
Pipe length = 28.18(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 6.173(CFS)
Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 6.173(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 7.94(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 22.58(In.)
Critical Depth = 10.56(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 6.80(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.07 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 9.71 min.

Process from Point/Station 92.200 to Point/Station 70.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:

In Main Stream number: 1

Stream flow area = 1.440(Ac.)

Runoff from this stream = 6.173(CFS)

Time of concentration = 9.71 min.

Rainfall intensity = 6.010(In/Hr)

Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2

Process from Point/Station 93.100 to Point/Station 93.200
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000

Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000

Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000

Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000

[HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL

(24.0 DU/A or Less)

Impervious value, Ai = 0.650

Sub-Area C Value = 0.710

Initial subarea total flow distance = 820.600(Ft.)

Highest elevation = 404.000(Ft.)

Lowest elevation = 387.000(Ft.)

Elevation difference = 17.000(Ft.) Slope = 2.072 %
 Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 2.300 %
 Bottom of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 1.000 %
 INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
 The maximum overland flow distance is 75.00 (Ft)
 for the top area slope value of 2.30 %, in a development type of
 24.0 DU/A or Less
 In Accordance With Figure 3-3
 Initial Area Time of Concentration = 4.61 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * distance(Ft.)^{.5}] / (\% slope^{1/3})$
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.7100) * (75.000^{.5})] / (2.300^{1/3}) = 4.61$
 The initial area total distance of 820.60 (Ft.) entered leaves a
 remaining distance of 745.60 (Ft.)
 Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 7.49 minutes
 for a distance of 745.60 (Ft.) and a slope of 1.00 %
 with an elevation difference of 7.46(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * length(Mi)^3 / (elevation change(Ft.))]^{.385} * 60(min/hr)$
 $= 7.489 \text{ Minutes}$
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.1412^3) / (7.46)]^{.385} = 7.49$
 Total initial area $Ti = 4.61$ minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
 7.49 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 12.09 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 5.216(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is $C = 0.710$
 Subarea runoff = 5.926(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 1.600 (Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 93.200 to Point/Station 70.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 382.000(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 381.500(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 9.91(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 5.926(CFS)
 Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 5.926(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 5.95(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 20.72(In.)
 Critical Depth = 10.33(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 9.77(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.02 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 12.11 min.

 Process from Point/Station 93.200 to Point/Station 70.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
 In Main Stream number: 2
 Stream flow area = 1.600 (Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 5.926(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 12.11 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 5.212(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
1	6.173	9.71	6.010
2	5.926	12.11	5.212
Qmax(1) =	1.000 *	1.000 *	6.173) +
	1.000 *	0.802 *	5.926) + =
Qmax(2) =	0.867 *	1.000 *	6.173) +
	1.000 *	1.000 *	5.926) + =

Total of 2 main streams to confluence:
 Flow rates before confluence point:
 6.173 5.926
 Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
 10.924 11.279
 Area of streams before confluence:
 1.440 1.600

Results of confluence:
 Total flow rate = 11.279(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 12.112 min.
 Effective stream area after confluence = 3.040 (Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 70.000 to Point/Station 71.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 381.500(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 377.000(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 77.90(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 11.279(CFS)
 Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 11.279(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 7.99(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 22.62(In.)
 Critical Depth = 14.46(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 12.32(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.11 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 12.22 min.
 End of computations, total study area = 3.040 (Ac.)

San Diego County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c)1991-2003 Version 7.3

Rational method hydrology program based on
San Diego County Flood Control Division 2003 hydrology manual
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 11/13/12

***** Hydrology Study Control Information *****
WARNER RANCH
100-YEAR STORM EVENT DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS
BIO-RETENTION POND 4

Shapouri & Associates, Rancho Santa Fe, CA - S/N 968

Rational hydrology study storm event year is 100.0
English (in-lb) input data Units used

Map data precipitation entered:
6 hour, precipitation(inches) = 3.500
24 hour precipitation(inches) = 6.000
P6/P24 = 58.3%
San Diego hydrology manual 'C' values used

Process from Point/Station 90.200 to Point/Station 72.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.600
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.400
[UNDISTURBED NATURAL TERRAIN]
(Permanent Open Space)
Impervious value, Ai = 0.000
Sub-Area C Value = 0.290
Initial subarea total flow distance = 403.500(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 374.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 372.000(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 2.000(Ft.) Slope = 0.496 %
INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
The maximum overland flow distance is 50.00 (Ft)
for the top area slope value of 0.50 %, in a development type of
Permanent Open Space
In Accordance With Figure 3-3
Initial Area Time of Concentration = 13.02 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * distance(Ft.)^{.5}] / (\% slope^{(1/3)})$
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.2900) * (50.000^{.5})] / (0.496^{(1/3)}) = 13.02$
The initial area total distance of 403.50 (Ft.) entered leaves a
remaining distance of 353.50 (Ft.)
Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 5.52 minutes
for a distance of 353.50 (Ft.) and a slope of 0.50 %
with an elevation difference of 1.75(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * length(Mi)^3] / (elevation change(Ft.))^{.385} * 60 (min/hr)$
= 5.522 Minutes
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.0670^3) / (1.75)]^{.385} = 5.52$

Total initial area Ti = 13.02 minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
5.52 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 18.55 minutes
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.959(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.290
Subarea runoff = 1.286(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 1.120(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 90.200 to Point/Station 72.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:

In Main Stream number: 1
Stream flow area = 1.120(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 1.286(CFS)
Time of concentration = 18.55 min.
Rainfall intensity = 3.959(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2

Process from Point/Station 90.200 to Point/Station 72.000
**** USER DEFINED FLOW INFORMATION AT A POINT ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.280
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.510
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.210
[MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL]
(4.3 DU/A or Less)
Impervious value, Ai = 0.300
Sub-Area C Value = 0.480
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.488(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
User specified values are as follows:
TC = 22.58 min. Rain intensity = 3.49(In/Hr)
Total area = 9.870(Ac.) Total runoff = 28.736(CFS)

Process from Point/Station 90.200 to Point/Station 72.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:

In Main Stream number: 2
Stream flow area = 9.870(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 28.736(CFS)
Time of concentration = 22.58 min.
Rainfall intensity = 3.488(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 3

 Process from Point/Station 71.000 to Point/Station 72.000
 **** USER DEFINED FLOW INFORMATION AT A POINT ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
 [HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL]
 (24.0 DU/A or Less)
 Impervious value, Ai = 0.650
 Sub-Area C Value = 0.710
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 5.182(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 User specified values are as follows:
 TC = 12.22 min. Rain intensity = 5.18(In/Hr)
 Total area = 3.040(Ac.) Total runoff = 11.279(CFS)

 Process from Point/Station 71.000 to Point/Station 72.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
 In Main Stream number: 3
 Stream flow area = 3.040(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 11.279(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 12.22 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 5.182(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
1	1.286	18.55	3.959
2	28.736	22.58	3.488
3	11.279	12.22	5.182

Qmax(1) =

1.000 *	1.000 *	1.286) +	
1.000 *	0.821 *	28.736) +	
0.764 *	1.000 *	11.279) + =	33.509

Qmax(2) =

0.881 *	1.000 *	1.286) +	
1.000 *	1.000 *	28.736) +	
0.673 *	1.000 *	11.279) + =	37.460

Qmax(3) =

1.000 *	0.659 *	1.286) +	
1.000 *	0.541 *	28.736) +	
1.000 *	1.000 *	11.279) + =	27.680

Total of 3 main streams to confluence:
 Flow rates before confluence point:
 1.286 28.736 11.279
 Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
 33.509 37.460 27.680
 Area of streams before confluence:
 1.120 9.870 3.040

Results of confluence:
 Total flow rate = 37.460(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 22.577 min.
 Effective stream area after confluence = 14.030(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 72.000 to Point/Station 72.000
 **** 6 HOUR HYDROGRAPH ****

 Hydrograph Data - Section 6, San Diego County Hydrology manual, June 2003

Time of Concentration = 22.58
 Basin Area = 14.03 Acres
 6 Hour Rainfall = 3.500 Inches
 Runoff Coefficient = 0.515
 Peak Discharge = 37.46 CFS

Time (Min)	Discharge (CFS)
0	0.000
22	1.491
44	1.620
66	1.697
88	1.882
110	1.996
132	2.288
154	2.480
176	3.032
198	3.453
220	5.070
242	7.144
264	37.460
286	4.067
308	2.721
330	2.129
352	1.783
374	1.552

Job File: C:\Shap_Ass\Active Projects\Warner Ranch\3rd Submittal\Pond Pack\BMP
4\5508RPL4-100 YR-BMP 4.PFW
Rain Dir: C:\Shap_Ass\Active Projects\Warner Ranch\3rd Submittal\Pond Pack\BMP 4\

=====
JOB TITLE
=====

Project Date: 11/23/2012
Project Engineer: Shapouri & Associates
Project Title: 5508rpl4
Project Comments: NODE 72
5508rpl4 - Detention Pond - BMP 4

S/N:
PondPack Ver: Compute Time: Date:

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Outlet 1..... Outlet Input Data 5.01

***** POND ROUTING *****

DETENTION 4..... Pond E-V-Q Table 6.01

S/N:

PondPack Ver:

Compute Time:

Date:

Table of Contents (continued)

DETENTION 4 OUT 100

Pond Routing Summary	6.02
Detention Time	6.03

S/N:

PondPack Ver:

Compute Time:

Date:

Type.... Master Network Summary
 Name.... Watershed
 File.... C:\Shap_Ass\Active Projects\Warner Ranch\3rd Submittal\Pond Pack\BMP
 4\5508RPL4-100 YR-BMP 4.PPW

Page 1.01

MASTER DESIGN STORM SUMMARY

Hydrograph Queue Only Network

MASTER NETWORK SUMMARY
 SCS Unit Hydrograph Method
 Hydrograph File Import Option Used For 1 node(s)

(*Node=Outfall; +Node=Diversion;)
 (Trun= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left&Rt)

Storage Node ID	Type	Return Event	HYG Vol cu.ft	Trun	Qpeak min	Qpeak cfs	Max WSEL ft	Max Pond cu.ft
DETENTION 4	IN	POND	100		264.00	37.46		
DETENTION 4	OUT	POND	100	R	279.00	15.09	375.77	
72952								
HYD 4		HYG	100	R	264.00	37.46		
*OUT 4 - N82		JCT	100	R	279.00	15.09		

S/N:

PondPack Ver:

Compute Time:

Date:

Type.... Executive Summary (Nodes)

Page 2.01

Name.... Watershed

Event: 100 yr

File.... C:\Shap_Ass\Active Projects\Warner Ranch\3rd Submittal\Pond Pack\BMP 4\

Storm... 100 Tag: 100

NETWORK SUMMARY -- NODES

(Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

Node ID	Type	HYG Vol cu.ft	Trun.	Qpeak min	Qpeak cfs	Max WSEL ft
DETENTION 4 IN	POND	106991		264.00	37.46	
DETENTION 4 OUT	POND	99589	R	279.00	15.09	375.77
HYD 4	HYG	107038	R	264.00	37.46	
Outfall OUT 4 - N82	JCT	99589	R	279.00	15.09	

S/N:

PondPack Ver:

Compute Time:

Date:

Type.... Read HYG
 Name.... HYD 4 Tag: 100 Page 3.01
 File.... C:\Shap_Ass\Active Projects\Warner Ranch\3rd Submittal\Pond Pack\BMP
 4\5508RPL4-100 YR-BMP 4.PPW Event: 100 yr
 Storm... Tag: 100

HYG file =
 HYG ID = HYG 4
 HYG Tag = N-72

 Peak Discharge = 37.46 cfs
 Time to Peak = 264.00 min
 HYG Volume = 107038 cu.ft

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (cfs)					
Output Time increment = 22.00 min					
Time min	Time on left represents time for first value in each row.				
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
.00	.00	1.49	1.62	1.70	1.88
110.00	2.00	2.29	2.48	3.03	3.45
220.00	5.07	7.14	37.46	4.07	2.72
330.00	2.13	1.78	1.55		

S/N:
 PondPack Ver: Compute Time: Date:

Type.... Vol: Elev-Area
Name.... DETENTION 4

Page 4.01

File.... C:\Shap_Ass\Active Projects\Warner Ranch\3rd Submittal\Pond Pack\BMP
4\5508RPL4-100 YR-BMP 4.PPW

Elevation (ft)	Planimeter (sq.in)	Area (sq.ft)	A1+A2+sqr(A1*A2) (sq.ft)	Volume (cu.ft)	Volume Sum (cu.ft)
373.00	-----	21200	0	0	0
374.00	-----	24750	68856	22952	22952
376.00	-----	32700	85899	57266	80218
378.00	-----	42250	112120	74746	154964

S/N:

PondPack Ver:

Compute Time:

Date:

Type.... Outlet Input Data
Name.... Outlet 1

Page 5.01

File.... C:\Shap_Ass\Active Projects\Warner Ranch\3rd Submittal\Pond Pack\BMP
4\5508RPL4-100 YR-BMP 4.PPW

REQUESTED POND WS ELEVATIONS:

Min. Elev.= 373.00 ft
Increment = .50 ft
Max. Elev.= 378.00 ft

OUTLET CONNECTIVITY

---> Forward Flow Only (UpStream to DnStream)
<--- Reverse Flow Only (DnStream to UpStream)
<---> Forward and Reverse Both Allowed

Structure	No.		Outfall	E1, ft	E2, ft
Orifice-Circular	O0	--->	CV	375.000	378.000
Stand Pipe	RP	--->	CV	375.750	378.000
Orifice-Circular	O1	--->	CV	373.000	378.000
Culvert-Circular	CV	--->	TW	363.000	378.000
TW SETUP, DS Channel					

S/N:

PondPack Ver:

Compute Time:

Date:

Type.... Outlet Input Data
Name.... Outlet 1

Page 5.02

File.... C:\Shap_Ass\Active Projects\Warner Ranch\3rd Submittal\Pond Pack\BMP
4\5508RPL4-100 YR-BMP 4.PPW

OUTLET STRUCTURE INPUT DATA

Structure ID = 00
Structure Type = Orifice-Circular

of Openings = 8
Invert Elev. = 375.00 ft
Diameter = 1.0000 ft
Orifice Coeff. = .600

Structure ID = RP
Structure Type = Stand Pipe

of Openings = 1
Invert Elev. = 375.75 ft
Diameter = 4.0000 ft
Orifice Area = 12.5664 sq.ft
Orifice Coeff. = .600
Weir Length = 12.57 ft
Weir Coeff. = 3.100
K, Reverse = 1.000
Mannings n = .0000
Kev,Charged Riser = .000
Weir Submergence = No

Structure ID = 01
Structure Type = Orifice-Circular

of Openings = 4
Invert Elev. = 373.00 ft
Diameter = .2080 ft
Orifice Coeff. = .600

S/N:

PondPack Ver:

Compute Time:

Date:

Type.... Outlet Input Data
Name.... Outlet 1

Page 5.03

File.... C:\Shap_Ass\Active Projects\Warner Ranch\3rd Submittal\Pond Pack\BMP
4\5508RPL4-100 YR-BMP 4.PPW

OUTLET STRUCTURE INPUT DATA

Structure ID = CV
Structure Type = Culvert-Circular

No. Barrels = 1
Barrel Diameter = 3.0000 ft
Upstream Invert = 363.00 ft
Dnstream Invert = 355.01 ft
Horiz. Length = 184.84 ft
Barrel Length = 185.01 ft
Barrel Slope = .04323 ft/ft

OUTLET CONTROL DATA...

Mannings n = .0130
Ke = .5000 (forward entrance loss)
Kb = .007228 (per ft of full flow)
Kr = .5000 (reverse entrance loss)
HW Convergence = .001 +/- ft

INLET CONTROL DATA...

Equation form = 1
Inlet Control K = .0078
Inlet Control M = 2.0000
Inlet Control c = .03790
Inlet Control Y = .6900
T1 ratio (HW/D) = 1.114
T2 ratio (HW/D) = 1.275
Slope Factor = -.500

Use unsubmerged inlet control Form 1 equ. below T1 elev.
Use submerged inlet control Form 1 equ. above T2 elev.

In transition zone between unsubmerged and submerged inlet control,
interpolate between flows at T1 & T2...

At T1 Elev = 366.34 ft ---> Flow = 42.85 cfs
At T2 Elev = 366.82 ft ---> Flow = 48.97 cfs

S/N:

PondPack Ver:

Compute Time:

Date:

Type.... Outlet Input Data
Name.... Outlet 1

Page 5.04

File.... C:\Shap_Ass\Active Projects\Warner Ranch\3rd Submittal\Pond Pack\BMP
4\5508RPL4-100 YR-BMP 4.PPW

OUTLET STRUCTURE INPUT DATA

Structure ID = TW
Structure Type = TW SETUP, DS Channel

USE DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL NORMAL DEPTH FOR TW...
Channel Type: Chn-Circular
Channel ID: Chn-Cir - 1

CONVERGENCE TOLERANCES...
Maximum Iterations= 40
Min. TW tolerance = .01 ft
Max. TW tolerance = .01 ft
Min. HW tolerance = .01 ft
Max. HW tolerance = .01 ft
Min. Q tolerance = .00 cfs
Max. Q tolerance = .00 cfs

S/N:
PondPack Ver:

Compute Time:

Date:

Type.... Outlet Input Data
Name.... Outlet 1

Page 5.05

File.... C:\Shap_Ass\Active Projects\Warner Ranch\3rd Submittal\Pond Pack\BMP
4\5508RPL4-100 YR-BMP 4.PPW

USE DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL NORMAL DEPTH FOR TW...
Channel Type: Chn-Circular
Channel ID: Chn-Cir - 1

Solution to Mannings Open Channel Flow Equation
(Computed values are based on normal depth.)

CIRCULAR CROSS SECTION

Slope = .005200 ft/ft
Mannings n = 0.01300
Invert Elev. = 353.91 ft
Top of Channel = 359.41 ft
Diameter = 5.5000 ft

S/N:

PondPack Ver:

Compute Time:

Date:

Type.... Pond E-V-Q Table
 Name.... DETENTION 4
 File.... C:\Shap_Ass\Active Projects\Warner Ranch\3rd Submittal\Pond Pack\BMP
 4\5508RPL4-100 YR-BMP 4.PPW

Page 6.01

LEVEL POOL ROUTING DATA

HYG Dir = C:\Shap_Ass\Active Projects\Warner Ranch\3rd Submittal\Pond
 Pack\BMP 4\
 Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DETENTION 4 IN 100
 Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DETENTION 4 OUT 100

Pond Node Data = DETENTION 4
 Pond Volume Data = DETENTION 4
 Pond Outlet Data = Outlet 1

Infiltration = .1000 in/hr

INITIAL CONDITIONS

 Starting WS Elev = 373.00 ft
 Starting Volume = 0 cu.ft
 Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
 Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
 Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
 Time Increment = 1.00 min

Elevation ft	Outflow cfs	Storage cu.ft	Area sq.ft	Infiltr. cfs	Q Total cfs	2S/t + O cfs
373.00	.00	0	21200	.00	.00	.00
373.50	.41	11032	22941	.05	.46	368.21
374.00	.62	22952	24750	.06	.68	765.74
374.50	.77	35795	26634	.06	.83	1194.00
375.00	.90	49597	28587	.07	.97	1654.21
375.50	7.11	64394	30609	.07	7.18	2153.63
375.75	13.75	72175	31646	.07	13.82	2419.65
376.00	27.38	80218	32700	.08	27.46	2701.38
376.50	56.74	97133	34973	.08	56.82	3294.58
377.00	92.70	115204	37322	.09	92.78	3932.90
377.50	119.61	134468	39748	.09	119.70	4601.96
378.00	124.66	154964	42250	.10	124.76	5290.22

S/N:

PondPack Ver:

Compute Time:

Date:

Type.... Pond Routing Summary
Name.... DETENTION 4 OUT Tag: 100
File.... C:\Shap_Ass\Active Projects\Warner Ranch\3rd Submittal\Pond Pack\BMP
4\5508RPL4-100 YR-BMP 4.PPW
Storm... 100 Tag: 100

Page 6.02

Event: 100 yr

LEVEL POOL ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = C:\Shap_Ass\Active Projects\Warner Ranch\3rd Submittal\Pond
Pack\BMP 4\

Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DETENTION 4 IN 100
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DETENTION 4 OUT 100

Pond Node Data = DETENTION 4
Pond Volume Data = DETENTION 4
Pond Outlet Data = Outlet 1

Infiltration = .1000 in/hr

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 373.00 ft
Starting Volume = 0 cu.ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = 1.00 min

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====

Peak Inflow	=	37.46 cfs	at	264.00 min
Peak Outflow	=	15.09 cfs	at	279.00 min
Peak Infiltration	=	.07 cfs	at	279.00 min

Peak Elevation	=	375.77 ft
Peak Storage	=	72952 cu.ft

=====

MASS BALANCE (cu.ft)

+ Initial Vol	=	0
+ HYG Vol IN	=	106991
- Infiltration	=	5477
- HYG Vol OUT	=	99589
- Retained Vol	=	1863

Unrouted Vol = -62 cu.ft (.058% of Inflow Volume)

WARNING: Outflow hydrograph truncated on right side.

S/N:

PondPack Ver:

Compute Time:

Date:

Type.... Detention Time
Name.... DETENTION 4 OUT Tag: 100
File.... C:\Shap_Ass\Active Projects\Warner Ranch\3rd Submittal\Pond Pack\BMP
4\5508RPL4-100 YR-BMP 4.PPW
Storm... 100 Tag: 100

Page 6.03

Event: 100 yr

DETENTION TIMES SUMMARY

HYG Dir = C:\Shap_Ass\Active Projects\Warner Ranch\3rd Submittal\Pond
Pack\BMP 4\

Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DETENTION 4 IN 100
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DETENTION 4 OUT 100

Pond Node Data = DETENTION 4
Pond Volume Data = DETENTION 4
Pond Outlet Data = Outlet 1

Infiltration = .1000 in/hr

APPROXIMATE DETENTION TIME

Tp, Outflow + Infilt. = 279.00 min
Tp, Total Inflow = 264.00 min
Peak to Peak = 15.00 min

Qout+Infilt. Centroid = 593.64 min
Inflow Centroid = 232.43 min
Centroid to Centroid = 361.22 min

Weighted Avg. Plug Time = 393.59 min
Max.Plug Vol. Plug Time = 329.15 min
Max.Inflow Plug Volume = 2206 cu.ft (From 263.00 to 264.00 min)

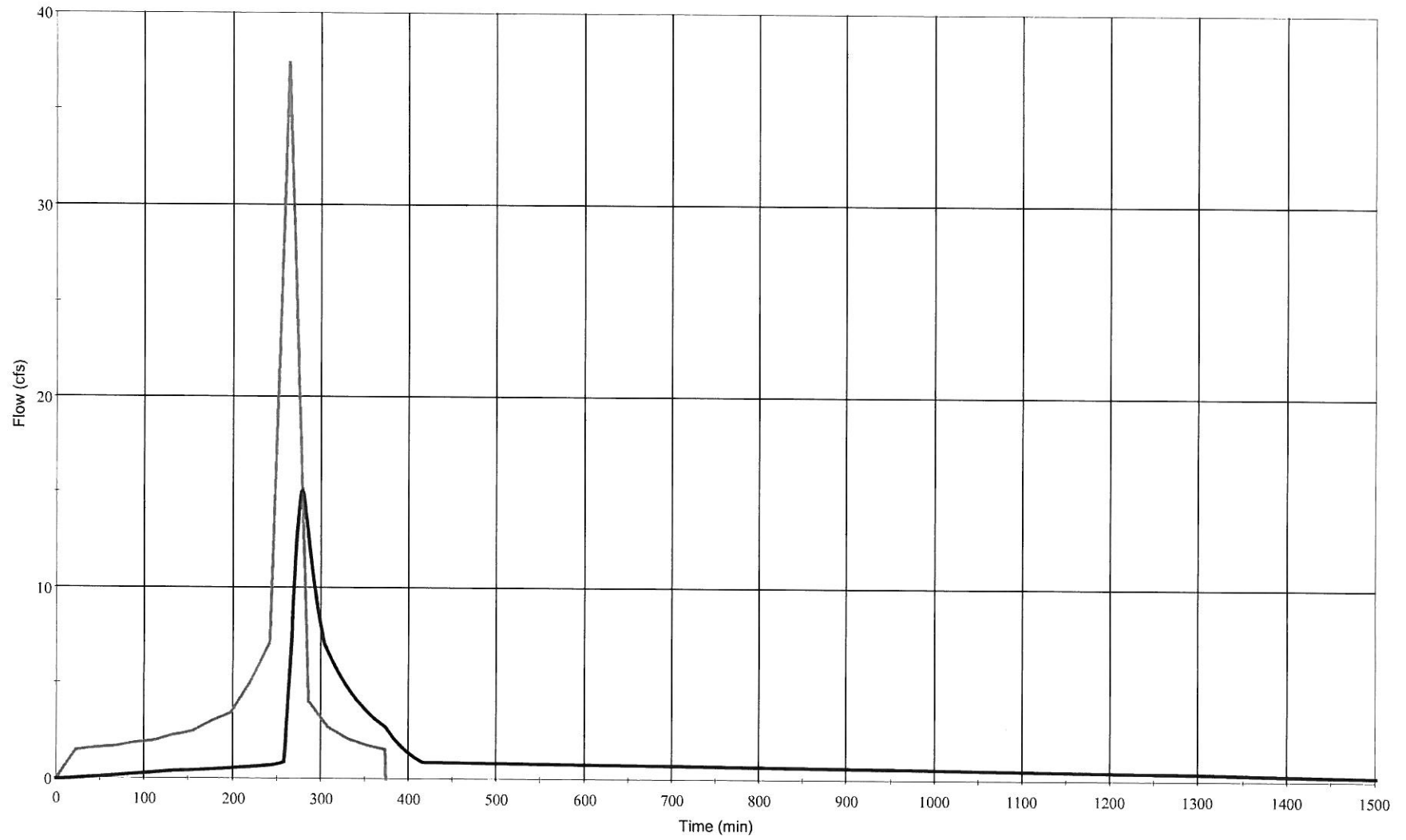
S/N:

PondPack Ver:

Compute Time:

Date:

NODE 72 - DETENTION POND - BMP 4
INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH
100-YEAR STORM EVENT



— INFLOW= 37.46 CFS — OUTFLOW= 15.09 CFS

Bio-Retention Pond-5

100-year Development Conditions

San Diego County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c)1991-2003 Version 7.3

Rational method hydrology program based on
San Diego County Flood Control Division 2003 hydrology manual
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 11/12/12

***** Hydrology Study Control Information *****

WARNER RANCH
100-YEAR STORM EVENT DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS
BIO-RETENTION POND 5

Shapouri & Associates, Rancho Santa Fe, CA - S/N 968

Rational hydrology study storm event year is 100.0
English (in-lb) input data Units used

Map data precipitation entered:

6 hour, precipitation(inches) = 3.500

24 hour precipitation(inches) = 6.000

P6/P24 = 58.3%

San Diego hydrology manual 'C' values used

Process from Point/Station 46.100 to Point/Station 46.200
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.900
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.100
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
[MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL]
(4.3 DU/A or Less)
Impervious value, Ai = 0.300
Sub-Area C Value = 0.453
Initial subarea total flow distance = 881.700(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 402.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 378.000(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 24.000(Ft.) Slope = 2.722 %
Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 4.000 %
Bottom of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 2.250 %
INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
The maximum overland flow distance is 100.00 (Ft)
for the top area slope value of 4.00 %, in a development type of
4.3 DU/A or Less
In Accordance With Figure 3-3
Initial Area Time of Concentration = 7.34 minutes
TC = $[1.8 * (1.1 - C) * \text{distance}(\text{Ft.})^{.5}] / (\% \text{ slope}^{(1/3)})]$
TC = $[1.8 * (1.1 - 0.4530) * (100.000^{.5}) / (4.000^{(1/3)})] = 7.34$
The initial area total distance of 881.70 (Ft.) entered leaves a
remaining distance of 781.70 (Ft.)
Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 5.68 minutes
for a distance of 781.70 (Ft.) and a slope of 2.25 %
with an elevation difference of 17.59(Ft.) from the end of the top area
Tt = $[11.9 * \text{length}(\text{Mi})^3 / (\text{elevation change}(\text{Ft.}))^{.385}] * 60(\text{min/hr})$

= 5.684 Minutes
Tt = $[(11.9 * 0.1480^3) / (17.59)]^{.385} = 5.68$
Total initial area Ti = 7.34 minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
5.68 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 13.02 minutes
Rainfall intensity (I) = 4.974(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.453
Subarea runoff = 3.740(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 1.660(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 46.100 to Point/Station 46.200
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:

In Main Stream number: 1
Stream flow area = 1.660(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 3.740(CFS)
Time of concentration = 13.02 min.
Rainfall intensity = 4.974(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2

Process from Point/Station 45.100 to Point/Station 45.200
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.900
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.050
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.050
[UNDISTURBED NATURAL TERRAIN]
(Permanent Open Space)
Impervious value, Ai = 0.000
Sub-Area C Value = 0.258
Initial subarea total flow distance = 902.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 685.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 381.000(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 304.000(Ft.) Slope = 33.703 %
Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 30.000 %
Bottom of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 30.000 %
INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
The maximum overland flow distance is 100.00 (Ft)
for the top area slope value of 30.00 %, in a development type of
Permanent Open Space
In Accordance With Figure 3-3
Initial Area Time of Concentration = 4.88 minutes
TC = $[1.8 * (1.1 - C) * \text{distance}(\text{Ft.})^{.5}] / (\% \text{ slope}^{(1/3)})]$
TC = $[1.8 * (1.1 - 0.2575) * (100.000^{.5}) / (30.000^{(1/3)})] = 4.88$
The initial area total distance of 902.00 (Ft.) entered leaves a
remaining distance of 802.00 (Ft.)
Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 2.14 minutes
for a distance of 802.00 (Ft.) and a slope of 30.00 %
with an elevation difference of 240.60(Ft.) from the end of the top area
Tt = $[11.9 * \text{length}(\text{Mi})^3 / (\text{elevation change}(\text{Ft.}))^{.385}] * 60(\text{min/hr})$
= 2.139 Minutes
Tt = $[(11.9 * 0.1519^3) / (240.60)]^{.385} = 2.14$
Total initial area Ti = 4.88 minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus

2.14 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 7.02 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 7.410(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.258
 Subarea runoff = 9.406(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 4.930(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 45.200 to Point/Station 46.200
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 374.000(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 373.000(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 24.55(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 9.406(CFS)
 Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 9.406(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 7.96(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 22.60(In.)
 Critical Depth = 13.14(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 10.32(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.04 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 7.06 min.

 Process from Point/Station 45.200 to Point/Station 46.200
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:

In Main Stream number: 2
 Stream flow area = 4.930(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 9.406(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 7.06 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 7.383(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
------------	-----------------	----------	----------------------------

1	3.740	13.02	4.974
2	9.406	7.06	7.383

Qmax(1) =
 1.000 * 1.000 * 3.740) +
 0.674 * 1.000 * 9.406) + = 10.078
 Qmax(2) =
 1.000 * 0.542 * 3.740) +
 1.000 * 1.000 * 9.406) + = 11.434

Total of 2 main streams to confluence:

Flow rates before confluence point:

3.740 9.406

Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:

10.078 11.434

Area of streams before confluence:

1.660 4.930

Results of confluence:

Total flow rate = 11.434(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 7.059 min.
 Effective stream area after confluence = 6.590(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 46.200 to Point/Station 39.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 373.000(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 372.500(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 27.65(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 11.434(CFS)
 Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 11.434(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 11.05(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 23.92(In.)
 Critical Depth = 14.57(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 8.09(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.06 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 7.12 min.

 Process from Point/Station 46.200 to Point/Station 39.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:

In Main Stream number: 1
 Stream flow area = 6.590(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 11.434(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 7.12 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 7.344(In/Hr)
 Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2

 Process from Point/Station 47.100 to Point/Station 47.200
 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 1.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
 [MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL]
 (4.3 DU/A or Less)
 Impervious value, Ai = 0.300
 Sub-Area C Value = 0.450
 Initial subarea total flow distance = 607.200(Ft.)
 Highest elevation = 392.000(Ft.)
 Lowest elevation = 378.000(Ft.)
 Elevation difference = 14.000(Ft.) Slope = 2.306 %
 Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 2.790 %
 Bottom of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 2.470 %
 INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
 The maximum overland flow distance is 95.00 (Ft)

for the top area slope value of 2.79 %, in a development type of 4.3 DU/A or Less
 In Accordance With Figure 3-3
 Initial Area Time of Concentration = 8.10 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * distance(Ft.)^{.5}] / (\% \text{ slope}^{(1/3)})]$
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.4500) * (95.000^{.5})] / (2.790^{(1/3)}) = 8.10$
 The initial area total distance of 607.20 (Ft.) entered leaves a remaining distance of 512.20 (Ft.)
 Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 3.96 minutes for a distance of 512.20 (Ft.) and a slope of 2.47 %
 with an elevation difference of 12.65(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * length(Mi)^3 / (elevation \ change(Ft.))]^{.385} * 60 \text{ (min/hr)}$
 $= 3.960 \text{ Minutes}$
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.0970^3) / (12.65)]^{.385} = 3.96$
 Total initial area $Ti = 8.10$ minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus 3.96 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 12.06 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 5.226(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is $C = 0.450$
 Subarea runoff = 3.316(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 1.410(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 47.200 to Point/Station 39.000
 *** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ***

Upstream point/station elevation = 373.000(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 372.500(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 7.40(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 3.316(CFS)
 Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 3.316(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 4.15(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 18.15(In.)
 Critical Depth = 7.63(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 9.14(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.01 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 12.07 min.

 Process from Point/Station 47.200 to Point/Station 39.000
 *** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ***

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
 In Main Stream number: 2
 Stream flow area = 1.410(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 3.316(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 12.07 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 5.222(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
1	11.434	7.12	7.344
2	3.316	12.07	5.222

$Q_{max}(1) =$
 $1.000 * 1.000 * 11.434) +$
 $1.000 * 0.589 * 3.316) + = 13.388$
 $Q_{max}(2) =$
 $0.711 * 1.000 * 11.434) +$
 $1.000 * 1.000 * 3.316) + = 11.446$

Total of 2 main streams to confluence:
 Flow rates before confluence point:
 11.434 3.316
 Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
 13.388 11.446
 Area of streams before confluence:
 6.590 1.410

Results of confluence:
 Total flow rate = 13.388(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 7.116 min.
 Effective stream area after confluence = 8.000(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 39.000 to Point/Station 40.000
 *** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ***

Upstream point/station elevation = 372.500(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 370.500(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 91.91(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 13.388(CFS)
 Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 13.388(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 11.47(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 23.98(In.)
 Critical Depth = 15.81(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 9.03(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.17 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 7.29 min.

 Process from Point/Station 39.000 to Point/Station 40.000
 *** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ***

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
 In Main Stream number: 1
 Stream flow area = 8.000(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 13.388(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 7.29 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 7.234(In/Hr)
 Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2

 Process from Point/Station 48.100 to Point/Station 48.200
 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.600
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.400
 [MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL
 (4.3 DU/A or Less)]
 Impervious value, Ai = 0.300
 Sub-Area C Value = 0.478
 Initial subarea total flow distance = 340.280(Ft.)
 Highest elevation = 386.000(Ft.)
 Lowest elevation = 381.000(Ft.)
 Elevation difference = 5.000(Ft.) Slope = 1.469 %
 Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 2.000 %
 Bottom of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 2.620 %
 INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
 The maximum overland flow distance is 80.00 (Ft)
 for the top area slope value of 2.00 %, in a development type of
 4.3 DU/A or Less
 In Accordance With Figure 3-3
 Initial Area Time of Concentration = 7.95 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * distance(Ft.)^{.5}] / (\% slope^{(1/3)})]$
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.4780) * (80.000^{.5})] / (2.000^{(1/3)}) = 7.95$
 The initial area total distance of 340.28 (Ft.) entered leaves a
 remaining distance of 260.28 (Ft.)
 Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 2.30 minutes
 for a distance of 260.28 (Ft.) and a slope of 2.62 %
 with an elevation difference of 6.82(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [(11.9 * length(Mi)^3) / (elevation change(Ft.))]^{.385} * 60(min/hr)$
 $= 2.298 \text{ Minutes}$
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.0493^3) / (6.82)]^{.385} = 2.30$
 Total initial area Ti = 7.95 minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
 2.30 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 10.25 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 5.805(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.478
 Subarea runoff = 3.580(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 1.290(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 48.200 to Point/Station 40.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 376.000(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 370.500(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 130.72(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 3.580(CFS)
 Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 3.580(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 4.84(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 19.26(In.)
 Critical Depth = 7.93(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 7.91(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.28 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 10.52 min.

 Process from Point/Station 48.200 to Point/Station 40.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
 In Main Stream number: 2
 Stream flow area = 1.290(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 3.580(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 10.52 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 5.707(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
1	13.388	7.29	7.234
2	3.580	10.52	5.707
Qmax(1) =			
	1.000 *	1.000 *	13.388) +
	1.000 *	0.692 *	3.580) + =
Qmax(2) =			
	0.789 *	1.000 *	13.388) +
	1.000 *	1.000 *	3.580) + =

Total of 2 main streams to confluence:
 Flow rates before confluence point:
 13.388 3.580
 Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
 15.867 14.142
 Area of streams before confluence:
 8.000 1.290

Results of confluence:
 Total flow rate = 15.867(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 7.285 min.
 Effective stream area after confluence = 9.290(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 40.000 to Point/Station 41.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 370.500(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 367.500(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 321.84(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 15.867(CFS)
 Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 15.867(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 16.80(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 21.99(In.)
 Critical Depth = 17.23(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 6.75(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.79 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 8.08 min.

 Process from Point/Station 40.000 to Point/Station 41.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:

In Main Stream number: 1
 Stream flow area = 9.290(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 15.867(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 8.08 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 6.766(In/Hr)
 Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2

 Process from Point/Station 49.100 to Point/Station 49.200
 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.300
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.700
 [MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL]
 (4.3 DU/A or Less)
 Impervious value, Ai = 0.300
 Sub-Area C Value = 0.499
 Initial subarea total flow distance = 714.500(Ft.)
 Highest elevation = 382.000(Ft.)
 Lowest elevation = 373.000(Ft.)
 Elevation difference = 9.000(Ft.) Slope = 1.260 %
 Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 2.000 %
 Bottom of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 1.000 %
 INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
 The maximum overland flow distance is 80.00 (Ft)
 for the top area slope value of 2.00 %, in a development type of
 4.3 DU/A or Less
 In Accordance With Figure 3-3
 Initial Area Time of Concentration = 7.68 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * distance(Ft.)^0.5] / (\% slope^{1/3})$
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.4990) * (80.000^0.5) / (2.000^{1/3})] = 7.68$
 The initial area total distance of 714.50 (Ft.) entered leaves a
 remaining distance of 634.50 (Ft.)
 Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 6.61 minutes
 for a distance of 634.50 (Ft.) and a slope of 1.00 %
 with an elevation difference of 6.34(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * length(Mi)^3 / (elevation change(Ft.))]^{.385} * 60(min/hr)$
 $= 6.614 Minutes$
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.1202^3) / (6.34)]^{.385} = 6.61$
 Total initial area Ti = 7.68 minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
 6.61 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 14.29 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 4.683(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.499
 Subarea runoff = 5.025(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 2.150(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 49.200 to Point/Station 41.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 368.000(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 367.500(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 29.61(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 5.025(CFS)
 Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 5.025(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 7.22(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 22.02(In.)
 Critical Depth = 9.47(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 6.31(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.08 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 14.37 min.

 Process from Point/Station 49.200 to Point/Station 41.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:

In Main Stream number: 2
 Stream flow area = 2.150(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 5.025(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 14.37 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 4.667(In/Hr)
 Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 3

 Process from Point/Station 50.100 to Point/Station 50.200
 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.600
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.400
 [MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL]
 (4.3 DU/A or Less)
 Impervious value, Ai = 0.300
 Sub-Area C Value = 0.478
 Initial subarea total flow distance = 462.000(Ft.)
 Highest elevation = 381.000(Ft.)
 Lowest elevation = 373.000(Ft.)
 Elevation difference = 8.000(Ft.) Slope = 1.732 %
 Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 2.000 %
 Bottom of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 1.000 %
 INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
 The maximum overland flow distance is 80.00 (Ft)
 for the top area slope value of 2.00 %, in a development type of
 4.3 DU/A or Less
 In Accordance With Figure 3-3
 Initial Area Time of Concentration = 7.95 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * distance(Ft.)^0.5] / (\% slope^{1/3})$
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.4780) * (80.000^0.5) / (2.000^{1/3})] = 7.95$
 The initial area total distance of 462.00 (Ft.) entered leaves a
 remaining distance of 382.00 (Ft.)

Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 4.47 minutes for a distance of 382.00 (Ft.) and a slope of 1.00 % with an elevation difference of 3.82(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * \text{length}(\text{Mi})^3] / (\text{elevation change}(\text{Ft.}))^{.385} * 60(\text{min/hr})$
 = 4.475 Minutes
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.0723^3) / (3.82)]^{.385} = 4.47$
 Total initial area $Ti = 7.95$ minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus 4.47 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 12.42 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 5.127(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.478
 Subarea runoff = 1.912(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 0.780(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 50.200 to Point/Station 41.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 368.000(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 367.500(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 9.90(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 1.912(CFS)
 Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 1.912(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 3.41(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 16.75(In.)
 Critical Depth = 5.74(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 7.01(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.02 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 12.45 min.

 Process from Point/Station 50.200 to Point/Station 41.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
 In Main Stream number: 3
 Stream flow area = 0.780(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 1.912(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 12.45 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 5.121(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
1	15.867	8.08	6.766
2	5.025	14.37	4.667
3	1.912	12.45	5.121
Qmax(1) =			
	1.000 *	1.000 *	15.867) +
	1.000 *	0.562 *	5.025) +
	1.000 *	0.649 *	1.912) + =
			19.933
Qmax(2) =			
	0.690 *	1.000 *	15.867) +
	1.000 *	1.000 *	5.025) +
	0.911 *	1.000 *	1.912) + =
			17.711

Qmax(3) =
 0.757 * 1.000 * 15.867) +
 1.000 * 0.866 * 5.025) +
 1.000 * 1.000 * 1.912) + = 18.271

Total of 3 main streams to confluence:
 Flow rates before confluence point:
 15.867 5.025 1.912
 Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
 19.933 17.711 18.271
 Area of streams before confluence:
 9.290 2.150 0.780

Results of confluence:
 Total flow rate = 19.933(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 8.080 min.
 Effective stream area after confluence = 12.220(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 41.000 to Point/Station 42.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 367.500(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 364.500(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 362.82(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 19.933(CFS)
 Given pipe size = 36.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 19.933(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 15.38(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 35.62(In.)
 Critical Depth = 17.18(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 6.93(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.87 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 8.95 min.

 Process from Point/Station 41.000 to Point/Station 42.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
 In Main Stream number: 1
 Stream flow area = 12.220(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 19.933(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 8.95 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 6.333(In/Hr)
 Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2

 Process from Point/Station 51.100 to Point/Station 51.200
 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.300
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.700
 [MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL]
 (4.3 DU/A or Less)
 Impervious value, Ai = 0.300
 Sub-Area C Value = 0.499
 Initial subarea total flow distance = 431.000 (Ft.)
 Highest elevation = 378.000 (Ft.)
 Lowest elevation = 370.000 (Ft.)
 Elevation difference = 8.000 (Ft.) Slope = 1.856 %
 Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 2.000 %
 Bottom of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 1.000 %
 INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
 The maximum overland flow distance is 80.00 (Ft)
 for the top area slope value of 2.00 %, in a development type of
 4.3 DU/A or Less
 In Accordance With Figure 3-3
 Initial Area Time of Concentration = 7.68 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * distance (Ft.)^{.5}] / (\% slope^{(1/3)})]$
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.499) * (80.000^{.5})] / (2.000^{(1/3)})] = 7.68$
 The initial area total distance of 431.00 (Ft.) entered leaves a
 remaining distance of 351.00 (Ft.)
 Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 4.19 minutes
 for a distance of 351.00 (Ft.) and a slope of 1.00 %
 with an elevation difference of 3.51 (Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [(11.9 * length (Mi)^3) / (elevation change (Ft.))]^{.385} * 60 (min/hr)$
 $= 4.193 \text{ Minutes}$
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.0665^3) / (3.51)]^{.385} = 4.19$
 Total initial area Ti = 7.68 minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
 4.19 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 11.87 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 5.279 (In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.499
 Subarea runoff = 2.186 (CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 0.830 (Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 51.200 to Point/Station 42.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 365.000 (Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 364.500 (Ft.)
 Pipe length = 9.90 (Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 2.186 (CFS)
 Given pipe size = 24.00 (In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 2.186 (CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 3.64 (In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 17.21 (In.)
 Critical Depth = 6.15 (In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 7.29 (Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.02 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 11.89 min.

 Process from Point/Station 51.200 to Point/Station 42.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:

In Main Stream number: 2
 Stream flow area = 0.830 (Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 2.186 (CFS)
 Time of concentration = 11.89 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 5.273 (In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
1	19.933	8.95	6.333
2	2.186	11.89	5.273
Qmax(1) =			
	1.000 *	1.000 *	19.933) +
	1.000 *	0.753 *	2.186) + =
21.578			
Qmax(2) =			
	0.833 *	1.000 *	19.933) +
	1.000 *	1.000 *	2.186) + =
18.782			

Total of 2 main streams to confluence:

Flow rates before confluence point:

19.933 2.186

Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:

21.578 18.782

Area of streams before confluence:

12.220 0.830

Results of confluence:

Total flow rate = 21.578 (CFS)

Time of concentration = 8.953 min.

Effective stream area after confluence = 13.050 (Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 42.000 to Point/Station 49.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 364.500 (Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 362.500 (Ft.)
 Pipe length = 171.10 (Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 21.578 (CFS)
 Given pipe size = 36.00 (In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 21.578 (CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 14.59 (In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 35.35 (In.)
 Critical Depth = 17.92 (In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 8.03 (Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.36 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 9.31 min.
 End of computations, total study area = 13.050 (Ac.)

San Diego County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c)1991-2003 Version 7.3

Rational method hydrology program based on
San Diego County Flood Control Division 2003 hydrology manual
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 11/12/12

***** Hydrology Study Control Information *****

WARNER RANCH

100-YEAR STORM EVENT DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS
BIO-RETENTION POND 5

Shapouri & Associates, Rancho Santa Fe, CA - S/N 968

Rational hydrology study storm event year is 100.0
English (in-lb) input data Units used

Map data precipitation entered:

6 hour, precipitation(inches) = 3.500

24 hour precipitation(inches) = 6.000

P6/P24 = 58.3%

San Diego hydrology manual 'C' values used

Process from Point/Station 53.100 to Point/Station 53.200
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000

[MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL
(4.3 DU/A or Less)]

Impervious value, Ai = 0.300

Sub-Area C Value = 0.450

Initial subarea total flow distance = 481.520(Ft.)

Highest elevation = 378.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 371.000(Ft.)

Elevation difference = 7.000(Ft.) Slope = 1.454 %

Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 2.000 %

Bottom of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 1.000 %

INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:

The maximum overland flow distance is 80.00 (Ft)

for the top area slope value of 2.00 %, in a development type of
4.3 DU/A or Less

In Accordance With Figure 3-3

Initial Area Time of Concentration = 8.31 minutes

TC = $[1.8 * (1.1 - C) * \text{distance}(\text{Ft.})^{.5}] / (\% \text{ slope}^{(1/3)})]$

TC = $[1.8 * (1.1 - 0.4500) * (80.000^{.5}) / (2.000^{(1/3)})] = 8.31$

The initial area total distance of 481.52 (Ft.) entered leaves a
remaining distance of 401.52 (Ft.)

Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 4.65 minutes

for a distance of 401.52 (Ft.) and a slope of 1.00 %

with an elevation difference of 4.02(Ft.) from the end of the top area

Tt = $[11.9 * \text{length}(\text{Mi})^3 / (\text{elevation change}(\text{Ft.}))^{.385} * 60(\text{min/hr})]$

= 4.650 Minutes

Tt = $[(11.9 * 0.0760^3) / (4.02)]^{.385} = 4.65$

Total initial area Ti = 8.31 minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
4.65 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 12.96 minutes

Rainfall intensity (I) = 4.990(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm

Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.450

Subarea runoff = 2.178(CFS)

Total initial stream area = 0.970(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 53.200 to Point/Station 43.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 366.000(Ft.)

Downstream point/station elevation = 365.500(Ft.)

Pipe length = 9.22(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015

No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 2.178(CFS)

Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)

Calculated individual pipe flow = 2.178(CFS)

Normal flow depth in pipe = 3.57(In.)

Flow top width inside pipe = 17.08(In.)

Critical Depth = 6.15(In.)

Pipe flow velocity = 7.47(Ft/s)

Travel time through pipe = 0.02 min.

Time of concentration (TC) = 12.98 min.

Process from Point/Station 53.200 to Point/Station 43.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:

In Main Stream number: 1

Stream flow area = 0.970(Ac.)

Runoff from this stream = 2.178(CFS)

Time of concentration = 12.98 min.

Rainfall intensity = 4.985(In/Hr)

Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2

Process from Point/Station 54.100 to Point/Station 54.200
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000

Decimal fraction soil group B = 1.000

Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000

Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000

[MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL
(4.3 DU/A or Less)]

Impervious value, Ai = 0.300

Sub-Area C Value = 0.450

Initial subarea total flow distance = 465.520(Ft.)

Highest elevation = 378.000(Ft.)

Lowest elevation = 371.000(Ft.)

Elevation difference = 7.000(Ft.) Slope = 1.504 %

Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 2.000 %
 Bottom of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 1.000 %
 INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
 The maximum overland flow distance is 80.00 (Ft)
 for the top area slope value of 2.00 %, in a development type of
 4.3 DU/A or Less
 In Accordance With Figure 3-3
 Initial Area Time of Concentration = 8.31 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * distance(Ft.)^{.5}] / (\% slope^{(1/3)})]$
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.4500) * (80.000^{.5})] / (2.000^{(1/3)}) = 8.31$
 The initial area total distance of 465.52 (Ft.) entered leaves a
 remaining distance of 385.52 (Ft.)
 Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 4.51 minutes
 for a distance of 385.52 (Ft.) and a slope of 1.00 %
 with an elevation difference of 3.86(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * length(Mi)^3] / (elevation change(Ft.))^{.385} * 60(min/hr)$
 $= 4.507 \text{ Minutes}$
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.0730^3) / (3.86)]^{.385} = 4.51$
 Total initial area $Ti = 8.31$ minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
 4.51 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 12.81 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 5.026(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.450
 Subarea runoff = 2.488(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 1.100(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 54.200 to Point/Station 43.000
 *** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ***

Upstream point/station elevation = 366.000(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 365.500(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 25.26(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 2.488(CFS)
 Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 2.488(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 4.87(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 19.30(In.)
 Critical Depth = 6.58(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 5.45(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.08 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 12.89 min.

 Process from Point/Station 54.200 to Point/Station 43.000
 *** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ***

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
 In Main Stream number: 2
 Stream flow area = 1.100(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 2.488(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 12.89 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 5.006(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
1	2.178	12.98	4.985
2	2.488	12.89	5.006
Qmax(1) =			
	1.000 *	1.000 *	2.178) +
	0.996 *	1.000 *	2.488) + =
Qmax(2) =			
	1.000 *	0.993 *	2.178) +
	1.000 *	1.000 *	2.488) + =

Total of 2 main streams to confluence:
 Flow rates before confluence point:
 2.178 2.488
 Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
 4.655 4.651
 Area of streams before confluence:
 0.970 1.100

Results of confluence:
 Total flow rate = 4.655(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 12.976 min.
 Effective stream area after confluence = 2.070(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 43.000 to Point/Station 45.000
 *** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ***

Upstream point/station elevation = 365.500(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 365.000(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 283.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 4.655(CFS)
 Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 4.655(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 12.91(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 23.93(In.)
 Critical Depth = 9.09(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 2.70(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 1.74 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 14.72 min.

 Process from Point/Station 43.000 to Point/Station 45.000
 *** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ***

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
 In Main Stream number: 1
 Stream flow area = 2.070(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 4.655(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 14.72 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 4.595(In/Hr)
 Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2

 Process from Point/Station 55.100 to Point/Station 55.200
 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 1.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
 [MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL
 (4.3 DU/A or Less)
 Impervious value, Ai = 0.300
 Sub-Area C Value = 0.450
 Initial subarea total flow distance = 556.500(Ft.)
 Highest elevation = 382.000(Ft.)
 Lowest elevation = 374.000(Ft.)
 Elevation difference = 8.000(Ft.) Slope = 1.438 %
 Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 2.000 %
 Bottom of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 2.110 %
 INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
 The maximum overland flow distance is 80.00 (Ft)
 for the top area slope value of 2.00 %, in a development type of
 4.3 DU/A or Less
 In Accordance With Figure 3-3
 Initial Area Time of Concentration = 8.31 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * distance(Ft.)^{.5}] / (\% slope^{(1/3)})$
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.4500) * (80.000^{.5})] / (2.000^{(1/3)}) = 8.31$
 The initial area total distance of 556.50 (Ft.) entered leaves a
 remaining distance of 476.50 (Ft.)
 Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 3.98 minutes
 for a distance of 476.50 (Ft.) and a slope of 2.11 %
 with an elevation difference of 10.05(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * length(Mi)^3] / (elevation change(Ft.))^{.385} * 60(min/hr)$
 $= 3.980 Minutes$
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.0902^3) / (10.05)]^{.385} = 3.98$
 Total initial area Ti = 8.31 minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
 3.98 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 12.29 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 5.164(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.450
 Subarea runoff = 2.579(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 1.110(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 55.200 to Point/Station 44.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 369.000(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 365.500(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 307.24(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 2.579(CFS)
 Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 2.579(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 5.69(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 20.41(In.)
 Critical Depth = 6.69(In.)

Pipe flow velocity = 4.53(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 1.13 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 13.42 min.

 Process from Point/Station 55.200 to Point/Station 44.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****

Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 1
 Stream flow area = 1.110(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 2.579(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 13.42 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 4.879(In/Hr)

 Process from Point/Station 56.100 to Point/Station 56.200
 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 1.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
 [MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL
 (4.3 DU/A or Less)
 Impervious value, Ai = 0.300
 Sub-Area C Value = 0.450
 Initial subarea total flow distance = 467.800(Ft.)
 Highest elevation = 378.000(Ft.)
 Lowest elevation = 371.000(Ft.)
 Elevation difference = 7.000(Ft.) Slope = 1.496 %
 Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 2.950 %
 Bottom of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 1.050 %
 INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
 The maximum overland flow distance is 95.00 (Ft)
 for the top area slope value of 2.95 %, in a development type of
 4.3 DU/A or Less
 In Accordance With Figure 3-3
 Initial Area Time of Concentration = 7.95 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * distance(Ft.)^{.5}] / (\% slope^{(1/3)})$
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.4500) * (95.000^{.5})] / (2.950^{(1/3)}) = 7.95$
 The initial area total distance of 467.80 (Ft.) entered leaves a
 remaining distance of 372.80 (Ft.)
 Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 4.31 minutes
 for a distance of 372.80 (Ft.) and a slope of 1.05 %
 with an elevation difference of 3.91(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * length(Mi)^3] / (elevation change(Ft.))^{.385} * 60(min/hr)$
 $= 4.310 Minutes$
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.0706^3) / (3.91)]^{.385} = 4.31$
 Total initial area Ti = 7.95 minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
 4.31 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 12.26 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 5.171(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.450
 Subarea runoff = 2.164(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 0.930(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 56.200 to Point/Station 44.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 366.000(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 365.500(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 9.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 2.164(CFS)
 Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 2.164(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 3.54(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 17.01(In.)
 Critical Depth = 6.13(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 7.52(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.02 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 12.28 min.

 Process from Point/Station 56.200 to Point/Station 44.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****

Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 2
 Stream flow area = 0.930(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 2.164(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 12.28 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 5.165(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
1	2.579	13.42	4.879
2	2.164	12.28	5.165
Qmax(1) =	1.000 * 0.945	1.000 * 1.000	2.579) + 2.164) + = 4.623
Qmax(2) =	1.000 * 1.000	0.915 * 1.000	2.579) + 2.164) + = 4.525

Total of 2 streams to confluence:
 Flow rates before confluence point:
 2.579 2.164
 Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
 4.623 4.525
 Area of streams before confluence:
 1.110 0.930
 Results of confluence:
 Total flow rate = 4.623(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 13.417 min.
 Effective stream area after confluence = 2.040(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 44.000 to Point/Station 45.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 365.500(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 365.000(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 106.76(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 4.623(CFS)
 Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 4.623(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 9.71(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 23.56(In.)
 Critical Depth = 9.08(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 3.88(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.46 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 13.88 min.

 Process from Point/Station 44.000 to Point/Station 45.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
 In Main Stream number: 2
 Stream flow area = 2.040(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 4.623(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 13.88 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 4.774(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
1	4.655	14.72	4.595
2	4.623	13.88	4.774
Qmax(1) =	1.000 * 0.963	1.000 * 1.000	4.655) + 4.623) + = 9.105
Qmax(2) =	1.000 * 1.000	0.943 * 1.000	4.655) + 4.623) + = 9.011

Total of 2 main streams to confluence:
 Flow rates before confluence point:
 4.655 4.623
 Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
 9.105 9.011
 Area of streams before confluence:
 2.070 2.040

Results of confluence:
 Total flow rate = 9.105(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 14.721 min.
 Effective stream area after confluence = 4.110(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 45.000 to Point/Station 46.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 365.000(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 364.500(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 83.23(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 9.105(CFS)
 Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 9.105(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 13.38(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 23.84(In.)
 Critical Depth = 12.92(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 5.05(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.27 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 15.00 min.

 Process from Point/Station 45.000 to Point/Station 46.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
 In Main Stream number: 1
 Stream flow area = 4.110(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 9.105(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 15.00 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 4.541(In/Hr)
 Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2

 Process from Point/Station 57.100 to Point/Station 57.200
 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 1.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
 [MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL]
 (4.3 DU/A or Less)
 Impervious value, Ai = 0.300
 Sub-Area C Value = 0.450
 Initial subarea total flow distance = 502.750(Ft.)
 Highest elevation = 374.000(Ft.)
 Lowest elevation = 370.000(Ft.)
 Elevation difference = 4.000(Ft.) Slope = 0.796 %
 Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 2.000 %
 Bottom of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 1.000 %
 INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
 The maximum overland flow distance is 80.00 (Ft)
 for the top area slope value of 2.00 %, in a development type of
 4.3 DU/A or Less
 In Accordance With Figure 3-3
 Initial Area Time of Concentration = 8.31 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * distance(Ft.)^{.5}] / (\% slope^{(1/3)})]$

$TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.4500) * (80.000^{.5}) / (2.000^{(1/3)})] = 8.31$
 The initial area total distance of 502.75 (Ft.) entered leaves a
 remaining distance of 422.75 (Ft.)
 Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 4.84 minutes
 for a distance of 422.75 (Ft.) and a slope of 1.00 %
 with an elevation difference of 4.23(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * length(Mi)^3 / (elevation change(Ft.))]^{.385} * 60(min/hr)$
 = 4.838 Minutes
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.0801^3) / (4.23)]^{.385} = 4.84$
 Total initial area Ti = 8.31 minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
 4.84 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 13.14 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 4.944(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.450
 Subarea runoff = 2.736(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 1.230(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 57.200 to Point/Station 46.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 365.000(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 364.500(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 9.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 2.736(CFS)
 Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 2.736(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 3.96(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 17.82(In.)
 Critical Depth = 6.90(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 8.06(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.02 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 13.16 min.

 Process from Point/Station 57.200 to Point/Station 46.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
 In Main Stream number: 2
 Stream flow area = 1.230(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 2.736(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 13.16 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 4.939(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
1	9.105	15.00	4.541
2	2.736	13.16	4.939
Qmax(1) =			
	1.000 *	1.000 *	9.105) +
	0.919 *	1.000 *	2.736) + = 11.621

Qmax(2) =
1.000 * 0.878 * 9.105) +
1.000 * 1.000 * 2.736) + = 10.729

Total of 2 main streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
9.105 2.736
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
11.621 10.729
Area of streams before confluence:
4.110 1.230

Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 11.621(CFS)
Time of concentration = 14.996 min.
Effective stream area after confluence = 5.340(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 46.000 to Point/Station 47.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 364.500(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 363.500(Ft.)
Pipe length = 116.88(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 11.621(CFS)
Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 11.621(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 13.97(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 23.67(In.)
Critical Depth = 14.68(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 6.13(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.32 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 15.31 min.

Process from Point/Station 46.000 to Point/Station 47.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 1
Stream flow area = 5.340(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 11.621(CFS)
Time of concentration = 15.31 min.
Rainfall intensity = 4.480(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2

Process from Point/Station 58.100 to Point/Station 58.200
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000

Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
[MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL]
(4.3 DU/A or Less)
Impervious value, Ai = 0.300
Sub-Area C Value = 0.450
Initial subarea total flow distance = 464.240(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 382.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 370.000(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 12.000(Ft.) Slope = 2.585 %
Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 2.000 %
Bottom of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 1.000 %
INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
The maximum overland flow distance is 80.00 (Ft)
for the top area slope value of 2.00 %, in a development type of
4.3 DU/A or Less
In Accordance With Figure 3-3
Initial Area Time of Concentration = 8.31 minutes
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^0.5]/(% slope^(1/3))
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.4500)*(80.000^0.5)]/(2.000^(1/3))= 8.31
The initial area total distance of 464.24 (Ft.) entered leaves a
remaining distance of 384.24 (Ft.)
Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 4.50 minutes
for a distance of 384.24 (Ft.) and a slope of 1.00 %
with an elevation difference of 3.84(Ft.) from the end of the top area
Tt = [(1.9*length(Mi)^3)/(elevation change(Ft.))]^0.385 *60(min/hr)
= 4.495 Minutes
Tt=[(11.9*0.0728^3)/(3.84)]^0.385= 4.50
Total initial area Ti = 8.31 minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
4.50 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 12.80 minutes
Rainfall intensity (I) = 5.029(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.450
Subarea runoff = 2.512(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 1.110(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 58.200 to Point/Station 47.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (User specified size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 365.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 363.500(Ft.)
Pipe length = 76.70(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.015
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 2.512(CFS)
Given pipe size = 24.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 2.512(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 4.91(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 19.36(In.)
Critical Depth = 6.62(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 5.44(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.23 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 13.04 min.